

# CH 101- End-Sem Exam-SET C

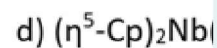
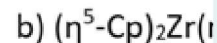
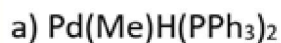
## Instructions:

- 1) Read the question carefully and provide your answer by selecting the correct option.
- 2) Your Exam will automatically start at **02:00 pm** on **07.03.2022** and you have to click **submit** after attempting all the questions on or before **05:00 pm (For PWD candidates, 02:00- 06:00 pm )** on **07.03.2022**, after this given time you will **not be able to submit your answers**.
- 3) Failing to submit your response on time will be considered as **absent**.
- 4) Only fully correct answers will be accepted.
- 6) Total Marks: 60, Duration: 03:00 hours

1

Question  
(2 Points)

**Ques 9.** Which of the following is least likely to undergo reductive elimination of a org:



☐ A

☒ B

☐ C

☐ D

2

Question  
(2.5 Points)

4. The maximum no. of stereoisomers possible for 4-phenylbut-3-

(A) 1

(B) 2

(C) 3

(D) 4

☐ A

☐ B

☐ C

☒ D

3

Question  
(2 Points)

**Ques 6** What is the order of the energies of *d*-orbitals in Square Pyramidal geometry?

a)  $d_{xz}, d_{yz} < d_{xy} < d_{z^2} < d_{x^2-y^2}$

b)  $d_{xz} < d_{yz} < d_{xy} < d_{z^2} < d_{x^2-y^2}$

c)  $d_{xz}, d_{yz} < d_{z^2} < d_{xy} < d_{x^2-y^2}$

d)  $d_{xy} < d_{xz}, d_{yz} < d_{z^2} < d_{x^2-y^2}$

☒ A

☐ B

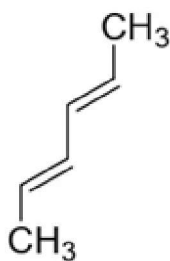
☐ C

☐ D

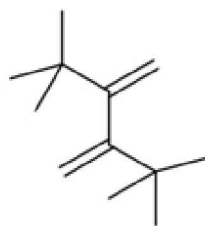
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Question  
(2.5 Points)

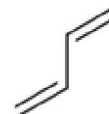
1. Correct order of the reactivity of diene is



I



II



III

(A) I>II>III>IV

(C) IV>I>II>III

(B) IV

(D) IV

☐ A

☐ B

☐ C

☒ D

5

Question  
(3 Points)

3. Butadiene molecule is a conjugated molecule and can be considered (for particle in a box model) to be linear with length of 578 pm. With the mass of electron,  $9.1 \times 10^{-31}$  kg and Planck's constant being  $6.626 \times 10^{-34}$  J, the absorbance band due to electronic transition with energy difference of  $16.236 \times 10^{-19}$  J would be due to transitions between quantum states

(A) 1 and 2;                      (B) 2 and 3;                      (C) 3 and 4 or                      (D) 4 and 5

☐ A

☐ B

☐ C

☒ D

6

Question

(2 Points)

**Ques 4.** The number of CO ligands(neutral CO) attached to the metal center in the product of the following reaction, are:



a) 6

b) 3

c) 4

d) 5

☐ A

☐ B

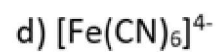
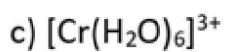
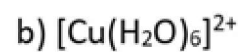
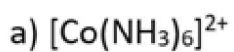
☐ C

☒ D

7

Question  
(2 Points)

**Ques 5.** Which of the following octahedral complexes will be distorted to a maximum?

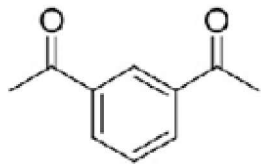
☐ A☒ B☐ C☐ D

8

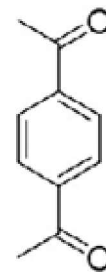
Question  
(2.5 Points)

5. Which of the following compounds show only two signal in  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  and band at  $\sim 1690\text{ cm}^{-1}$

