Need to use a proper script for Samskritam

Even though Bhagavan understands all languages, the power of our Bharatiya languages cannot be matched in expressing our cultural values especially when rising to the plane of conversing with Bhagavan. Of them, the Samskrita bhasha is special in that it is pan-Bharatiya. Hence our scriptures, anushthana paddhati-s and a lot of bhakti sahitya texts are in Samskrita only.

We know that in Samskritam, especially for anushthanam, sound/pronunciation is important. Therefore one should write and read sankalpa shloka-s etc for anushthanam in an appropriate script which is capable of distinguishing all the sounds of Samskritam.

Now the Latin (English) script was evolved for other languages, and we all know the difficulty of correlating spelling and pronunciation even in English. Further, more letters are required to write Samskritam than English as there are more sounds in it. However, since Latin script is widely known, scholars felt it useful to create a Latin-based transliteration system for Samskritam.

In such a system, Latin letters which may be casually applied to different sounds need to be differentiated. For instance in Rama the first or second "a" may denote a long sound. This is differentiated as Rāma or Ramā. Similarly, other marks called diacritics are used to differentiate sounds as in aā iī uū rṛṛ lll̄ mṃ hḥ nṅñṇ tṭ dḍ sśṣ. Aspirated (mahāprāna) sounds are denoted with an additional h as in k/kh, g/gh, c/ch, j/jh, t/th, d/dh, t/th, d/dh, p/ph, b/bh.

However, a system is useful only if followed correctly. If diacritics or added h-s are ignored and we do not read with the intended pronunciation, then the transliteration is no longer useful for its intended purpose. It is very easy to ignore diacritics as they are not in daily use. It would then have altogether been better to use a script which actually has different symbols for the sounds.

Therefore **it is strongly recommended to learn a Bharatiya script** like Devanagari, Grantha, Telugu, Kannada etc **which has clearly different letters to denote the various sounds**. Our documents are published in many such scripts.

However, with a view to help people who are not able to immediately learn such scripts, we are now publishing documents in Latin transliteration as well as per the system called International Alphabet of Sanskrit Transliteration (IAST). For the above reasons, people should use these as a temporary measure till they learn a Bharatiya script.

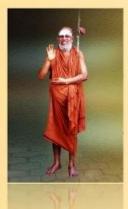
The Samskrita varnamala in IAST is given below with Devanagari equivalents:

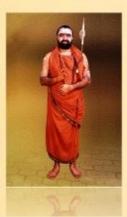
```
a अ, ā आ, i इ, ī ई, u उ, ū ऊ, ṛ ऋ, ṭ ऋ, ṭ ॡ, ṭ ॡ ṭa ट, ṭha ठ, ḍa ड, ḍha ढ, ṇa ण
e ए, ai ऐ, o ओ, au औ, aṃ अं, aḥ अः ta त, tha थ, da द, dha ध, na न
ka क, kha ख, ga ग, gha घ, ṇa ङ pa प, pha फ, ba ब, bha भ, ma म
ca च, cha छ, ja ज, jha झ, ña ञ ya य, ra र, la ल, va व, śa रा, ṣa प, sa प, sa प, sa प, sa प, sa ए, sa ए,
```











śrī-vedavyāsāya namaḥ

śrīmad-ādya-śankara-bhagavatpādaparamparāgata-mūlāmnāya-sarvajña-pītham śrī-kāncī-kāmakoţi-pīţham jagadguru-śrī-śankarācārya-svāmi-śrīmathasamsthānam

||kṛṣṇāṅgāraka-caturdaśī-yama-tarpaṇam|

5126 krodhī-makara -15 kṛṣṇāṅgāraka-caturdaśī (28.01.2025)

dīpotsavacaturdaśyām kāryam tu yamatarpaņam kṛṣṇāṅgāracaturdaśyām api kāryam sadaiva vā

kṛṣṇapakṣe caturdaśyām aṅgārakadinam yadā tadā snātvā śubhe toye kurvīta yamatarpaṇam

According to the above verses from Vaidyanatha Dīkshitīyam (Āhnika Kānda, Uttarārdha), on Naraka Chaturdashi and also on Krishna Angaraka Chaturdashi, i.e. when Chaturdashi of Krishna Paksha falls on a Tuesday, one must perform Yama Tarpanam.

jīvatpitā'pi kurvīta tarpaņam yamabhīşmayoh

veda-dharma-śāstra-paripālana-sabhā

© 9884655618 **4** © 8072613857 **4**





hara hara śankara

jaya jaya sankara

As per the above verse, Yama Tarpanam and Bhishma Tarpanam must be performed by even those whose fathers are alive.

