Need to use a proper script for Samskritam

Even though Bhagavan understands all languages, the power of our Bharatiya languages cannot be matched in expressing our cultural values especially when rising to the plane of conversing with Bhagavan. Of them, the Samskrita bhasha is special in that it is pan-Bharatiya. Hence our scriptures, anushthana paddhati-s and a lot of bhakti sahitya texts are in Samskrita only.

We know that in Samskritam, especially for anushthanam, sound/pronunciation is important. Therefore one should write and read sankalpa shloka-s etc for anushthanam in an appropriate script which is capable of distinguishing all the sounds of Samskritam.

Now the Latin (English) script was evolved for other languages, and we all know the difficulty of correlating spelling and pronunciation even in English. Further, more letters are required to write Samskritam than English as there are more sounds in it. However, since Latin script is widely known, scholars felt it useful to create a Latin-based transliteration system for Samskritam.

In such a system, Latin letters which may be casually applied to different sounds need to be differentiated. For instance in Rama the first or second "a" may denote a long sound. This is differentiated as Rāma or Ramā. Similarly, other marks called diacritics are used to differentiate sounds as in aā iī uū rṛṛ lll̄ mṃ hḥ nṅñṇ tṭ dḍ sśṣ. Aspirated (mahāprāna) sounds are denoted with an additional h as in k/kh, g/gh, c/ch, j/jh, t/th, d/dh, t/th, d/dh, p/ph, b/bh.

However, a system is useful only if followed correctly. If diacritics or added h-s are ignored and we do not read with the intended pronunciation, then the transliteration is no longer useful for its intended purpose. It is very easy to ignore diacritics as they are not in daily use. It would then have altogether been better to use a script which actually has different symbols for the sounds.

Therefore **it is strongly recommended to learn a Bharatiya script** like Devanagari, Grantha, Telugu, Kannada etc **which has clearly different letters to denote the various sounds**. Our documents are published in many such scripts.

However, with a view to help people who are not able to immediately learn such scripts, we are now publishing documents in Latin transliteration as well as per the system called International Alphabet of Sanskrit Transliteration (IAST). For the above reasons, people should use these as a temporary measure till they learn a Bharatiya script.

The Samskrita varnamala in IAST is given below with Devanagari equivalents:

```
a अ, ā आ, i इ, ī ई, u उ, ū ऊ, ṛ ऋ, ṭ ऋ, ṭ ॡ, ṭ ॡ ṭa ट, ṭha ठ, ḍa ड, ḍha ढ, ṇa ण
e ए, ai ऐ, o ओ, au औ, aṃ अं, aḥ अः ta त, tha थ, da द, dha ध, na न
ka क, kha ख, ga ग, gha घ, ṇa ङ pa प, pha फ, ba ब, bha भ, ma म
ca च, cha छ, ja ज, jha झ, ña ञ ya य, ra र, la ल, va व, śa रा, ṣa प, sa प, sa प, sa प, sa प, sa ए, sa ए,
```

om











om

śrīmad-ādyaśaṅkarabhagavatpāda-paramparāgata-mūlāmnāya-sarvajñapīṭhaśrī-kāñcī-kāmakoṭi-pīṭhaṃ jagadguru-śaṅkarācāryasvāmi-śrīmaṭhasaṃsthānam

amṛtasiddhiyoga-devī-pārāyaṇam

Announcement regarding parayanam to be done on days of Amritasiddhi Yoga as directed by Jagadguru Shri Kanchi Kamakoti Peetadhipati Shri Shankara Vijayendra Sarasvati Shankaracharya Swamigal

Time is the basis of all actions. As is well known, actions executed at the proper time bear more fruit.

In the cyclic rotation of time, along with the bad combinations of grahas and nakshatras that indicate the probability of upcoming difficulties, good combinations that grant benefits in multiples also arise. The sages who know this subtle nature of time have done us immeasurable anugraham by telling us about this via shastram. They have shown the way to protect ourselves for times when difficulties may arise, and to attain happiness by making efforts to do good deeds in beneficial times.

Among such good combinations are the Amrita Siddhi yogas of certain weekdays and nakshatras. They are Sunday-Hasta, Monday-Mrigashirsha,

Tuesday-Ashvini, Wednesday-Anuradha, Thursday-Pushya, Friday-Revati, Saturday-Rohini.

