Algorithms

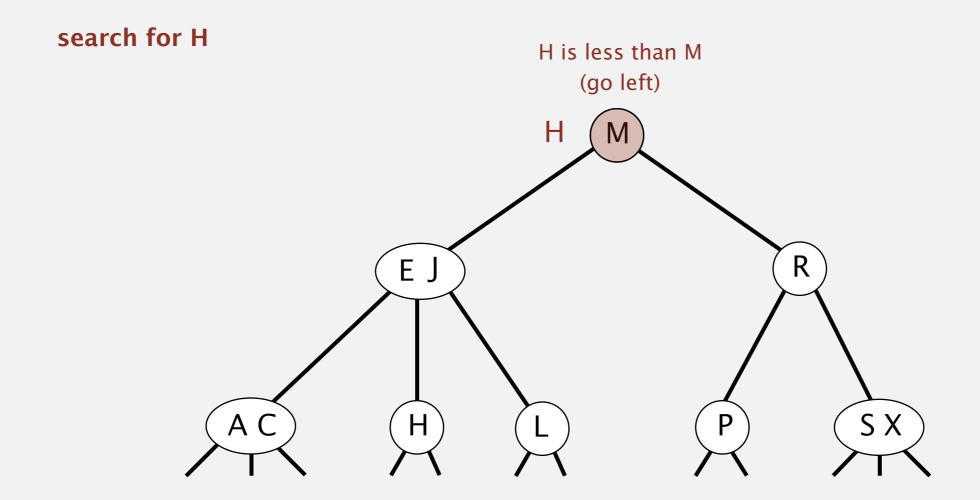


Algorithms ROBERT SEDGEWICK | KEVIN WAYNE http://algs4.cs.princeton.edu

3.3 2-3 TREE DEMO

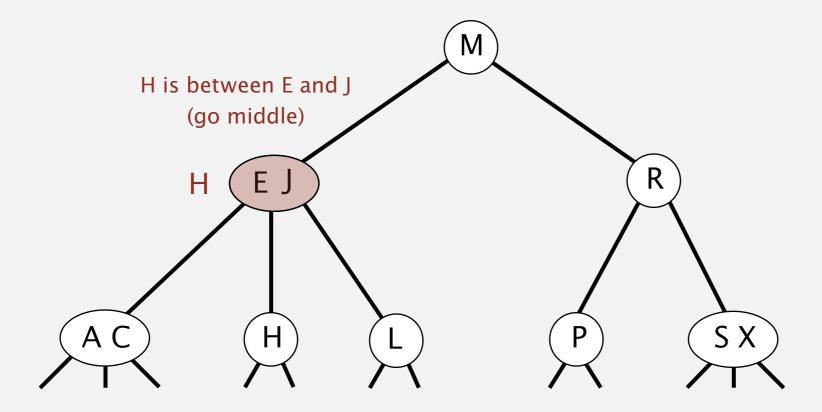
- search
- insertion
- construction

- Compare search key against keys in node.
- Find interval containing search key.
- Follow associated link (recursively).



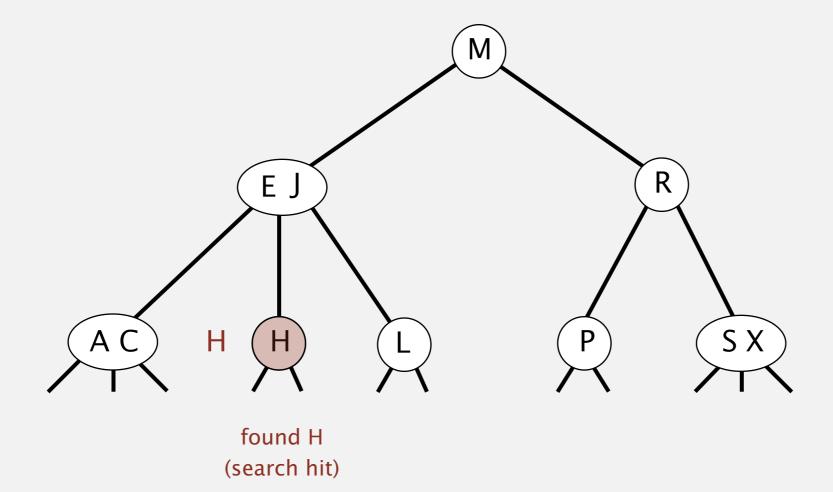
- Compare search key against keys in node.
- Find interval containing search key.
- Follow associated link (recursively).

search for H

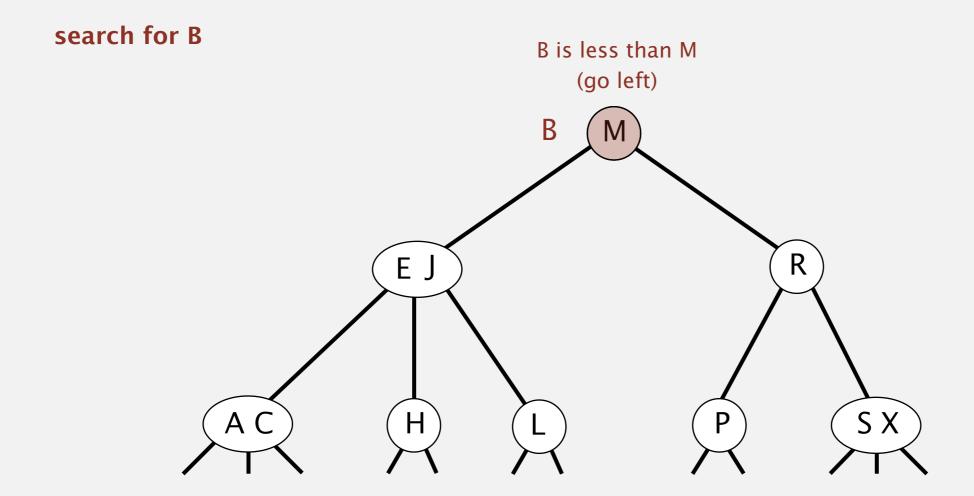


- Compare search key against keys in node.
- Find interval containing search key.
- Follow associated link (recursively).

