

To see the connection to logic, let us correspond the bit value 1 with the logical value T (True) and 0 with F (False). So we can consider  $a_0, b_0, c_0, s_1, s_0$  to be logical variables.

- a. Construct the truth tables for  $s_1$  and  $s_0$  in terms of  $a_0, b_0, c_0$ . For example, when  $a_0 = T, b_0 = T$ , and  $c_0 = F$  F, the truth values of  $s_1 = T$  and  $s_0 = F$ .

$a_0$	$b_0$	$c_0$	$s_1$	$s_0$
F	F	F	F	F
F	F	T	F	T
F	T	F	F	T
F	T	T	T	F
T	F	F	F	T
T	F	T	T	F
T	T	F	T	F
T	T	T	T	T

- b. Express  $s_0$  as a proposition using the variables  $a_0, b_0, c_0$  and the logical connectives  $\neg, \wedge, \vee$ . Write a similar expression for  $s_1$ .

$$s_0 = (a \wedge \neg(b \wedge c)) \vee (b \wedge \neg(a \wedge c)) \vee (c \wedge \neg(a \wedge b)) \vee (a \wedge (b \wedge c))$$

$$s_1 = ((a \wedge b) \wedge \neg c) \vee ((a \wedge c) \wedge \neg b) \vee ((b \wedge c) \wedge \neg a) \vee (a \wedge (b \wedge c))$$

- c. Express  $s_0$  and  $s_1$  using only the NAND connective discussed in lecture.

$$\begin{aligned} s_0 &= (((((a \uparrow (b \uparrow c)) \uparrow (a \uparrow (b \uparrow c))) \uparrow [(a \uparrow (b \uparrow c)) \uparrow (a \uparrow (b \uparrow c))]) \\ &\quad \uparrow (((b \uparrow (a \uparrow c)) \uparrow (b \uparrow (a \uparrow c))) \uparrow [(b \uparrow (a \uparrow c)) \uparrow (b \uparrow (a \uparrow c))])) \\ &\quad \uparrow (((a \uparrow (b \uparrow c)) \uparrow (a \uparrow (b \uparrow c))) \uparrow [(a \uparrow (b \uparrow c)) \uparrow (a \uparrow (b \uparrow c))]) \\ &\quad \uparrow (((b \uparrow (a \uparrow c)) \uparrow (b \uparrow (a \uparrow c))) \uparrow [(b \uparrow (a \uparrow c)) \uparrow (b \uparrow (a \uparrow c))])) \\ &\quad \uparrow (((c \uparrow (a \uparrow b)) \uparrow (c \uparrow (a \uparrow b))) \uparrow [(c \uparrow (a \uparrow b)) \uparrow (c \uparrow (a \uparrow b))]) \\ &\quad \uparrow (((((a \uparrow (b \uparrow c)) \uparrow (a \uparrow (b \uparrow c))) \uparrow [(a \uparrow (b \uparrow c)) \uparrow (a \uparrow (b \uparrow c))]) \\ &\quad \uparrow (((b \uparrow (a \uparrow c)) \uparrow (b \uparrow (a \uparrow c))) \uparrow [(b \uparrow (a \uparrow c)) \uparrow (b \uparrow (a \uparrow c))])) \\ &\quad \uparrow (((a \uparrow (b \uparrow c)) \uparrow (a \uparrow (b \uparrow c))) \uparrow [(a \uparrow (b \uparrow c)) \uparrow (a \uparrow (b \uparrow c))]) \\ &\quad \uparrow (((b \uparrow (a \uparrow c)) \uparrow (b \uparrow (a \uparrow c))) \uparrow [(b \uparrow (a \uparrow c)) \uparrow (b \uparrow (a \uparrow c))])) \\ &\quad \uparrow (((c \uparrow (a \uparrow b)) \uparrow (c \uparrow (a \uparrow b))) \uparrow [(c \uparrow (a \uparrow b)) \uparrow (c \uparrow (a \uparrow b))]) \\ &\quad \uparrow (((((a \uparrow ((b \uparrow c) \uparrow (b \uparrow c)))) \uparrow (a \uparrow ((b \uparrow c) \uparrow (b \uparrow c)))) \uparrow [(a \uparrow ((b \uparrow c) \uparrow (b \uparrow c)))]) \\ &\quad \uparrow (((b \uparrow c) \uparrow (b \uparrow c))) \uparrow (a \uparrow ((b \uparrow c) \uparrow (b \uparrow c))))]) \end{aligned}$$

alternatively:

