

Sri Lanka Institute of Information Technology

Data Warehousing & Business Intelligence

Customer Credit Card Promotions

Assignment 2

Submitted By:

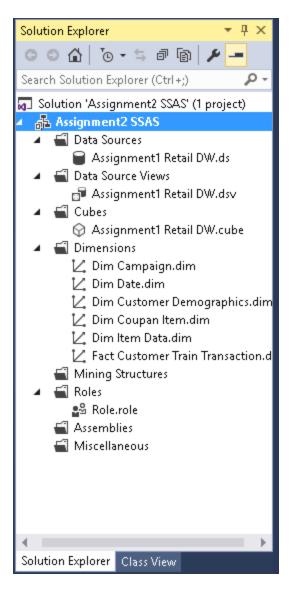
IT17179386 – Jayasuriya K.E

Submitted To:

MR. Jesuthasan Alosius

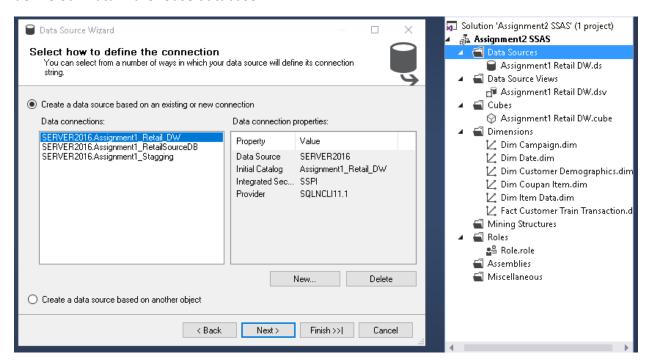
Step 1: Data Source Selection

In previous assignment, finally I have created my Data Warehouse by using transformation method. In this case, I had to use that warehouse database for my cube creation. In below, you can see my Cube structure.

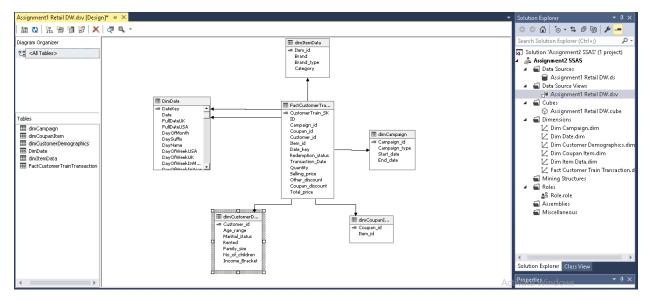


Step 2: SSAS Cube Implementation

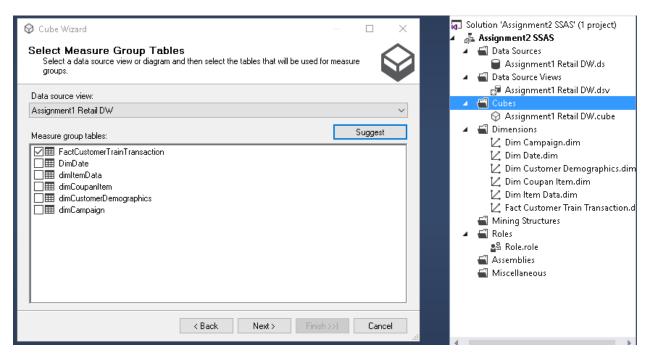
When Cube creation, first we have to configure our data source. For the data source, we will define our Data Warehouse database.



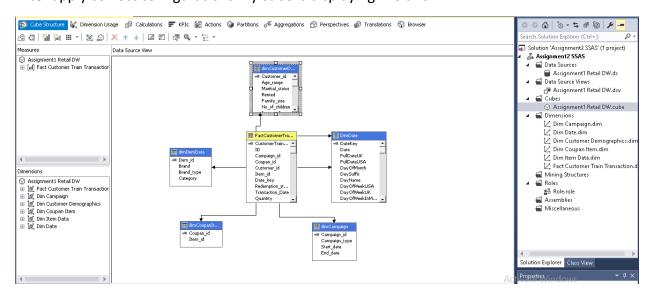
After that, I have created data source view. It represent diagram view of my star schema by showing connection of my tables.



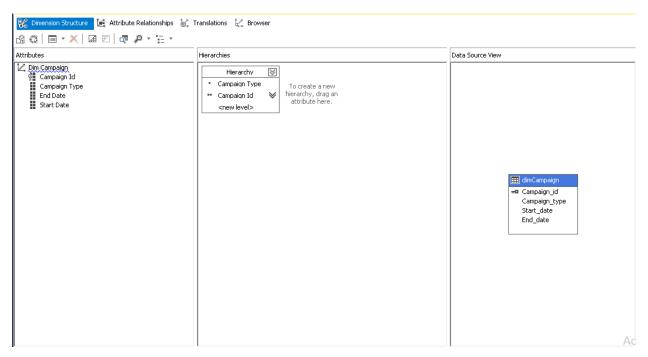
Next part is creating my cube. First, I had to run Cube wizard for configuration my tables. In this wizard, I had to choose only my fact table and rest of dim tables automatically connect with my fact table.



After apply correct configurations my cube is displaying like this.

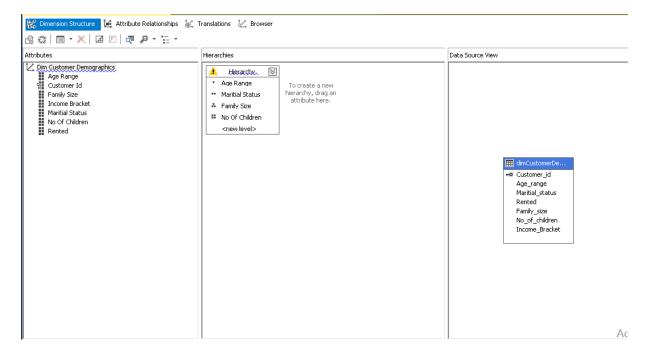


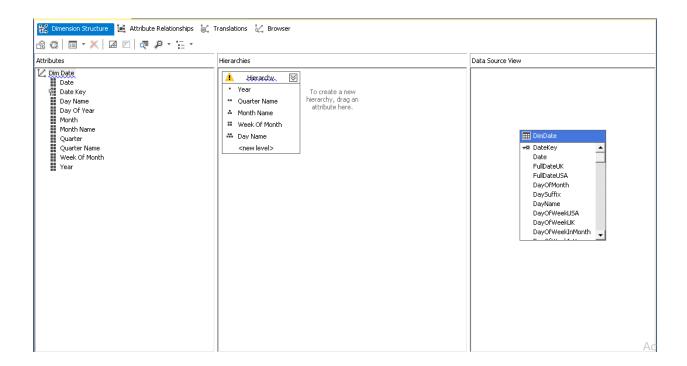
After creating cubes, there is one configuration missing. Mistake is, in attribute section all dim tables selected with their primary key and other columns not selected. There for we have to manually drag and drop those columns into attribute section.