search for H

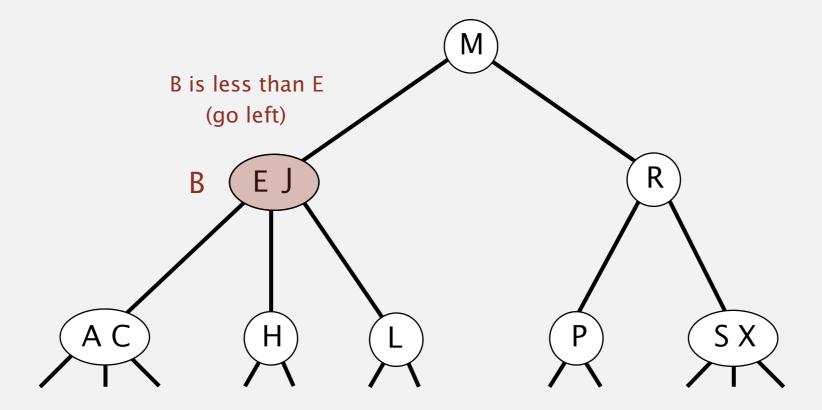


- Compare search key against keys in node.
- Find interval containing search key.
- Follow associated link (recursively).



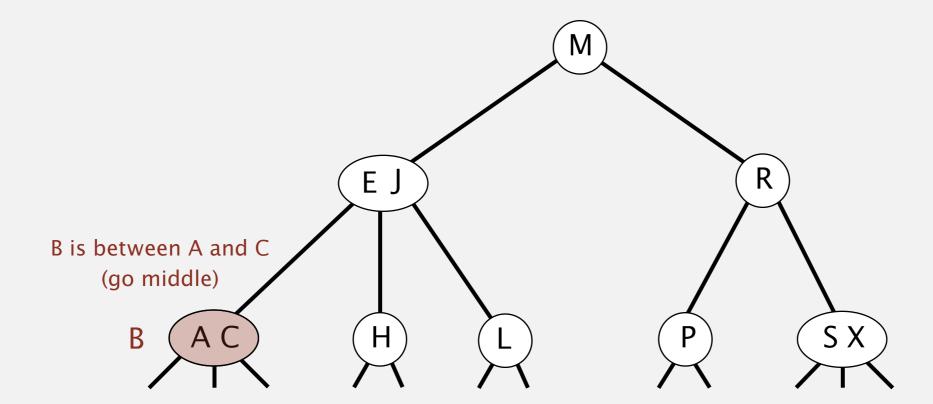
- Compare search key against keys in node.
- Find interval containing search key.
- Follow associated link (recursively).

search for B



- Compare search key against keys in node.
- Find interval containing search key.
- Follow associated link (recursively).

search for B

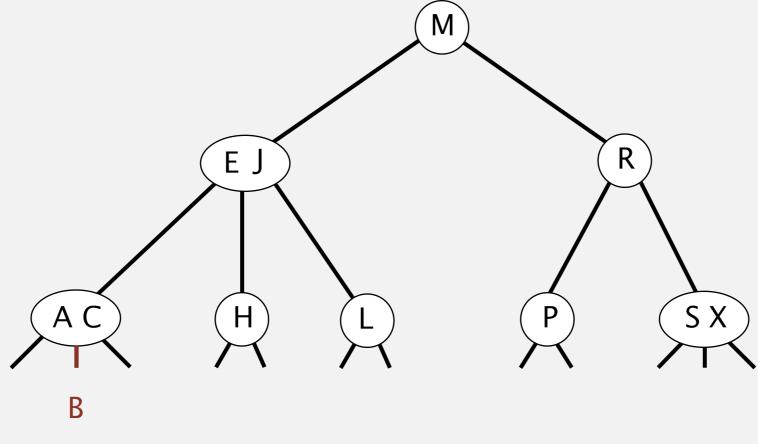


2-3 tree demo: search

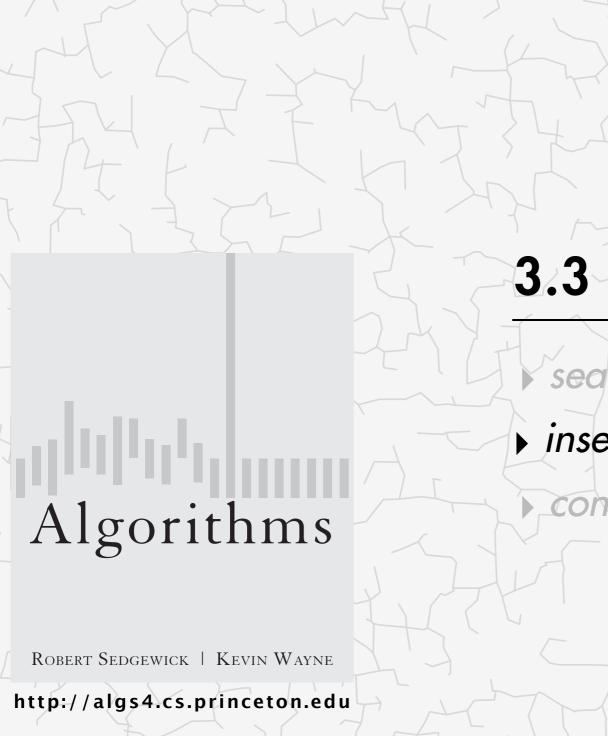
Search.

