EE230- Analog lab (Labwork-7) Spring Semester: Year 2021-22

March 10, 2022

Instructions:

- Perform the experiment and show the results of each question to the evaluating TA during the lab session on March 10, 2022.
- No Additional time will be given.
- 1. **Special Opamp Linear Circuits Active Filters** In the Homework-6, we have considered single pole active Low pass and High pass filters. In the lab-exercise, we will be considering the following circuits
 - i) Sallen-Key (2-pole) Active Low-pass Filter, ii) Sallen-Key (2-pole) Active High-pass Filter, iii) Active Band-Pass Filter
 - (a) Sallen-Key (2-pole) Active Low-pass Filter
 - i. Circuit values: $R_A = R_B = 4.7k\Omega$, $C_A = C_A = 0.1\mu F$, $R_1 = 1.8k\Omega$, $R_2 = 3.3k\Omega$
 - ii. The cut-off frequency of the filter is given by, $f_c = \frac{1}{2\pi RC}$, where $R = R_A = R_B$, $C = C_A = C_B$.

Note that this filter is a two-pole filter and hence it has a much sharper roll-off of -40 dB/decade beyond the cut-off frequency. R_1 and R_2 values are chosen such that $R_1 = 0.586R_2$. (Refer to the following pages of the reference material uploaded on MS Teams and moodle: Damping Factor Sec 15.2, page 770, Flyod 9e).

- iii. Experimentally find the filter response of the circuit in Fig.[1]. Plot the filter response and compare the theoretical results (cut-off frequency and roll-off) with the ideal case.
- (b) Sallen-Key (2-pole) Active High-pass Filter
 - i. Circuit values: $R_A=R_B=4.7k\Omega, C_A=C_A=0.1\mu F, R_1=1.8k\Omega, R_2=3.3k\Omega$
 - ii. The cut-off frequency of the filter is given by, $f_c = \frac{1}{2\pi RC}$, where $R = R_A = R_B$, $C = C_A = C_B$.

Note that this filter is a two-pole filter and hence it has a much sharper roll-off of -40 dB/decade beyond the cut-off frequency. R_1 and R_2 values are chosen such that

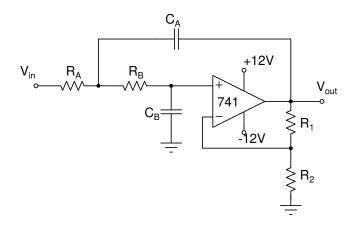


Figure 1: Sallen-Key (2-pole) active low-pass filter

 $R_1 = 0.586R_2$. (Refer to the following pages of the reference material uploaded on MS Teams and moodle: Damping Factor Sec 15.2, page 770, Flyod 9e).

iii. Experimentally find the filter response of the circuit in Fig. [2]. Plot the filter response and compare the theoretical results (cut-off frequency and roll-off) with the ideal case.

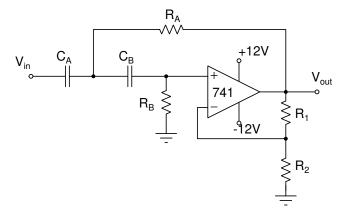


Figure 2: Sallen-Key (2-pole) active high-pass filter

- (c) Multiple-feedback Active Band-Pass Filter
 - i. Circuit Values: $R_1=68k\Omega, R_2=180k\Omega, R_3=2.7k\Omega, C_1=C_2=0.01\mu F$
 - ii. The cut-off frequency of the filter is given by, $f_c=\frac{1}{2\pi C}\sqrt{\frac{R_1+R_3}{R_1R_2R_3}}$, where $C=C_1=C_2$ and Bandwidth is given by, BW = $\frac{f_0}{Q}$, where $Q=\pi f_0CR_2$
 - iii. Experimentally find the filter response of the circuit in Fig. [3]. Plot the filter

response, find the center frequency and Bandwidth and compare the theoretical and ideal results (bandwidth and center frequency).

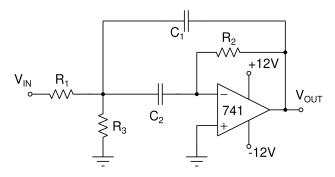


Figure 3: Multiple Feedback Active BPF