

Pandas & Matplotlib

(solve using SALES.CSV)

Basic Level Exercises

1. Load the dataset and display the first 5 rows.
2. Calculate the mean, median, and standard deviation of Item_MRP.
3. Filter and display rows where Item_Weight is greater than 10.
4. Check for missing values in the dataset.
5. Count the occurrences of different Item_Fat_Content values.
6. Rename the Item_Outlet_Sales column to Sales.
7. Drop the Outlet_Establishment_Year column from the dataset.
8. Sort the dataset by Sales in descending order.
9. Display the unique values in the Outlet_Type column.
10. Subset the dataset to include only the columns Item_Type, Item_MRP, and Sales.
11. Create a new column Price_per_Weight by dividing Item_MRP by Item_Weight. Then, find the maximum and minimum values in this new column.
12. Add a new column High_Sales that assigns True if Sales are greater than the average sales, and False otherwise.
13. Filter the dataset to include only rows where Item_Type contains the word "Snack."
14. Print the shape (rows and columns) and size (total elements) of the dataset.
15. Plot a simple line chart showing the first 50 rows of Sales.

Intermediate Level Exercises

1. Group the dataset by Outlet_Type and calculate the average Sales for each group.
2. Replace missing values in Item_Weight with the mean of the column.
3. Create a new column Sales_per_Unit by dividing Sales by Item_Weight.

4. Create a pivot table showing the sum of Sales for each Item_Type across different Outlet_Location_Type.
5. Assume there is a date column and convert it to datetime format
6. Filter the dataset to display only Low Fat items with Sales greater than 1000.
7. Create a multi-index DataFrame using Outlet_Type and Item_Type, and then display the total Sales for each combination.
8. Calculate the cumulative sum of Sales for each Outlet_Type and plot it.
9. Filter the dataset to include only rows where Item_Visibility is above the median and Item_Fat_Content is 'Low Fat'.
10. If the dataset had a Date column, extract the year and month from the date and add them as new columns.

Advanced:

1. Assume the data has a Date column. Plot the Sales over time to identify trends.
2. Create a pivot table that shows both the average and total Sales for each Outlet_Type and Item_Type.
3. Group the dataset by Outlet_Type and Item_Type, and calculate the sum of Sales.
4. Create a stacked bar plot showing the distribution of Sales across Item_Type for each Outlet_Type.
5. Aggregate the dataset to show the average Sales for each combination of Item_Fat_Content and Outlet_Location_Type.
6. Group the data by Outlet_Type and Item_Type, and calculate both the mean and standard deviation of Sales. Then, plot the results as a grouped bar chart.
7. Write a custom function that categorizes Sales into Low, Medium, High based on specific thresholds, and apply it to create a new column.