- Compare search key against keys in node.
- Find interval containing search key.
- Follow associated link (recursively).

search for B



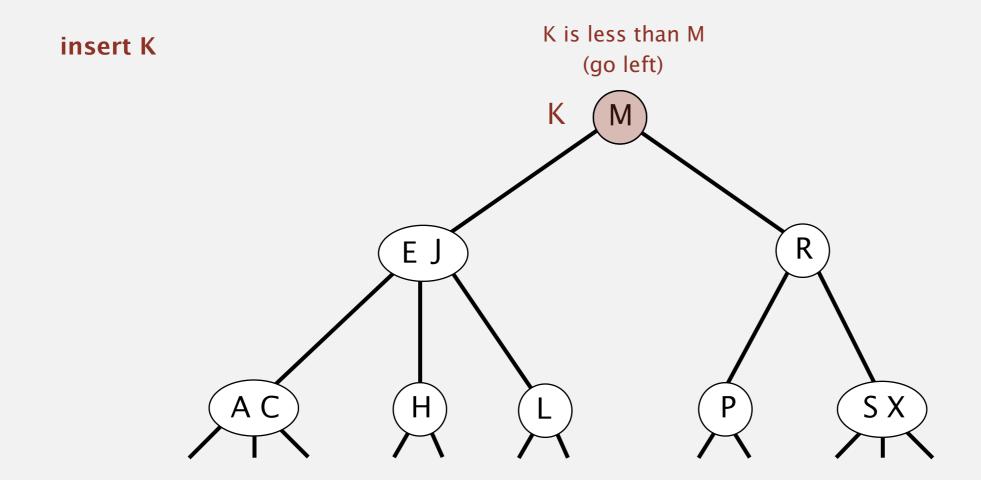
link is null (search miss)



3.3 2-3 TREE DEMO

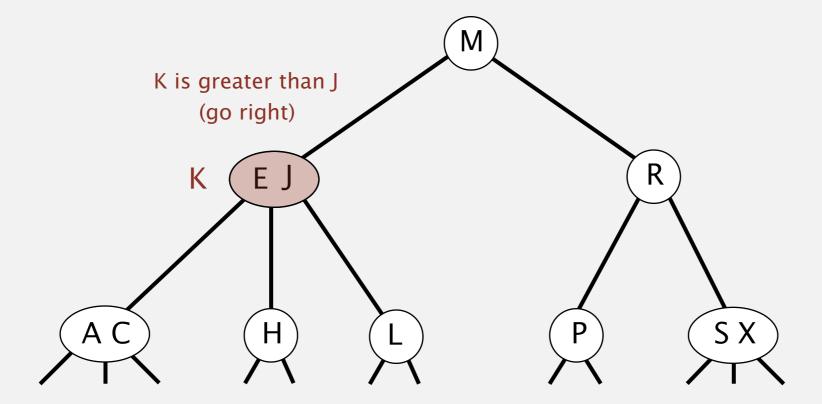
- search
- insertion
- construction

- Search for key, as usual.
- Replace 2-node with 3-node.



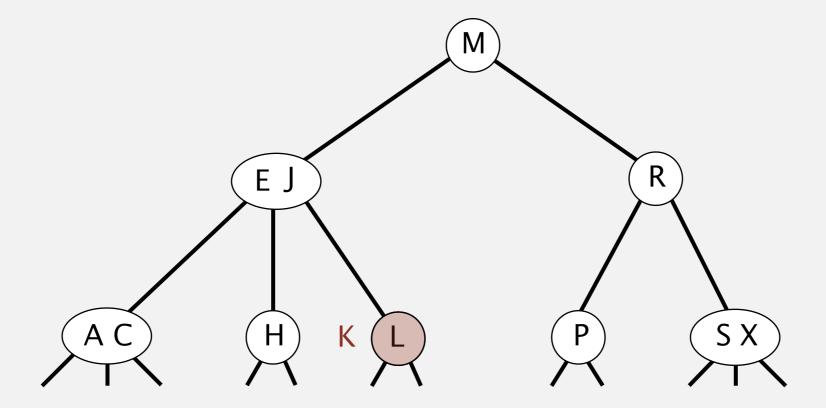
- Search for key, as usual.
- Replace 2-node with 3-node.

insert K



- Search for key, as usual.
- Replace 2-node with 3-node.

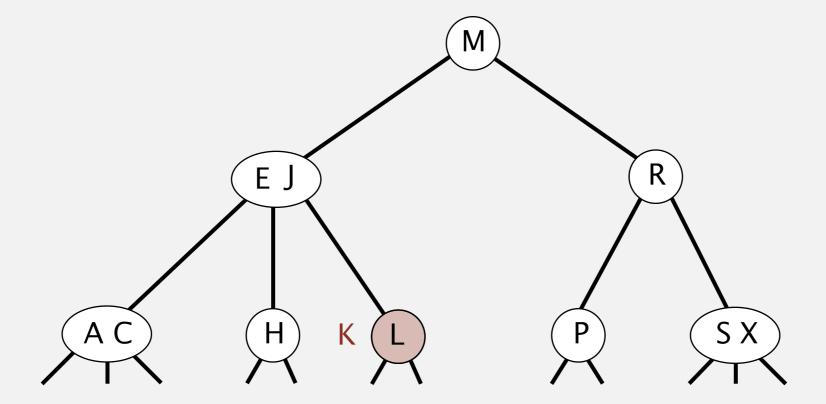
insert K



search ends here

- Search for key, as usual.
- Replace 2-node with 3-node.