आदित्यहस्ते गुरुपुष्ययोगे बुधानुराधा श्रानिरोहिणी च। सोमे च सौम्यं भृगुरेवती च भौमाश्विनी चामृतसिद्धियोगाः॥

As per the reading सोमश्रवण्याम् in the same verse, Monday-Shravana is also praised as a special yoga. Good deeds performed on such yogas become especially strong in protecting and nourishing us.

For instance, in Devi Atharvashirsha, it is said भौमाश्विन्यां महादेवीसन्निधौ जस्वा महामृत्युं तरित, that is, one can cross even a gruesome death by doing parayanam when Tuesday and Ashvini join.

Therefore on these potent days, Shri Acharya Swamigal instructs to perform the following Devi-related parayanas as per achara and tradition and achieve both loka kshemam and one's own kshemam.

- o Do parayana of all texts given below as far as possible.
- o If unable to do on a single day, it may be done by starting or finishing on the day with Amrita Siddhi yoga.
- This is to be done after completing snanam, sandhyavandanam and other nitya karmanushthanam.

Texts for parayanam

- 1. Durga Saptashati
- 2. Lalita Sahasranamam
- 3. Saundarya Lahari
- 4. Durga Stuti from Virata Parva of Mahabharata (see appendix)
- 5. Durga Chandrakala Stuti of Appayya Dikshitar (see appendix)
- 6. Durga Stuti from Bhishma Parva of Mahabharata (see appendix)
- 7. Durga Pancharatnam, composed by Shri Chandrashekharendra Sarasvati

Shankaracharya Swamigal, 68th Acharya of our Shri Kanchi Kamakoti Moolamnaya Sarvajna Peetam (see appendix)

- 8. Mahishasura Mardini Stotram
- 9. Abhirami Anthathi (Tamil)

Naivedyam: Dadhi-annam (curd rice)

Please do the parayanam with sankalpam as given below and receive the Grace of Guru and Devi.

||saṅkalpaḥ||

mamopātta + prītyartham bhagavatyāh jagadambāyāh prasādena -

- o idānīm loke sarvatra prasṛtasya sāṅkrāmika-roga-viśeṣasya niśśeṣam unmūlanārtham,
- o janānām durvicāra-nivṛtti-pūrvaka-sadvicāra-abhivṛddhyartham,
- o sādhūnām dhārmikāṇām ca dhairya-viśvāsa-puṣṭi-siddhyartham, ādharmika-śaktīnām vināśārtham,
- o tad-dvārā sarvaloka-kṣemārtham
- o bhāratīyānām mahājanām vighna-nivṛtti-pūrvaka-satkārya-pravṛtti-dvārā aihika-āmuṣmika-abhyudaya-prāptyartham, asatkāryebhyaḥ nivṛttyartham
- o bhāratīyānām santateḥ sanātana-sampradāye śraddhā-bhaktyoḥ abhivṛddhyartham
- o sarveṣāṃ dvipadāṃ catuṣpadām anyeṣāṃ ca prāṇi-vargāṇām ārogyayukta-sukha-jīvana-avāptyartham
- o asmākam saha-kuṭumbānām dharma-artha-kāma-mokṣa-rūpa-caturvidha-puruṣārtha-siddhyartham viveka-vairāgya-siddhyartham

durgāsaptaśatī-lalitāsahasranāma-saundaryalaharī-virāṭaparvadurgāstutidurgācandrakalāstuti-mahiṣāsuramardinīstotra-abhirāmyantādistotrapārāyaṇaṃ kariṣye |



