Sipna College of Engineering & Technology, Amravati.
Department of Computer Science & Engineering
Session 2022-2023

Branch :- Computer Sci. & Engg. **Class :- Final Year**
Subject :-Block Chain Fundamentals Lab manual **Sem :- VII**

Teacher Manual

PRACTICAL NO 4

AIM: To Understand and implement RSA Encryption and Decryption

S/W REQUIRED: Phython

Rivest–Shamir–Adleman(RSA)

RSA abbreviation is Rivest–Shamir–Adleman. This algorithm is used by many companies to encrypt and decrypt messages. It is an asymmetric cryptographic algorithm which means that there are two different keys i.e., the public key and the private key. This is also known as public-key cryptography because one of the keys can be given to anyone. Companies such as Acer, Asus, HP, Lenovo, etc., use encryption techniques in their products.

How does RSA algorithm work?
let us learn the mechanism behind RSA algorithm by considering one example :

1. **Generating Public Key :**

   Select two prime no's. Suppose P = 53 and Q = 59.
   Now First part of the Public key : n = P*Q = 3127.

   We also need a small exponent say e :
   But e Must be

   An integer.

   Not be a factor of n.

   $1 < e < \Phi(n)$ [$\Phi(n)$ is discussed below],
   Let us now consider it to be equal to 3.

   Our Public Key is made of n and e

2. **Generating Private Key :**

   We need to calculate $\Phi(n)$:
   Such that $\Phi(n) = (P-1)(Q-1)$
   so, $\Phi(n) = 3016$

   Now calculate Private Key, d :
   $d = (k*\Phi(n) + 1) / e$ for some integer k
   For k = 2, value of d is 2011.
3. **Now we are ready with our – Public Key (n = 3127 and e = 3) and Private Key(d = 2011)**

4. **Now we will encrypt “HI” :**

   Convert letters to numbers : H = 8 and I = 9

   Thus Encrypted Data c = 89e mod n.
   Thus our Encrypted Data comes out to be 1394

5. **Now we will decrypt 1394 :**

   Decrypted Data = cd mod n.
   Thus our Encrypted Data comes out to be 89

   8 = H and I = 9 i.e. "HI".