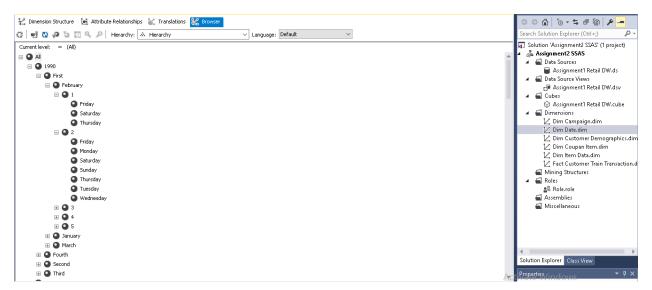
Creating Hierarchies

In above image, you can see one hierarchy, which I have created. In below I have inserted other tables with their hierarchies.

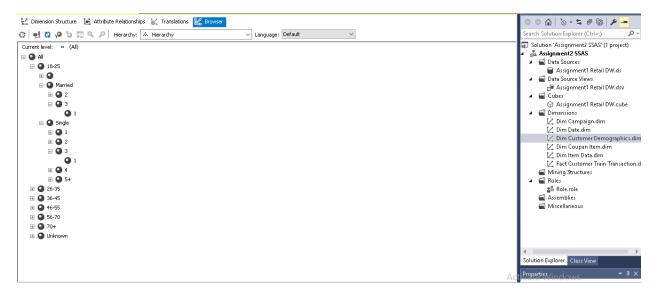




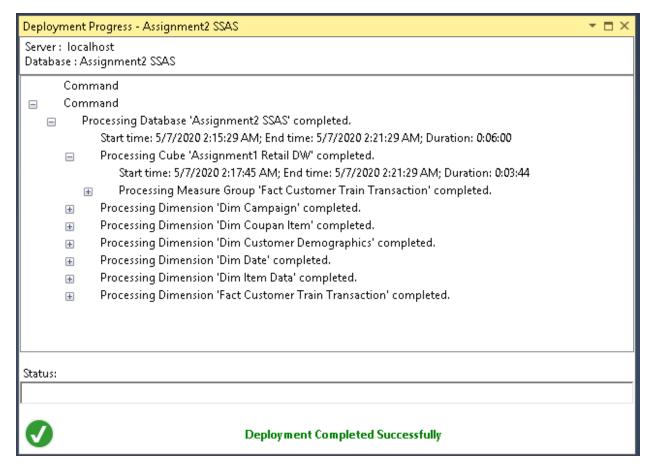
Date Wise



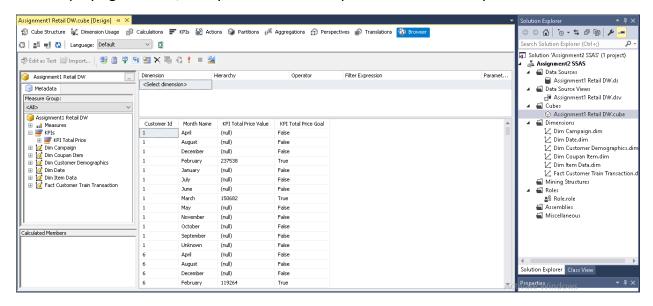
Personal detail wise



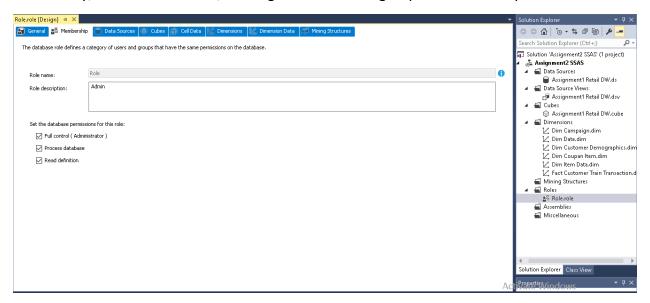
After these configurations, in first time I am going to deploy my Cube. After the deploying deployment result showed like this.



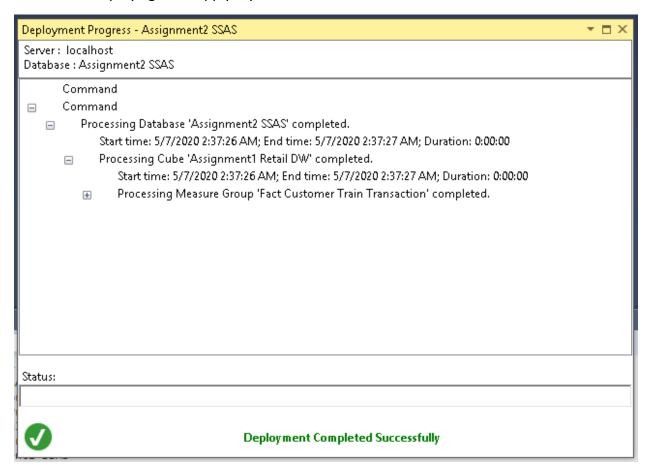
After deploying the cube, now you can customize your hierarchies with your measures.



Then finally, I have created role, which give user or user group to access to my database.



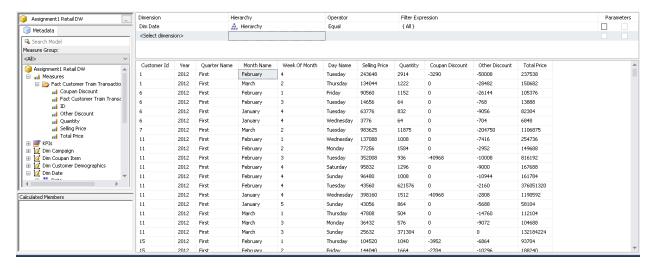
Then I have deploy again to apply my new creation which is role section.