krodhi-samvatsara-amṛta-siddhi-yoga-dināni

2024-04-21	Sun	meṣaḥ 8	ādityahasta-yogaḥ 17:06 ►
2024-05-07	Tue	meṣaḥ 24	bhaumāśvinī-yogaḥ ►15:31
2024-05-19	Sun	vṛṣabhaḥ 6	ādityahasta-yogaḥ
2024-06-16	Sun	mithunam 2	ādityahasta-yogaḥ ▶11:11
2024-06-19	Wed	mithunam 5	budhānurādhā-yogaḥ 17:21 ►
2024-06-24	Mon	mithunam 10	somaśrāvaṇī-yogaḥ 15:52 ►
2024-07-17	Wed	karkaṭaḥ 2	budhānurādhā-yogaḥ
2024-07-22	Mon	karkaṭaḥ 7	somaśrāvaṇī-yogaḥ
2024-07-26	Fri	karkaṭaḥ 11	bhṛgurevatī-yogaḥ 14:28 ►
2024-08-14	Wed	karkaṭaḥ 30	budhānurādhā-yogaḥ ▶12:10
2024-08-19	Mon	siṃhaḥ 3	somaśrāvaṇī-yogaḥ ▶08:08
2024-08-23	Fri	siṃhaḥ 7	bhṛgurevatī-yogaḥ
2024-10-21	Mon	tulā 5	somamṛgaśīrṣa-yogaḥ 06:48 ►
2024-10-24	Thu	tulā 8	gurupuṣya-yogaḥ 06:13 ►
2024-11-18	Mon	vṛścikaḥ 3	somamṛgaśīrṣa-yogaḥ ►15:46
2024-11-21	Thu	vṛścikaḥ 6	gurupuṣya-yogaḥ ►15:33
2024-12-14	Sat	vṛścikaḥ 29	śanirohiṇī-yogaḥ
2025-01-07	Tue	dhanuḥ 23	bhaumāśvinī-yogaḥ 17:48 ►
2025-01-11	Sat	dhanuḥ 27	śanirohiṇī-yogaḥ ▶12:27
2025-01-19	Sun	makaraḥ 6	ādityahasta-yogaḥ 17:28 ►
2025-02-04	Tue	makaraḥ 22	bhaumāśvinī-yogaḥ
2025-02-16	Sun	kumbhaḥ 4	ādityahasta-yogaḥ
2025-03-16	Sun	mīnaḥ 2	ādityahasta-yogaḥ ▶11:44

||durgāstutiḥ||

vaiśampāyana uvāca

virāṭanagaraṃ ramyaṃ gacchamāno yudhiṣṭhiraḥ astuvanmanasā devīṃ durgāṃ tribhuvaneśvarīm 1
yaśodāgarbhasambhūtām nārāyaṇavarapriyām nandagopakule jātāṃ maṅgalyāṃ kulavardhanīm 2
kaṃsavidrāvaṇakarīmasurāṇāṃ kṣayaṅkarīm śilātaṭavinikṣiptāmākāśaṃ prati gāminīm 3
vāsudevasya bhaginīm divyamālyavibhūṣitām divyāmbaradharām devīm khaḍgakheṭakadhāriṇīm 4
bhārāvataraṇe puṇye ye smaranti sadā śivām tān vai tārayase pāpātpaṅke gāmiva durbalām 5
stotum pracakrame bhūyo vividhaiḥ stotrasambhavaiḥ āmantrya darśanākāṅkṣī rājā devīm sahānujaḥ 6
namo'stu varade kṛṣṇe kumāri brahmacāriṇi bālārkasadṛśākāre pūrṇacandranibhānane 7
caturbhuje caturvaktre pīnaśroṇipayodhare mayūrapicchavalaye keyūrāṅgadadhāriṇi 8
bhāsi devi yathā padmā nārāyaṇaparigrahaḥ svarūpaṃ brahmacaryaṃ ca viśadaṃ tava khecari 9
kṛṣṇacchavisamā kṛṣṇā saṅkarṣaṇasamānanā bibhratī vipulau bāhū śakradhvajasamucchrayau 10
pātrī ca paṅkajī ghaṇṭī strī viśuddhā ca yā bhuvi pāśaṃ dhanurmahācakraṃ vividhānyāyudhāni ca
kuṇḍalābhyāṃ supūrṇābhyāṃ karṇābhyāṃ ca vibhūṣitā candravispardhinā devi mukhena tvaṃ virājase 12

