

# MA 101 (Mathematics - I)

## Quiz - IV (Answer Key)

Maximum Marks : 22

Date: February 27, 2021

Time: 11 am - 12 pm

### Instructions:

- The answers of this Quiz question paper are to be filled in the Quiz - IV response form. You get exactly one hour time (from 11 am to 12 pm) for doing this.
- You should submit the response form at 12 pm (or before). Although you get extra 5 minutes for submission only (the portal will close at 12:05 pm), it is advised not to take any risk of submitting after 12 pm. No request will be entertained if you fail to submit your responses through the portal due to any reason.
- The response form permits only one submission. It does not allow revision.

### Type of Questions and Marking scheme:

- The first question is writing your Roll number. It is compulsory. It has no marks.
- Q.2 to Q.7 are of single correct option type questions, where exactly one option is correct. Each of these questions carries 2 marks for correct answer,  $-1$  mark for incorrect answer, and 0 mark for no answer. No answer will be considered if you do not mark any option or if you mark option (E) given in the response form.
- Q.8 to Q.12 are of multiple correct option type questions, where one or more of the options is (are) correct. In each of these questions, you get 2 marks if you choose all the correct options and choose no wrong option. In all other cases, you get 0 mark.

1. Write your Roll number.

2. Let  $S_1$  and  $S_2$  be two disjoint bounded smooth surfaces in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  such that  $S_1 \cup S_2$  is a closed orientable surface which enclosed the solid  $D$  in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  of volume 10. Let  $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = (x, y, -2z)$ . If  $\iint_{S_1} \vec{F} \cdot \hat{n}_1 d\sigma_1 = -5$ , then
- (A)  $\iint_{S_2} \vec{F} \cdot \hat{n}_2 d\sigma_2 = -5$       (B)  $\iint_{S_2} \vec{F} \cdot \hat{n}_2 d\sigma_2 = 5$
- (C)  $\iint_{S_1 \cup S_2} \vec{F} \cdot \hat{n} d\sigma = 10$       (D)  $\iint_{S_2} \vec{F} \cdot \hat{n}_2 d\sigma_2$  need not exist.

**Answer:** (B)

3. Let  $C$  be a closed simple and piecewise smooth curve in  $\mathbb{R}^2$ . Consider a circle  $C_1$  with center at the origin such that  $C_1$  lies in the interior of the domain  $D$  enclosed by  $C$ . Let  $F = (g, h)$  be a continuous vector field on  $\mathbb{R}^2$  such that  $g_y = h_x$  on  $D$  except origin. If  $F$  is satisfying  $F(R(t)) \cdot R'(t) = 100$  for each point  $R(t)$  on  $C_1$ , then  $\oint_C F \cdot dR$  is equal to

- (A)  $200\pi$       (B)  $100\pi$       (C)  $50\pi$       (D)  $-100\pi$

**Answer:** (A)

4. Let  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a continuous function such that  $I = \int_0^x \int_0^y \int_0^z f(t) dt dz dy$  and  $\alpha = \int_0^x (x-t)^2 f(t) dt$ . Then  $I$  is equal to  
 (A)  $\alpha$  (B)  $2\alpha$  (C)  $-3\alpha$  (D)  $0.5\alpha$

**Answer:** (D)

5. Let  $\ln r$  denote natural logarithm of  $r$ . The value of the double integral  $\int_1^4 \int_1^2 \left( \frac{x}{y} + \frac{y}{x} \right) dy dx$  is equal to  
 (A)  $\frac{21}{2} \ln 2$  (B)  $\frac{23}{2} \ln 3$  (C)  $\frac{19}{3} \ln 2$  (D)  $\frac{25}{2} \ln 2$

**Answer:** (A)

6. Let  $S = \left\{ \left( x, \sin \frac{1}{x} \right) : x \in (0, 1] \right\} \times [0, 0.001]$ . Then which of the following statements is true ?  
 (A)  $S$  is a set of content zero in  $\mathbb{R}^2$   
 (B)  $S$  cannot be a set of content zero in  $\mathbb{R}^2$   
 (C)  $S$  is an open subset of  $\mathbb{R}^2$   
 (D)  $S$  is a closed subset of  $\mathbb{R}^2$

**Answer:** (A) if typo  $\mathbb{R}^2$  will be corrected to  $\mathbb{R}^3$ . Hence Q6 has been withdrawn.

7. Consider the following two statements **P** and **Q**.

**P** : Suppose  $\int_a^b f(x) dx = \oint_C F \cdot dR$  if the curve  $C$  is oriented counterclockwise and  $-\int_a^b f(x) dx = \oint_C F \cdot dR$  if the curve  $C$  is oriented clockwise.

