

BomBot: A LLM-based AI Agent Assistant for SBOM Visualization, Understanding and Vulnerability Identification

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- Software Bill of Materials (SBOM): a nested inventory for software, a list of
- **SBOM Visualizations** are designed to translate the data into actionable decisions We evaluated two visualizations for usability, acceptability, and accurac
 - BomBot: LLM-based AI assistant for developers of all levels to leverage SBOMs

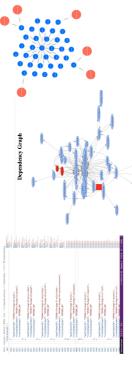


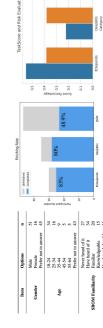
Fig.1 Comparison of a SBOM file in text (JSON), ItDepends, and and DeepBits formats

Motivation: SBOM Visualization Efficacy

- Visualization Tools:
- It-Depends and DeepBits make it feasible to use SBOM data to identify vulnerabilities and the corresponding mitigations
- SBOM data maps dependencies, highlights vulnerabilities, and provides real-time CVE updates.



- · Visualizations were useful in assisting developers in identifying vulnerabilities and mitigations
- The task was still perceived as burdensome, even for small packages
- · Likely infeasible when graphs contain thousands of nodes
- Risk were underestimated even when SBOM data are visualized





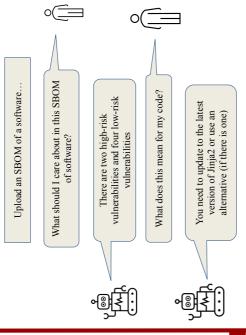
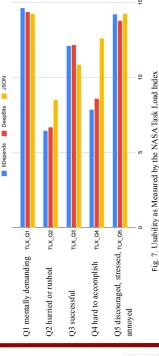




Fig. 6 All steps are automated except mitigation information. Mitigation information is verified by researchers. Prompts are automated and invisible to users.

Motivation: SBOM Visualization Usability



Visualizations are significantly helpful. However, they had limited efficacy even with relatively small graphs.

This motivated us to develop BomBot, a interactive chat system to process accurate SBOM data

A RAG Bot to answer question about SBOMs of known software: · generate visual graph via .json

- connect with OSV database
- identify known vulnerabilities and risk level

Output for question:

In this SBOM, what are the vulnerabilities in the Jinjia2 package? Also, categorise it in between low, medium and high risk level

user topat is passed as keys to the 'xehattr' filter.

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Conclusions & Limitations

· Visualizations help but are not adequate. Visualizations can differ significantly in associated visualizations is that people may be unduly confident that they have a full understanding of their attack space, when in fact they are underestimating efficacy even when they are equally usable. One risk of both SBOM and the

A chatbot offers an interactive method that can address concerns and answer questions regardless of scale. A chatbot can rank and integrate information.

- · There are multiple visualizations for the SBOM. Our work tested only two options. Innovative or next iteration of visualization will improve.
 - Text requires more attention and may interrupt programming while a visualization can provide continuous if passive feedback
- than 20 industry participants, these were not significantly different. Repeating the Our sample was recruited primarily from University computer science students experiment with a private sector software engineering team may yield different and using Prolific for people with computing backgrounds. There were fewer

results.

- Allow users to upload new, updated SBOMs after making changes and bot will compare the new with the original, analyze the changes, and provide feedback.
 - Evaluate expansions to improve acceptability, e.g. automate compliance verification
- Collaborate with GUAC team from Google for future visualization evaluation and API for chatbot
 - We are just beginning to understand how to merge risk communication with SBOMs.