

CS 7650 – Digital Image Processing

Assignment 4G – Histogram Equalization and Histogram Matching

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Abstract

The purpose of this assignment was to gain an understanding of histograms, histogram equalization, and histogram matching.

PART A

a) Read an image (grayscale or color) and plot its histogram(s) in graph format with the x-axis of the graph representing gray value (ranging from 0 to 255) and the y-axis representing the frequency (or when normalized the probability) of occurrence of that grey value in the image. For color images plot three histograms one for each channel

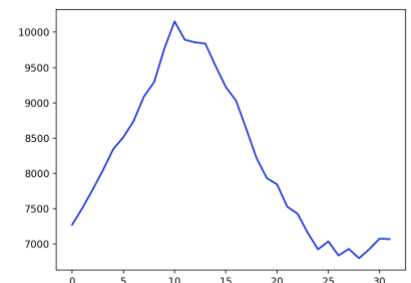
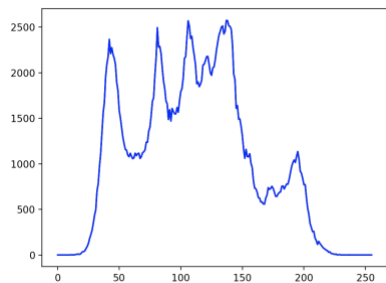
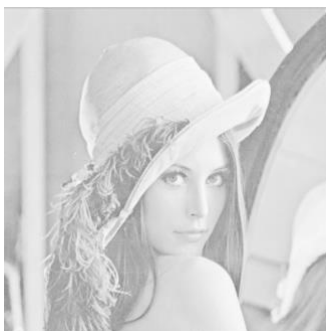
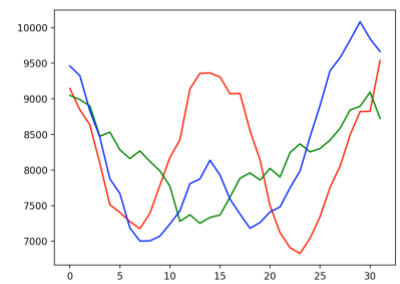
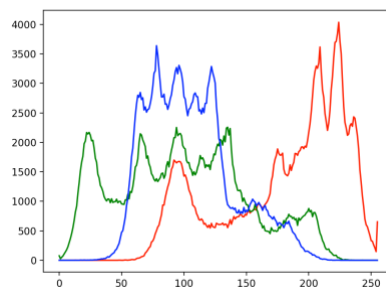
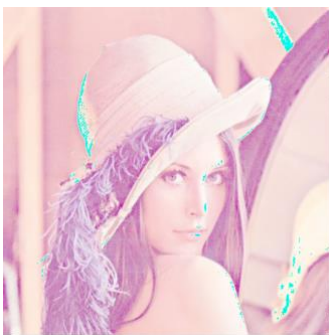
b) Support a different number of bins in displaying the histogram. For example, in part (a) the default binning would be 256 grayvalues for (each channel) of the image

c) Take the log of the image grayvalues (log can be to the base 10). Then display the transformed image with appropriate scaling such as multiplying by 100 and its new histogram

Input Image



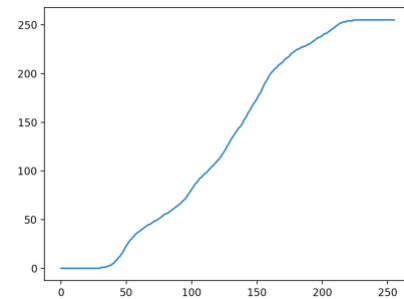
Output



PART B

Apply histogram equalization to an input image. Display the original image and histogram equalized image

Output



Observations

Histogram equalization works the best when applied to images with a high color depth.

PART C

Apply histogram matching to two or more input images. Select one of the images as the preferred target image

Not yet implemented

Input Image

Output