**Q** : Outward unit normal  $\hat{n}$  to the surface  $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$  is continuous at each point of the surface.

Then

- (A) both **P** and **Q** are true (B) **P** is true but **Q** is false  
 (C) **Q** is true but **P** is false (D) both **P** and **Q** are false

**Answer:** (B)

8. Let  $f$  and  $g$  be continuous functions on a closed and bounded domain  $D$  in  $\mathbb{R}^2$ . Suppose  $f \neq g$  on a set of content zero in  $D$ . Then which of the following statements is (are) true ?  
 (A)  $f$  agree to  $g$  on  $D$   
 (B)  $f$  need not be agree to  $g$  on  $D$   
 (C) If  $\iint_T f(x, y) dx dy = 0$  for each triangular disc in  $D$ , then  $f = 0$   
 (D) Even if condition in (C) holds,  $f$  need not be identically zero

**Answer:** (A), (C)

9. Let  $F : \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$  be vector field whose second derivative  $F''$  is continuous. Then
- (A) there exists  $\phi : \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  such that  $F = \frac{\nabla \phi}{\|\nabla \phi\|}$
  - (B) the statement (A) is not necessarily true for every  $F$  with  $F''$  is continuous
  - (C) there exists a unique  $\phi : \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  such that  $F = \frac{\nabla \phi}{\|\nabla \phi\|}$
  - (D) there cannot exist  $\phi : \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  such that  $F = \frac{\nabla \phi}{\|\nabla \phi\|}$  unless  $\nabla \times (\|\nabla \phi\| F) = 0$

**Answer:** (B), (D)

10. Let  $f$  be a continuous function on a bounded solid  $D$  in  $\mathbb{R}^3$ . Suppose the surface  $S$  is given by  $\{(x, y, z) \in D : f(x, y, z) = 0\}$ . Then which of the following statements is (are) true ?

- (A)  $S$  is orientable if  $f'$  is continuous and  $\|\nabla f\| > 0$  on  $D$
- (B)  $S$  is orientable even if  $f'$  is continuous and  $\nabla f \neq 0$  except on a finite set in  $D$
- (C)  $S$  is orientable even if  $f'$  is continuous and the partial derivative  $f_x \neq 0$  on  $D$
- (D) none of the above is true

**Answer:** (A), (C)

11. Let  $f : D = [0, 1] \times [0, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be defined by

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } x \in \mathbb{Q} \cap [0, 1], \\ y & \text{if } x \in \mathbb{Q}^c \cap [0, 1]. \end{cases}$$

Then which of the following statements is (are) true ?

- (A)  $\inf_P L(P, f) = 0.5$  and  $\sup_P L(P, f) = 1$
- (B)  $\inf_P L(P, f)$  does not exist and  $\sup_P L(P, f) = 1$
- (C)  $f$  is not Riemann integrable on  $D$
- (D)  $f$  is discontinuous on a set of content zero in  $D$

**Answer:** (A), (C)

12. Let  $f : [0, \pi] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be defined by

$$f(y) = \begin{cases} \frac{\sin y}{\sqrt{y}} & \text{if } y \in (0, \pi], \\ 0 & \text{if } y = 0. \end{cases}$$

Denote  $J = \int_0^\pi \int_{x^2}^\pi f(y) dy dx$ . Then which of the following statements is (are) true ?

- (A)  $J = 2$
- (B)  $f$  is bounded and continuous on  $[0, \pi]$
- (C)  $f$  is bounded but not continuous on  $[0, \pi]$
- (D)  $f$  is bounded and uniformly continuous on  $[0, \pi]$

**Answer:** (A), (B), (D)