ट्य ट्य मद्भग



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मी-वैम्बाभाव नभ

मीभर्ग-मुर्म-मुर्ग-रुगवसुर-परभुरागउ-भुलाभुष्य-भवहः-पी०भा म्-िक म्डी-क भके ए-पी०भा रणम्ब-मी-मद्भग्राट-भ्राभि-मीभ०-भंभूपनभा

म्ीभाष्य-प्रकृष्ण-भम्भः वैम्-एप्-माभ्-परिपालन-भरु ग

॥ विम्वावम्-भिष्ठ-रुप्प्प्-पुक्तिभा – ग्रन्-ग्रुप्भी॥

गक-भाष-ग्भुभा। ७-मिस्नुगा-2025 यमुभवाडा परभा।

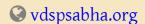
५्मः	21:57	ग्रभुपानभा (भद्भलाः), उद्गणभा (भद्भलाः), स्पः
निभीलनभा	23:01	
भष्टभा	23:42	
उन्नीलनभा	00:23 (मधरगः इ)	म्पनभा (भद्रलुः)
भेवः	01:26 (मधरगः ३)	भेब-भूपनभा (भद्भलाः)

ग्डल-प्भालभी - प्रक्रभी

वैर-एर्-माभु-परिपालन-मङा

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N N 194			4	4	74.194			
पीठिउ <sup>*</sup> नि बङ्गि								
पुत्र-पृष्ठप्रमः , मउिषको, उउउ-पृष्ठप्रमः, पुनत्रमः, विमापा								
(प्रापीन-वाक्त-गिल्ड-म्राह्म उभानि मिप - मउिरुपका, म्विश्वा, मुर्गु, भ्वाडी)								
पीठिउः रामवः								
गणिकभा	मुभः*	भीनः	कएकः	वृ च्चिकः				
भष्टभभा	भिष्रभा	भिंफः	<u> उ</u> ला	भकरः				

(\* = ग्ठलकालिकभा) (मानि-म्लेकाः)

प्रधा रामीनां मुरु-द्रलभा - मेधः, व्यवः, कृता, एनः।

### Contributors

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## Instructions specific for this grahanam

Ahara niyama

- o One yāma is one fourth of the day or night (about 3 hours).
- o On the previous day, food may be taken before midday (about 12 o'clock). In extreme western parts of (Akhanda) Bharat (Narayana Sarovar, Karachi), food may only be taken upto the first yama of that day (about 09:45).

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• Due to this, the shraddha to be done that day for purnima tithi should be done on the next day (of Prathama).

- No food is to be taken that night.
- o For those like children/elders who are not able to stay without food, it is practical to take alpa aharam like gruel (yavagu / kanji) as early as possible before sunset.
- Definitely during the grahanam nothing should be eaten. Correct time for chandra grahana anushthana
- o Modern publications may show 20:58 to 02:25 as the span of this eclipse. But that includes the penumbral phase of the eclipse which is not visible to the eye. 21:56 to 01:26 is the correct time of the visible umbral phase of the eclipse suitable for anushthana.

Upcoming grahanas visible in Bharat

- o The next Chandra Grahana is after six months on Vishvavasu year Kumbha Phalguna Purnima evening (2026 March 03).
- o The next Surya Grahana is two years away on Plavanga year Kataka Ashadha Amavasya (2027 August 02).



## General notes for all grahanas

Jyautisha details

o A lunar eclipse happens because of the earth's shadow falling on the moon. So the start and end times will not change depending on where we see it from.

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o A solar eclipse happens because of the moon's shadow falling on the earth. Due to the movement of this shadow on the surface of the earth, each place will have different start and end times of the eclipse.

