Linear Regression in Python

Online Statistical Computing Reference Machine Learning Module

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Introduction

Structure of this tutorial

- Data Import
- Data Preprocessing
- Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)
 - Correlation heatmap, boxplots, scatterplots, histograms and density plots
- Linear Regression Modeling:
 - Variable selection
 - Summary statistics
 - Diagnostics and assumptions
 - Model selection

Data Import

- The dataset that we will be using is the soil.csv dataset
- To load the data into Python:

```
In [5]: soil = pd.read csv("soil.csv") # data import
         soil.head() # check if read in correctly
Out[5]:
                        y cadmium copper lead zinc
                                                               dist om ffreq soil lime landuse dist.m
                                                      elev
                                       85 299 1022 7.909 0.001358 13.6
         0 181072 333611
                               11.7
                                                                                                   50
         1 181025 333558
                               8.6
                                           277 1141 6.983 0.012224 14.0
                                                                                                   30
                                                                                            Αh
         2 181165 333537
                                                 640 7.800 0.103029 13.0
                                                                                                  150
         3 181298 333484
                               2.6
                                                 257 7.655 0.190094
                                                                                            Ga
                                                                                                  270
          4 181307 333330
                                                269 7.480 0.277090
                               2.8
                                                                                                  380
```

To check the dimension of the dataset:

```
In [6]: soil.shape # rows x columns
Out[6]: (155, 14)
```

Data Preprocessing

- We notice that there are a few missing values in the original dataset.
- Since there are only a small number of rows with missing values, we can remove those rows:

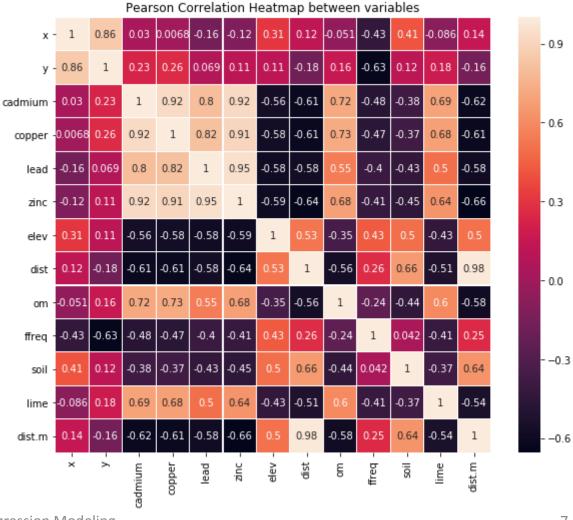
```
In [8]: index = pd.isnull(soil).any(axis = 1)
    soil = soil[-index]
    soil = soil.reset_index(drop = True)

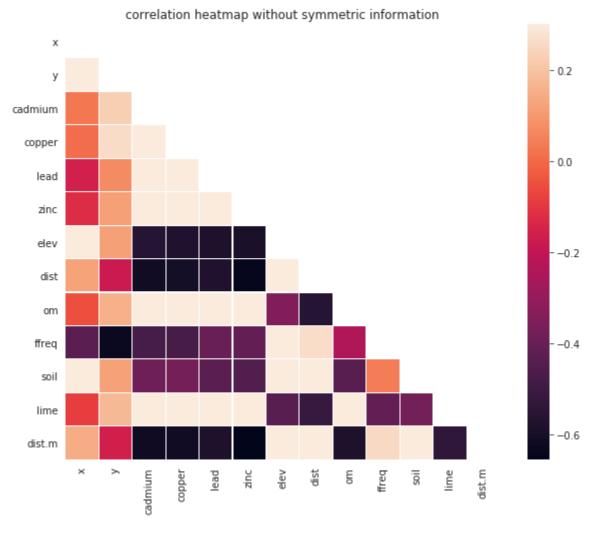
In [9]: soil.shape
Out[9]: (152, 14)
```