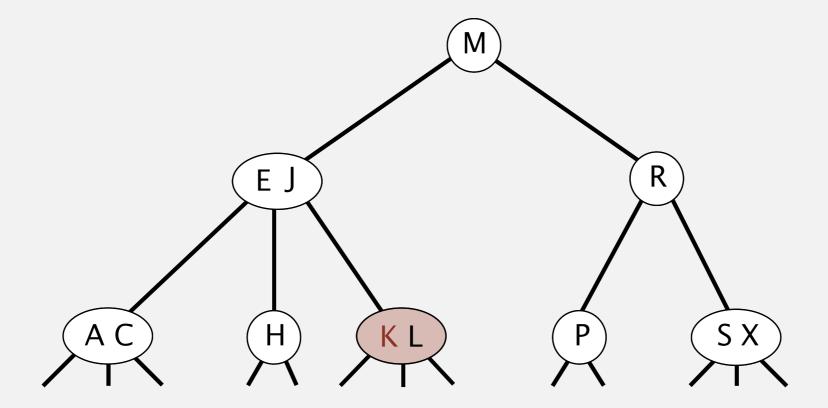
insert K



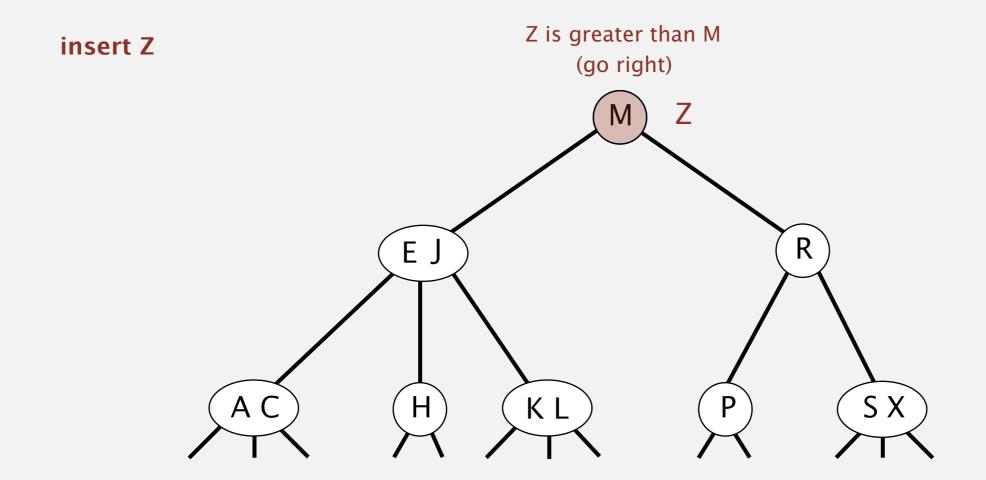
replace 2-node with 3-node containing K

- Search for key, as usual.
- Replace 2-node with 3-node.

insert K

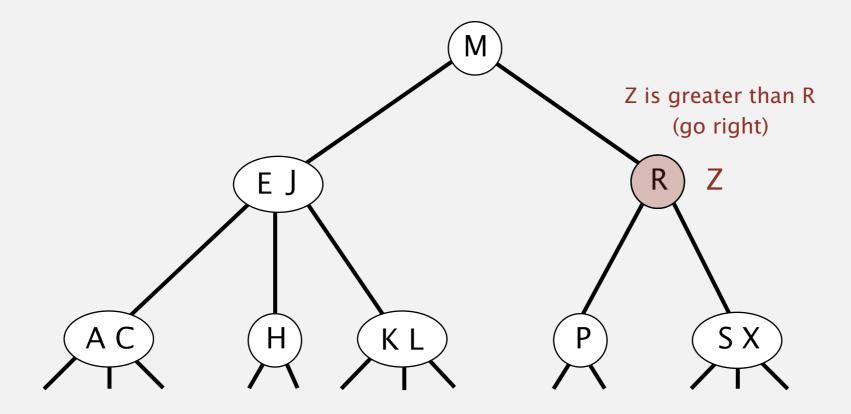


- Add new key to 3-node to create temporary 4-node.
- Move middle key in 4-node into parent.



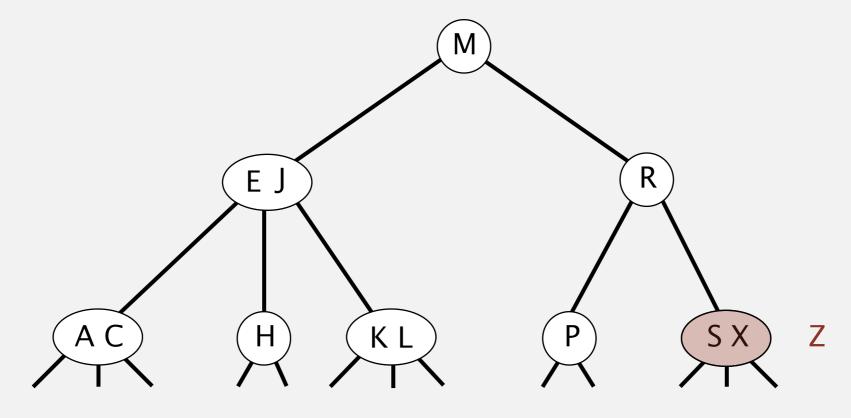
- Add new key to 3-node to create temporary 4-node.
- Move middle key in 4-node into parent.

insert Z



- Add new key to 3-node to create temporary 4-node.
- Move middle key in 4-node into parent.

