

3a)

Exponentialfunktion

$$f(x) = c \cdot a^x$$

$$\log(f(x)) = \log(c \cdot a^x)$$

$$\log(f(x)) = \underbrace{\log(c)}_b + \underbrace{x}_{\downarrow x} \cdot \underbrace{\log(a)}_m$$

Potenzfunktion

$$f(x) = c \cdot x^a$$

$$\log(f(x)) = \log(c \cdot x^a)$$

$$\log(f(x)) = \underbrace{\log(c)}_b + \underbrace{a}_{\uparrow m} \cdot \underbrace{\log(x)}_x$$

$$f(x) = \frac{5}{\sqrt[3]{2x^2}}$$

$$= \frac{5}{(2x^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

$$= \frac{5}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

$$f(x) = 5 \cdot 2x^{-\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$\log(f(x)) = \log(5 \cdot 2x^{-\frac{2}{3}})$$

$$= \underbrace{\log(5)}_b + \underbrace{-\frac{2}{3}}_m \cdot \underbrace{\log(2 \cdot x)}_x$$

$$g(x) = 10^5 \cdot (2e)^{-x/100}$$

$$\log(g(x)) = \log(10^5) + \log((2e)^{-x/100})$$

$$= \underbrace{5}_b + \underbrace{-\frac{x}{100}}_x \cdot \underbrace{\log(2e)}_m$$