Need to use a proper script for Samskritam

Even though Bhagavan understands all languages, the power of our Bharatiya languages cannot be matched in expressing our cultural values especially when rising to the plane of conversing with Bhagavan. Of them, the Samskrita bhasha is special in that it is pan-Bharatiya. Hence our scriptures, anushthana paddhati-s and a lot of bhakti sahitya texts are in Samskrita only.

We know that in Samskritam, especially for anushthanam, sound/pronunciation is important. Therefore one should write and read sankalpa shloka-s etc for anushthanam in an appropriate script which is capable of distinguishing all the sounds of Samskritam.

Now the Latin (English) script was evolved for other languages, and we all know the difficulty of correlating spelling and pronunciation even in English. Further, more letters are required to write Samskritam than English as there are more sounds in it. However, since Latin script is widely known, scholars felt it useful to create a Latin-based transliteration system for Samskritam.

In such a system, Latin letters which may be casually applied to different sounds need to be differentiated. For instance in Rama the first or second "a" may denote a long sound. This is differentiated as Rāma or Ramā. Similarly, other marks called diacritics are used to differentiate sounds as in aā iī uū rṛṛ lll̄ mṃ hḥ nṅñṇ tṭ dḍ sśṣ. Aspirated (mahāprāna) sounds are denoted with an additional h as in k/kh, g/gh, c/ch, j/jh, t/th, d/dh, t/th, d/dh, p/ph, b/bh.

However, a system is useful only if followed correctly. If diacritics or added h-s are ignored and we do not read with the intended pronunciation, then the transliteration is no longer useful for its intended purpose. It is very easy to ignore diacritics as they are not in daily use. It would then have altogether been better to use a script which actually has different symbols for the sounds.

Therefore **it is strongly recommended to learn a Bharatiya script** like Devanagari, Grantha, Telugu, Kannada etc **which has clearly different letters to denote the various sounds**. Our documents are published in many such scripts.

However, with a view to help people who are not able to immediately learn such scripts, we are now publishing documents in Latin transliteration as well as per the system called International Alphabet of Sanskrit Transliteration (IAST). For the above reasons, people should use these as a temporary measure till they learn a Bharatiya script.

The Samskrita varnamala in IAST is given below with Devanagari equivalents:

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a अ, ā आ, i इ, ī ई, u उ, ū ऊ, ṛ ऋ, ṭ ऋ, ṭ ॡ, ṭ ॡ ṭa ट, ṭha ठ, ḍa ड, ḍha ढ, ṇa ण
e ए, ai ऐ, o ओ, au औ, aṃ अं, aḥ अः ta त, tha थ, da द, dha ध, na न
ka क, kha ख, ga ग, gha घ, ṇa ङ pa प, pha फ, ba ब, bha भ, ma म
ca च, cha छ, ja ज, jha झ, ña ञ ya य, ra र, la ल, va व, śa रा, ṣa प, sa प,
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om













śrīmad-ādya-śaṅkara-bhagavatpādaparamparāgata-mūlāmnāya-sarvajña-pīṭham śrī-kāñcī-kāmakoṭi-pīṭham jagadguru-śrī-śaṅkarācārya-svāmi-śrīmaṭhasaṃsthānam

|| śiva-sahasranāma-stotram || viṣṇu-kṛtam, liṅga-purāṇa-antargatam

śiva-toşiņī-vyākhyām anusṛtya śodhitam

Purana Background

Once Mahavishnu worshipped Bhagavan Shiva by a thousand lotuses. But one lotus collected for that disappeared. He offered His own eye which was akin to a lotus. Shiva appeared and bestowed His Friend the eye and additionally the Chakra.

The sthala purana says that this happened at Thiruveezhimizhalai kshetram in Tiruvarur District of Thamizhagam. Due to this the Swami there is known as Netrarpaneshvara (in Tamil Veezhinathar).

The names uttered by Mahavishnu to worship Shiva at that occasion are given in the 98th Adhyaya of the Linga Purana Purvardha. Researchers say that there are 11 Shiva Sahasranamas. But the speciality of this is unique in that it was composed by the Supreme God Vishnu to worship the Supreme God Shiva.

A scholar by name Ganesha Ballala has composed a vyakhyana on the Linga Purana by name "Shiva Toshini".