$$x = [(a \uparrow (b \uparrow c)) \uparrow (a \uparrow (b \uparrow c))] \quad y = [(b \uparrow (a \uparrow c)) \uparrow (b \uparrow (a \uparrow c))]$$

$$z = [(c \uparrow (a \uparrow b)) \uparrow (c \uparrow (a \uparrow b))]$$

$$w = [((x \uparrow x) \uparrow (y \uparrow y)) \uparrow ((x \uparrow x) \uparrow (y \uparrow y))] \uparrow (z \uparrow z)]$$

$$v = [(a \uparrow ((b \uparrow c) \uparrow (b \uparrow c))) \uparrow (a \uparrow ((b \uparrow c) \uparrow (b \uparrow c)))]$$

$$s_0 = [(w \uparrow w) \uparrow (v \uparrow v)]$$

$$\begin{aligned}
s_1 = & [ \left( \left( \left( \left( (a \uparrow b) \uparrow (a \uparrow b) \right) \uparrow (c \uparrow c) \right] \uparrow \left[ \left( (a \uparrow b) \uparrow (a \uparrow b) \right) \uparrow (c \uparrow c) \right] \right) \right. \\
& \uparrow \left( \left( (a \uparrow c) \uparrow (a \uparrow c) \right) \uparrow (b \uparrow b) \right] \uparrow \left[ \left( (a \uparrow c) \uparrow (a \uparrow c) \right) \uparrow (b \uparrow b) \right] \left. \right) \\
& \uparrow \left( \left( \left( (a \uparrow b) \uparrow (a \uparrow b) \right) \uparrow (c \uparrow c) \right] \uparrow \left[ \left( (a \uparrow b) \uparrow (a \uparrow b) \right) \uparrow (c \uparrow c) \right] \right) \\
& \uparrow \left( \left( \left( (a \uparrow c) \uparrow (a \uparrow c) \right) \uparrow (b \uparrow b) \right] \uparrow \left[ \left( (a \uparrow c) \uparrow (a \uparrow c) \right) \uparrow (b \uparrow b) \right] \right) \\
& \uparrow \left( \left( \left( (b \uparrow c) \uparrow (b \uparrow c) \right) \uparrow (a \uparrow a) \right] \uparrow \left[ \left( (b \uparrow c) \uparrow (b \uparrow c) \right) \uparrow (a \uparrow a) \right] \right) \\
& \uparrow \left[ \left( \left( \left( (a \uparrow b) \uparrow (a \uparrow b) \right) \uparrow (c \uparrow c) \right] \uparrow \left[ \left( (a \uparrow b) \uparrow (a \uparrow b) \right) \uparrow (c \uparrow c) \right] \right) \right. \\
& \uparrow \left( \left( (a \uparrow c) \uparrow (a \uparrow c) \right) \uparrow (b \uparrow b) \right] \uparrow \left[ \left( (a \uparrow c) \uparrow (a \uparrow c) \right) \uparrow (b \uparrow b) \right] \left. \right) \\
& \uparrow \left( \left( \left( (a \uparrow b) \uparrow (a \uparrow b) \right) \uparrow (c \uparrow c) \right] \uparrow \left[ \left( (a \uparrow b) \uparrow (a \uparrow b) \right) \uparrow (c \uparrow c) \right] \right) \\
& \uparrow \left( \left( (a \uparrow c) \uparrow (a \uparrow c) \right) \uparrow (b \uparrow b) \right] \uparrow \left[ \left( (a \uparrow c) \uparrow (a \uparrow c) \right) \uparrow (b \uparrow b) \right] \left. \right) \\
& \uparrow \left( \left( \left( (b \uparrow c) \uparrow (b \uparrow c) \right) \uparrow (a \uparrow a) \right] \uparrow \left[ \left( (b \uparrow c) \uparrow (b \uparrow c) \right) \uparrow (a \uparrow a) \right] \right) \\
& \uparrow \left[ \left( a \uparrow ((b \uparrow c) \uparrow (b \uparrow c)) \right) \uparrow \left( a \uparrow ((b \uparrow c) \uparrow (b \uparrow c)) \right) \right] \\
& \uparrow \left[ \left( a \uparrow ((b \uparrow c) \uparrow (b \uparrow c)) \right) \uparrow \left( a \uparrow ((b \uparrow c) \uparrow (b \uparrow c)) \right) \right]
\end{aligned}$$

alternatively:

