Declarative-Style Dataflow Analysis of JNI Programs using CodeQL

Anonymous Author(s)*



Figure 1: Seattle Mariners at Spring Training, 2010.

ABSTRACT

A clear and well-documented LATEX document is presented as an article formatted for publication by ACM in a conference proceedings or journal publication. Based on the "acmart" document class, this article presents and explains many of the common variations, as well as many of the formatting elements an author may use in the preparation of the documentation of their work.

CCS CONCEPTS

• Computer systems organization → Embedded systems; *Redundancy*; Robotics; • Networks → Network reliability.

KEYWORDS

datasets, neural networks, gaze detection, text tagging

ACM Reference Format:

Anonymous Author(s). 2018. Declarative-Style Dataflow Analysis of JNI Programs using CodeQL. In *Woodstock '18: ACM Symposium on Neural Gaze Detection, June 03–05, 2018, Woodstock, NY*. ACM, New York, NY, USA, 3 pages. https://doi.org/10.1145/1122445.1122456

1 INTRODUCTION

ACM's consolidated article template, introduced in 2017, provides a consistent LATEX style for use across ACM publications, and incorporates accessibility and metadata-extraction functionality necessary for future Digital Library endeavors. Numerous ACM and SIG-specific LATEX templates have been examined, and their unique features incorporated into this single new template.

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If you are new to publishing with ACM, this document is a valuable guide to the process of preparing your work for publication. If you have published with ACM before, this document provides insight and instruction into more recent changes to the article template.

The "acmart" document class can be used to prepare articles for any ACM publication — conference or journal, and for any stage of publication, from review to final "camera-ready" copy, to the author's own version, with *very* few changes to the source.

2 TEMPLATE OVERVIEW

As noted in the introduction, the "acmart" document class can be used to prepare many different kinds of documentation — a double-blind initial submission of a full-length technical paper, a two-page SIGGRAPH Emerging Technologies abstract, a "cameraready" journal article, a SIGCHI Extended Abstract, and more — all by selecting the appropriate $template\ style$ and $template\ parameters$.

This document will explain the major features of the document class. For further information, the LaTeX User's Guide is available from https://www.acm.org/publications/proceedings-template.

2.1 Template Styles

The primary parameter given to the "acmart" document class is the *template style* which corresponds to the kind of publication or SIG publishing the work. This parameter is enclosed in square brackets and is a part of the documentclass command:

\documentclass[STYLE]{acmart}

Journals use one of three template styles. All but three ACM journals use the acmsmall template style:

- acmsmall: The default journal template style.
- acmlarge: Used by JOCCH and TAP.
- acmtog: Used by TOG.

The majority of conference proceedings documentation will use the acmconf template style.

• acmconf: The default proceedings template style.

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- sigchi: Used for SIGCHI conference articles.
- sigchi-a: Used for SIGCHI "Extended Abstract" articles.
- sigplan: Used for SIGPLAN conference articles.

2.2 Template Parameters

In addition to specifying the *template style* to be used in formatting your work, there are a number of *template parameters* which modify some part of the applied template style. A complete list of these parameters can be found in the LaTeX User's Guide.

Frequently-used parameters, or combinations of parameters, include:

- anonymous, review: Suitable for a "double-blind" conference submission. Anonymizes the work and includes line numbers. Use with the \acmSubmissionID command to print the submission's unique ID on each page of the work.
- authorversion: Produces a version of the work suitable for posting by the author.
- screen: Produces colored hyperlinks.

This document uses the following string as the first command in the source file:

\documentclass[sigconf]{acmart}

3 MODIFICATIONS

Modifying the template — including but not limited to: adjusting margins, typeface sizes, line spacing, paragraph and list definitions, and the use of the $\$ vspace command to manually adjust the vertical spacing between elements of your work — is not allowed.

Your document will be returned to you for revision if modifications are discovered.

4 TYPEFACES

The "acmart" document class requires the use of the "Libertine" typeface family. Your TEX installation should include this set of packages. Please do not substitute other typefaces. The "lmodern" and "ltimes" packages should not be used, as they will override the built-in typeface families.

5 TITLE INFORMATION

The title of your work should use capital letters appropriately - https://capitalizemytitle.com/ has useful rules for capitalization. Use the title command to define the title of your work. If your work has a subtitle, define it with the subtitle command. Do not insert line breaks in your title.

If your title is lengthy, you must define a short version to be used in the page headers, to prevent overlapping text. The title command has a "short title" parameter:

\title[short title]{full title}

6 AUTHORS AND AFFILIATIONS

Each author must be defined separately for accurate metadata identification. Multiple authors may share one affiliation. Authors' names should not be abbreviated; use full first names wherever possible. Include authors' e-mail addresses whenever possible.

Grouping authors' names or e-mail addresses, or providing an "e-mail alias," as shown below, is not acceptable:

\author{Brooke Aster, David Mehldau}
\email{dave,judy,steve@university.edu}
\email{firstname.lastname@phillips.org}

The authornote and authornotemark commands allow a note to apply to multiple authors — for example, if the first two authors of an article contributed equally to the work.

If your author list is lengthy, you must define a shortened version of the list of authors to be used in the page headers, to prevent overlapping text. The following command should be placed just after the last \author{} definition:

\renewcommand{\shortauthors}{McCartney, et al.}

Omitting this command will force the use of a concatenated list of all of the authors' names, which may result in overlapping text in the page headers.

The article template's documentation, available at https://www.acm.org/publications/proceedings-template, has a complete explanation of these commands and tips for their effective use.

Note that authors' addresses are mandatory for journal articles.

7 CITATIONS AND BIBLIOGRAPHIES

The use of The X for the preparation and formatting of one's references is strongly recommended. Authors' names should be complete — use full first names ("Donald E. Knuth") not initials ("D. E. Knuth") — and the salient identifying features of a reference should be included: title, year, volume, number, pages, article DOI, etc.

The bibliography is included in your source document with these two commands, placed just before the \end{document} command:

\bibliographystyle{ACM-Reference-Format}
\bibliography{bibfile}

where "bibfile" is the name, without the ".bib" suffix, of the ThX file.

Citations and references are numbered by default. A small number of ACM publications have citations and references formatted in the "author year" style; for these exceptions, please include this command in the **preamble** (before the command "\begin{document}") of your LATEX source:

\citestyle{acmauthoryear}

Some examples. A paginated journal article [2], an enumerated journal article [10], a reference to an entire issue [9], a monograph (whole book) [23], a monograph/whole book in a series (see 2a in spec. document) [17], a divisible-book such as an anthology or compilation [12] followed by the same example, however we only output the series if the volume number is given [13] (so Editor00a's series should NOT be present since it has no vol. no.), a chapter in a divisible book [34], a chapter in a divisible book in a series [11], a multi-volume work as book [22], a couple of articles in a proceedings (of a conference, symposium, workshop for example) (paginated proceedings article) [3, 15], a proceedings article with all possible elements [33], an example of an enumerated proceedings article [14], an informally published work [16], a couple of preprints [6, 7], a doctoral dissertation [8], a master's thesis: [4], an online document / world wide web resource [1, 27, 35], a video game (Case 1) [26] and (Case 2) [25] and [24] and (Case 3) a patent [32], work accepted for publication [29], 'YYYYb'-test for prolific author [30] and [31]. Other cites might contain 'duplicate' DOI and URLs (some

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SIAM articles) [21]. Boris / Barbara Beeton: multi-volume works as books [19] and [18]. A couple of citations with DOIs: [20, 21]. Online citations: [35–37]. Artifacts: [28] and [5].

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