

# Regular Expressions in R (Functions & Validation)

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## Conceptual Questions

Please write three to ten sentence explanations for each of the following questions. **You are only required to answer ONE of the two questions below.**

1. In a data science workflow, why is it useful to wrap data-cleaning logic into functions (rather than writing one-off code blocks)? In your answer, connect your explanation to regex-based parsing/validation and mention one way you would test that your function behaves correctly.
2. When writing regex for data extraction, what is the difference between (i) identifying a match, (ii) capturing components of a match, and (iii) replacing a match? Use a concrete example from either phone-number standardization or password validation to illustrate your answer.

## Applied Exercises

Use the code in the week's code tutorial and the lecture slides to answer the following questions.

3. **Phone Number Formatting:** Create a regex pattern to identify and format phone numbers in text. Your function should work for different formats:

- (123) 456-7890
- 123-456-7890
- 1234567890

and standardize them to: (XXX) XXX-XXXX.

### Requirements:

- Implement `format_phone_numbers(text)` using `stringr` (e.g., `str_replace_all()`).
- Demonstrate that it works on a character vector with **at least 6** test strings, including at least one string that contains **two** phone numbers.
- Show the **before** and **after** output clearly (print a small table is fine).

### Starter skeleton (you may copy/paste):

```
# TODO: Implement this function.
format_phone_numbers <- function(text) {
  # pattern <- ...
  # Use str_replace_all / str_replace to standardize
}
```

4. **Password Strength Checker:** Implement a function that uses regex to check the strength of a password.

### Criteria:

- At least 8 characters long
- At least one uppercase letter
- At least one lowercase letter
- At least one digit
- At least one special character (@\$!%\*?&)

#### Requirements:

- Implement `check_password_strength(password)` using `stringr` (e.g., multiple `str_detect()` checks, or a single combined pattern).
- Create a test vector with **at least 8** passwords (mix of valid/invalid).
- Output a small results table with columns like `password` and `is_strong` (and optionally a column indicating what criterion failed).

#### Starter skeleton (you may copy/paste):

```
# TODO: Implement this function.
check_password_strength <- function(password) {
  # Use str_detect with multiple patterns (or a single combined pattern)
}
```

5. **Challenge Question (Optional — if you finish early):** Write a minimal set of unit tests for your two functions using `testthat`.

- Create at least **5** tests for `format_phone_numbers()` and at least **5** tests for `check_password_strength()`
- Include at least one edge case for each (e.g., numbers embedded in longer digit strings; passwords that fail exactly one rule).
- Show that your tests run without failing.