PHYS 211X General Physics I

Day 1 - 1/18/2023

Grades

```
Homework \rightarrow 15%

Labs \rightarrow 15%

Paper \rightarrow 10%

Quiz \rightarrow 24% One quiz every week.

Midterm \rightarrow 15%

Final \rightarrow 21%
```

All labs are mandatory, failure to complete a lab will result in failing the course.

Calculus-based introduction to classical mechanics, including: kinematics, Newton's laws, momentum, work, energy, gravity, rotational motion, oscillations, and fluids. The laboratory part is integrated into the course.

Observations

Dropping things results in the falling. Several different objects of different masses, densities, and shapes were dropped. Do all of them take the same time to fall the same distance?

Laws \Rightarrow Observation \Rightarrow Hypothesis: Do they take the same time? $\stackrel{\checkmark}{\Rightarrow}$ Law

We can **Observe**

- 1. Time
- 2. Mass
- 3. Length

Day 2 - 1/20/2023

Quantities: Scalars and Vectors

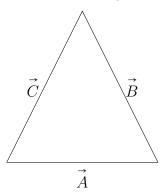
Scalar: Magnitude:

- 6ft of height
- 2 legs
- 1 hour of study

Vector: Magnitude + Direction:

• Lower Campus $\stackrel{500m}{\longleftarrow}$ Reichard $\stackrel{500m}{\longrightarrow}$ Upper Campus

• Denoted by a \rightarrow over the letter: \overrightarrow{A}



Here, $\vec{A} + \vec{B} = \vec{C}$. We take the tail of \vec{B} and place it at the head of \vec{A} , making \vec{C} .

Displacement

The distance from one point to the other, Δs .

Day 3 - 1/23/2023

Velocity

A vector from A to B; a speed with direction. The first derivative of position:

$$v = \dot{s} = \frac{\mathrm{d}s}{\mathrm{d}t} = \frac{\Delta s}{\Delta t} = \frac{s_2 - s_1}{t_2 - t_1}$$

Acceleration

The first derivative of velocity, second derivative of position:

$$a = \ddot{s} = \frac{\mathrm{d}^2 s}{\mathrm{d}t^2} = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t} = \frac{v_2 - v_1}{t_2 - t_1}$$

Examples

• Ball thrown up with $v = 40 \,\mathrm{m/s}$.