Chanting this for unity

Our Shri Chandrashekharendra Sarasvati Shricharana, Shankaracharya of Kanchi Kamakoti Peetam, has given the following benefit for this Sahasranama -

"Due to the state of the times, disunity is seen nowadays at various levels. Due to this, between spouses, siblings, parents-children and such surrounding family, friends, institutions, communities, regions and nations, separation, quarrels and even upto wars may happen. Chanting this is an excellent remedy to that."

We can understand that the Acharya has stated this effect for this stotra signifying unity of Hari-Hara. It is also notable that in "Advaita Akshara Malika", the golden jubilee publication of Advaita Sabha, an institution of our Shrimatam, the very first article titled "Shiva Vishnu Abheda in Bhagavat-pada Siddhanta" was composed by the Acharya Himself.

May Hari-Hara, and our Shricharana who advised "Maitreem Bhajata" bless us with unity, which is the practical form of Advaita!

Jaya Jaya Shankara Hara Hara Shankara!

śiva-nāma-mahimā

svakīyaiḥ srotobhirjagadakhilamākrāmati kalau
nimagnāste varṇāśrama-niyata-dharmāḥ sphuṭamidam
pralīnā dhyānādirbhajana-sṛtirekā punaraye
paritrātuṃ viśvaṃ pura-bhidabhidhe tvaṃ vijayase
—tiruvisainallūr-śrīdhara-veṅkaṭeśāryāṇām ākhyāṣaṣṭau 3 padyam

Glory of Shiva Nama

When the deluge of Kali has inundated the entire world, the dharma-s enjoined for the varnashrama-s have become submerged. The methods of

worship like meditation have also disappeared. This being clear, oh Shiva Nama, you alone shine with success for protection of this world.

(Verse 3 of the Ākhya Shashti of Tiruvisainallur Shridhara Venkatesha Ayyaval)

śiva-bhakti-mahimā

hariste sāhasram kamala-balimādhāya padayoḥ yadekone tasmin nijamudaharannetra-kamalam gato bhaktyudrekaḥ parinatimasau cakra-vapuṣā trayāṇām rakṣāyai tri-pura-hara jāgarti jagatām

-śiva-mahimnaḥ stotre 19 padyam

O destroyer of the three asura fortresses! When Mahavishnu was placing a thousand lotuses at Your feet, one disappeared. So He took and offered His own eye which was akin to a lotus. This high devotion took the form of the Sudarshana chakra which You gave Him and protects the three worlds!

(Verse 19 of the Shiva Mahimnah Stotram of Pushpadanta)

sankalpah

mamopātta-samasta-durita-kṣaya-dvārā śrī-parameśvara-prītyartham -

- o bahu-stare asmin mānava-samāje dampatisu bhrātṛṣu svasṛṣu mātṛṣu pitṛṣu putreṣu duhitṛṣu evamādi-kuṭumba-parivāreṣu sakhiṣu sthāpaneṣu jana-samudāyeṣu rājyeṣu rāṣṭreṣu ityevaṃ janānāṃ parasparam aviśvāsa-aprīti-prabhṛtibhiḥ kāraṇaiḥ anānukūlya-,prātikūlya-, kalaha-,bheda-bhāva-,viccheda-,śatru-bhāva-,yuddhādīnām aniṣṭānāṃ sambhāvyamānatayā śrī-parameśvarasya prasādena tasya sarvasya parihārārtham
- o "jananyāḥ pṛthivyāḥ kāma-dughāyāḥ janakasya devasya ca sakala-dayāloḥ śiśavaḥ vayam" iti bhāvasya utpattyā sarveṣāṃ paraspara-

ārjava-,prīti-,viśvāsa-,mṛdu-vacanatā-,ānukūlya-,aikya-bhāva-, siddhyartham

- o sarveṣāṃ paraspara-sahayogena paraspara-upakāreṇa paraspararakṣaṇena aihika-āmuṣmika-puruṣārtha-prāpteḥ mārge adharmatyāga-pūrvaka-dharma-paripālana-ātmake gamanārtham
- o tad-dvārā sarveṣāṃ śānta-sukhamaya-samṛddha-jīvana-siddhyarthaṃ duḥkha-bhāktva-parihārārthaṃ sukhitva-nirāmayatva-bhadra-darśakatva-siddhyarthaṃ ca