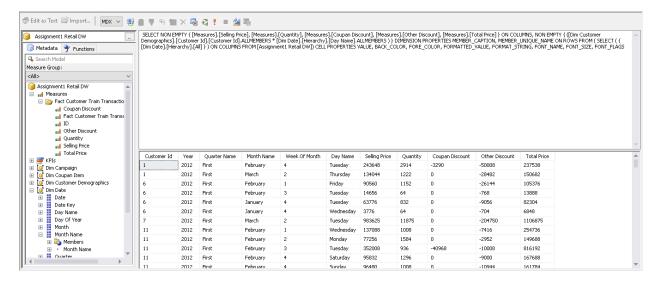
Step 3: OLAP Operations using PowerPivot

After the deployment, my deployed database send to SQL Server Management Studio. In there, again I have right clicked my cube and gone to brows section. In here, I have added again my hierarchies with measures.

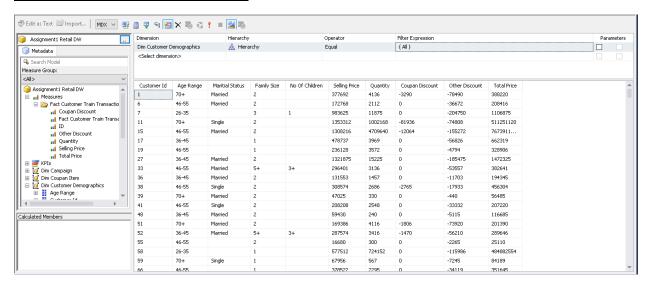
Date hierarchy with measures



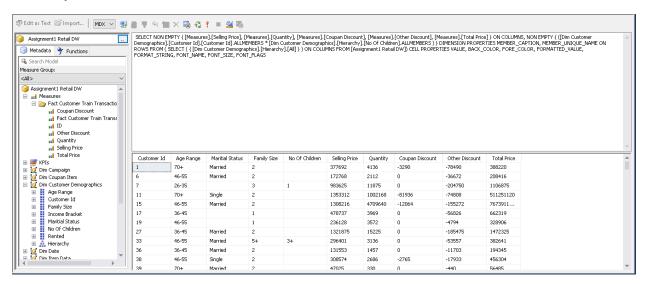
Then I have execute this table for turn into SQL script. After converting, it looks like this.



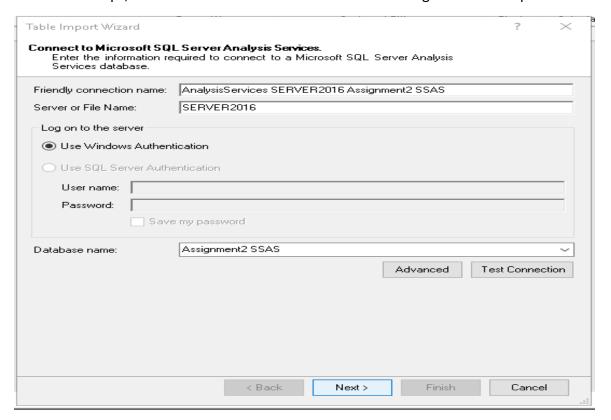
Age range hierarchy with measures



SQL script

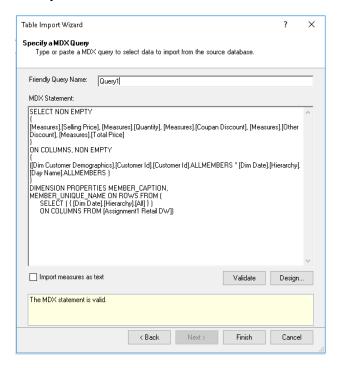


After those steps, now I can stablish connection with cube using PowerPivot option in Excel.



Then I have created two queries by including SQL scripts, which I have implemented in management studio.

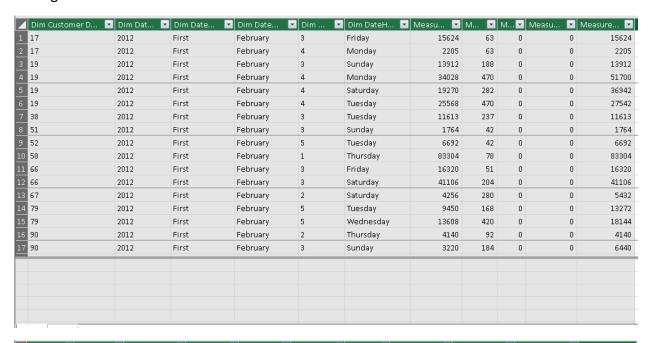
Query 1



Query 2

Table Import Wizard				?	×
Specify a MDX Query Type or paste a MDX query to se	elect data to imp	ort from the sour	ce database.		
Friendly Query Name: Query2					
MDX Statement:					
SELECT NON EMPTY					^
[Measures].[Selling Price], [Measure Discount], [Measures].[Total Price]	s].[Quantity], [Mi	easures].[Coupan	Discount], [Measur	es].[Other	
ON COLUMNS, NON EMPTY					
{ [Dim Customer Demographics].[Cus	tomer [d].[Custor	mer Id].ALLMEME	BERS * [Dim Custon	ner	
Demographics].[Hierarchy].[No Of C	hildren].ÁLLMEN	(BERS)	•		
DIMENSION PROPERTIES MEMB MEMBER_UNIQUE_NAME ON RO SELECT ({ [Dim Customer Dem ON COLUMNS FROM [Assignm	WS FROM (ographics].[Hiera				
ON GOLOMINO THOM [Hoogram	oner moduli b m	,			
					\vee
Import measures as text			Validate	Design.	
The MDX statement is valid.					
	< Back	Next>	Finish	Cance	1

After running that two queries, I have got those two tables in excel which is same as management studio tables.



