## Homework 3

## CS 3385

Due Jan 30 at the end of class

- 1. Show that T(n) = T(n-1) + 1 is O(n) using the substitution method.
- 2. Show that  $T(n) = 2T(\lfloor n/2 \rfloor) + n + 1$  is  $O(n \lg n)$  using the substitution method.
- 3. Show that T(n) = 2T(n-1) + n is  $O(n^2)$  using the substitution method.
- 4. Show that  $T(n) = T(\lceil n/2 \rceil) + 1$  is  $O(\lg n)$  using the substitution method.
- 5. Show that T(n) = 2T(|n/2| + 1) + n is  $O(n \lg n)$  using the substitution method.
- 6. Show that T(n) = T(n-1) + n is  $\Omega(n^2)$  using the substitution method. Hint: Show that  $cn^2 \leq T(n)$  for some c and  $n \geq n_0$ . You may find it easier to show that  $T(n) \geq cn^2$ .
- 7. Sam Smartypants likes how splitting the problem up into halves in merge sort reduces the sorting problem from  $O(n^2)$  to  $O(n \lg n)$ . He decides that splitting the array into thirds will make things even better. That is, he decides to make a recursive call on each third of the array and then merge them.
  - (a) Assuming that n is a power of three, that T(1) = 1, and that the running time of the merge step is exactly n, give a recurrence for the running time of Sam's algorithm.
  - (b) Find the solution to the recurrence in big-Oh notation and prove it using the substitution method.