śrīmat-liṅga-mahāpurāṇa-prokta-viṣṇu-kṛta-śiva-sahasranāma-stotrapārāyaṇaṃ kariṣye

stotram

asya śrī-śiva-sahasra-nāma-stotra-mahā-mantrasya — śrī-viṣṇuḥ ṛṣiḥ, anuṣṭup chandaḥ, paramātmā śrī-śaṅkaro devatā| ||dhyānam||

bhavaḥ śivo haro rudraḥ puruṣaḥ padma-locanaḥ arthitavyaḥ sadācāraḥ sarva-śambhu-maheśvaraḥ 1 svaraḥ sthāṇurīśānaḥ sahasrākṣaḥ sahasrapāt varīyān vara-do vandyaḥ śaṃ-karaḥ para-meśvaraḥ 2 gaṅgā-dharaḥ śūla-dharaḥ parārthaika-prayojanaḥ sarva-jñaḥ sarva-devādi-giri-dhanvā jaṭā-dharaḥ 3 candrāpīḍaścandra-maulirvidvān viśvāmareśvaraḥ vedānta-sāra-sandohaḥ kapālī nīla-lohitaḥ 4

| dhyānādhāro'paricchedyo gaurī-bhartā gaṇeśvaraḥ aṣṭa-mūrtirviśva-mūrtistri-vargaḥ svarga-sādhanaḥ 5 |
|--|
| jñāna-gamyo dṛḍha-prajño deva-devastri-locanaḥ vāmadevo mahā-devaḥ pāṇḍuḥ paridṛḍho'-dṛḍhaḥ 6 |
| viśva-rūpo virūpākṣo vāgīśaḥ śucirantaraḥ sarva-praṇaya-saṃvādī vṛṣāṅko vṛṣa-vāhanaḥ 7 |
| īśaḥ pinākī khaṭvāṅgī citra-veṣaścirantanaḥ tamoharo mahā-yogī goptā brahmāṅga-hṛjjaṭī 8 |
| kāla-kālaḥ kṛtti-vāsāḥ su-bhagaḥ praṇavātmakaḥ unmatta-veṣaścakṣuṣyo durvāsāḥ smara-śāsanaḥ 9 |
| dṛḍhāyudhaḥ skanda-guruḥ parameṣṭhī parāyaṇaḥ anādi-madhya-nidhano giri-śo giri-bāndhavaḥ 10 |
| kubera-bandhuḥ śrī-kaṇṭho loka-varṇottamottamaḥ sāmānya-devaḥ kodaṇḍī nīla-kaṇṭhaḥ paraśvadhī 11 |
| viśālākṣo mṛga-vyādhaḥ sureśaḥ sūrya-tāpanaḥ dharma-karmākṣamaḥ kṣetraṃ bhagavān bhaga-netra-bhit 12 |
| ugraḥ paśu-patistārkṣya-priya-bhaktaḥ priyaṃ-vadaḥ dāntodayākaro dakṣaḥ kapardī kāma-śāsanaḥ 13 |
| śmaśāna-nilayaḥ sūkṣmaḥ śmaśāna-stho maheśvaraḥ loka-kartā bhūta-patirmahā-kartā mahauṣadhī 14 |
| uttaro go-patirgoptā jñāna-gamyaḥ purātanaḥ nītiḥ su-nītiḥ śuddhātmā soma-soma-rataḥ sukhī 15 |
| soma-po'mṛta-paḥ somo mahā-nītirmahā-matiḥ ajāta-śatrurālokaḥ sambhāvyo havya-vāhanaḥ 16 |
| loka-kāro veda-kāraḥ sūtra-kāraḥ sanātanaḥ maharṣiḥ kapilācāryo viśva-dīptistri-locanaḥ 17 |
| |

