

Assignment 4: CS 663

Due: 11th October before 11:55 pm

Remember the honor code while submitting this (and every other) assignment. You may discuss broad ideas with other students or ask me for any difficulties, but the code you implement and the answers you write must be your own. We will adopt a zero-tolerance policy against any violation.

Submission instructions: Follow the instructions for the submission format and the naming convention of your files from <http://www.cse.iitb.ac.in/~suyash/cs663/submissionStyle.pdf>. 5 points are reserved for submission in the described format. Download the folder structure from http://www.cse.iitb.ac.in/~ajitvr/CS663_Fall2015/HW4/assignment4_SVD_FaceRecognition.zip. However, please **do not** submit the face image databases in your zip file that you will upload on moodle. Instead, you should use the MATLAB routine `uigetdir` (only once per database per question) which prompts the user to browse to the top-most directory of the database folder, and then use paths relative to the chosen directory in your code to read the appropriate images. Upload the file on moodle before 11:55 pm on 9th October. Policy for late submissions will be the same as in the aforementioned guidelines document. Please preserve a copy of all your work until the end of the semester.

1. Given a matrix \mathbf{A} of size $m \times n$, write a MATLAB routine called `MySVD` which takes this matrix as input and outputs the left and right singular vectors (i.e. column vectors of \mathbf{U} and \mathbf{V} under usual notation) and the singular values (i.e. diagonal entries of \mathbf{S}) of \mathbf{A} . You are not allowed to use the `svd` or `svds` functions of MATLAB directly. You should use only the eigenvalue decomposition routines `eig` or `eigs` for this task. Cross-check your answer by verifying that $\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{U}\mathbf{S}\mathbf{V}^T$ based on your computation. [15 points]
2. In this part, you will implement a mini face recognition system. Download the ORL face database from http://www.cl.cam.ac.uk/Research/DTG/attarchive/pub/data/att_faces.zip. It contains 40 sub-folders, one for each of the 40 subjects/persons. For each person, there are ten images in the appropriate folder. The images are of size 92 by 110 each. Each image is in the pgm format. You can view the images in this format, either through MATLAB or through image viewers like IrfanView on Windows, or `xv/display/gimp` on Unix. Though the face images are in different poses, expressions and facial accessories, they are all roughly aligned (the eyes are in roughly similar locations in all images). For the first part of the assignment, you will work with the images of the first 35 people. For each person, you will include the first five images in the training set and the remaining five images in the testing set (note: there are 10 images per person labeled 1.pgm to 10.pgm). You should create an eigen-space from the training set as described during the lectures without explicitly computing the covariance matrix (note, in this case, you do have $N \ll d$ where $d = 92 \times 110$ is the size of the image, and $N = 35 \times 5$ is the number of images in the training set). Record the recognition rate using squared difference between the eigencoefficients while testing on all the images in the test set, for $k \in \{1, 2, 3, 5, 10, 20, 30, 50, 75, 100, 125, 150, 170\}$. Plot the rates in your report in the form of a graph.

Repeat the same experiment on the Yale Face database from http://www.cse.iitb.ac.in/~ajitvr/CS663_Fall2015/HW4/CroppedYale/. This database contains 60 images each of 38 individuals (labeled from 1 to 39, with number 14 missing). Each image is in pgm format and has size 192 by 168. The images are taken under different lighting conditions but in the same pose. Take the first 30 images of every person for training and test on the remaining 30 images (by first 30 images, I mean the first 30 images that appear in a directory listing as produced by the `dir` function of MATLAB). Plot in your report the recognition rates for $k \in \{1, 2, 3, 5, 10, 20, 30, 50, 60, 65, 75, 100, 200, 300, 500, 1000\}$ based on squared difference between all the eigencoefficients and between all except the three eigencoefficients corresponding to the eigenvectors with the three largest eigenvalues. [60 points]

3. Display the reconstruction of any one face image from the ORL database using $k \in \{2, 10, 20, 50, 75, 100, 125, 150, 175\}$ values. Plot the 25 eigenvectors (eigenfaces) corresponding to the 25 largest eigenvalues using the subplot or subimage commands in MATLAB. Also, display the Fourier transform magnitude of the top 25 eigenfaces using the log scale (i.e. you should plot $\log(1 + |F(u, v)|)$ where u and v are spatial frequencies). What do you observe? Explain in your report. [10 points]
4. What will happen if you test your system on images of people which were not part of the training set? (i.e. the last 5 people from the ORL database). What mechanism will you use to report the fact that there is no matching identity? Work this out carefully and explain briefly in your report. Test whatever you propose on all the 50 remaining images (i.e. 5 people times 10 images per person), as also the entire test set containing 5 images each of the first 35 people. How many false positives/negatives did you get? [10 points]