- The sandhi of amavasya-prathama or purnima-prathama is known as parva.
- o Globally, a solar eclipse will start before this parva in amavasya at one place and end after it in prathama at another place. But the matter of individual places is different. A grahana occurring in the morning can end within amavasya before prathama. A grahana occurring in the evening can start in prathama after amavasya.
- However since for a lunar eclipse has only one global start and end time, it will always start before the parva in purnima and end after it in prathama.
- o In case of grasta udaya, grahana will start before the rise of sun or moon in our place. But it will obviously be visible only after rise.
- o In case of grasta astamana, grahana will end after the set of sun or moon in our place. But it will obviously be visible only until set.
- o In the case of a lunar eclipse, the penumbra of the earth (where only a part of the sun is blocked) does not cause a visible darkening of the moon and is hence not considered for anushthanam.

#### Bhojana niyamas

- $\circ$  For four yāmams ( $\approx$ 12 hours) before the solar eclipse food should not be eaten. It is three yāmas ( $\approx$ 9 hours) for a lunar eclipse.
- o Food is not to be taken in the night before surya grasta udaya and day before chandra grasta udaya.

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o Food is not to be taken in the night after surva grasta astamana and day after chandra grasta astamana.

- $\circ$  Young children ( $\approx$ 7 years old), elderly ( $\approx$ 70 years old), and sick people need not observe this. Those who cannot observe this can adopt a light diet like milk, fruit. Even in this case, it is necessary to avoid food for at least 1 yāmam ( $\approx$ 3 hours) before.
- Certainly food is not to be taken during the eclipse by anyone.
- None of these restrictions apply to the intake of mother's milk by infants. The age of the child may be taken into consideration.
- o Water, food that is apakva (i.e. uncooked food items) the sampradāya is to protect them with darbha grass. These can be used after eclipse. But food cooked before grahana is not edible after the eclipse.

### Beginning of anushthana

- o Before the start of the eclipse, make sure to keep ready the change of garments, the asanas for the anushtana (ritual), and the tirthapatra. Make sure that all those who have to offer tarpana have their own sesame, darbha, tarpana books.
- o Once the eclipse has begun, one should bathe with the clothes that were worn. Secure water for the grahana anushthana. Put on garments that were kept separately.

### Grahana Ashaucha

o Do not touch anything other than what is needed for the anushthanas at the time of eclipse, especially bed / mat / cloth, till the bath is com-

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plete after the eclipse. If touched, they have to be washed before reusing them. This niyama (restriction) is called grahaṇa āśaucam.

• Other āśaucas like that of the birth / death do not preclude the ability to do this eclipse-related karma. Such people have 'śuddhi' for the duration of the eclipse. Menstruating women too need to bathe with a separately secured water.

#### Grahana Shraddham

- The ancestors are to be propitiated with shraddham / tarpanam during the eclipse. It is also done during the lunar eclipse that occurs at night.
- o In case of Surya Grahanam, if it occurs on the same day as Amavasya Shraddha/Tarpana, there are two opinions:
- Many texts say that the Grahana Shraddha is performed the same way as Amavasya Shraddha ie women ancestors are propitiated together with their husbands and not separately. In such case, only Grahana Shraddha is to be performed.
- One tradition holds that the women ancestors are to be propitiated separately in Grahana Shraddha (but not in Amavasya Shraddha). In such case, Grahana Shraddha and Amavasya Shraddha should be done separately.
- o Make the decision as per how you are performing the grahana shraddham.
- Annual shraddham that is to be performed on the day of grahana may need to be performed on the next day.