Implementation:

```
import math

print("RSA ENCRYPTOR/DECRYPTOR")
print("*********************************************************")

#Input Prime Numbers
print("PLEASE ENTER THE 'p' AND 'q' VALUES BELOW:")
p = int(input("Enter a prime number for p: "))
q = int(input("Enter a prime number for q: "))
print("*********************************************************")

#Check if Input's are Prime
'"THIS FUNCTION AND THE CODE IMMEDIATELY BELOW THE FUNCTION CHECKS WHETHER
THE INPUTS ARE PRIME OR NOT."'
def prime_check(a):
    if(a==2):
        return True
    elif((a<2) or ((a%2)==0)):
        return False
    elif(a>2):
        for i in range(2,a):
            if not(a%i):
                return false
    return True

check_p = prime_check(p)
check_q = prime_check(q)
while(((check_p==False)or(check_q==False))):
    p = int(input("Enter a prime number for p: "))
    q = int(input("Enter a prime number for q: "))
    check_p = prime_check(p)
    check_q = prime_check(q)
```

```
#RSA Modulus
'''CALCULATION OF RSA MODULUS 'n'.'''
n = p * q
print("RSA Modulus(n) is:",n)

#Eulers Toitent
'''CALCULATION OF EULERS TOITENT 'r'.'''
r= (p-1)*(q-1)
print("Eulers Toitent(r) is:",r)
print("**********************************************************")

#GCD
'''CALCULATION OF GCD FOR 'e' CALCULATION.'''
def egcd(e,r):
    while(r!=0):
        e,r=r,e%r
    return e

#Euclid's Algorithm
def eugcd(e,r):
    for i in range(1,r):
        while(e!=0):
            a,b=r//e,r%e
            if(b!=0):
                print("%d = %d*(%d) + %d"%(r,a,e,b))
            r=e
            e=b

#Extended Euclidean Algorithm
def eea(a,b):
    if(a%b==0):
        return(b,0,1)
    else:
        gcd,s,t = eea(b,a%b)
        s = s-((a//b) * t)
        print("%d = %d*(%d) + (%d)*(%d)"%(gcd,a,t,s,b))
        return(gcd,t,s)

#Multiplicative Inverse
def mult_inv(e,r):
    gcd,s,_=eea(e,r)
    if(gcd!=1):
        return None
    else:
        if(s<0):
            print("s=%d. Since %d is less than 0, s = s(modr), i.e., s=%d."%(s,s,s%r))
        elif(s>0):
            print("s=%d."%(s))
        return s%r

#e Value Calculation
'''FINDS THE HIGHEST POSSIBLE VALUE OF 'e' BETWEEN 1 and 1000 THAT MAKES (e,r)
COPRIME.'''
```

```
for i in range(1,1000):
    if(egcd(i,r)==1):
        e=i
print("The value of e is:",e)
print("**********************************************************")

#d, Private and Public Keys
'''CALCULATION OF 'd', PRIVATE KEY, AND PUBLIC KEY.'''
print("EUCLID'S ALGORITHM:")
eugcd(e,r)
print("END OF THE STEPS USED TO ACHIEVE EUCLID'S ALGORITHM.")
print("**********************************************************")
print("EUCLID'S EXTENDED ALGORITHM:")
d = mult_inv(e,r)
print("END OF THE STEPS USED TO ACHIEVE THE VALUE OF 'd'.")
print("The value of d is:",d)
print("**********************************************************")
public = (e,n)
private = (d,n)
print("Private Key is:",private)
print("Public Key is:",public)
print("**********************************************************")

#Encryption
'''ENCRYPTION ALGORITHM.'''
def encrypt(pub_key,n_text):
    e,n=pub_key
    x=[]
    m=0
    for i in n_text:
        if(i.isupper()):
            m = ord(i)-65
            c=(m**e)%n
            x.append(c)
        elif(i.islower()):
            m= ord(i)-97
            c=(m**e)%n
            x.append(c)
        elif(i.isspace()):
            spc=400
            x.append(400)
    return x


#Decryption
'''DECRYPTION ALGORITHM'''
def decrypt(priv_key,c_text):
    d,n=priv_key
    txt=c_text.split(',')
    x=''
    m=0
    for i in txt:
        if(i=='400'):
```

```
            x+=' '
        else:
            m=(int(i)**d)%n
            m+=65
            c=chr(m)
            x+=c
    return x

#Message
message = input("What would you like encrypted or decrypted?(Separate numbers with ',' for decryption):")
print("Your message is:",message)

#Choose Encrypt or Decrypt and Print
choose = input("Type '1' for encryption and '2' for decryption.")
if(choose=='1'):
    enc_msg=encrypt(public,message)
    print("Your encrypted message is:",enc_msg)
    print("Thank you for using the RSA Encryptor. Goodbye!")
elif(choose=='2'):
    print("Your decrypted message is:",decrypt(private,message))
    print("Thank you for using the RSA Encryptor. Goodbye!")
else:
    print("You entered the wrong option.")
    print("Thank you for using the RSA Encryptor. Goodbye!")
```

Output:

```
RSA ENCRYPTOR/DECRYPTOR
**********************************************************
PLEASE ENTER THE 'p' AND 'q' VALUES BELOW:
Enter a prime number for p: 3
Enter a prime number for q: 5
**********************************************************
RSA Modulus(n) is: 15
Eulers Toitent(r) is: 8
**********************************************************
The value of e is: 999
**********************************************************
EUCLID'S ALGORITHM:
8 = 0*(999) + 8
999 = 124*(8) + 7
8 = 1*(7) + 1
END OF THE STEPS USED TO ACHIEVE EUCLID'S ALGORITHM.
**********************************************************
EUCLID'S EXTENDED ALGORITHM:
1 = 8*(1) + (-1)*(7)
1 = 999*(-1) + (125)*(8)
s=-1. Since -1 is less than 0, s = s(modr), i.e., s=7.
END OF THE STEPS USED TO ACHIEVE THE VALUE OF 'd'.
The value of d is: 7
**********************************************************
Private Key is: (7, 15)
Public Key is: (999, 15)
**********************************************************
```

```
What would you like encrypted or decrypted?(Separate numbers with ',' for decryption):HELLO
Your message is: HELLO
Type '1' for encryption and '2' for decrytion.1
Your encrypted message is: [13, 4, 11, 11, 14]
Thank you for using the RSA Encryptor. Goodbye!
```

CONCLUSION: Thus we have studied and implemented RSA Encryption and Decryption.