

有. $f(x_1, \dots, x_n) =$

$$x_1^{\frac{\omega_1}{\omega}} x_2^{\frac{\omega_2}{\omega}} \dots x_n^{\frac{\omega_n}{\omega}}$$

设 $\lambda_i = \frac{\omega_i}{\omega}$ 则 $\lambda_i > 0$ 且 $\lambda_1 + \dots + \lambda_n = 1$

$$\therefore f(x_1, \dots, x_n) = x_1^{\lambda_1} \dots x_n^{\lambda_n}$$

$$\text{则有: } \frac{\partial f(x_1, \dots, x_n)}{\partial x_i} = \lambda_i x_i^{\lambda_i-1} \cdot (x_1^{\lambda_1} \dots x_{i-1}^{\lambda_{i-1}} x_{i+1}^{\lambda_{i+1}} \dots)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \frac{\partial^2 f(x_1, \dots, x_n)}{\partial x_i^2} &= \lambda_i (\lambda_i - 1) x_i^{\lambda_i-2} (x_1^{\lambda_1} \dots x_{i-1}^{\lambda_{i-1}} x_{i+1}^{\lambda_{i+1}} \dots) \\ &= \frac{f(x_1, \dots, x_n)}{x_i^2} \lambda_i (\lambda_i - 1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{而 } \frac{\partial^2 f(x_1, \dots, x_n)}{\partial x_i \partial x_j} &= \lambda_i \lambda_j x_i^{\lambda_i-1} x_j^{\lambda_j-1} \dots \\ &= \frac{f(x_1, \dots, x_n)}{x_i x_j} \lambda_i \lambda_j \end{aligned}$$

有 Hessian 矩阵为

$$f(x_1, \dots, x_n) \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\lambda_1(\lambda_1-1)}{x_1^2} & \dots & \frac{\lambda_i \lambda_j}{x_i x_j} & \dots \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{设后面的矩阵为 } H$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{而 } (z_1, \dots, z_n) &\begin{pmatrix} -\frac{\lambda_1(\lambda_1-1)}{x_1^2} & \dots & \frac{\lambda_i \lambda_j}{x_i x_j} & \dots \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} z_1 \\ \vdots \\ z_i \\ \vdots \\ z_n \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{z_i^2 \lambda_i (\lambda_i - 1)}{x_i^2} + \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j \neq i}^n \frac{\lambda_i \lambda_j}{x_i x_j} \cdot z_i \cdot z_j \end{aligned}$$

$$= \underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\lambda_i^2 z_i^2}{\lambda_i^2}}_{\left(\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{z_i \lambda_i}{\lambda_i}\right)^2} - \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\lambda_i z_i^2}{\lambda_i^2} + \underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n \left(\frac{z_i}{\lambda_i}\right) \left(\frac{z_j}{\lambda_j}\right) \lambda_i \lambda_j}_{\sum_{i=1}^n \left(\frac{\lambda_i^2 z_i^2}{\lambda_i^2}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{\lambda_i}}$$

$$\text{记 } s_i = \frac{z_i \lambda_i}{\lambda_i} \quad \text{则 } s_i > 0$$

且要证明 H 半正定 仅需证明

$$\left(\sum_{i=1}^n s_i\right)^2 - \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{\lambda_i} \cdot s_i^2 \leq 0 \quad \text{即证}$$

$$\text{而 } \left(\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{\lambda_i} s_i^2\right) \left(\sum_{i=1}^n \lambda_i\right) \geq \left(\sum_{i=1}^n \sqrt{\frac{1}{\lambda_i} s_i^2 \cdot \lambda_i}\right)^2 = \left(\sum_{i=1}^n s_i\right)^2$$

$$\therefore \text{由 } \sum_{i=1}^n \lambda_i = 1 \Rightarrow$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{\lambda_i} s_i^2 \geq \left(\sum_{i=1}^n s_i\right)^2$$

\therefore 有 $\forall z_1, \dots, z_n$ 有

$$z^T H z \leq 0 \quad \therefore H \text{ 半负定}$$

\therefore 有: $f(x_1, \dots, x_n)$ 为 concave