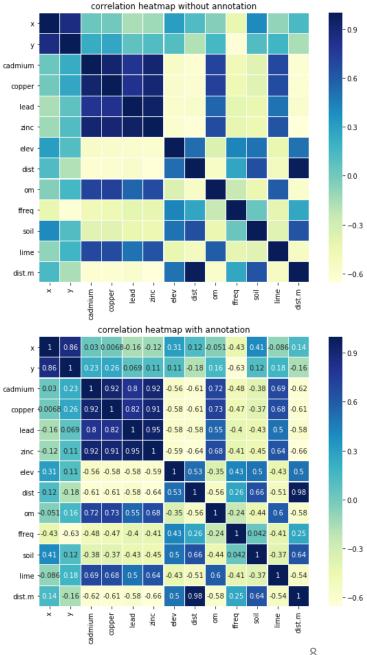
- correlation heatmap
- boxplots
- scatterplots
- histograms and density plots

correlation heatmap

Variable	

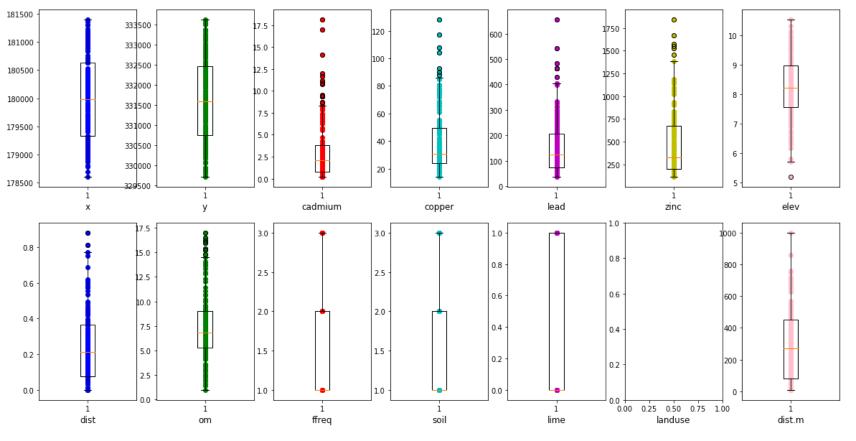






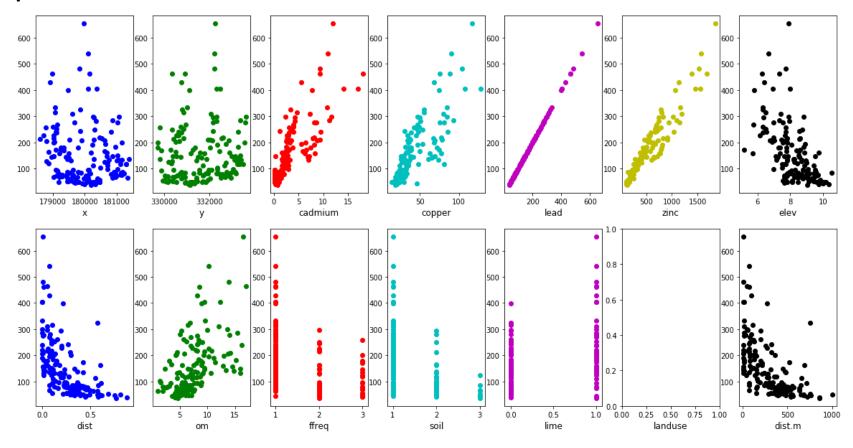
boxplots

boxplot of variables



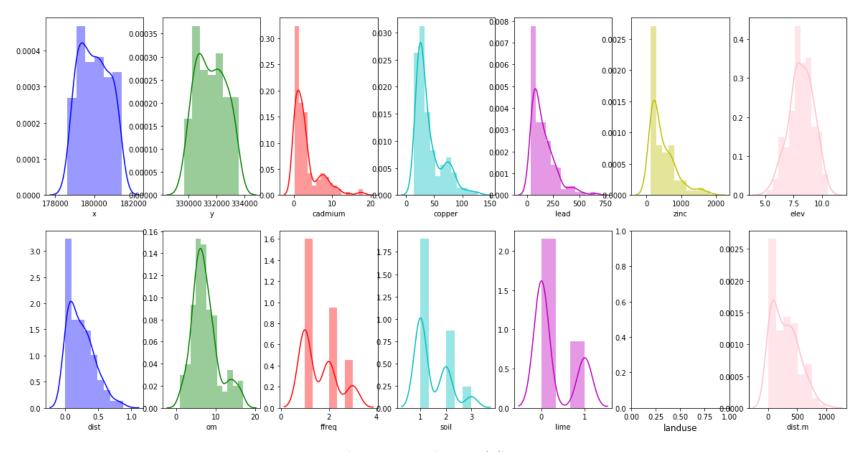
scatterplots

scatterplot of lead vs. predictors



histograms and density plots histogram and

histogram and density plot of each variable



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- Variable selection
- Summary statistics
- Diagnostics and assumption checking
- Model selection

Variable selection: based on correlation coefficients

```
Lead ~ cadmium + copper + zinc + elev + dist + lime
```

Split the dataset into training and testing sets:

```
In [20]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size = 0.33, random_state = 42)
```

• Fit a linear model on training set: using scikit-learn module

Lead ~ cadmium + copper + zinc + elev + lime (using statsmodel module)

```
In [27]: results = model smf.fit()
        print(results.summary())
                               OLS Regression Results
        ______
       Dep. Variable:
                                         R-squared:
       Model:
                                                                      0.945
                                    OLS
                                         Adj. R-squared:
       Method:
                            Least Squares
                                         F-Statistic.
                                                                      340.0
       Date:
                         Tue, 29 Oct 2019
                                         Prob (F-statistic):
                                                                   2.35e-59
       Time:
                                09:18:05
                                         Log-Likelihood:
                                                                    -467.76
       No. Observations:
                                     101
                                          AIC:
                                                                     947.5
       Df Residuals:
                                         BIC:
                                                                     963.2
       Df Model:
                                      5
       Covariance Type:
                               nonrobust
                                                       P>|t|
                                                           [0.025
                                                                     0.975]
                                                                   _____
       Intercept
                    23.8739
                              27.200
