Relationships Between Residential Property Features and Sale Prices in Ames, Iowa

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Problem Statement

- What features of a low-assessed real estate property are the most valuable for improving sale price?

Methodology

- Data: information from Ames Assessor's Office about individual residential properties sold, 2006-2010
- Property features that can be changed vs. environmental features that cannot be changed
- Linear regression analysis

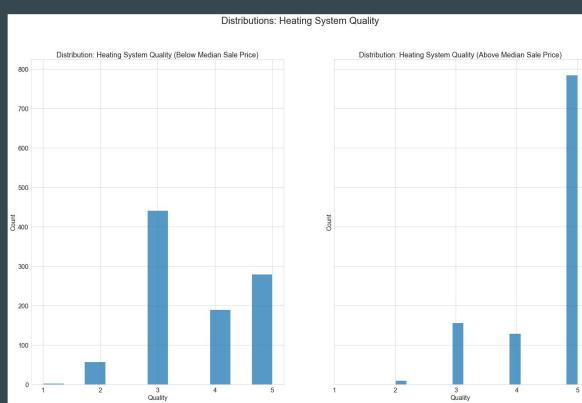
Regression Results

- Results based on multiple linear regression
- Predictors examples:
 - Full bathrooms, garage area, roof material, property conditions, central air system, etc.

	Training	Validation
R ²	0.899	0.910
MAE	17091.36	17266.13
RMSE	25414.83	23323.68

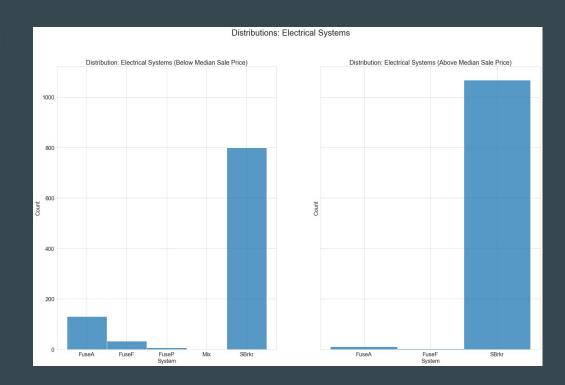
Heating System/Quality

- Quality coefficient
 - \$1422/stdev
- System coefs (vs. gas air furnace)
 - Gas hot water/steam heat:
 - \$1519
 - Wall furnace
 - \$3612
 - Hot water/steam other than gas:
 - -\$56885



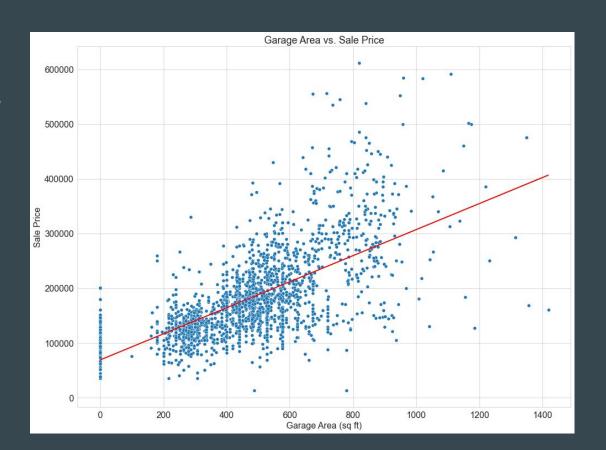
Electrical Systems

- Coefficients (vs. Fuse Box > 60 AMP):
 - Standard Breaker: -\$422
 - Mixed: -\$32846



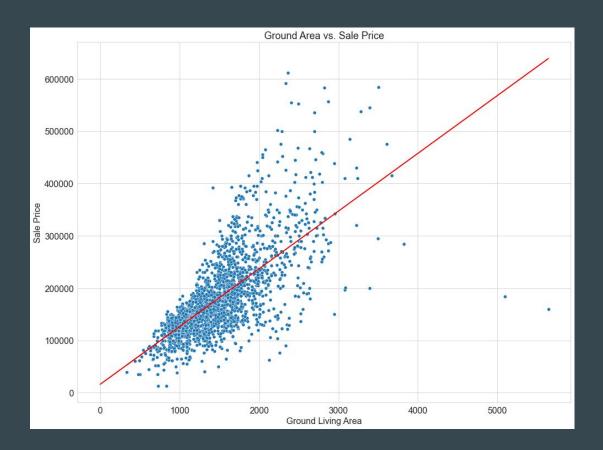
Garage Area

- One of the strongercorrelations with sale price
 - 0.649
- Coefficient
 - \$6830/stdev



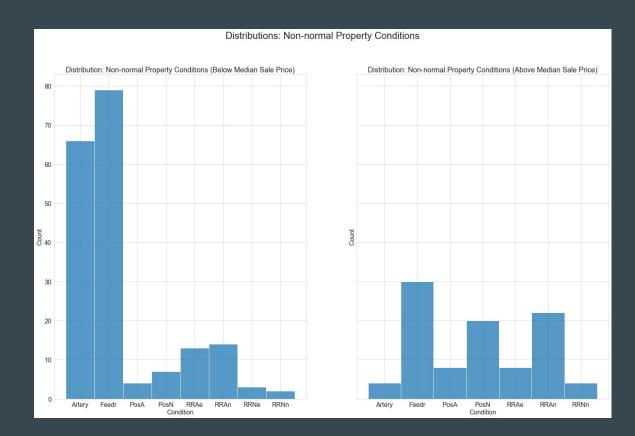
Ground Living Area

- One of the strongercorrelations with sale price
 - 0.697
- Coefficient
 - \$26526/stdev



Property Conditions

- Coefs (vs. Artery)
 - Feeder:
 - \$2672
 - Normal:
 - \$9625
 - Adjacent Positive
 - \$17185



Conclusion

- Invest in improvements that will net the most returns relative to the current features for your property
- Request reassessment of the property
- Consider/accept uncontrollable environmental factors