	Dim Cu 🔽	Dim Cus 🔽	Dim Custom 🔽	Dim Cust	Dim Cust 🔽	Measures 🔽	Measu 🔽	MeasuresCo 🔽	MeasuresOt 🔽	MeasuresTot 🔽	Add Column
1 1	.7	36-45		1		478737	3969	0	-56826	662319	
2 1	.9	46-55		1		236128	3572	0	-4794	328906	
3 5	i8	26-35		1		577512	724152	0	-115986	484882554	
4 6	i6	46-55		1		378522	2295	0	-34119	351645	
5	75	26-35		1		12296	232	0	-1450	10846	
6 8	14	46-55		1		85896	984	0	-7464	103584	
7 1	.38	36-45		1		66516	782	0	-17526	63296	
8 1	.79	46-55		1		188354	1230	0	-17138	190076	
9 2	107	46-55		1		1200738	11752	0	-83620	1160058	
10 2	31	46-55		1		1867548	32262	0	-598272	2661102	
11 2	132	70+		1		283185	3780	0	-37665	272880	
12 2	169	46-55		1		232135	2465	0	-31450	307105	
13	179	18-25		1		485296	4200	0	-37296	594888	
14 2	98	70+		1		14630	220	0	-6182	8448	
15 3	13	46-55		1		70855	1073	0	-20313	122174	
16 3	148	26-35		1		46458	594	0	-5148	56556	
17 3	161	18-25		1		92092	1196	0	-22880	78312	

OLAP Operations

Drill Down

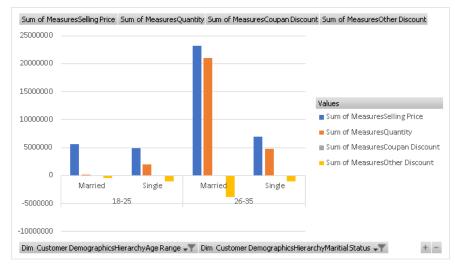
For the hierarchy, I have selected (Year -> Month -> week of the month -> day). I have drilled down this hierarchy and added selling price, quantity, coupon discount and other discount as measures.

Row Labels ▼ Sum of N	MeasuresSelling Price	Sum of MeasuresQuantity	Sum of MeasuresCoupan Discount	Sum of MeasuresOther Discount
■2012				
⊕ February	128968933	64936310	-554750	-20136589
■January				
□1				
Friday	727489	8682	0	-121356
Monday	1513056	22699	-55575	-386872
Saturday	1066336	11779	-632	-277222
Thursday	1450838	19886	0	-186767
Tuesday	698613	8187	-2850	-86493
Wednesday	743788	7493	0	-155092
± 2	13147500	432884	-14966	-2390947
⊕3	15362743	1589773	-151173	-2476832
± 4	18439703	1331780	-84602	-2903129
⊕5	8405355	1606404	-26698	-1311434
⊞ March	80763198	76412686	-350490	-14453759
Grand Total	271287552	146388563	-1241736	-44886492



In the other hand, I have selected (Age range -> marital status -> family size) and I have drilled down this hierarchy and added selling price, quantity, coupon discount and other discount as measures.

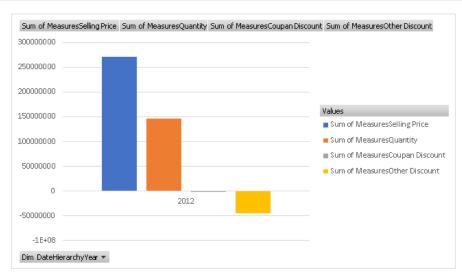
Row Labels 🔻 Sum of Mea	asuresSelling Price	Sum of MeasuresQuantity	Sum of MeasuresCoupan Discount	Sum of MeasuresOther Discount
■18-25				
8				
1	1915086	25301	0	-313709
2	2870900	1975724	-4192	-367984
■Married				
3	5633031	63813	0	-402702
■ Single				
1	2020355	1027159	0	-335208
2	2676876	1018428	-7881	-633141
5+	176958	1566	0	-35032
⊞26-35	53472106	32675187	-203518	-8782707
⊞36-45	80161775	51482348	-263792	-12999197
■46-55	89382233	48880337	-577907	-15215539
■56-70	15861306	3811464	-78478	-3333587
⊞70 +	17116926	5427236	-105968	-2467686
Grand Total	271287552	146388563	-1241736	-44886492



Roll up

This OLAP operation is complete opposite of drill down operation. This use hierarchy with less drop downs. For the hierarchy, I have selected (Year -> Month). I have drilled down this hierarchy and added selling price, quantity, coupon discount and other discount as measures.

Row Labels 🔻 Sum	of MeasuresSelling Price	Sum of MeasuresQuantity	Sum of MeasuresCoupan Discount	Sum of MeasuresOther Discount
■2012				
⊞ February	128968933	64936310	-554750	-20136589
■ January	61555421	5039567	-336496	-10296144
⊞ March	80763198	76412686	-350490	-14453759
Grand Total	271287552	146388563	-1241736	-44886492



Slicing

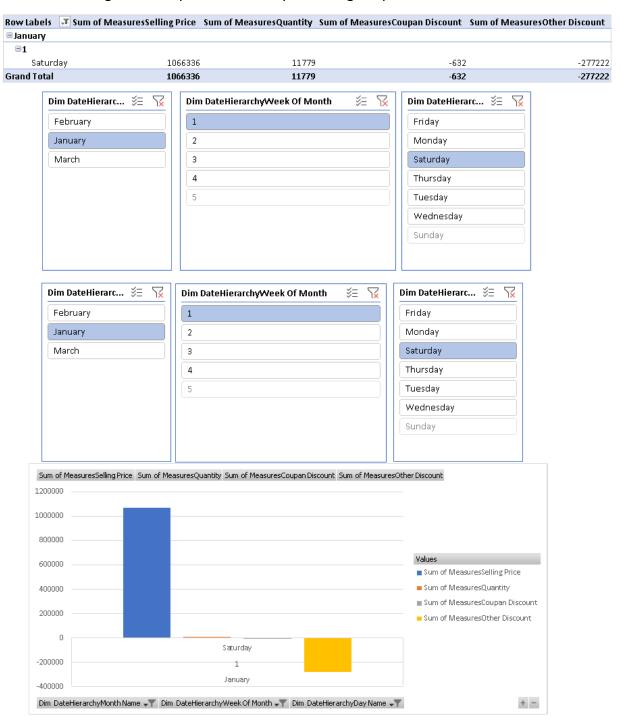
For the slicing, first we need to create one slice for graph and one slice for table. By using slice, we select one dim with column to get report. It will give result only for our specified selection.