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Do-s and don't-s during the punya kala

- o Avoid doing wasteful things. This is an ideal time for worship and prayer.
- o If the grahana occurs during sandhya kala, sandhyavandanam is to be definitely observed even during the grahana. Arghya is to be given before rise or set of sun and japam is then to be done.
- o Mantra japa at the time of eclipses is of great benefit. This is also the best time to get mantra initiation.
- Do not sleep or engage in natural impulses during the eclipse. Therefore, it is better to complete any required toileting beforehand.
- o Dana-s performed during grahana punya kala-s accrue immensely more punya. Do as much dana as possible.
- o In grahana punya kala, all water is equal to Ganga for snanam and anushthanam. All vedadhyayis are equal to Brahma or Vyasa to accept danam. All danam is equal to bhu danam. All places are equal to Kurukshetram. So wherever we may be, we must certainly do snanam danam japam etc.
- o The stotra to ashta dik palakas praying for grahana dosha nivritti is to be read. This stotra is given later.
- o In case of very short grahana-s, do whatever is possible: at least arambha snanam with short sankalpam and set aside something for danam. For grahana shraddha/tarpana if at least sankalpa is done within the punya kala, the rest can be completed as soon as possible even if the grahana is over.

वै़ द-णर-माभ-परिपालन-मङा

• Eclipse should not be observed with naked eyes. You can see with the strength of the light on the garment if desired. Or (if not clear) you can see the reflection - in glass, in water or in a mirror.

- o Pregnant women should not be exposed either to the moonlight or sunlight during the respective eclipse. Therefore, they should avoid looking at the sun. It is best to perform the Bhagavannāma japam or stotram etc. at that time in the interest of the pregnancy.
- After the eclipse is over, one should bathe with the garment that is worn. This mokṣa snāna is very important. If not, the impurity will continue till the next eclipse.
- Even in case of grasta astamana, moksha snana is to be done after the time of moksha as known by shastra. Only after that other smarta anushthanas such as aupasanam or shrauta anushthanas such as sayandoham may be done.

### Grahana shanti/pariharam

- The people born in the rashi/nakshatra in which grahana occurs may if possible perform shanti in the form of homa next day.
- o If grahana occurs in rashis 3, 6, 10, 11 from janma rashi, it will give shubha phala. If it occurs in rashis 2, 5, 7, 9 it will give somewhat ashubha phala. If it occurs in rashis 1, 4, 8, 12 it will give more ashubha phala.
- The same when counted from the grahana rashi: rashis 11, 8, 4, 3 will get shubha phala. Rashis 12, 9, 7, 5 will get somewhat ashubha phala. Rashis 1, 10, 6, 2 will get more ashubha phala.
- The nakshatra in which grahana occurs, the preceding and succeeding nakshatras, the 10th (anujanma) and 19th (trijanma) nakshatras also receive ashubha phala.

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• That is, those born in the rashi/nakshatras receiving ashubha phala will have problems due to the effect of previous karma. Therefore, they should follow the anushthanas with more zeal and do parihara.

• A simple form of parihara is given later.

Punya kala nirnayam

- o Even if one cannot see the sun or moon due to clouds etc, the punya kalam is from when the grahana begins until when it ends as determined by jyautisha shastra.
- o In the case of grasta udayam, the punyakalam is only after the rise of sun or moon. In the case of grasta astamanam, the punyakalam is only until the set of sun or moon. Generally, the punya kalam is when the grahana can be visible.
- o In case of grasta astamana, the sandhya japa which was started already is to be continued upto the time of moksha even after the punya kala is over.
- There is a practice of doing tarpanam in krishna paksha during grahana. But since a solar eclipse can start after amavasya is over as said earlier, and in case of grasta astamana of chandra, this is not always possible. However, since anushthana is mandatory for occurrence of grahana, one should do even if there is no krishna paksha.
- o If a solar eclipse occurs on a Sunday or a lunar eclipse on a Monday (from Monday sunset till Tuesday sunrise) then it is called a Chudamani grahana and the punya kalam accrues limitless benefit.
- Rise/set timings given here if any are calculated as per our tradition. Here refraction or bending of light by the air near the horizon is not

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considered since it is unpredictable. Modern publications calculate

refraction approximately showing rise times a few minutes earlier and set times a few minutes later. For anushthana, traditional times are to be taken.

