

CS 418: Introduction to Data Science Homework Assignment 04 Fall 2019

Instructions

This assignment is due <u>Tuesday, October 29, at 11:59PM (Central Time)</u>.

Answers for this assignment must be entered on *Blackboard*. You have <u>1 attempt</u> to submit the assignment. This attempt is not timed. The assignment will close automatically at the due date and <u>no late submissions will be accepted</u>.

<u>This assignment is individual</u>. Offering or receiving any kind of unauthorized or unacknowledged assistance is a violation of the University's academic integrity policies, will result in a grade of zero for the assignment, and will be subject to disciplinary action.

Part I: Clustering (100 pt.)

Problem 1 (10 pt.)

Match each statement with the corresponding clustering technique:

- · Returns a hierarchy of clusters.
- · Returns a partial clustering.
- Computationally efficient in terms of both time and space.
- Computationally expensive in terms of both time and space.
- Has difficulty detecting clusters with nonspherical shapes.
- Can detect clusters with different shapes, but has difficulty detecting clusters with different densities.

- a. Hierarchical Clustering
- b. K-Means Clustering
- c. DBSCAN

Problem 2 (15 pt.)

Given the following distance matrix for observations p1, p2, p3, p4, and p5:

	<i>p</i> 1	<i>p</i> 2	<i>p</i> 3	p4	p 5
<i>p</i> 1	0.00	0.10	0.41	0.55	0.35
p2	0.10	0.00	0.64	0.47	0.98
р3	0.41	0.64	0.00	0.44	0.85
<i>p</i> 4	0.55	0.47	0.44	0.00	0.76
<i>p</i> 5	0.35	0.98	0.85	0.76	0.00



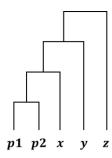
Suppose that the observations are assigned to the following clusters: $C_1 = \{p1, p2\}$ and $C_2 = \{p3, p4, p5\}$. Answer the following questions:

- a. (10 pts.) Compute the cohesion and the separation of the clusters.
- b. (5 pts.) Compute the silhouette coefficient of observation p1.

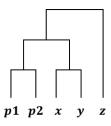
Problem 3 (25 pt.)

Given the distance matrix in Problem 2, answer the following questions.

a. (10 pts.) Perform hierarchical clustering with the single linkage method on this dataset and complete the dendrogram below.



b. (10 pts.) Perform hierarchical clustering with the complete linkage method on this dataset and complete the dendrogram below.



c. (5 pts.) Suppose that you are performing hierarchical clustering with the average linkage method on this dataset. What is the proximity between clusters $\{p1, p2\}$ and $\{p3, p4\}$?

Problem 4 (25 pt.)

Given the following dataset with observations p1, p2, p3, p4, and p5:

	X	Y
<i>p</i> 1	1.5	2.0
p2	3.0	1.0
р3	3.5	2.5
p4	1.0	0.5
<i>p</i> 5	2.5	2.0

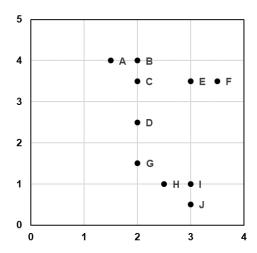


Suppose that you cluster this dataset using K-means clustering with K=2 and observations p2 and p5 as the initial centroids. Answer the following questions:

- a. (10 pts.) Assuming that observation p2 is assigned to cluster 1 and observation p5 is assigned to cluster 2, indicate the cluster of each observation.
- b. (5 pts.) Recompute the centroids using the observations in each cluster. What are the new centroids?
- c. (5 pts.) What is the sum of squared errors for these clusters (using the new centroids)?
- d. (5 pts.) Do these clusters represent a stable solution? A solution is stable if the clusters do not change in the next iteration of the algorithm.

Problem 5 (25 pt.)

Given the following dataset:



Answer the following questions:

a. (10 pts.) Given Eps = 1 and MinPts = 4, label each observation as a core point, a border point, or a noise point.

Suppose that you cluster this dataset using DBSCAN.

- b. (5 pts.) How many clusters are found by the algorithm?
- c. (10 pts.) Assuming that observation A is assigned to cluster 1, indicate the cluster of each observation. Observations that do not belong to any cluster should be labeled as -1.