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Getting Started

Documentation

Documentation

The Swift Programming Language (6)



Topics

Welcome to Swift

About Swift

Understand the high-level goals of the language.

Version Compatibility

Learn what functionality is available in older language modes.

□ A Swift Tour

Explore the features and syntax of Swift.

Language Guide

The Basics

Work with common kinds of data and write basic syntax.

Basic Operators

Perform operations like assignment, arithmetic, and comparison.

Strings and Characters

Store and manipulate text.

Collection Types

Organize data using arrays, sets, and dictionaries.

□ Control Flow

Structure code with branches, loops, and early exits.

Functions

Define and call functions, label their arguments, and use their return values.

□ Closures

Group code that executes together, without creating a named function.

Enumerations

Model custom types that define a list of possible values.

Structures and Classes

Model custom types that encapsulate data.

	Properties Access stored and computed values that are part of an instance or type.
	Methods Define and call functions that are part of an instance or type.
	Subscripts Access the elements of a collection.
	Inheritance Subclass to add or override functionality.
ß	Initialization Set the initial values for a type's stored properties and perform one-time setup.
ß	Deinitialization Release resources that require custom cleanup.
	Optional Chaining Access members of an optional value without unwrapping.
	Error Handling Respond to and recover from errors.
	Concurrency Perform asynchronous operations.
	Macros Use macros to generate code at compile time.
	Type Casting Determine a value's runtime type and give it more specific type information.
	Nested Types Define types inside the scope of another type.
	Extensions Add functionality to an existing type.
	Protocols Define requirements that conforming types must implement.
	Generics Write code that works for multiple types and specify requirements for those types.
	Opaque and Boxed Protocol Types Hide implementation details about a value's type.
	Automatic Reference Counting Model the lifetime of objects and their relationships.
	Memory Safety Structure your code to avoid conflicts when accessing memory.

Access Control

Manage the visibility of code by declaration, file, and module.

Define custom operators, perform bitwise operations, and use builder syntax.

Language Reference

△ About the Language Reference

Read the notation that the formal grammar uses.

Lexical Structure

Use the lowest-level components of the syntax.

Types

Use built-in named and compound types.

Expressions

Access, modify, and assign values.

Statements

Group expressions and control the flow of execution.

Declarations

Introduce types, operators, variables, and other names and constructs.

Attributes

Add information to declarations and types.

Patterns

Match and destructure values.

Generic Parameters and Arguments

Generalize declarations to abstract away concrete types.

Summary of the Grammar

Read the whole formal grammar.

Revision History

Document Revision History

Review the recent changes to this book.

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