mukuṭena vicitreṇa keśabandhena śobhinā bhujaṅgābhogavāsena śroṇisūtreṇa rājatā 13
vibhrājase cābaddhena bhogeneveha mandaraḥ dhvajena śikhipicchānāmucchritena virājase 14
kaumāram vratamāsthāya tridivam pāvitam tvayā tena tvam stūyase devi tridaśaih pūjyase'pi ca 15
trailokyarakṣaṇārthāya mahiṣāsuranāśini prasannā me suraśreṣṭhe dayāṃ kuru śivā bhava 16
jayā tvam vijayā caiva saṅgrāme ca jayapradā mamāpi vijayam dehi varadā tvam ca sāmpratam 17
vindhye caiva nagaśreṣṭhe tava sthānaṃ hi śāśvatam kāli kāli mahākāli śīdhumāṃsapaśupriye 18
kṛtānuyātrā bhūtaistvaṃ varadā kāmacāriṇī bhārāvatāre ye ca tvāṃ saṃsmariṣyanti mānavāḥ 19
praṇamanti ca ye tvāṃ hi prabhāte tu narā bhuvi na teṣāṃ durlabhaṃ kiñcitputrato dhanato'pi vā 20
durgāttārayase durge tat tvam durgā smṛtā janaiḥ kāntāreṣvavasannānām magnānām ca mahārṇave dasyubhirvā niruddhānām tvam gatiḥ paramā nṛṇām 21
jalaprataraņe caiva kāntāreṣvaṭavīṣu ca ye smaranti mahādevi na ca sīdanti te narāḥ 22
tvam kīrtih śrīrdhṛtih siddhirhrīrvidyā santatirmatih sandhyā rātrih prabhā nidrā jyotsnā kāntih kṣamā dayā 23
nṛṇāṃ ca bandhanaṃ mohaṃ putranāśaṃ dhanakṣayam vyādhiṃ mṛtyuṃ bhayaṃ caiva pūjitā nāśayiṣyasi
so'ham rājyātparibhraṣṭaḥ śaraṇam tvām prapannavān praṇataśca yathā mūrdhnā tava devi sureśvari

śaranam bhava me durge śaranye bhaktavatsale 26 evam stutā hi sā devī darśayāmāsa pāṇḍavam upagamya tu rājānamidam vacanamabravīt 27 devyuvāca śrnu rājanmahābāho madīyam vacanam prabho vijayastava||28|| saṅgrāme bhavişyatyacirādeva prasādānnirjitya hatvā kauravavāhinīm mama rājyam niṣkanṭakam kṛtvā bhokṣyase medinīm punaḥ 29 bhrātrbhih sahito rājanprītim prāpsyasi puskalām matprasādācca te saukhyamārogyam ca bhaviṣyati 30 ye ca sankīrtayişyanti loke vigatakalmaşāh teṣām tuṣṭā pradāsyāmi rājyamāyurvapuḥ sutam 31 pravāse nagare vā'pi sangrāme śatrusankate atavyām durgakāntāre sāgare gahane girau||32|| ye smarisyanti mām rājan yathā'ham bhavatā smrtā na teṣām durlabham kiñcidasmin loke bhaviṣyati 33 idam stotravaram bhaktyā śrnuyādvā patheta vā tasya sarvāņi kāryāņi siddhim yāsyanti pāndavāh 34 matprasādācca vaḥ sarvānvirāṭanagare sthitān na prajñāsyanti kuravo narā vā tannivāsinah 35 ityuktvā varadā devī yudhisthiramarindamam rakṣāṃ kṛtvā ca pāṇḍūnāṃ tatraivāntaradhīyata 36 liti śrīmanmahābhārate virāţaparvaņi pāndavapraveśaparvaņi astamo'dhyāyah||

trāhi mām padmapatrāksi satye satyā bhavasva nah

||durgācandrakalāstutiḥ||

```
vedhoharīśvarastutyām vihartrīm vindhyabhūdhare
haraprāņeśvarīm vande hantrīm vibudhavidviṣām 1
  abhyarthanena sarasīruhasambhavasya
      tyaktvoditā
                    bhagavadaksipidhānalīlām
  viśveśvarī
            vipadapākaraņe purastāt
      mātā mamāstu madhukaiṭabhayornihantrī 2
                       nihitairnijaśaktileśaih
    prānnirjaresu
       ekībhavadbhiruditā'khilalokaguptyai
    sampannaśastranikarā ca tadāyudhasthaih
       mātā mamāstu mahiṣāntakarī purastāt 3
   prāleyaśailatanayātanukāntisampat-
                     kuvalayacchavicārudehā
      kośoditā
   nārāyaṇī namadabhīpsitakalpavallī
      suprītimāvahatu śumbhaniśumbhahantrī 4
   viśveśvarīti mahiṣāntakarīti yasyāḥ
                            nāmabhirankitāni
      nārāyanītyapi
                      ca
   sūktāni pankajabhuvā ca surarşibhiśca
      dṛṣṭāni pāvakamukhaiśca śivām bhaje tām 5
    utpattidaityahananastavanātmakāni
       samrakşakānyakhilabhūtahitāya yasyāh
    sūktānyaśesanigamāntavidah pathanti
       tām viśvamātaramajasramabhistavīmi [6]
 ye vaipracittapunarutthitaśumbhamukhyaih
    durbhiksaghorasamayena
                                      kāritāsu
                                ca
 āviskṛtāstrijagadārtisu
                               rūpabhedāh
    tairambikā samabhirakṣatu mām vipadbhyaḥ 7
```

