## PHYS 211X General Physics I

## **Formulas**

Position:

$$x, y, s$$
, or  $p = \vec{v}\Delta t = \int \vec{v}dt$  (1)

$$x = \frac{v_0 + vf}{2} \Delta t \tag{2}$$

$$x = v_0 t + \frac{1}{2} \vec{a} t^2 \tag{3}$$

(4)

Velocity:

$$\vec{v} = \vec{a}\Delta t = \frac{d}{dt}[p] = \int (\vec{a})dt$$
 (5)

$$\vec{v} = v_0 + \vec{a}t \tag{6}$$

$$\vec{v}_f^2 = v_0^2 + 2\vec{a}\Delta x \tag{7}$$

(8)

Acceleration

$$\vec{a} = \frac{d}{dt} [\vec{v}] \tag{9}$$

Projectile Motion:

$$y_f = y_0 + v_0(\Delta t) + \frac{1}{2}a(\Delta t^2)$$
 (10)

Force:

$$\vec{F} = m\vec{a} \tag{11}$$

Friction:

$$f = \mu N \tag{12}$$

Drag:

$$\vec{F_D} \text{ or } D = \frac{1}{2}\rho C_D A v^2 \tag{13}$$

Circular Motion:

$$\vec{v} = r \tag{14}$$

$$a_{cent} = \frac{\vec{v}^2}{r} \tag{15}$$

$$f = \mu n \tag{16}$$

$$v_{cent} = \sqrt{gr}$$
 (17)

$$N + mg = m \cdot \frac{v^2}{r} \tag{18}$$

$$N = 3mg \tag{19}$$

$$\omega = \frac{\Delta \theta}{\Delta t} \tag{20}$$

(21)

## Key

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v = \text{velocity, meters/second}
y = \text{height, meters}
x = \text{distance, meters}
t = \text{time, seconds}
m = \text{mass, kilograms}
a = \text{acceleration, meters/second}^2
\theta = \text{angle, degrees}
g = \text{gravity: 9.8 meters/second}^2
\omega = \text{angular velocity, radians or degrees/second, counter-clockwise}
F = \text{force, Newtons, kilogram} \cdot \text{meters/second}^2
\mu = \text{coefficient of friction}
N = \text{normal force, Newtons}
A = \text{area, meters}^2
\rho = \text{volumetric mass density, kilograms/meters}^3
C_D = \text{drag coefficient (geometry dependant)}
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