> ekaikena tilairmiśrān dadyāt trīmstrīn jalānjalīn samvatsarakrtam pāpam tatksanādeva nasyati

kṛṣṇapakṣe caturdaśyām yām kāñcit saritam prati yamunāyām viśeṣeṇa niyatastarpayed yamam

yatra kvacana nadyām hi snātvā kṛṣṇacaturdaśīm santarpya dharmarājam tu mucyate sarvakilbişaih

daksinābhimukho bhūtvā tilaih savyam samāhitah devatīrthena devatvāt tilaih pretādhipo yatah

On such Krishna paksha Chaturdashi days, one must perform snānam in Yamuna or other rivers, and perform Tarpanam for Yama. Doing so, the papam accumulated over the entire year are destroyed instantly—such a lofty phalam is described for Yama Tarpanam.

Method of performing Tarpana — Facing South, offer water via Deva tirtha (the same way one performs Deva Tarpanam in Sandhyavandanam or Brahmayajna) along with black sesame seeds. Each time, offer water with sesame thrice.

yajñopavītinā kāryam prācīnāvītinā'thavā As per the above verse, the Tarpanam can be performed by wearing the Yajnopavītam as Upavītī, or Prācīnāvītī.

sankalpah

ācamanam suklāmbaradharam + śāntaye prāṇāyāmaḥ mamopāttasamastaduritakṣayadvārā śrīparameśvaraprītyartham śubhe śobhane muhūrte adya brahmaṇaḥ dvitīyaparārdhe śvetavarāhakalpe vaivasvatamanvantare aṣṭāviṃśatitame kaliyuge prathame pāde jambūdvīpe bhāratavarse bharatakhande meroh daksiņe pārśve asmin vartamāne vyāvahārikāņām prabhavādīnām şaṣṭyāḥ samvatsarānām

veda-dharma-śāstra-paripālana-sabhā © 9884655618 **②** 8072613857 **②** vdspsabha@gmail.com **②** vdspsabha.org madhye **krodhi**-nāma-samvatsare **uttarāyane hemanta**-rtau **makara-pausa**māse **krsna**-pakse **caturdaśyām** śubhatithau **bhauma**vāsarayuktāyām pūrvāṣāḍhā-nakṣatra (08:57)yuktāyām vajra-yogayuktāyām bhadrā-karaṇa (08:10; **śakuni**-karana)yuktāyām evam-guna-viśesana-viśistāyām asyām caturdaśyām

yamadharmarājaprītyartham kṛṣṇāṅgāraka-caturdaśī-puṇyakāle vamatarpanam karisye

tarpana-mantrāh

- 1. yamam tarpayāmi yamam tarpayāmi yamam tarpayāmi
- dharmarājam tarpayāmi dharmarājam tarpayāmi dharmarājam 2. tarpayāmi||
- 3. mrtyum tarpayāmi mrtyum tarpayāmi mrtyum tarpayāmi
- 4. antakam tarpayāmi antakam tarpayāmi antakam tarpayāmi
- 5. vaivasvatam tarpayāmi vaivasvatam tarpayāmi vaivasvatam tarpayāmi
- 6. kālam tarpayāmi kālam tarpayāmi kālam tarpayāmi
- 7. sarvabhūtakṣayam tarpayāmi sarvabhūtakṣayam tarpayāmi sarvabhūtaksayam tarpayāmi||
- 8. audumbaram tarpayāmi audumbaram tarpayāmi audumbaram tarpayāmi
- 9. dadhnam tarpayāmi dadhnam tarpayāmi dadhnam tarpayāmi
- 10. nīlam tarpayāmi nīlam tarpayāmi nīlam tarpayāmi
- 11. paramesthinam tarpayāmi paramesthinam tarpayāmi paramesthinam tarpayāmi||
- 12. vṛkodaram tarpayāmi vṛkodaram tarpayāmi vṛkodaram tarpayāmi
- 13. citram tarpayāmi citram tarpayāmi citram tarpayāmi
- citraguptam tarpayāmi citraguptam tarpayāmi citraguptam tarpayāmi



Following this, perform Japa of the following names 10 times japah—

veda-dharma-śāstra-paripālana-sabhā

© 9884655618 **4** © 8072613857 **4**

vdspsabha@gmail.com vdspsabha.org

yamo nihantā pitrdharmarājo vaivasvato daņḍadharaśca kālaḥ pretādhipo dattakṛtānusārī kṛtāntaḥ (etad daśakṛjjapanti) Following this, perform Namaskara namaskāraḥ-

> nīlaparvatasankāśo rudrakopasamudbhavah kālo daņḍadharo devo vaivasvata namo'stu te

veda-dharma-śāstra-paripālana-sabhā

© 8072613857 **4**

✓ vdspsabha@gmail.com **② vdspsabha.org**