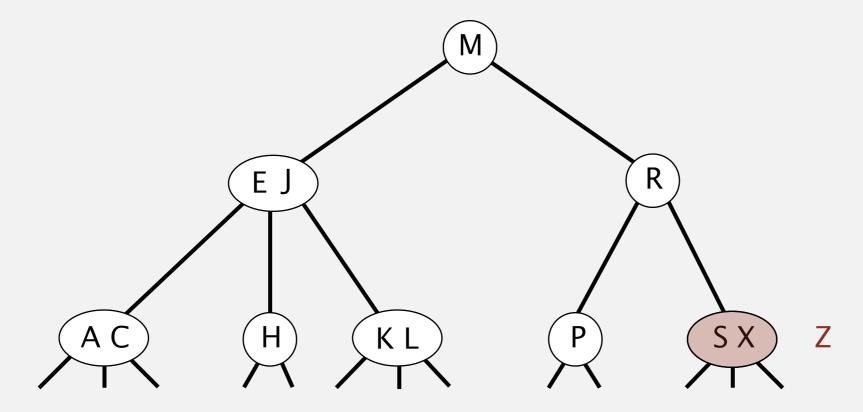
insert Z



search ends here

- Add new key to 3-node to create temporary 4-node.
- Move middle key in 4-node into parent.

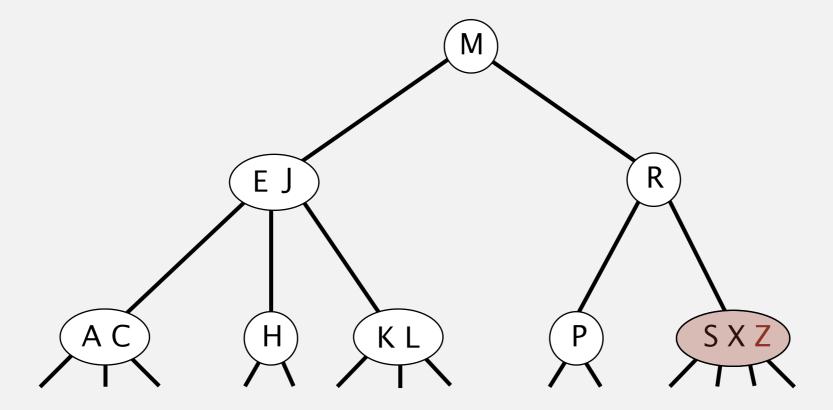
insert Z



replace 3-node with temporary 4-node containing Z

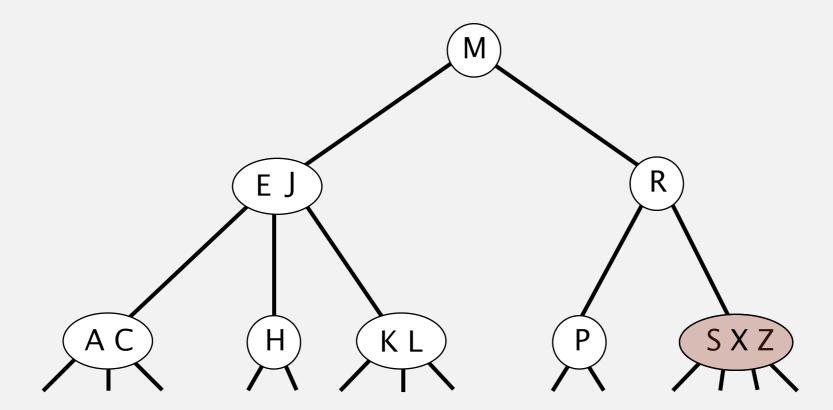
- Add new key to 3-node to create temporary 4-node.
- Move middle key in 4-node into parent.

insert Z



- Add new key to 3-node to create temporary 4-node.
- Move middle key in 4-node into parent.

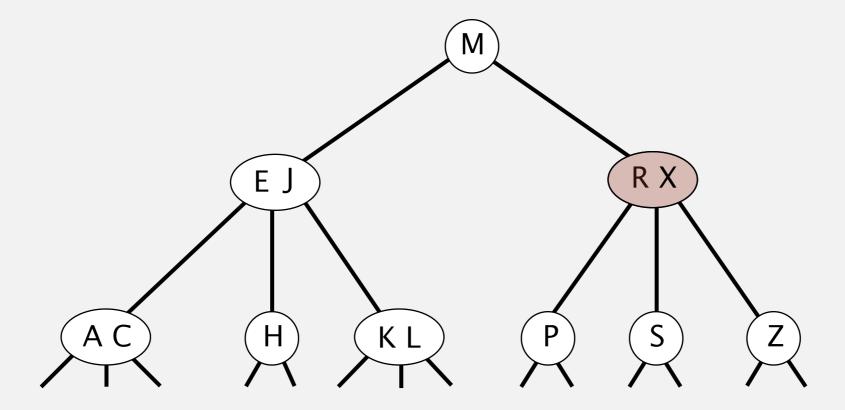
insert Z



split 4-node into two 2-nodes (pass middle key to parent)

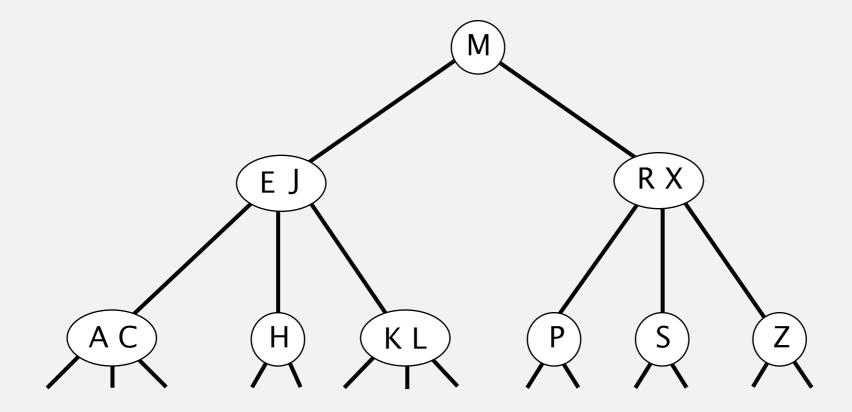
- Add new key to 3-node to create temporary 4-node.
- Move middle key in 4-node into parent.

insert Z



- Add new key to 3-node to create temporary 4-node.
- Move middle key in 4-node into parent.

