METRIC DASHBOARD 09/28/2024

## METRIC DASHBOARD

Front end development timeline during the course of a product development internship.

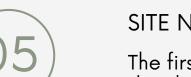


### TABLE OF CONTENTS



#### FIGMA DESIGN CONCEPTS

Preliminary design concepts were created using Figma to understand vision.



### SITE NAVIGATION

The first step in the dashboard's development was fleshing out its navigation using React Router



### UNDERSTANDING THE BACKEND

Python, Jira API, JQL, and AWS Lambda were used to fetch and analyze data.



### DATA VISUALIZATION USING TREMOR UI

Static, placeholder JSON data was used to create charts using Tremor UI.



### FETCHING DATA USING AXIOS

Axios was employed on the front end to fetch data using AWS API Gateway URL.



### FEATURE EXPANSION

Program Increment selector and historical trend visualization were added to the dashboard.



### REDUCING COMPLEXITY

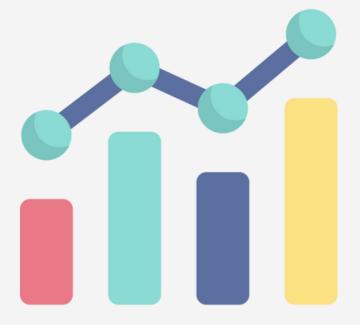
Took advantage of React's useState() hook to re-render components rather than having pages with React Router.



### DEMO

Complete demo of the dashboard's current state.





My team and I were assigned to create a scalable platform that would track Agile metrics of an investment firm's technology development department. My objective was to fetch compiled data and display the data in a comprehensive yet easy-to-understand form.