## ॥ग्रुल-मुरभुपन-मङ्कलुः॥

म्राभनभा मुक्ताभ्राणां + मात्रव। प्राथवाभः। उद्भिव लयं भृद्धिनं उद्भिव उपग्वलं सन्वलं उद्भिव। विम्हु वलं मैववलं उमेव लक्षी पर्देर सियुगं भूग भि॥

मपविदः पविदे वा भवावभूगिरैऽपि वा। यः भू र दुप्रीक वं भ गरु हुनु रः मुग्निः॥

भानमं वाग्निकं पापं कर्राण मभ्यास्तिउभी। मीराभः भूरल्पीव वृधेकित न भंमवः॥ मीराभ राभ राभ

उिषि विभूमुषा वारी नव्हं विभू रिव छ। वैगम् करेलं ग्रैव भन्नं विभूभवं एगडा॥ मीफर गेविन् गेविन् गेविन्।

भभेपा इ-मभमु-म् वि उ- व य- स्वारा मीपर मेम्वर-पी टुर्ग्भा,

म्-हगवउः विभ्रेः नारायणम् मारिष्ट्रया म्परिभिडया मक्ता छ्यभाणम् भन्ता एले भम् भण् पिरिश्मराभा मनिकके एर क्राप्त भा एक उमे प्रिवी-मपा-उपे-वाय-मकाम-यरुद्वर-भरुद्धा-यरुक्तः यरुक्तः यरुक्तः यरुक्तः प्रत्ये यिन्ना भरुद्वि स्क्राप्तः करप्तः भष्टे प्रयुद्धम-हर्वन-यनु जर छु-भर् ल एभु-भूब-माक-माल्म लि-कुम-के मु-प्रभूगापृ-भर्-मीप-भेष्र एभू-सीप रु 13-कि भुरुध-रुपि-उला व 3-1 भुक-रिग्राय व-कुरु-रुप् मु-के युभाला पृ-नव-व पु-र्भेष्ठ **रुपउ-बद्ध**े ७न्-ग्रेश-उप्प-गरुपि-नप्प-भेभू-गन्नब-ग्राप-रुप्यापू-नव-प्रपर्-भूग्रे म्मेरु-निधम-क्रभ्तुए-किभाग्नल-भालुवड्-पानियाउ्क-गन्नभामन-रुगउ-ापतुर कैलाम-विज्ञामला मि-मनिकप्रमेलानां भए म्परकारए-मभ्कारए-विज्ञारए-वीकारए-मुँडारए-वैदारए दि-मनेकप्ए र एनं भए कद्महुमे राभमें उकेदार के

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#### रुर रुर मर्द्भर

रुपीर षी-वभून-नम्मर-दिवली-भलापकारिली-गेरिभी-नुभूवली-उङ्गरुप्-क वटा रि-मने कप्थन री-विग रिउं ४२ ५५, यभ प्भ- यभ प्भ- यव विक प्री-कि भिन प्री-मवेष्णप्री-म्वाका-भव्याप्री-भाषाप्री-कामीप्री-काम्वीप्राम्-मनेकप्रप्रान-विग स्टिउ

मकल-एगडा-म् धा चम्च य-एविनः रूक्णः मिडीय-पराचे पक्कामा-मर्गि प्षम वद्व प्षम भाम प्षम पह प्षम दिवम मिक् मिक्रीय याम उठीय भूकर भायभुव-भागे प्रिष-उर्हभ-उर्हभ-रिवर-प्राक्षपाष्ट्रिष् पद्म भन्ष् मडीरेष् पप्ने वैवभ्रद-भन्न उर्हे म्हाविमिडिउमे कलिय्गे प्षमे पार मिन्ना वरुभाने वृतकारिकालं प्रवासीनं पक्षः मंतद्भगातं**ः** भर्षे