| pinaka-paṇirbhurdevaḥ svasti-daḥ svasti-kṛt sada tri-dhāmā saubha-gaḥ śarva-sarva-jñaḥ sarva-gocaraḥ 18 |
|--|
| brahma-dhṛg-viśva-sṛk-svargaḥ karṇikāraḥ priyaḥ kaviḥ śākho viśākho go-śākhaḥ śivo naikaḥ kratuḥ samaḥ |
| gaṅgā-plavodako bhāvaḥ sakalaḥ sthapati-sthiraḥ vijitātmā vidheyātmā bhūta-vāhana-sārathiḥ 20 |
| sa-gaṇo gaṇa-kāryaśca sukīrtiśchinna-saṃśayaḥ kāma-devaḥ kāma-pālo bhasmoddhūlita-vigrahaḥ 21 |
| bhasma-priyo bhasma-śāyī kāmī kāntaḥ kṛtāgamaḥ sa-māyukto nivṛttātmā dharma-yuktaḥ sadā-śivaḥ 22 |
| caturmukhaścaturbāhurdurāvāso durāsadaḥ durgamo durlabho durgaḥ sarvāyudha-viśāradaḥ 23 |
| adhyātma-yoga-nilayaḥ sutantustantu-vardhanaḥ śubhāṅgo loka-sāraṅgo jagadīśo'mṛtāśanaḥ 24 |
| bhasma-śuddhi-karo merurojasvī śuddha-vigrahaḥ hiraṇya-retāstaraṇirmarīcirmahimālayaḥ 25 |
| mahā-hrado mahā-garbhaḥ siddha-vṛndāra-vanditaḥ vyāghra-carma-dharo vyālī mahā-bhūto mahā-nidhiḥ 26 |
| amṛtāṅgo'mṛta-vapuḥ pañca-yajñaḥ prabhañjanaḥ pañca-viṃśati-tattva-jñaḥ pārijātaḥ parāvaraḥ 27 |
| sulabhaḥ suvrataḥ śūro vāṅmayaika-nidhirnidhiḥ varṇāśrama-gururvarṇī śatru-jicchatru-tāpanaḥ 28 |
| āśramaḥ kṣapaṇaḥ kṣāmo jñāna-vānacalācalaḥ pramāṇa-bhūto durjñeyaḥ su-parṇo vāyu-vāhanaḥ 29 |
| dhanurdharo dhanurvedo guṇa-rāśirguṇākaraḥ ananta-dṛṣṭirānando daṇḍo damayitā damaḥ 30 |

| abhivadyo mahacaryo visva-karma visaradaḥ vīta-rāgo vinītātmā tapasvī bhūta-bhāvanaḥ 31 |
|---|
| unmatta-veṣaḥ pracchanno jita-kāmo'jita-priyaḥ kalyāṇa-prakṛtiḥ kalpaḥ sarva-loka-prajā-patiḥ 32 |
| tapaḥ-svī tārako dhī-mān pradhāna-prabhuravyayaḥ loka-pālo'ntarhitātmā kalpādiḥ kamalekṣaṇaḥ 33 |
| veda-śāstrārtha-tattva-jño niyamo niyamāśrayaḥ candraḥ sūryaḥ śaniḥ keturvi-rāmo vidruma-cchaviḥ 34 |
| bhakti-gamyaḥ para-brahma-mṛga-bāṇārpaṇo'naghaḥ adri-rājālayaḥ kāntaḥ paramātmā jagad-guruḥ |
| sarva-karmācalastvaṣṭā maṅgalyo maṅgalāvṛtaḥ mahā-tapā dīrgha-tapāḥ sthaviṣṭhaḥ sthaviro dhruvaḥ |
| ahaḥ saṃvatsaro vyāptiḥ pramāṇaṃ para-maṃ1 tapaḥ saṃvatsara-karo mantraḥ pratyayaḥ sarva-darśanaḥ 37 |
| ajaḥ sarveśvaraḥ snigdho mahā-retā mahā-balaḥ yogī yogyo mahā-retāḥ siddhaḥ sarvādiragni-daḥ 38 |
| vasurvasu-manāḥ satya-sarva-pāpa-haro ha-raḥ amṛtaḥ śāśvataḥ śānto bāṇa-hastaḥ pratāpa-vān 39 |
| kamaṇḍalu-dharo dhanvī vedāṅgo veda-vinmuniḥ bhrājiṣṇurbhojanaṃ bhoktā loka-netā durādharaḥ 40 |
| atīndriyo mahā-māyaḥ sarvāvāsaścatuṣpathaḥ kāla-yogī mahā-nādo mahotsāho mahā-balaḥ 41 |
| mahā-buddhirmahā-vīryo bhūta-cārī puraṃdaraḥ niśā-caraḥ preta-cāri-mahā-śaktirmahā-dyutiḥ 42 |
| anirdeśya-vapuḥ śrī-mān sarva-hāryamito gatiḥ bahu-śruto bahu-mayo2 niyatātmā bhavodbhavaḥ 43 |