## MISSION



### Tools Used to Develop Front End

• Figma

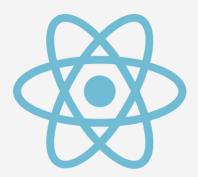
• React

• HTML

- Tailwind CSS
- JavaScript
- Axios

Vite

• Tremor UI





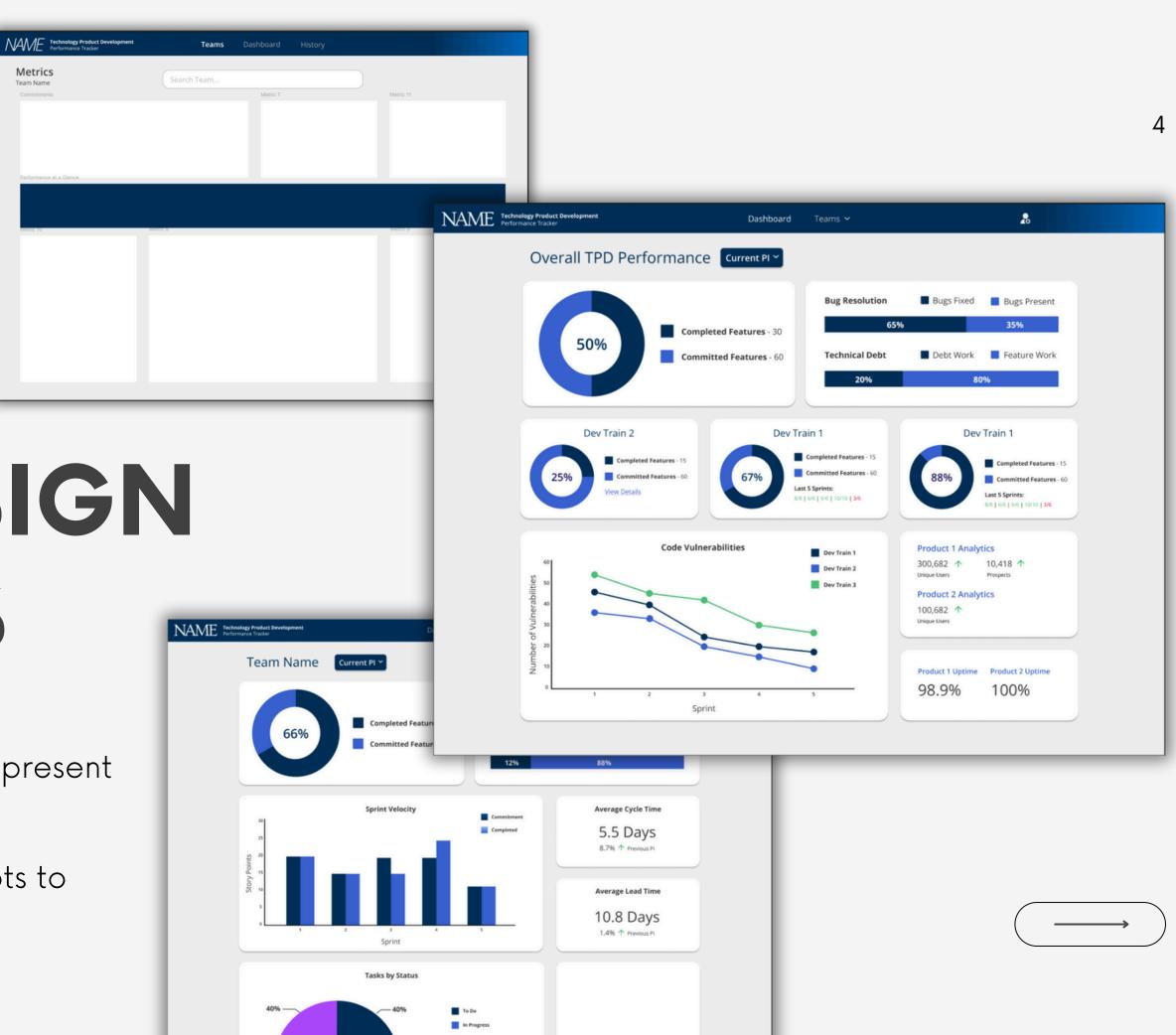




# FIGMA DESIGN CONCEPTS

I began by developing iterative dashboard designs using Figma to present to shareholders.

By presenting these design concepts to shareholders, I gained a better understanding of their vision and expectations.



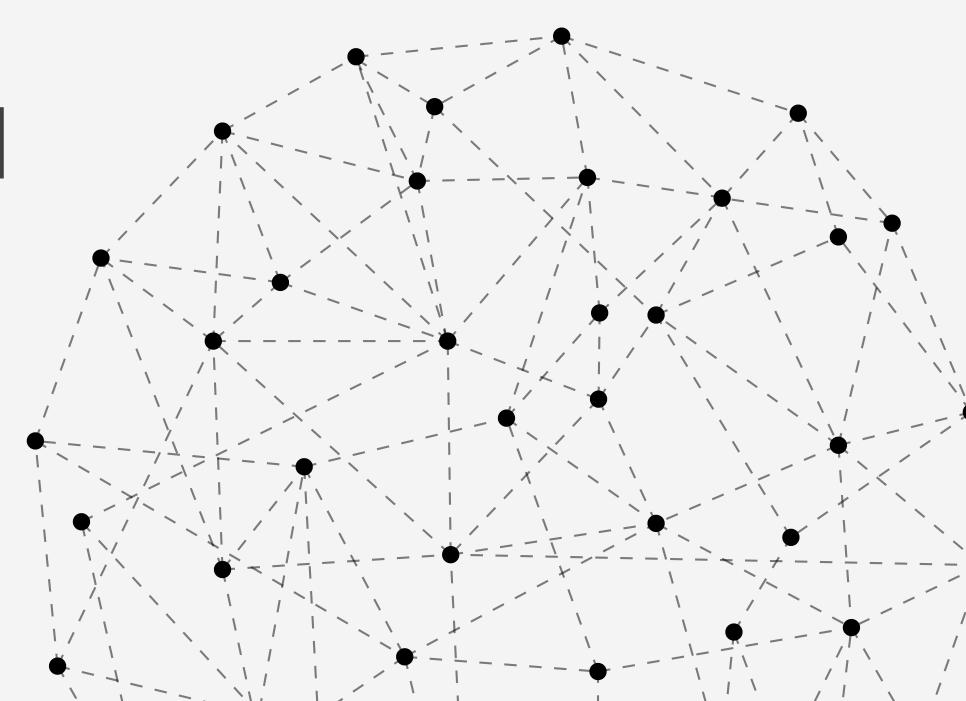
5



## SITE NAVIGATION

Once our shareholders were enthusiastic about preliminary design concepts, I began building our dashboard's navigation bar.