                                        0.878
                                                 0.382
                                                          -30.126
                                                                     77.874
                   -13,2322
                                                          -17.679
                                                                     -8.785
        cadmium
                              2.240
                                       -5.908
                                                 0.000
                    0.0522
                                                 0.852
                                                           -0.500
                                                                     0.605
        copper
                              0.278
                                        0.187
                    0.4188
                                                 0.000
                                                           0.379
                                                                     0.459
       zinc
                              0.020
                                       20.756
        elev
                    -2.4719
                              2.895
                                       -0.854
                                                 0.395
                                                           -8.220
                                                                     3.276
                   -24.7610
                              7.775
                                       -3.185
                                                 0.002
                                                          -40.196
                                                                     -9.326
       Omnibus:
                                         Durbin-Watson:
                                                                     1.947
       Prob(Omnibus):
                                   0.354
                                         Jarque-Bera (JB):
                                                                     1.494
       Skew:
                                         Prob(JB):
                                                                     0.474
                                  -0.246
       Kurtosis:
                                   3.336
                                         Cond. No.
                                                                   6.42e+03
        ______
```

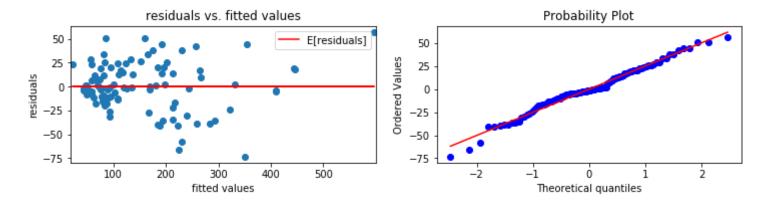
Warnings:

- [1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.
- [2] The condition number is large, 6.42e+03. This might indicate that there are strong multicollinearity or other numerical problems.