विश्वावम् - नाभ-मंवद्भा रिक्ण्यन वद्भ - एउँ मिंक- रास्पर-भाम मुक्त -पब् (३३:३४)/त्र्भू -पब् भे कमामृं (३३:३४)/प्षभायं मुरु-ठिषे रात् वामगय्त्रायं पुत्रपृष्ठिपरा-नबर्युक्त यां एडि-चेगयुक्त यां वत-करण (३३:३४; वालव-करण)-युज्जायाभा एवं-गुल्प-विमिक्षायाभा ग्रमृं भेकिभामृं (३३:३५)/प्षभायं मुरु उिषे -

मना मि-मविम्ह-वाभनया प्वरुभाने मिभूना भन्ना भंभार एके विधिराहिः क्रमगडििकः विणिर्म वैनिध् प्रःप्रः मनिकण एनिङ्ग कैनापि प्रथकम्विमिष्ण उद्मानी रूप-भान् ध-म्विष्ण्यान् विमिधं प्रथुव उः भभ –

एमुहुभाउ एम्प्रिड एउडा-ब्ल-पद नं गल् केभार येवन भएम वयमि वा चकि ए एग्डा-भ्रथ-म्ध्रि-मवभूम् भने-वाका्-कायापृ-दिकर्णि भ्या कर्मिन् य-ह्ननिव्य-बृपार्केः भभाविष्टानाभा ওত एन्निन एन्नान्त । हनाहन-त्रुनां भकापाउकानां भकापाउक-मन्भनुङ्गाधीनां मभपाउकानाभा उपपाउकानां भलिनी-करण्यां गमुणन-मूम्पन-उपर्यावनामीनाभा म्यारीकरण्यां एडिइंमकरण्यं विकिउकम् द्वाग-निन्दियभगाग्य प्राप्तीनं ह्वनः मनुद्रा नुद्वानाभा मह्ननः मभनुद्रा क्तुउननं भत्रे भंग्यानं भद्रः म्रथने सनार्त्ते −

भक्र गर्भ्यष्टा मि-मभमु-वैम्बिक-मैवङ्ग-मित्र प्रेचे (\_\_\_\_-नम्हः पुच्च/मिक्षिल्/पिस्चिमे/उउउ र्री । \_\_\_\_- पृष्ट'-र्री रे । प्रन्-गृष्ठण-पृष्ट'-काल गृष्ठण'-मुरम्-मानभा मर् कि विधि (मप उपम्मु।)

> गङ्ग गङ्गिति वे इया द्वेष्टनानां महैरिपा भ्रष्ट्र भवपापिके विभूतिकं भ गम्बिधा

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गङ्ग ग यभ्ने ग्वि गेम्प्वित भरभुडि। नम्मे भिन्न करवेरि एलेऽभिन्ना भन्निणिं कुका

म्डिक्र भठाकाय कला उर्राठनेपभा हैरवाय नभभुकृभा मन्हं राउभा मह्मा॥

(प्रेब्र - भग्नः / भु न- भग्नः)

(भाजा वम् एका मुलामा ववा पृष्ण वलंग म मुक्ता म्म म्य मुख्या)

## ॥उर् ००-भद्रलुः॥

मपिवरः पिवर्दे वा + पृष्ट'िउ में (प्राप्तीना वीडी) गेराण्णभा + पृष्ट'िउ में प्रमुन्गुरुण्य-पृष्ट'-काल वनस्वय-पिद्यना उम्मिम् डिल-डमुणं कि सिम्र

# ॥ग्रुल-पिक पः॥

पीठिउ <sup>न</sup> नब् <i>र्</i> नि						
प्रत्र-पृष्ठप्रमः*, मउिषकां, उउउ-पृष्ठप्रमः, पुनत्रमः, विमापा।						
(भ्रापीन-काक्त-गिल्ड-म्रेड्ड अभानि मिप – मडिरु मका, म्विष्ठा, मुरू, भ्राडी)						
पीठिउः रामयः						
गणिकभा	मुभः*	भीनः	कएकः	वृद्धिकः	<u>্</u> জ	
भष्टुभभा	भिष्रभा	भिंफः	<b>उ</b> ला	भक्राः		

(\* = ग्ठलकालिकभा)

ध्नेर्नले ६५७०१ मा ४००० प्रायेशे वाय्-नुग्रा-मात्राः भक्तम्हार भभ गामि-भंम् छन्परागं मभयनु भन्नाः

Those born in the previously mentioned rashis/nakshatras should perform parihara. Write the above verse on a card or a palm leaf and chant least a few times before tying it on the forehead.