This bar included a link to the main dashboard that would house org-level metrics and two drop-down menus for release train and team links. I used React Router to connect the links with their respectable metric pages.



jira = JIRA(server=JIRA\_SERVER, basic\_auth=(JIRA\_EMAIL, JIRA\_API\_TOKEN))

AND "Agile Release Train[Checkboxes]" IN ("{agile\_release\_train}") AND "Program Increment[Select List (multiple choices)]" IN ("2023 PI4")

# Modify the JQL query to get issues without "Feature Done" status

AND "Agile Release Train[Checkboxes]" IN ("{agile\_release\_train}") AND "Program Increment[Select List (multiple choices)]" IN ("2023 PI4")

issues\_feature\_done = jira.search\_issues(JQL\_QUERY\_FEATURE\_DONE, maxResults=False)

issues\_not\_feature\_done = jira.search\_issues(JQL\_QUERY\_NOT\_DONE, maxResults=False)

ef fetch\_issue\_counts(jira, agile\_release\_train):

# Run the JQL query for "Feature Done" status

# Run the JQL query for non-"Feature Done" status

not\_feature\_done\_count = len(issues\_not\_feature\_done)

# Count the number of issues in each status feature\_done\_count = len(issues\_feature\_done)

# JQL query for "Feature Done" status

JQL\_QUERY\_FEATURE\_DONE = f"""

AND status = "Feature Done"

project IN (PE, PM) AND type = Epic

ORDER BY created DESC

JQL\_QUERY\_NOT\_DONE = f"""

AND status != "Feature Done"

project IN (PE, PM) AND type = Epic

ORDER BY created DESC

```
TeamsStatus.py
                                                                             path = event['resource']
                                                                             if path == "/Metric1/Train":
                                 TrainsStatus.py
                Distribution of Jira Issue Types
QA Sub-Task
                                                                                 pi = event['queryStringParameters'].get('Pi')
                                            Research Spike
Bug Sub-Task
                                                     QA Automation Sub-Task
```

Go to Anything (Ctrl-P)

lookup.json

OrgStatus.py

▼ Metric1-Train - / 🌣 ▼

lambda\_function.py

Environment Vari × +

# Extract query parameters for Train

train = event['queryStringParameters'].get('Train')

chart\_data, issue\_details = TrainsStatus.get\_train\_data(train, pi)

lambda function ×

import TrainsStatus import TeamsStatus

def lambda\_handler(event, context):

import OrgStatus

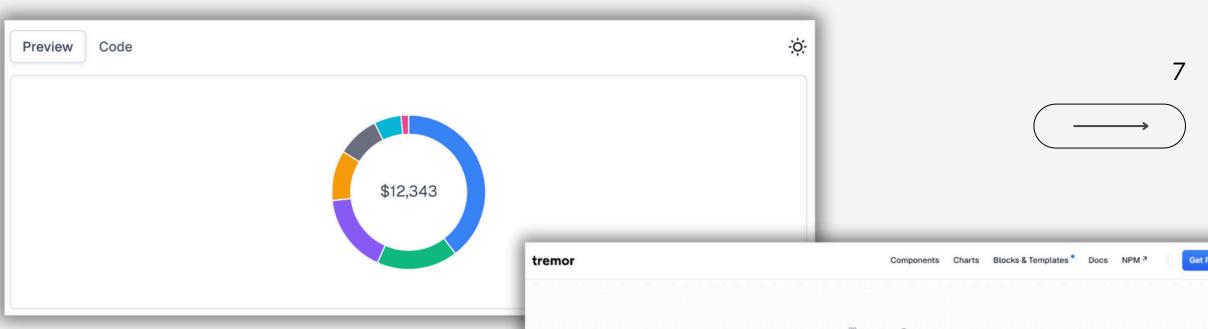
import json

```
UNDERSTANDING
THE BACKEND
```

The backend consisted of several Python AWS Lambdas that would fetch the department's Jira ticket data with Jira's API using JQL.

The primary metric gathered focused on feature status specified by the team's name (including the combination of many teams) and program increment. Once this data was translated into JSON, an AWS API Gateway URL could be used to fetch it on the front end.