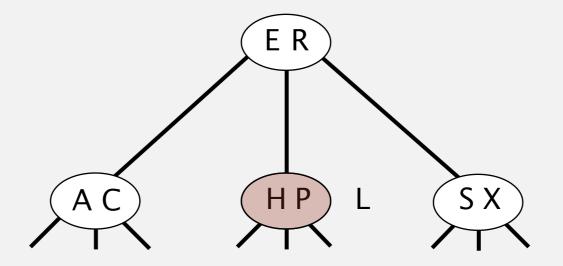
insert Z



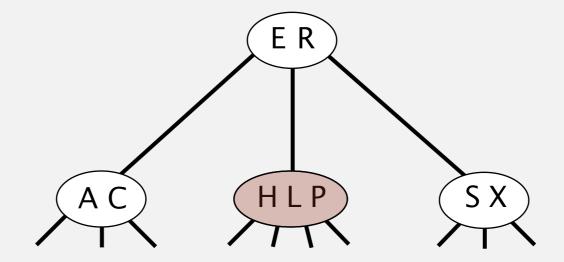
2-3 tree demo: insertion

Insert into a 3-node at bottom.

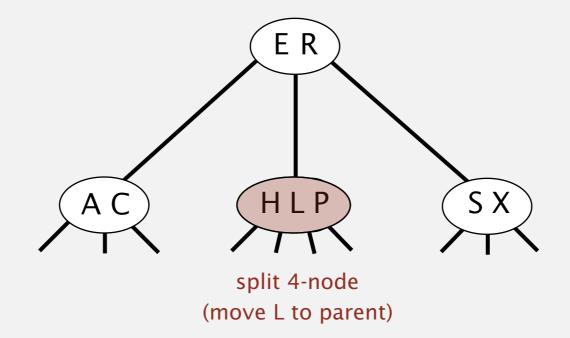
- Add new key to 3-node to create temporary 4-node.
- Move middle key in 4-node into parent.
- Repeat up the tree, as necessary.
- If you reach the root and it's a 4-node, split it into three 2-nodes.



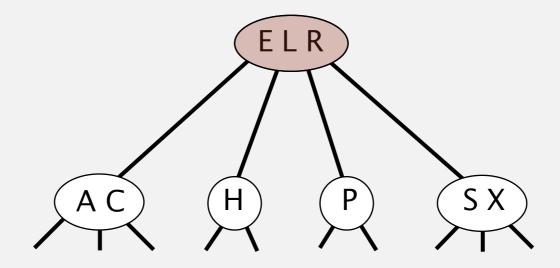
- Add new key to 3-node to create temporary 4-node.
- Move middle key in 4-node into parent.
- Repeat up the tree, as necessary.
- If you reach the root and it's a 4-node, split it into three 2-nodes.



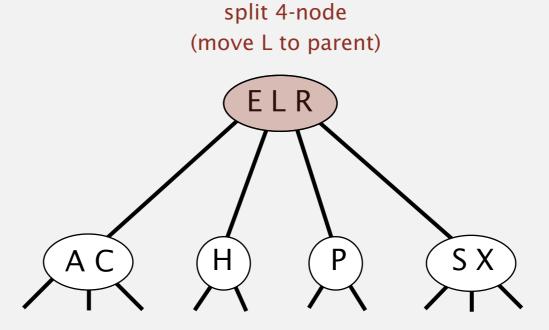
- Add new key to 3-node to create temporary 4-node.
- Move middle key in 4-node into parent.
- Repeat up the tree, as necessary.
- If you reach the root and it's a 4-node, split it into three 2-nodes.



- Add new key to 3-node to create temporary 4-node.
- Move middle key in 4-node into parent.
- Repeat up the tree, as necessary.
- If you reach the root and it's a 4-node, split it into three 2-nodes.

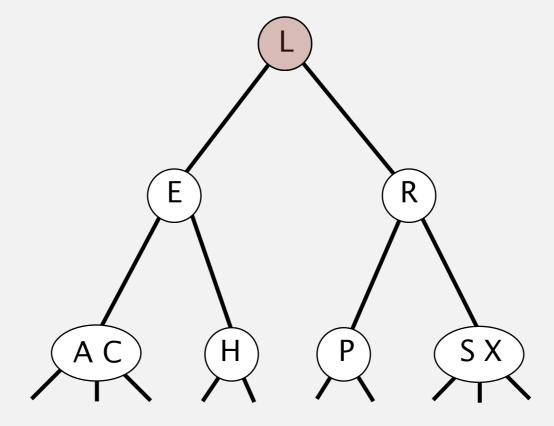


- Add new key to 3-node to create temporary 4-node.
- Move middle key in 4-node into parent.
- Repeat up the tree, as necessary.
- If you reach the root and it's a 4-node, split it into three 2-nodes.