Summary statistics

- Lower RSME on testing set
- Higher R-squared on testing set

Diagnostics and assumption checking



- Assumption of constant variance: satisfied
- Assumption that E[residuals] = 0: satisfied
- Assumption of normality of the response: satisfied

Model selection:

- We used 5 predictors in our previous model, but some of the predictors are not statistically significant compared with others.
- We can consider reducing the number of predictors to improve the model's prediction performance, by selecting only a subset of these 5 predictors
- Since cadmium, zinc and lime are highly statistically significant, we now refit a model using only these 3 predictors:
 - Full model: Lead ~ cadmium + copper + zinc + elev + lime
 - Reduced model: Lead ~ cadmium + zinc + lime

• Summary statistics of the reduced model:

```
In [35]: df train = pd.concat([X train, y train], axis = 1) # build a dataframe for training set
       reducedModel = smf.ols("lead ~ cadmium + zinc + C(lime)", data = df train)
       reducedModel = reducedModel.fit()
       print(reducedModel.summary())
                              OLS Regression Results
       ______
       Dep. Variable:
                                        R-squared:
                                                                   0.948
       Model:
                                   OLS Adj. R-squared:
                                                                   0.946
       Method:
                           Least Squares F-statistic:
                                                                   584.7
                        Fri, 08 Nov 2019 Prob (F-statistic):
       Date:
                                                                 5.98e-62
                               23:31:40 Log-Likelihood:
       Time:
                                                                  -468.19
       No. Observations:
                                   101 AIC:
                                                                   944.4
       Df Residuals:
                                        BIC:
                                                                   954.8
       Df Model:
                                     3
       Covariance Type:
                              nonrobust
                              std err
                                                                    0.975]
                     2.6976
                                        0.585
                                                 0.560
                                                          -6.461
                                                                    11.856
       Intercept
                               4.614
       C(lime)[T.1] -23.4871
                              7.569
                                     -3.103
                                                 0.003
                                                         -38.509
                                                                    -8.465
       cadmium
                    -13.0934
                               1.986
                                      -6.593
                                                         -17.035
                                                                    -9.152
                                                 0.000
       zinc
                     0.4237
                               0.019
                                       22.540
                                                 0.000
                                                           0.386
                                                                     0.461
       ______
       Omnibus:
                                        Durbin-Watson:
                                                                   1.968
       Prob(Omnibus):
                                 0.688 Jarque-Bera (JB):
                                                                   0.395
       Skew:
                                 -0.131
                                        Prob(JB):
                                                                   0.821
                                        Cond. No.
       Kurtosis:
                                  3.160
                                                                 1.79e + 03
                    ______
```

• Diagnostics of the reduced model:

Comparison of the reduced and full model:

• To decide whether to adopt the reduced model, we can conduct oneway ANOVA (Analysis of Variance) on the reduced and full model:

ANOVA of between the reduced and full model

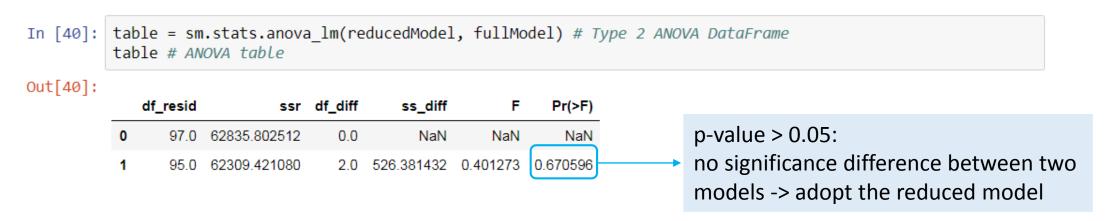
95.0 62309.421080

2.0 526.381432 0.401273 0.670596

Comparison of the reduced and full model:

• To decide whether to adopt the reduced model, we can conduct oneway ANOVA (Analysis of Variance) on the reduced and full model:

ANOVA of between the reduced and full model



Discussion

Reference

• Dataset: meuse package in R

To access the dataset in R:

```
install.package("sp")# first time using the library
library(sp)
data(meuse)
```

Tips

To learn more about linear regression and machine learning in Python go to OSCR's webpage at: https://oscrproject.wixsite.com/website