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ojastejodyuti-karo nartakah sarva-kāmakah
   nṛtya-priyo nṛtya-nṛtyaḥ prakāśātmā pratāpanaḥ 44
buddha-spastāksaro mantrah sanmānah sāra-samplavah
             yugāvarto
                         gambhīro
                                    vṛṣa-vāhanaḥ 45
yugādi-kṛd
   isto viśistah śistestah śarabhah śara-bho dhanuh
           nidhiradhiṣṭhāna-vijayo jaya-kāla-vit 46
   apām
    pratisthitah pramāna-jño hiranya-kavaco harih
    virocanah sura-gano vidyeśo vibudhāśrayah 47
  bāla-rūpo balonmāthī vivarto gahano guruh
  karaṇam kāraṇam kartā sarva-bandha-vimocanaḥ 48
   vidvat-tamo vīta-bhayo viśva-bhartā niśā-karah
   vyavasāyo vyavasthānah sthāna-do jagadādi-jah 49
   dundubho lalito viśvo bhavātmātmani samsthitah
   vīreśvaro vīrabhadro vīra-hā vīra-bhrd-virāt | 50 |
    vīra-cūdā-manirvettā tīvra-nādo nadī-dharah
    ājñā-dhārastriśūlī ca śipi-viṣṭaḥ śivālayaḥ 51
             mahā-cāpastigmāmśurnidhiravyayah
  vālakhilvo
  abhirāmah su-śaranah subrahmanyah sudhā-patih 52
 maghavān kauśiko go-mān vi-śrāmaḥ sarva-śāsanaḥ
 lalāṭākṣo viśva-dehaḥ sāraḥ saṃsāra-cakra-bhṛt 53
 amogha-dandī madhya-stho hiranyo brahma-varcasī
 paramārthaḥ para-mayaḥ3 śambaro vyāghra-ko'nalaḥ 54
                            vācaspatiraharpatih
   rucirvara-rucirvandyo
   ravirvirocanah skandhah śāstā vaivasvato'janah 55
     yuktirunnata-kīrtiśca śānta-rāgaḥ parā-jayaḥ
                          savitā ravi-locanaḥ 56
    kailāsa-pati-kāmārih
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| vidvat-tamo vita-bhayo viśva-harta'nivāritaḥ nityo niyata-kalyāṇaḥ puṇya-śravaṇa-kīrtanaḥ 57 |
|--|
| dūra-śravā viśva-saho dhyeyo duḥsvapna-nāśanaḥ uttārako duṣkṛti-hā durdharṣo duḥsaho'bhayaḥ 58 |
| anādirbhūrbhuvo lakṣmīḥ kirīṭi-tridaśādhipaḥ viśva-goptā viśva-bhartā sudhīro rucirāṅgadaḥ 59 |
| janano jana-janmādiḥ prīti-mān nīti-mān nayaḥ viśiṣṭaḥ kāśyapo bhānurbhīmo bhīma-parākramaḥ 60 |
| praṇavaḥ saptadhā-cāro mahā-kāyo mahā-dhanuḥ janmādhipo mahā-devaḥ sakalāgama-pāra-gaḥ 61 |
| tattvātattva-vivekātmā vibhūṣṇurbhūti-bhūṣaṇaḥ ṛṣirbrāhmaṇa-vijjiṣṇurjanma-mṛtyu-jarātigaḥ 62 |
| yajño yajña-patiryajvā yajñānto'mogha-vikramaḥ mahendro durbharaḥ senī yajñāṅgo yajña-vāhanaḥ 63 |
| pañca-brahma-samutpattirviśveśo vimalodayaḥ ātma-yoniranādyantaḥ ṣaḍviṃśat-sapta-loka-dhṛk 64 |
| gāyatrī-vallabhaḥ prāṃśurviśvāvāsaḥ prabhā-karaḥ śiśurgiri-rataḥ samrāṭ-suṣeṇaḥ sura-śatru-hā 65 |
| a-mogho'riṣṭa-mathano mukundo vigata-jvaraḥ svayaṃ-jyotiranu-jyotirātma-jyotiracañcalaḥ 66 |
| piṅgalaḥ kapila-śmaśruḥ śāstra-netra-trayī-tanuḥ jñāna-skandho mahā-jñānī nirutpattirupaplavaḥ 67 |
| bhago vivasvānādityo yogācāryo bṛhaspatiḥ udāra-kīrtirudyogī sad-yogī sadasanmayaḥ 68 |
| nakṣatra-mālī rākeśaḥ sādhiṣṭhānaḥ ṣaḍāśrayaḥ pavitra-pāṇiḥ pāpārirmaṇi-pūro manogatiḥ 69 |