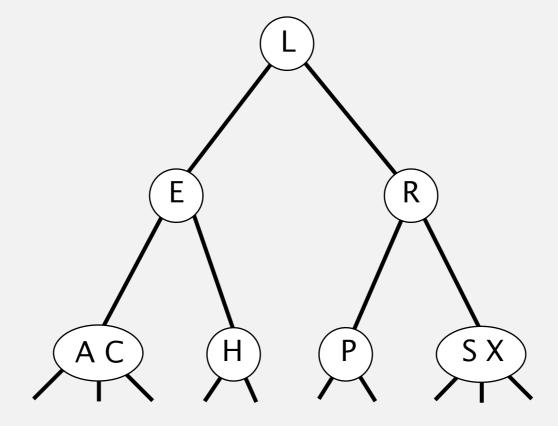


- Add new key to 3-node to create temporary 4-node.
- Move middle key in 4-node into parent.
- Repeat up the tree, as necessary.
- If you reach the root and it's a 4-node, split it into three 2-nodes.

height of tree increases by 1



- Add new key to 3-node to create temporary 4-node.
- Move middle key in 4-node into parent.
- Repeat up the tree, as necessary.
- If you reach the root and it's a 4-node, split it into three 2-nodes.



3.3 2-3 TREE DEMO

- search
- insertion
- construction

Algorithms

Robert Sedgewick | Kevin Wayne

http://algs4.cs.princeton.edu

insert S



2-3 tree

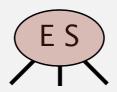


insert E



convert 2-node into 3-node

insert E



2-3 tree



2-3 tree demo: construction

insert A



convert 3-node into 4-node

2-3 tree demo: construction

insert A



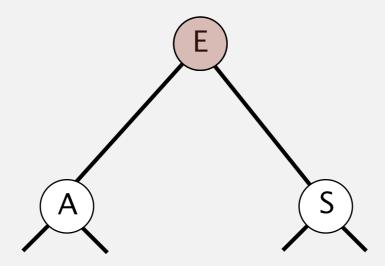
2-3 tree demo: construction

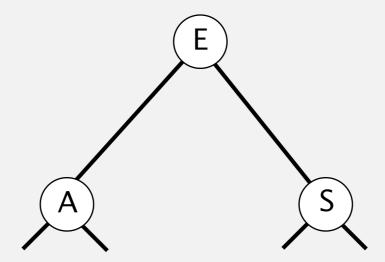
insert A



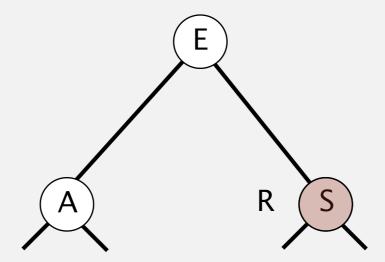
split 4-node (move E to parent)