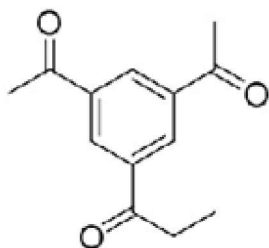
(A)



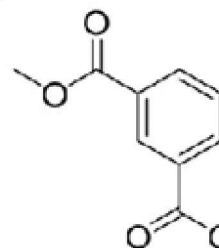
(B)



(C)



(D)


☐ A

☒ B

☐ C

☐ D

9

Question  
(2 Points)

**Ques 7.** Which of the complexes have higher axial M-O bond strength? (M = Ni, C



a) Bond strength is equal in both

b) 2

c) 1

d) None

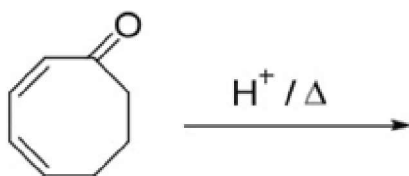
☐ A

- ☐ B
- ☒ C
- ☐ D

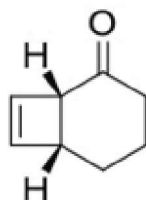
10

Question  
(2.5 Points)

2. Major product formed during the given reaction is

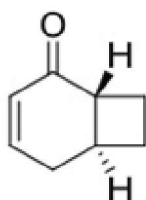


(A)



(B)

(C)



(D)

- ☒ A
- ☐ B
- ☐ C
- ☐ D

11

Question

(2 Points)

**Ques 10.** In the hydroformylation reaction, which of the following statements are correct?

- a) Oxidative addition of Dihydrogen is slow and is the rate determining step
- b) Oxidative addition of Dihydrogen is fast and is the rate determining step
- c) Product formation step is slow.
- d) product formation step involves oxidative addition

☒ A☐ B☐ C☐ D

12

Question

(2 Points)

**Ques 2.** Arrange the following in decreasing order of M-C stretching frequency in the IR spectra:  $[\text{V}(\text{CO})_6]^{2-}$  (1),  $[\text{Mn}(\text{CO})_6]^{2+}$  (2), and  $\text{Cr}(\text{CO})_6$  (3).

a)  $2 > 3 > 1$ b)  $1 > 2 > 3$ c)  $1 > 3 > 2$ 

d) None

☐ A☐ B

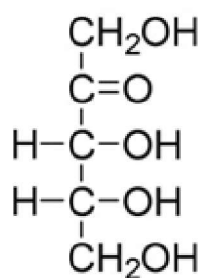


☒ C☐ D

13

Question  
(2.5 Points)

3. The absolute configuration at the two chiral centres are



(A) 3R, 4R

(C) 3S, 4R

(B

(D

☒ A☐ B☐ C☐ D

14

Question  
(2.5 Points)

8 The  $^1\text{H}$ NMR spectrum of a compound E shows a doublet and a septet which statements is true

- (A) The spectrum is consisted with E containing a  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$  groups
- (B) The spectrum is consisted with E being  $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CHCl}$
- (C) The spectrum is consisted with E containing a  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2$  groups
- (D) The spectrum is consisted with E being  $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CCl}$

☐ A

☒ B

☐ C

☐ D

15

Question  
(2.5 Points)

7. The carbonyl stretching frequency is higher for

(A) Acetic Acid

(B) Acetone

(C) Acetyl Chloride

(D) Acetic Anhydride

☐ A

☐ B

☒ C

☐ D

16

Question

(3 Points)

1. The C-H bond vibration can be considered as that of a harmonic oscillator. The vibrational frequency of the C-H bond is  $1.44 \times 10^{13}$  Hz. A 1250 pN ((1 pN=10<sup>-12</sup> N)) can stretch the C-H bond (harmonic oscillator) by

(A) 1.0 Å                      (B) 2.0 Å;                      (C) 0.1 Å                      or                      (D)

☒ A

☐ B

☐ C

☐ D

17

Question

(2 Points)

