CS-331: Assignment 1

Due on 2/1/2024

Prof. Glenn Chappell, Spring 2024, 2/1/2024

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A

BE SURE TO DRINK YOUR OVALTINE

B

- 1. Type checking for C++ is primarily static.
- 2. This means that type checking is done at compile time instead of runtime.

\mathbf{C}

The grammar describes: $[a^n b^m c]$ where $n \ge 1, m \ge 0$.

The strings generated are: 1, 4, 5.

\mathbf{D}

The grammar describes all strings that:

- Contains 0 or more *x*'s on the front,
- Contains 0 or more pairs of y's (yy),
- Contains 0 or more z's at the end.

\mathbf{E}

The regex is matched by: 3, 4, 5, 7.

F

$$[xyz]*y+[xyz]*$$

 \mathbf{G}

1. <u>S</u>

 $\underline{S}S$

 $xy\underline{S}$

xyxy

2. <u>S</u>

 $S\underline{S}$

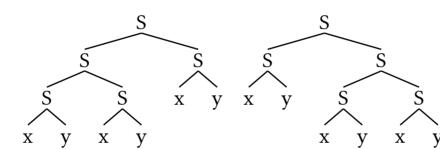
 $\underline{S}xy$

xyxy

3.

Parse Tree 1

Parse Tree 2

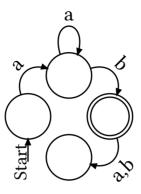


4. $S \rightarrow Sxy \mid \varepsilon$

 \mathbf{H}

1.
$$(aa) * b$$
?

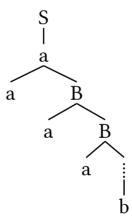
2. This one turned out pretty cool:



3.
$$S \rightarrow aaB$$

 $B \rightarrow b|aB$

4. My grammar here is not ambiguous as it only has a single, potentially infinite path:



I

```
I have no faith this works properly. 

< \text{reg-exp} > = < \text{kleene} > | < \text{or} > | < \text{char} > | "(" < \text{reg-exp} > ")" 
| < \text{reg-exp} > < \text{reg-exp} > 
< \text{kleene} > = < \text{reg-exp} > " * " 
< \text{or} > = < \text{reg-exp} > "|" < \text{reg-exp} > ")" 
| "(" < \text{reg-exp} > "|" < \text{reg-exp} > ")"
```