yadīyamaravindabhavādidṛṣṭam sūktam āvartya devyanupadam surathah samādhih dvāvapyavāpaturabhīṣṭamananyalabhyam tāmādidevataruņīm praņamāmi mūrdhnā | 8 | māhismatītanubhavam ca rurum ca hantum āvişkṛtairnijarasādavatārabhedaiḥ astādaśāhatanavāhatakotisankhyaih ambā sadā samabhirakṣatu mām vipadbhyaḥ 9 etaccaritramakhilam likhitam hi yasyāh vā sadana sampūjitam eva niveśitam durgam ca tārayati dustaramapyaśeṣam śreyah prayacchati ca sarvamumām bhaje tām 10 yatpūjanastutinamaskṛtibhirbhavanti pitāmaharameśaharāstrayo'pi prītāh teṣāmapi svakaguṇairdadatī vapūṃṣi tāmīśvarasya taruṇim śaraṇam prapadye 11 kāntāramadhyadrdhalagnatayā'vasannāh magnāśca vāridhijale ripubhiśca ruddhāḥ yasyāḥ prapadya caraṇau vipadastaranti sā me sadā'stu hṛdi sarvajagatsavitrī 12 bandhe vadhe mahati mṛtyubhaye prasakte vittakṣaye ca vividhe ca mahopatāpe yatpādapūjanamiha pratikāramāhuh sā me samastajananī śaraṇaṃ bhavānī 13 bāṇāsuraprahitapannagabandhamokṣaḥ tadbāhudarpadalanāduşayā ca yogah prādyumninā drutamalabhyata yatprasādāt sā me śivā sakalamapyaśubham kṣinotu||14||

pāpaḥ pulastyatanayaḥ punarutthito mām adyāpi hartumayamāgata ityudītam yatsevanena bhayamindirayā'vadhūtaṃ tāmādidevataruṇīṃ śaraṇaṃ gato'smi||15|| yad dhyānajaṃ sukhamavāpyamanantapuṇyaiḥ sākṣāt tamacyutaparigrahamāśvavāpuḥ| gopāṅganāḥ kila yadarcanapuṇyamātrāḥ sā me sadā bhagavatī bhavatu prasannā||16|| rātriṃ prapadya iti mantravidaḥ prapannān

rātrim prapadya iti mantravidah prapannān udbodhya mṛtyavadhimanyaphalaih pralobhya buddhvā ca tadvimukhatām pratanam nayantīm ākāśamādijananīm jagatām bhaje tām 17

deśakāleṣu duṣṭeṣu durgācandrakalāstutiḥ sandhyayoranusandheyā sarvāpadvinivṛttaye||18|| ||iti śrīmadappayyadīkṣitendraviracitā durgācandrakalāstutiḥ sampūrṇā||



||durgā-pañca-ratnam||

tvāmeva devīm svaguņairnigūḍhām tvāmeva śaktiḥ parameśvarasya mām pāhi sarveśvari mokṣadātri 1 devātma-śaktiḥ śruti-vākya-gītā maharṣi-lokasya puraḥ prasannā guhā param vyoma sataḥ pratiṣṭhā mām pāhi sarveśvari mokṣadātri 2 parā'sya śaktirvividhaiva śrūyase śvetāśva-vākyodita-devi durge svābhāvikī jñānabalakriyā te mām pāhi sarveśvari mokṣadātri 3

devātma-śabdena śivātma-bhūtā
yat kūrma-vāyavya-vaco-vivṛtyā|
tvaṃ pāśa-viccheda-karī prasiddhā
māṃ pāhi sarveśvari mokṣadātri||4||
tvaṃ brahma-pucchā vividhā mayūrī
brahma-pratiṣṭhā'syupadiṣṭa-gītā|
jñāna-svarūpātmatayā'khilānāṃ
māṃ pāhi sarveśvari mokṣadātri||5||

|| iti śrī-kāñcī-kāmakoṭi-mūlāmnāya-sarvajña-pīṭhādhīśvaraiḥ śrīmanmahādevendra-sarasvatī-śrīcaraṇāntevāsivaryaiḥ śrīmaccandraśekharendra-sarasvatībhiḥ viracitaṃ durgā-pañca-ratnam ||

||arjuna-kṛta-durgā-stutiḥ||

sañjaya uvāca

dhārtarāṣṭrabalaṃ dṛṣṭvā yuddhāya samupasthitam arjunasya hitārthāya kṛṣṇo vacanamabravīt | 1 | 1 |