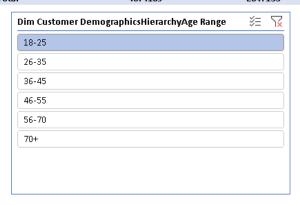
Dicing

This is improvement of slicing. In here, we need to select more than one dimensions with columns. It will give exact specified value by searching deep.

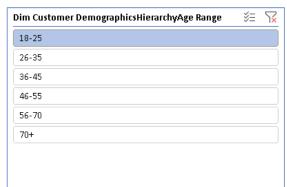


Row Labels Sum of Measures Selling Price Sum of Measures Quantity Sum of Measures Coupan Discount

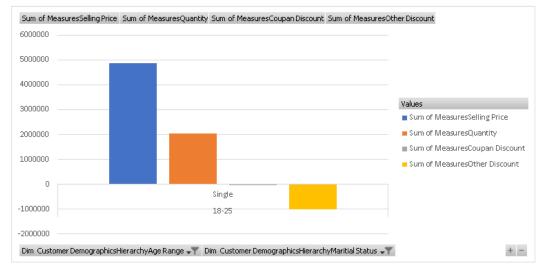
18-25
Single 4874189 2047153 -7881 -1003381
Grand Total 4874189 2047153 -7881 -1003381









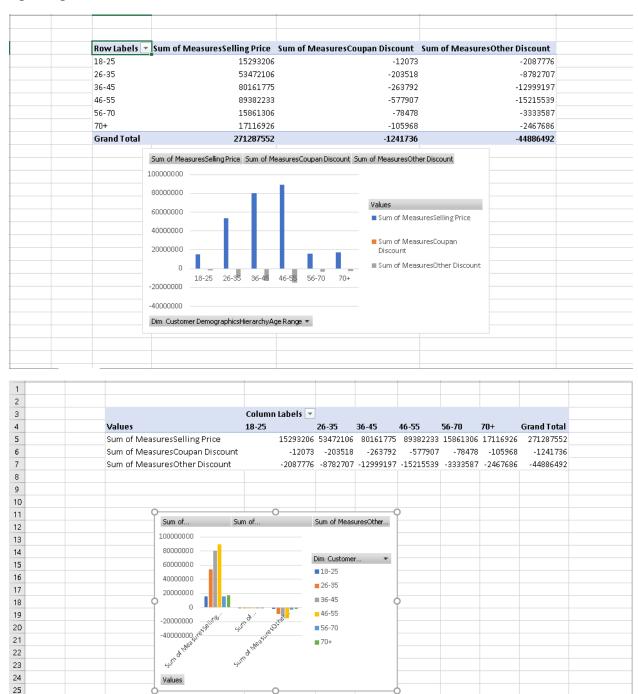


Pivot

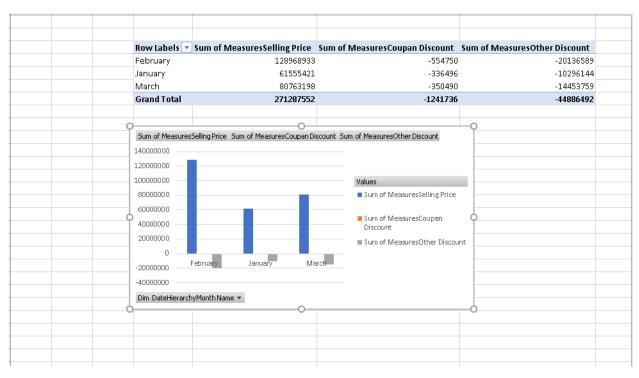
26

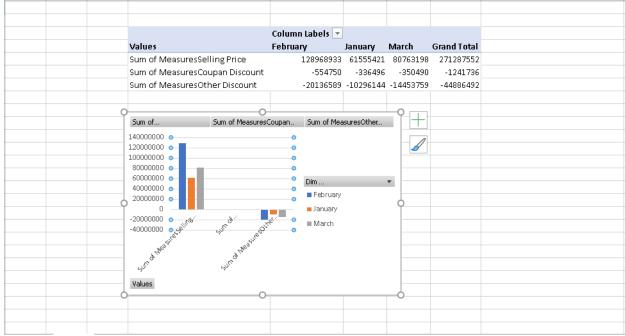
This is 2D representation of our table. You have define 2 sides only in here. And also, this can generate by slice operation. Then you can pivot this table.

