1. Evaluate $\int_{-1}^{1} \frac{4}{x^2} dx$.

$$\begin{split} \int_{-1}^{1} \frac{4}{x^{2}} dx &= \int_{-1}^{0} \frac{4}{x^{2}} dx + \int_{0}^{1} \frac{4}{x^{2}} dx \\ \int_{-1}^{0} \frac{4}{x^{2}} dx &\Rightarrow \lim_{u \to 0^{-}} \int_{-1}^{u} \frac{4}{x^{2}} dx = \lim_{u \to 0^{-}} \left[-\frac{4}{x} \right]_{-1}^{u} = \lim_{u \to 0^{-}} - \left[\frac{4}{u} - \frac{4}{-1} \right] \\ &= - \left[-\infty + 4 \right] \quad \boxed{\text{Diverges}} \end{split}$$

2. Evaluate $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{-x^2-2x}}$.

$$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{-x^2 - 2x}} = \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1 - (x+1)^2}}$$

$$\det u = x + 1 \quad du = dx$$

$$\Rightarrow \int \frac{du}{\sqrt{1 - u^2}} = \arcsin(u) + C = \boxed{\arcsin(x+1) + C}$$

3. Evaluate $\lim_{n\to\infty} \frac{10n^6 + 100n}{2(4+n^6)}$

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{10n^6 + 100n}{2(4 + n^6)} = \frac{10}{2} \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{n^6 + 10n}{4 + n^6}$$

$$= \frac{10}{2} \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{\frac{n^6}{n^6} + \frac{10n}{n^6}}{\frac{4}{n^6} + \frac{n^6}{n^6}} = \frac{10}{2} \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{1 + \frac{10}{n^5}}{\frac{4}{n^6} + 1} \to \frac{10}{2} \cdot \frac{1 + 0}{0 + 1} = \frac{10}{2} = \boxed{5}$$

4. Evaluate $\lim_{n\to\infty} \frac{\ln(7+6n^8)}{\ln(1000+n)}$

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{\ln(6n^8)}{\ln(n)} \le \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{\ln(7+6n^8)}{\ln(1000+n)} \le \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{\ln(10n^8)}{\ln(n)}$$

$$= \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{8\ln(n) + \ln(6)}{\ln(n)} \le \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{\ln(7+6n^8)}{\ln(1000+n)} \le \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{8\ln(n) + \ln(10)}{\ln(n)}$$

$$= \lim_{n \to \infty} 8 + \frac{\ln(6)}{\ln(n)} \le \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{\ln(7+6n^8)}{\ln(1000+n)} \le \lim_{n \to \infty} 8 + \frac{\ln(10)}{\ln(n)}$$

$$= 8 \le \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{\ln(7+6n^8)}{\ln(1000+n)} \le 8 \quad \therefore \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{\ln(7+6n^8)}{\ln(1000+n)} = \boxed{8}$$

5. Evaluate $\lim_{n\to\infty} \sqrt[n]{n^{100}+13}$.

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \sqrt[n]{n^{100}} \le \lim_{n \to \infty} \sqrt[n]{n^{100} + 13} \le \lim_{n \to \infty} \sqrt[n]{2n^{100}}$$

$$a = \lim_{n \to \infty} n^{100/n} \Rightarrow \ln(a) = \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{100 \cdot \ln(n)}{n} \stackrel{(H)}{=} \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{\frac{100}{n}}{1} = \frac{0}{1} = 0; \quad \ln(a) = 0 \Rightarrow e^{\ln(a)} = e^0 = 1$$

$$b = \lim_{n \to \infty} 2n^{100/n} \Rightarrow \ln(b) = \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{100 \cdot \ln(2n)}{n} \stackrel{(H)}{=} \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{\frac{100}{2n}}{1} = \frac{0}{1} = 0; \quad \ln(b) = 0 \Rightarrow e^{\ln(b)} = e^0 = 1$$

$$1 \le \lim_{n \to \infty} \sqrt[n]{n^{100} + 13} \le 1 \quad \therefore \lim_{n \to \infty} \sqrt[n]{n^{100} + 13} = \boxed{1}$$