Phasors as Rotating Vectors 1

•Given:

$$i_L(t) = I_m sin(\omega t + \theta)$$
•Recall:

$$v_L(t) = L\{di_L(t)/dt\}$$
(2)

ullet Determine:

 $-The inductor voltage: v_L(t)$

Complex Impedances Capacitance $\mathbf{2}$

$$X_L = jwL = j(500)(.3) = j150\omega$$
 (3)

$$X_C = \frac{-j}{wc} = \frac{-j}{(500)(40x10^{-6})} = j - 50$$
 (4)

$$Z_{total} = 100 + j100 (5)$$

$$V = IZ \tag{6}$$

$$I = \frac{V}{Z} \tag{7}$$

$$I = \frac{V}{Z}$$

$$I = \frac{100 \angle 30^{\circ}}{100 + j100}$$

$$(8)$$

$$=.707\angle -15^{\circ} \tag{9}$$

$$i(t) = (.707)\cos(500t - 15^{\circ}) \tag{10}$$

Paralell

$$Z_{eq} = \frac{100(-j100)}{100 - j100} = \frac{(100)(100 \angle - 90^{\circ})}{100 - j100} = 70.71 \angle - 45^{\circ}$$
(11)

 test