Age range wise



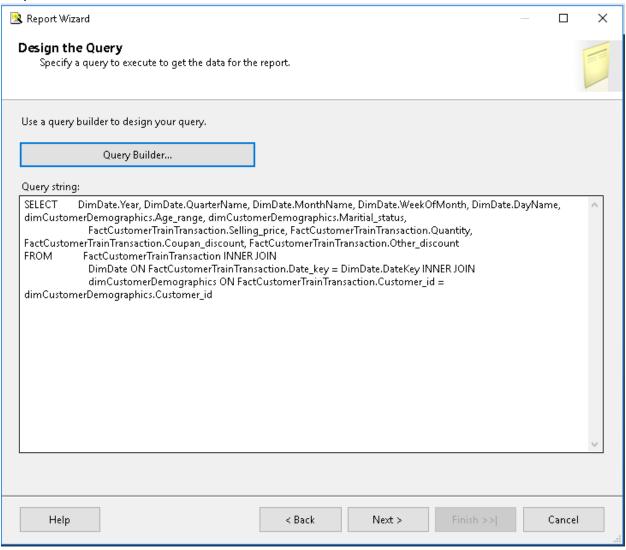
Date wise



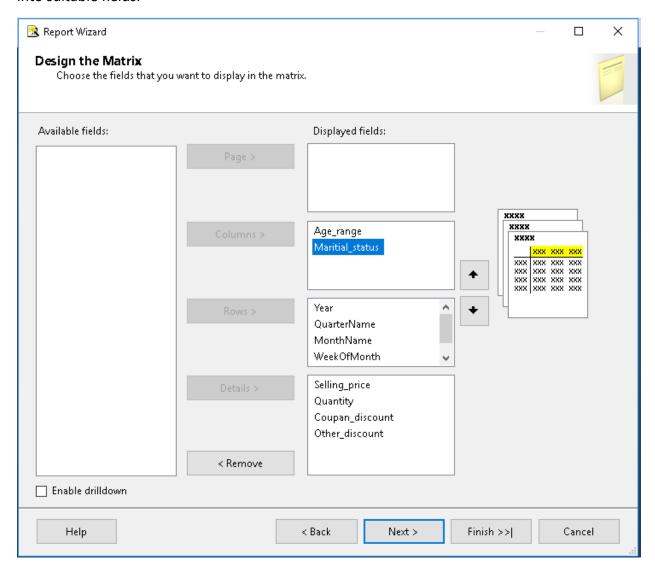


Step 4: SSRS Report

Before creating SSRS reports, we have to create report analysis project in visual studio and then we have to define our analysis database when creating report. Then we have to go to query builder and then create table in there by using hierarchy and measurements and build SQL script of it.



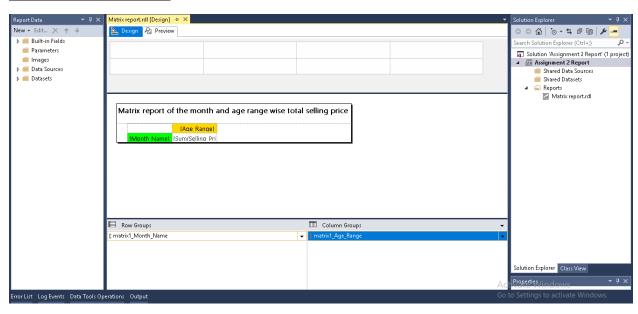
Then you have to build matrix by selecting matrix option. And you have to add column names into suitable fields.



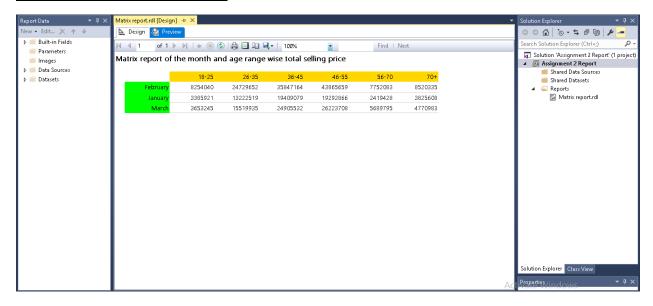
Finally, you can give report name for your report and finish it.

Report 1 -: Matrix report

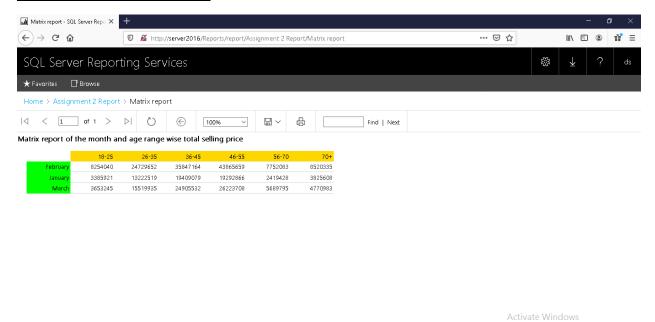
Design of matrix reports



Preview of those matrix reports



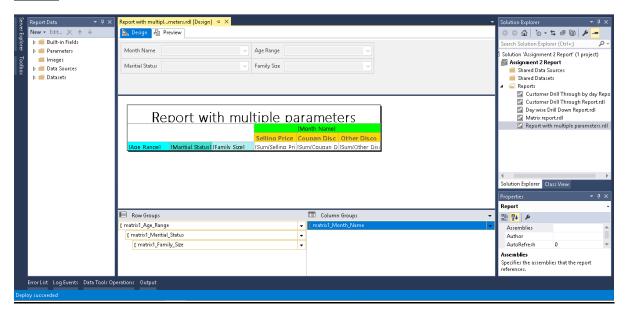
Matrix reports on web portal



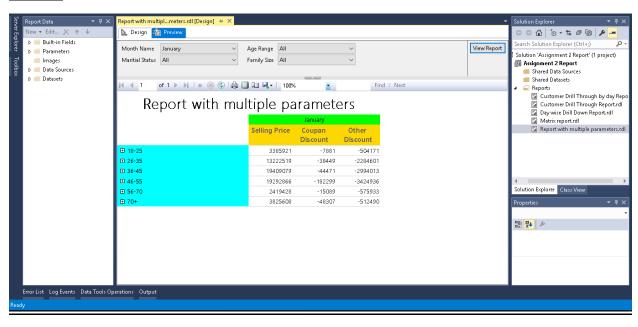
Report 2: Reports with Multiple Parameters

Before create report we have to define parameters. In upper line, you can see my parameters.

