

Practical course robotics project proposal

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1 Introduction

Recent advancements in robotics and automated systems have led to the expansion of autonomous capabilities and more intelligent machines being utilised in ever more varied applications [LS05, JYL⁺14]. While manipulating objects is relatively easy for humans, reliable grasping arbitrary objects remains an open challenge for general-purpose robots. Resolving it would advance the application of robotics to industrial use cases, such as part assembly, binning, and sorting. The capability of adapting to changing environments is a necessary skill for task generalised robots [KKGB12, KP10]. A grasp describes how a robotic end-effector can be arranged to securely grab an object and successfully lift. Grasp planning relates to the path planning process that is required to securely grasp the object and maintain the closed gripper contacts to hold and lift the object from its resting surface [BK00]. Initially, deriving the grasp-points of a perceived object is an essential aspects. Consequently, accurate and diverse detection of robotic grasp candidates for target objects should lead to a better grasp path planning and improve the overall performance of grasp-based manipulation tasks.

In this work we propose a deep learning strategy to detect grasp points from raw sensor data and plan collision free robot paths to manipulate arbitrary objects. In the past decade, deep learning has achieved major success on detection, classification, and regression tasks [BRF13, KSH12]. Its key strength is the ability to leverage large quantities of labelled and unlabelled data to learn powerful representations without hand-engineering the feature space. To conclude this work we experimentally validate our approach using a humanoid robotic system and a structured light RGB-D sensor.

This project proposal is organized as follows: In section 2 the goal of the work is described. Further, in section 3 a formulation and the proposed methods are described. Section 4 thematizes the milestones of implementing the approach in a robotic demonstrator system to evaluate the proposed approach.

2 Goal (Ralf)

Goals: * detect parallel jaw grasps a priori unknown objects * plan collision free paths * drop the grasped object in a bin

Restrictions: * dynamic changing environments are not considered * objecte must in principle be manipulable by a two-finger parallel gripper.

optional * suction cup gripper

Robot grasping can be subdivided into two related problems: perception and planning. A typical example of this approach is the ROS grasp pipeline [CJCH12]. Herein, a CAD model is mapped to a point cloud of the object. Optimal grasp poses are then derived from the CAD model. This works well in ideal scenarios, however, in most realistic applications the scenario is far from ideal. Our main goal is to set up a framework which extracts robust grasp poses from RGBD-Images and grasps an object lying on a table.

3 Problems and methods

This section gives an overview over the general problems of the objective and the methods we will use to overcome these difficulties.

- Problems:
 - Localization of objects.
 - Localization of robust grasp points.
- Methods:
 - Robot control using *rai* framework
 - Sampling of grasp candidates using a grasping policy (e.g. *CrossEntropyRobustGrasping-Policy*¹)
 - evaluation of grasp candidates with pretrained *GQCNN*²
 - localization of objects using bounding boxes (if necessary)

3.1 Perception (Ralf)

needs to be inferred if more than one object is in the scene. We will use a SSD for that.

3.2 Motion Planning (Marc)

Sampling grasp points from RGBD-Images is a major problem and has been studied by a wide variety of approaches.

4 Milestones

F TODO
blabla

Requirements

- Baxter
- PR2
- Optional: machine with GPU for further training. We can also bring our own desktop pc.
- Details about camera intrinsics
- RAI framework running on machines with nvidia graphics card (but this problem might be related to the newest nvidia-driver.)

¹<https://github.com/BerkeleyAutomation/gqcnn/blob/a0930e9d2fef3c930c41dd91cde902d261348fbe/gqcnn/grasping/policy/policy.py#L627>

²<https://github.com/BerkeleyAutomation/gqcnn>

	Marc	Ralf
16.05.19	Basic setup, process RGBD images from Baxter/PR2 with GQCNN	Ralfas asdasdasda sdas dasd asdasd as dasd
23.05.19	Grasp object with default grasping policy	
06.06.19	Tune control, recalculate online if object moves	
13.06.19	Experiment with different grasping policies	

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