7. Given the wavefunction of an electron in the 1s orbital of hydrogen

$$\Psi = \frac{1}{(\pi a_0^3)^{1/2}} e^{-r/a_0} \text{ and the radial probability density, } P(r) = 4\pi r^2 \Psi^2$$

most probable radius is:

(A)  $\frac{3}{2}a_0$                       (B)  $a_0$                       (C)  $\frac{1}{2}a_0$                       or (D)

☐ A

☒ B☐ C☐ D

18

Question

(3 Points)

2. For the vibration of chemical bond, considering quantum harmonic oscillator average potential energy is equal to average kinetic energy. The uncertainty in displacement of the bond in the ground state i.e.,  $\Delta x = \sqrt{\hbar/2\mu\omega}$ . Then the vibrational energy of the bond would be

(A)  $\hbar\omega$       (B)  $(1/4)\hbar\omega$       (C)  $(3/4)\hbar\omega$       (D)  $(1/2)\hbar\omega$

☐ A☐ B☐ C☒ D

19

Question

(2 Points)

**Ques 1.** To satisfy the 18-electron rule in the complex  $[(\text{cycloheptatriene})\text{Mo}(\text{CO})_3]$ , the number of electrons contributed by the coordinated cycloheptatriene is :

a) 6

b) 5

c) 4

d) 2

☒ A

☐ B☐ C☐ D

20

Question  
(3 Points)

5. Four identical optical cuvettes are placed in parallel to each other. Each contains a liquid with volume equal to the others and with molar extinction coefficient  $\text{Lcm}^{-1} \text{M}^{-1}$  at 500 nm, path length of 1.0 cm and concentration of the solute  $\text{ML}^{-1}$ . Light of 500 nm wavelength is allowed to enter through the first cuvette. The percentage transmission of light at the end of the fourth cuvette would be

(A) 0.01;                      (B) 0.1;                      (C) 1;                      (D)

☒ A☐ B☐ C☐ D

21

Question  
(2 Points)

**Ques 3.** Which of the following compounds will undergo reductive elimination of ethane?

- (1)  $\text{V}(\text{CH}_3)_2(\text{PMe}_3)_4$  (Me groups are cis to each other),  
 (2)  $\text{Os}(\text{CH}_3)_2(\text{CH}_3\text{CN})_2(\text{POMe}_3)_2$  (Me groups are trans to each other)  
 (3)  $[\text{Pt}(\text{CH}_3)_3(\text{CH}_3\text{CN})(\text{PMe}_3)_2]^+$  (Me groups are cis to each other)

a) 1

b) 3

c) 2

d) Ethane will not be eliminated from any of them

☐ A☒ B☐ C☐ D

22

Question

(3 Points)

4. For a particle-in-a-box of length  $L = 6.63 \text{ \AA}$ , the wavefunction is

$$\Psi(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{L}} \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L}$$

The value of linear momentum in the second excited

unit of  $\text{kg m s}^{-1}$ ) would be,

Use  $h = 6.630 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J s}$

(A)  $1.0 \times 10^{-24}$ ; (B)  $0.1 \times 10^{-24}$ ; (C)  $1.5 \times 10^{-24}$ ; (D)  $2.0 \times 10^{-24}$

☐ A☐ B☒ C☐ D

23

Question  
(3 Points)

6. Based on the relationship between Einstein A and B coefficients, the ratio of  $\epsilon$  at 400 nm to that at 800 nm would be:

(A) 1/27

(B) 27

(C) 8

Or

☐ A☐ B☒ C☐ D

24

Question  
(2 Points)

**Ques 8.** The molar absorptivity at  $\lambda_{\max}$  is minimum for:

a)  $[\text{Mn}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}$ b)  $[\text{Ni}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}$ c)  $[\text{Cr}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}$ d)  $[\text{Co}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}$ ☒ A☐ B☐ C☐ D

25

Question  
(2.5 Points)

6. Which one of the molecules will have  $n \rightarrow \pi^*$  at the longest wave

(A) HCHO

(B) CH<sub>3</sub>

(C) PhCOPh

(D) CH<sub>3</sub>

☐ A

☐ B

☒ C

☐ D

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