śrībhagavānuvāca

śucirbhūtvā mahābāho saṅgrāmābhimukhe sthitaḥ parājayāya śatrūṇāṃ durgāstotramudīraya 2

sañjaya uvāca

evamukto'rjunaḥ saṅkhye vāsudevena dhīmatā avatīrya rathātpārthaḥ stotramāha kṛtāñjaliḥ 3

arjuna uvāca

namaste siddhasenāni ārye mandaravāsini kumāri kāli kāpāli kapile kṛṣṇapiṅgale 4 bhadrakāli namastubhyaṃ mahākāli namo'stu te caṇḍi caṇḍe namastubhyaṃ tāriṇi varavarṇini 5

kātyāyani mahābhāge karāli vijaye jayel śikhipicchadhvajadhare nānābharanabhūsite 6 khadgakhetakadhārini attaśūlapraharane gopendrasyānuje jyeṣṭhe nandagopakulodbhave | 7 | mahişāsrkpriye nityam kauśiki pītavāsini attahāse kokamukhe namaste'stu ranapriye | 8 | ume śākambhari śvete krsne kaitabhanāśini hiraņyākṣi virūpākṣi sudhūmrākṣi namo'stu te 9 vedaśruti mahāpunye brahmanye jātavedasi jambūkaṭakacaityeṣu nityam sannihitālaye 10 tvam brahmavidyā vidyānām mahānidrā ca dehinām kāntāravāsini 11 skandamātarbhagavati durge svāhākāraḥ svadhā caiva kalā kāṣṭhā sarasvatī sāvitrī vedamātā ca tathā vedānta ucyate 12 stutā'si tvam mahādevi viśuddhenāntarātmanā jayo bhavatu me nityam tvatprasādādranājire 13 kāntārabhayadurgesu bhaktānām cālayesu cal nityam vasasi pātāle yuddhe jayasi dānavān 14 tvam jambhanī mohinī ca māyā hrīh śrīstathaiva ca sandhyā prabhāvatī caiva sāvitrī jananī tathā 15 puṣṭirdhṛtirdīptiścandrādityavivardhinī tustih bhūtirbhūtimatām sankhye vīksyase siddhacāranaih 16 sañjaya uvāca

tataḥ pārthasya vijñāya bhaktiṃ mānavavatsalā antarikṣagatovāca govindasyāgrataḥ sthitā 17

devyuvāca

svalpenaiva tu kālena šatrūñjesyasi pāṇḍava narastvamasi durdharṣa nārāyaṇasahāyavān 18

ajeyastvam rane'rīnāmapi vajrabhṛtaḥ svayam ityevamuktvā varadā kṣaṇenāntaradhīyata 19

labdhvā varam tu kaunteyo mene vijayamātmanaḥ āruroha tataḥ pārtho ratham paramasammatam 20

kṛṣṇārjunāvekarathau divyau śaṅkhau pradadhmatuḥ ya idaṃ paṭhate stotraṃ kalya utthāya mānavaḥ 21

yakṣarakṣaḥpiśācebhyo na bhayaṃ vidyate sadā na cāpi ripavastebhyaḥ sarpādyā ye ca daṃṣṭriṇaḥ | 22 | |

na bhayam vidyate tasya sadā rājakulādapi vivāde jayamāpnoti baddho mucyati bandhanāt 23

durgam tarati cāvaśyam tathā corairvimucyate saṅgrāme vijayennityam lakṣmīm prāpnoti kevalām 24

ārogyabalasampanno jīvedvarṣaśataṃ tathā etaddṛṣṭaṃ prasādāttu mayā vyāsasya dhīmataḥ 25

yatra dharmo dyutiḥ kāntiryatra hrīḥ śrīstathā matiḥ yato dharmastataḥ kṛṣṇo yataḥ kṛṣṇastato jayaḥ||26|| || iti śrīmanmahābhārate bhīṣmaparvaṇi śrīmadbhagavadgītāparvaṇi trayoviṃśo'dhyāyaḥ ||



kāyena vācā manasendriyairvā buddhyā"tmanā vā prakṛteḥ svabhāvāt karomi yadyat sakalaṃ parasmai nārāyaṇāyeti samarpayāmi