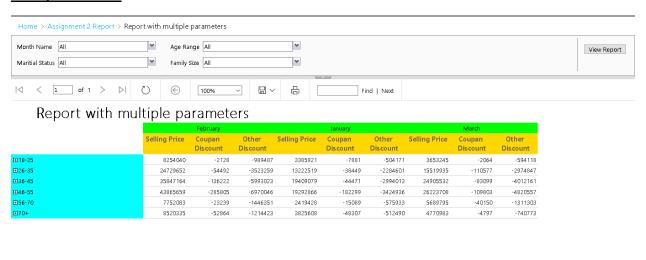
Design



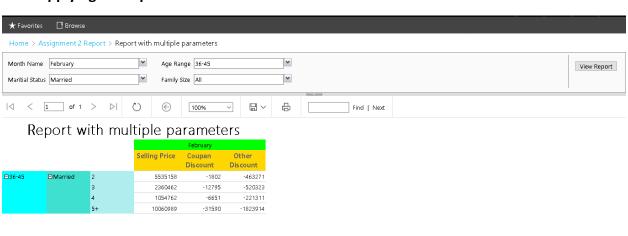
Preview



Web portal view



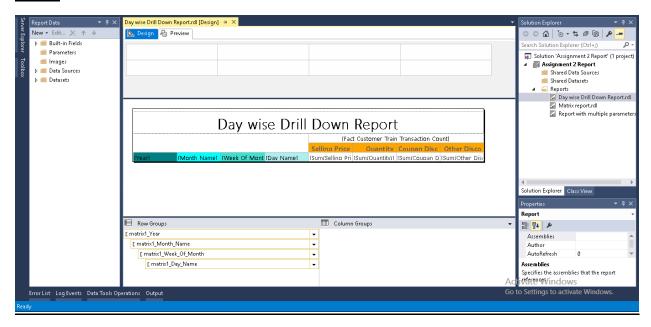
After applying some parameter values



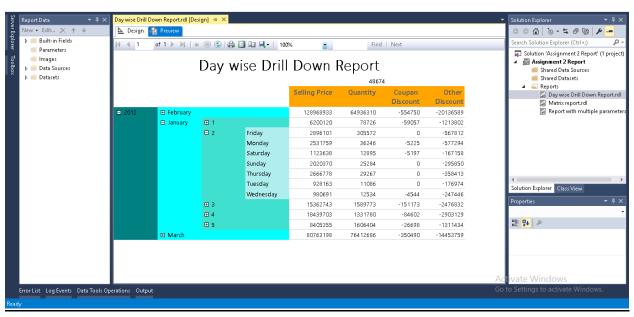
Report 3: Drill-Down Report

Using drill down hierarchies (month -> week of month -> day) we will create these reports.

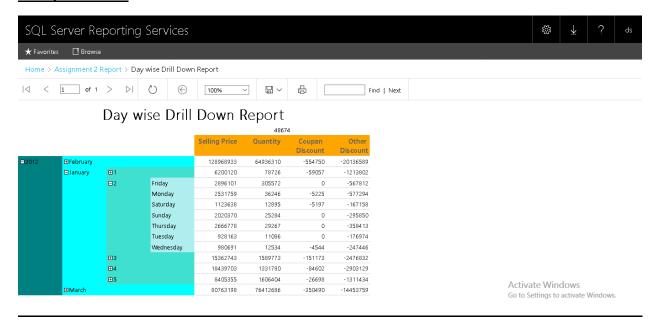
Design



Preview



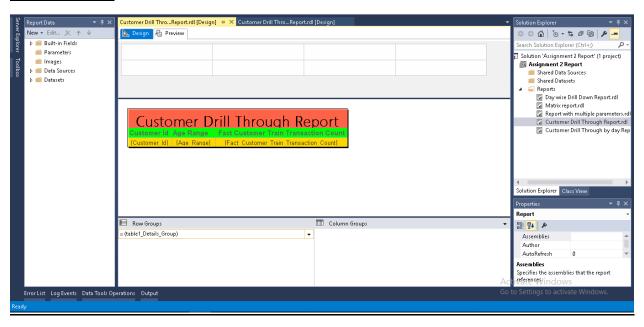
Web portal view



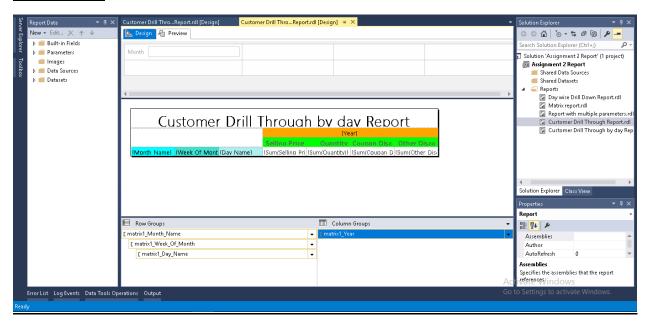
Report 4: Drill Through

In these types when we click one report it should take us into another report. There is parent report and child report.