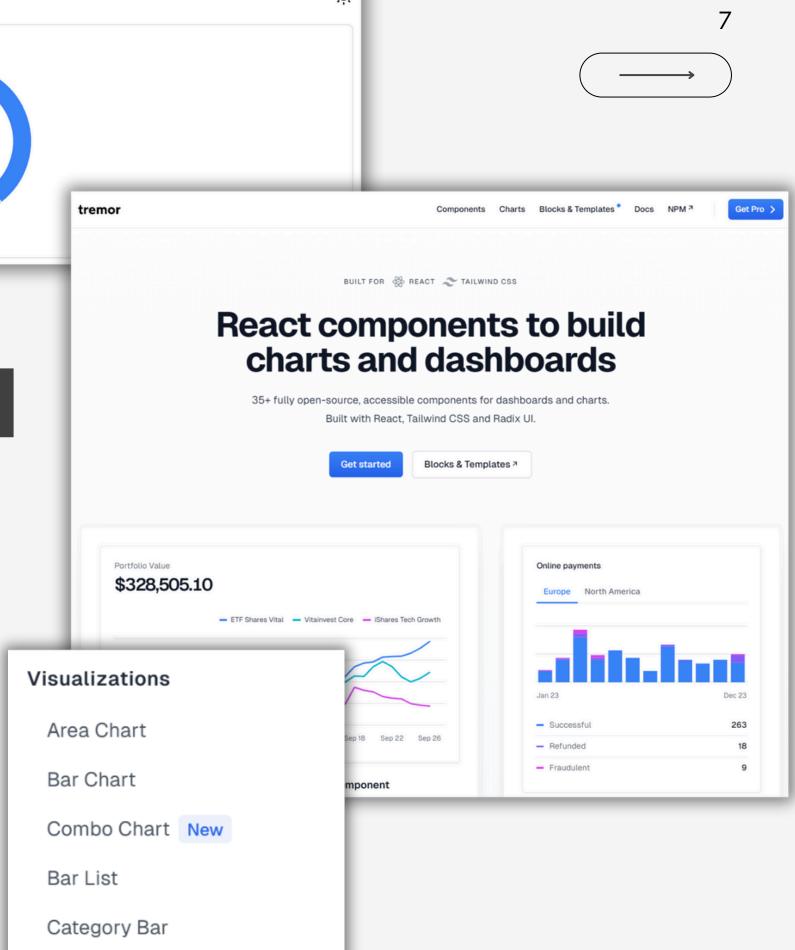




## DATA VISUALIZATION **USING TREMOR UI**

For data visualization, I used Tremor UI, a React library that makes building interactive dashboards simple, clear, and informative. Its customizable charts present complex data in a clean, responsive layout, providing insights at a glance.

This intuitive and transparent approach to data visualization was a key requirement from our stakeholders.



08

axios.get(`https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/users`)
 .then(res => {
 const persons = res.data;
 this.setState({ persons });

### AXIOS

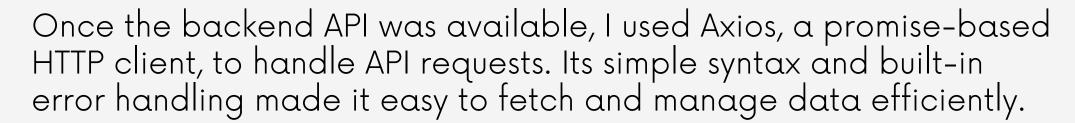
### What is Axios?

Axios is a <u>promise-based</u> HTTP Client for <u>node.js</u> and the browser. It is <u>isomorphic</u> (= it can run in the browser and nodejs with the same codebase). On the server-side it uses the native node.js <u>http</u> module, while on the client (browser) it uses XMLHttpRequests.

### **Features**

- Make XMLHttpRequests from the browser
- Make <a href="http">http</a> requests from node.js
- Supports the <u>Promise</u> API
- Intercept request and response
- · Transform request and response data
- Cancel requests
- Timeouts
- · Query parameters serialization with support for nested entries
- · Automatic request body serialization to:
  - JSON ( application/json )
  - Multipart / FormData ( multipart/form-data )
  - URL encoded form ( application/x-www-form-urlencoded )
- Posting HTML forms as JSON
- Automatic JSON data handling in response
- · Progress capturing for browsers and node.js with extra info (speed rate, remaining time)
- Setting bandwidth limits for node.js
- Compatible with spec-compliant FormData and Blob (including node. js )
- Compatible with spec-compliant FormData and
   Client side support for protecting against VSRF.

# FETCHING DATA USING AXIOS



This streamlined integration allowed for reliable communication between the frontend and backend, ensuring a smooth user experience.