insert A



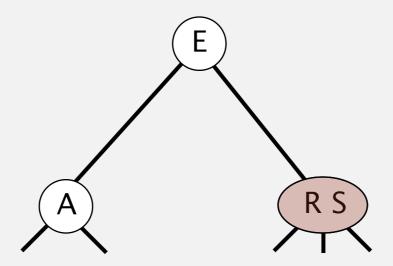


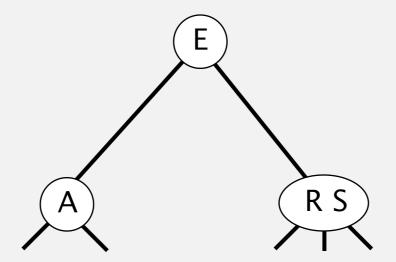
insert R



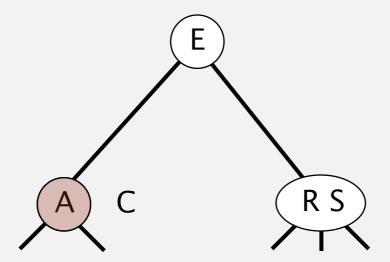
convert 2-node into 3-node

insert R



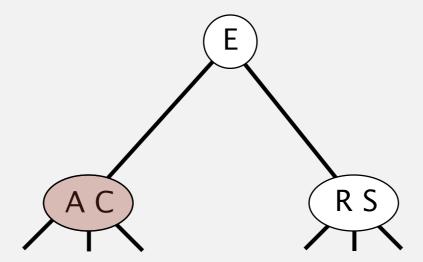


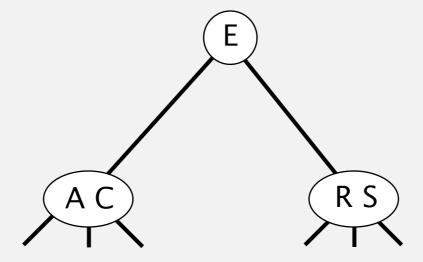
insert C

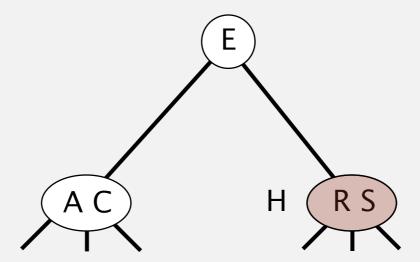


convert 2-node into 3-node

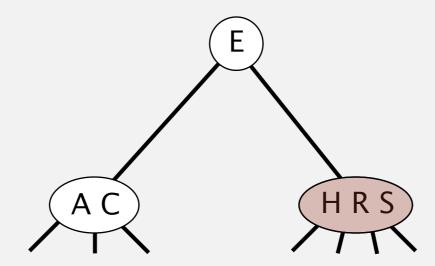
insert C

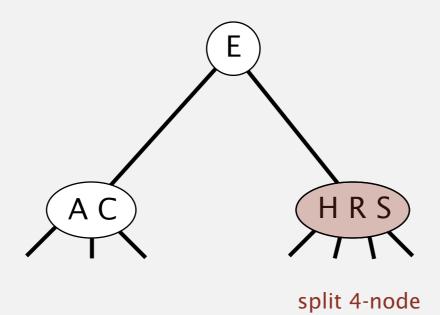




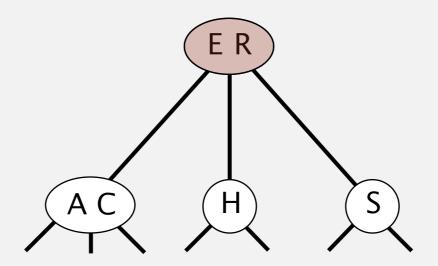


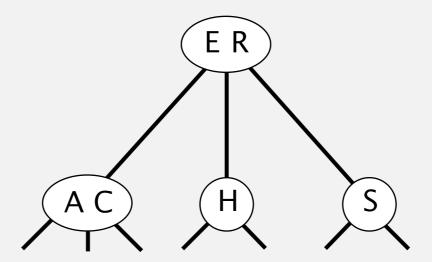
convert 3-node into 4-node



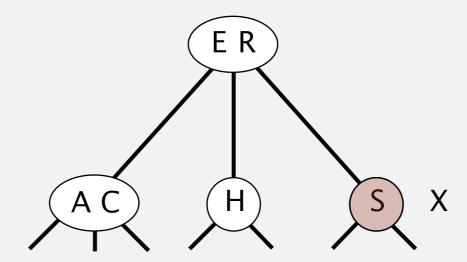


(move R to parent)



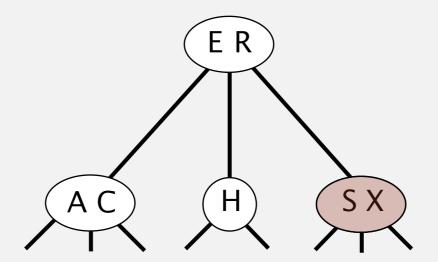


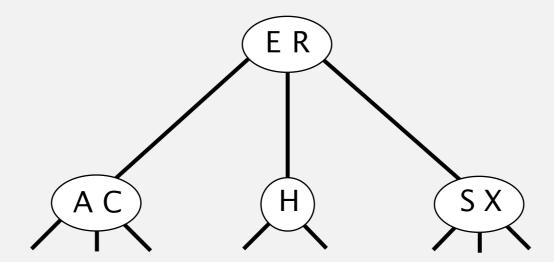
insert X



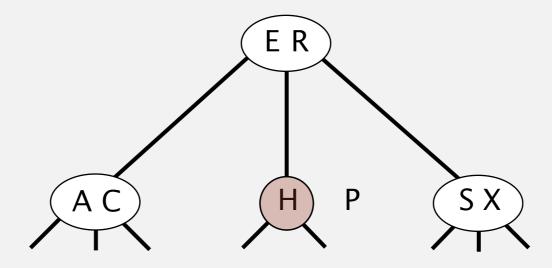
convert 2-node into 3-node

insert X



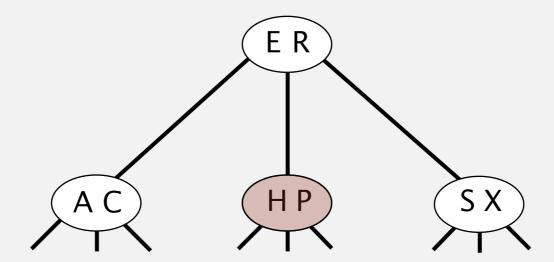


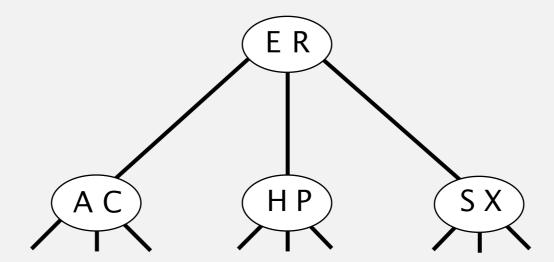
insert P

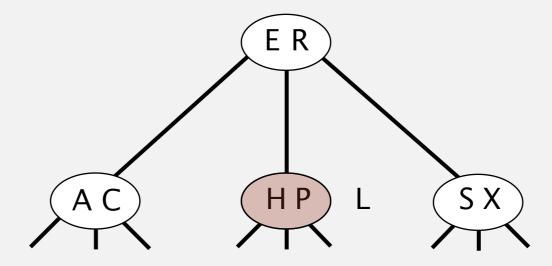


convert 2-node into 3-node

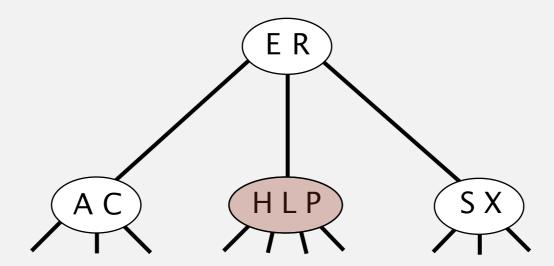
insert P

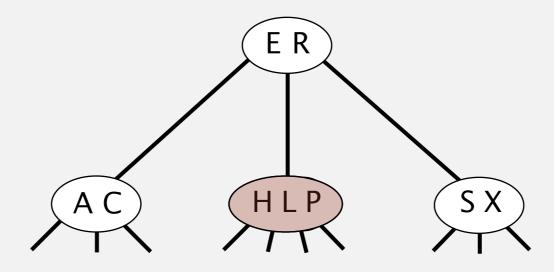






convert 3-node into 4-node





split 4-node (move L to parent)