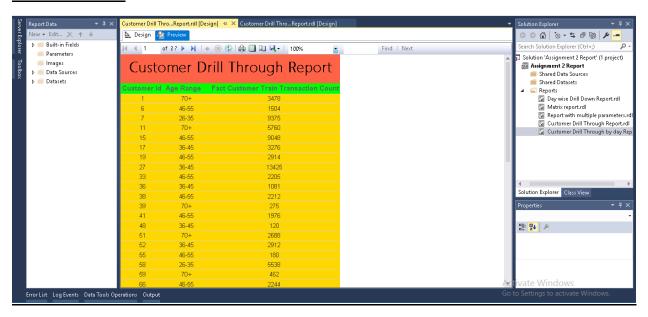
Design - Parent



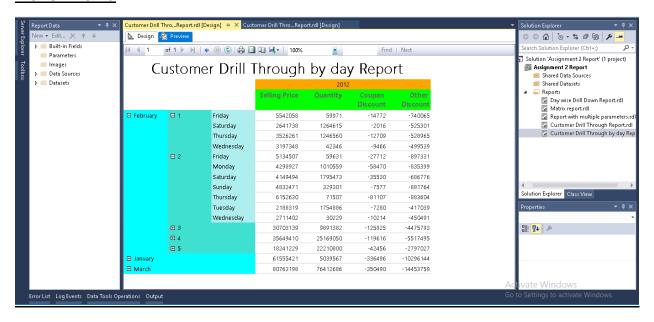
Design - child



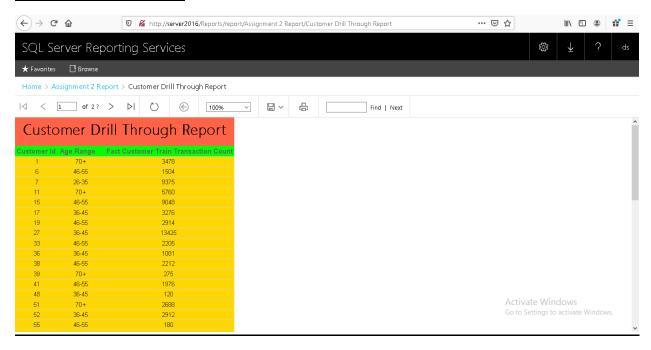
Preview - Parent



Preview - child

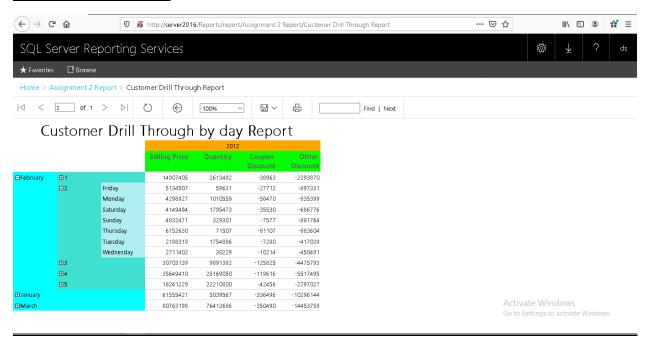


Web portal view - Parent

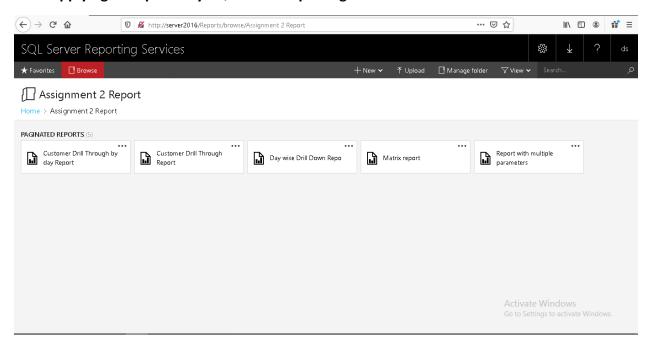


After clicking on the customer ID, it will take us to all transaction report

Web portal view - child



After applying all reports my SQL server Reporting Service is looks like this



Part 2 – Power BI

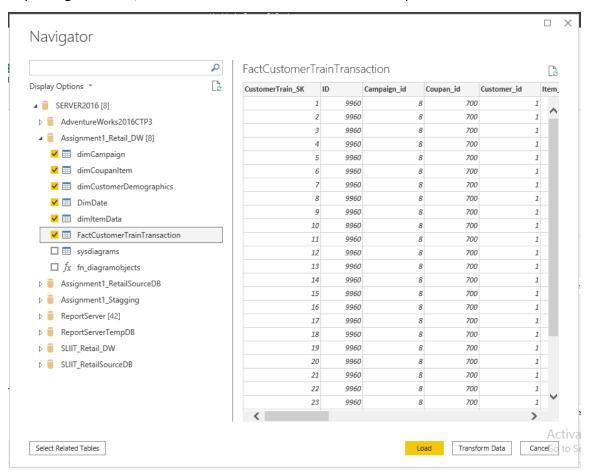
Audience

This all thing based on customer credit card transaction. People who are age is more than or equal to 18 can have credit card and do transaction. Above 18 years, olds will be my audience. In addition, people who do not have our credit card service also our audience.

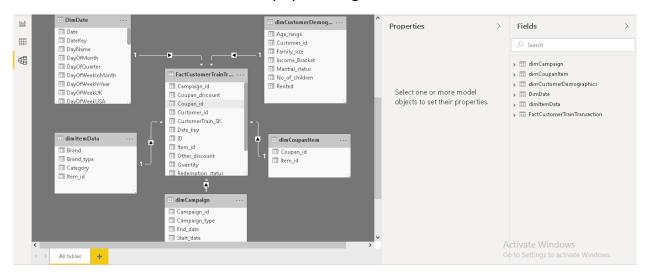
The story, which is going to tell to audience

I am going prove that we are the one who give more discounts when customer purchase items from sales using our credit card. In addition, our credit card is the most used credit card in every month. I am going to prove those by using graphs.

Before prove that we need to import out data warehouse database into our Power BI. After importing database, we have select suitable tables for this experiment.

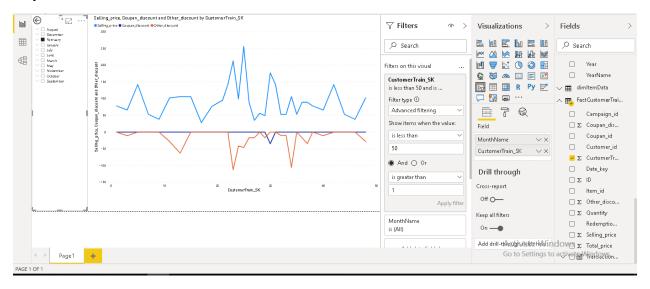


Then we can show our table connectivity by selecting table connect icon.

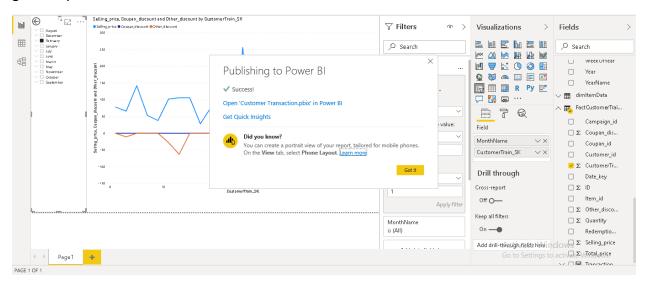


KPI creation and reason of selecting it

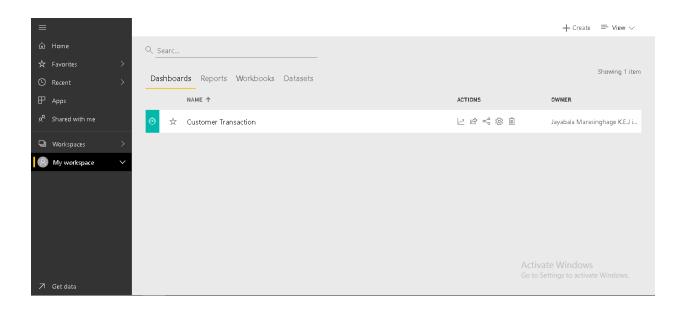
In KPI creation, I have select sample of all customers. There are huge number of customers do transaction using our credit cards. There for I created KPI, which is customer, ID must between 50 and 1. For each ID we can see price, customer had to pay and amount of discounts, which they have.



After that I have add that graph into my workspace and in workspace, I have created another 3 charts for understanding total customer transaction for given time period and total of discounts given in particular times.



Dashboard



Inside of my dashboard with all charts



End.