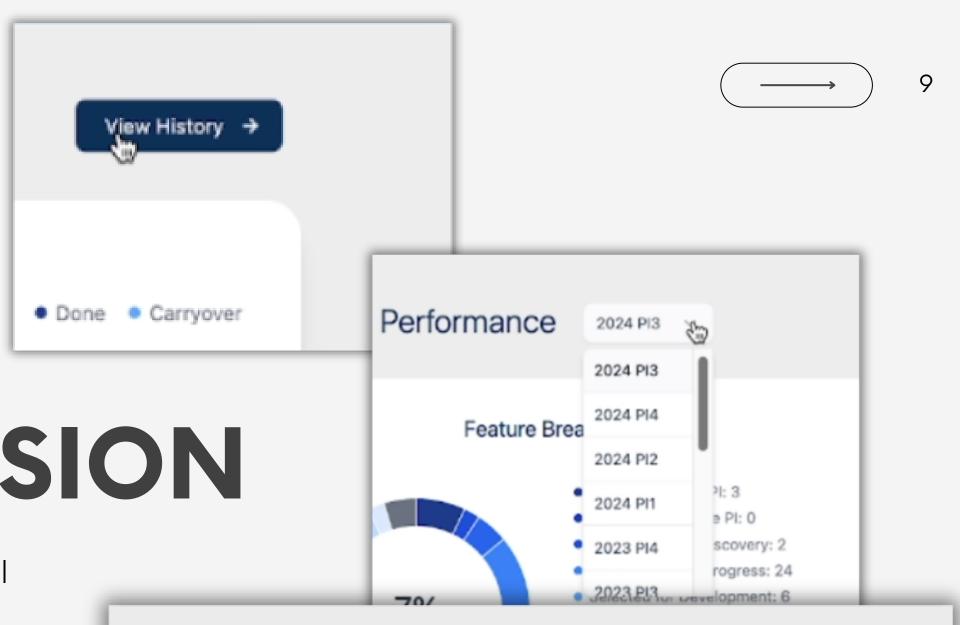




## FEATURE EXPANSION

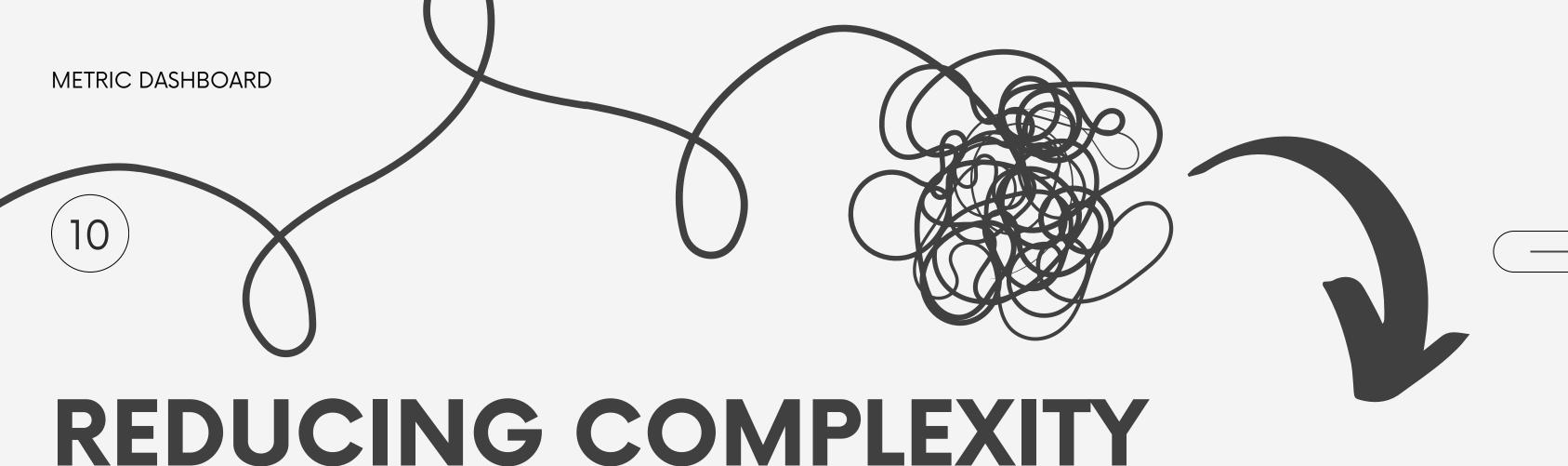
Once the backend and front end were connected, I implemented key stakeholder-requested features, including a history tab, program increment selection, and various metric charts.

These additions were pivotal in metric transparency, allowing users to view specific periods or understand trends over time.









I simplified the front end by removing React Router and using useState to control which content displays on a single page instead of managing multiple routes.

This reduced code complexity, improved performance, and created a smoother user experience while maintaining all key features.



## **DEMO**