The grahana is of Chandra. Paddy dhanya pleases Chandra.

वें म- ए म्-मा भु-परि पाल न-म रा

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Thus when the eclipse is over, perform danam of the above dhanyas with this card / palm leaf and offer it on the same or next day along with tambūlam and some daksina.

Repeat the following eight verses below as many times as possible.

# ॥परिष्ठा-भुउभा॥

वें,भे वस्परे दिवः मुद्दिरानं प्रुप्तः। मलभूनचनः मुक्तः गुरुपीरुं वृपेलु ॥०॥

भाषं यः भवरिकानं भभाष्टिगभिउद्गितः। गन्मदे पर गेङ्गभा मियः पी इं वृपेष्ठु॥॥

यः क्यूमाबी लेकानां यभे भिष्ठधवाष्ठनः। मन्मदेपगगेद्वं ग्रुपीछं वृधेरुदु॥आ

र के गल्णिपः भाका उप्पल यानल भविकः। उगः कराले निर्मा एकिः गुरुपी कं वृपेरुदु॥मा

न गपाम एरे हिवः महा भकर वा छनः। वरले एलले कमे ग्रंपी इं वृधेरु आशा

यः प्राप्तुपे लेकानं वायः तुम्रभगिष्यः। मन्मदे परागेद्वां ग्रूपी इं वृधेरु ३॥ ३॥

येऽभी निणिपिउर् वः पिक्समुल एरे वरः। ग्रन्भद्रेपगगेंद्रं कल्पं म व्पेष्ठु॥॥

येऽभी मुल एवे कर्ः मद्भवे त् धवा कराः। ग्रन् मुटे परागे दें दें नाम यु द्रुभा। इ।



वैर-एर्-माभ्-परिपालन-भरा



# ॥म्पन-भद्भल्यः॥

भभेपाइ + पीटुर्न \_\_\_गेंद्रेम्बर्ग / गेंद्रेम्बरायाः \_\_\_नब्द \_\_\_्रामे एउम् / एउ याः \_\_\_\_-मर्भाः/-नाभः/-नाभुः ग्रन्-ग्रुः ग्रन्-ग्रुः कालिक-ग्रामि-निव्हामि-भृगिउउया मभुविउम् मवविणम् मनिस्मृ पिरिज्याः तं वषामिति जिरए पानं किरिधृ

> किरप्रगर्-गर्भं किभीएं विरुप्तभें। मननु-प्रथ-दल मभा मडः मानि प्यम् भा

गेंदैम्बम् / गेंदैम्बायाः \_\_\_नब्दं \_\_\_गमें एउम् / एउपाः \_\_\_-माः "--ना भः/-ना भाः यन्-ग्रुलः-कालिक-गिम-निष्याम्-मियउउया भभः विउम् भवविषम् मिनिस्मृ परिकार रिभा उद्दे किरएं भद्दिल्ल कं भड़ा भूलं क्कल व – उहुभा / भनभा उम्प्रिंग्य / यम् कम् गिर्मा – गरं मभुर्मः न भभा

# ॥भेब-भूप-भक्कलुः॥

भभेपा इ-मभमु-म् रिउ-व य-म्वारा मीपर मेम्वर-पीटुर्, छन्-ग्रुल्य-भेव-मानं करिम्व



वैम्-णग्न-माभु-परिपालन-मरा

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