$$x = [(a \uparrow b) \uparrow (a \uparrow b)] \uparrow (c \uparrow c) \quad y = [(a \uparrow c) \uparrow (a \uparrow c)] \uparrow (b \uparrow b)$$

$$z = [(b \uparrow c) \uparrow (b \uparrow c)] \uparrow (a \uparrow a)$$

$$w = [\left( (x \uparrow x) \uparrow (y \uparrow y) \right) \uparrow \left( (x \uparrow x) \uparrow (y \uparrow y) \right)] \uparrow (z \uparrow z)$$

$$v = [\left( a \uparrow ((b \uparrow c) \uparrow (b \uparrow c)) \right) \uparrow \left( a \uparrow ((b \uparrow c) \uparrow (b \uparrow c)) \right)]$$

$$s_1 = [(w \uparrow w) \uparrow (v \uparrow v)]$$

- d. Next, let's see how to add two 2-bit numbers  $a_1 a_0, b_1 b_0$  to produce the 3-bit result  $s_2 s_1 s_0$ . Recall how we usually add numbers – we first add the lowest order bits ( $a_0$  and  $b_0$ ) to get the value  $s_0$  as well as the “carry bit” which when added with  $a_1$  and  $b_1$  produces  $s_1$  and a carry bit (which is  $s_2$  for 2-bit numbers). Express each of  $s_2, s_1, s_0$  in terms of  $a_1, a_0, b_1, b_0$  using the NAND connective.

$$\begin{aligned}
s_0 = & \left[ \left( (a_0 \uparrow a_0) \uparrow (b_0 \uparrow b_0) \right) \uparrow (a_0 \uparrow b_0) \right] \uparrow \left[ \left( (a_0 \uparrow a_0) \uparrow (b_0 \uparrow b_0) \right) \uparrow (a_0 \uparrow b_0) \right] \\
c_1 = & [(a_0 \uparrow b_0) \uparrow (a_0 \uparrow b_0)] \text{ **Carry bit}
\end{aligned}$$

$$x_1 = [(a_1 \uparrow (b_1 \uparrow s_0)) \uparrow (a_1 \uparrow (b_1 \uparrow s_0))] \quad y_1 = [(b_1 \uparrow (a_1 \uparrow s_0)) \uparrow (b_1 \uparrow (a_1 \uparrow s_0))]$$

$$z_1 = [(s_0 \uparrow (a_1 \uparrow b_1)) \uparrow (s_0 \uparrow (a_1 \uparrow b_1))]$$

$$w_1 = [\left( (x_1 \uparrow x_1) \uparrow (y_1 \uparrow y_1) \right) \uparrow \left( (x_1 \uparrow x_1) \uparrow (y_1 \uparrow y_1) \right)] \uparrow (z_1 \uparrow z_1)$$

$$v_1 = [\left( a_1 \uparrow ((b_1 \uparrow s_0) \uparrow (b_1 \uparrow s_0)) \right) \uparrow \left( a_1 \uparrow ((b_1 \uparrow s_0) \uparrow (b_1 \uparrow s_0)) \right)]$$

$$s_1 = [(w_1 \uparrow w_1) \uparrow (v_1 \uparrow v_1)] \text{ **Similar to } s_0 \text{ from part a/b/c (with } a_1, b_1, s_0 \text{ instead of } a, b, c\text{)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}x_2 &= [(a_1 \uparrow b_1) \uparrow (a_1 \uparrow b_1)] \uparrow (c_1 \uparrow c_1) \quad y_2 = [(a_1 \uparrow c_1) \uparrow (a_1 \uparrow c_1)] \uparrow (b_1 \uparrow b_1) \\z_2 &= [(b_1 \uparrow c_1) \uparrow (b_1 \uparrow c_1)] \uparrow (a_1 \uparrow a_1) \\w_2 &= [((x_2 \uparrow x_2) \uparrow (y_2 \uparrow y_2)) \uparrow ((x_2 \uparrow x_2) \uparrow (y_2 \uparrow y_2))] \uparrow (z_2 \uparrow z_2) \\v_2 &= [a_1 \uparrow ((b_1 \uparrow c_1) \uparrow (b_1 \uparrow c_1))] \uparrow [a_1 \uparrow ((b_1 \uparrow c_1) \uparrow (b_1 \uparrow c_1))] \\s_2 &= [(w_2 \uparrow w_2) \uparrow (v_2 \uparrow v_2)] ** \text{Similar to } s_1 \text{ from part a/b/c (with } a_1, b_1, c_1 \text{ instead of } a, b, c\text{)}\end{aligned}$$