| hṛt-puṇḍarīkamāsīnaḥ śuklaḥ śānto vṛṣā-kapiḥ viṣṇurgraha-patiḥ kṛṣṇaḥ samartho'rthana-nāśanaḥ 70 |
|---|
| adharma-śatrurakṣayyaḥ puru-hūtaḥ puru-ṣṭutaḥ brahma-garbho bṛhad-garbho dharma-dhenurdhanāgamaḥ 71 |
| jagaddhitaiṣi-sugataḥ kumāraḥ kuśalāgamaḥ hiraṇya-varṇo jyotiṣmān nānā-bhūta-dharo dhvaniḥ 72 |
| arogo niyamādhyakṣo viśvāmitro dvijottamaḥ bṛhajjyotiḥ sudhāmā ca mahā-jyotiranuttamaḥ 73 |
| mātāmaho mātariśvā nabhasvān nāga-hāra-dhṛk pulastyaḥ pulaho'gastyo jātūkarṇyaḥ parāśaraḥ 74 |
| nirāvaraṇa-dharma-jño viriñco viṣṭara-śravāḥ ātma-bhūraniruddho'tri-jñāna-mūrtirmahā-yaśāḥ 75 |
| loka-cūḍāmaṇirvīraścaṇḍa-satya-parākramaḥ vyāla-kalpo mahā-kalpo mahā-vṛkṣaḥ kalā-dharaḥ 76 |
| alaṃ-kariṣṇustvacalo rociṣṇurvikramottamaḥ āśu-śabda-patirvegī plavanaḥ śikhi-sārathiḥ 77 |
| asaṃsṛṣṭo'tithiḥ śakraḥ pramāthī pāpa-nāśanaḥ vasu-śravāḥ kavya-vāhaḥ pratapto viśva-bhojanaḥ 78 |
| jaryo jarādhi-śamano lohitaśca tanūnapāt pṛṣadaśvo nabho yoniḥ supratīkastamisra-hā 79 |
| nidāghastapano meghaḥ pakṣaḥ para-puraṃ-jayaḥ mukhānilaḥ suniṣpannaḥ surabhiḥ śiśirātmakaḥ 80 |
| vasanto mādhavo grīṣmo nabhasyo bīja-vāhanaḥ aṅgirā munirātreyo vi-malo viśva-vāhanaḥ 81 |
| pāvanaḥ purujicchakrastri-vidyo nara-vāhanaḥ mano-buddhirahaṅkārah ksetra-jñah ksetra-pālakah 82 |

| a-dharo'nuttaro jñeyo jyeṣṭho niḥśreyasālayaḥ 83 |
|---|
| śailo nagastanurdoho dānavārirariṃ-damaḥ cāru-dhīrjanakaścāru-viśalyo loka-śalya-kṛt 84 |
| caturvedaścaturbhāvaścaturaścatura-priyaḥ āmnāyo'tha samāmnāyastīrtha-deva-śivālayaḥ 85 |
| bahu-rūpo mahā-rūpaḥ sarva-rūpaścarācaraḥ nyāya-nirvāhako nyāyo nyāya-gamyo nirañjanaḥ 86 |
| sahasra-mūrdhā devendraḥ sarva-śastra-prabhañjanaḥ muṇḍo vi-rūpo vi-kṛto daṇḍī dānto guṇottamaḥ 87 |
| piṅgalākṣo'tha haryakṣo nīla-grīvo nirāmayaḥ sahasra-bāhuḥ sarveśaḥ śaraṇyaḥ sarva-loka-bhṛt 88 |
| padmāsanaḥ paraṃ-jyotiḥ parāvara-paraṃ-phalaḥ padma-garbho mahā-garbho viśva-garbho vicakṣaṇaḥ 89 |
| parāvara-jño bījeśaḥ su-mukhaḥ su-mahā-svanaḥ devāsura-gururdevo devāsura-namaskṛtaḥ 90 |
| devāsura-mahā-mātro devāsura-mahāśrayaḥ devādi-devo devarṣi-devāsura-vara-pradaḥ 91 |
| devāsureśvaro divyo devāsura-maheśvaraḥ sarva-deva-mayo'cintyo devatātmā"tma-sambhavaḥ |
| īḍyo'nīśaḥ sura-vyāghro deva-siṃho divā-karaḥ vibudhāgra-vara-śreṣṭhaḥ sarva-devottamottamaḥ 93 |
| śiva-jñāna-rataḥ śrī-mān śikhi-śrī-parvata-priyaḥ jaya-stambho viśiṣṭambho narasiṃha-nipātanaḥ 94 |
| brahma-cārī loka-cārī dharma-cārī dhanādhipaḥ nandī nandīśvaro nagno nagna-vrata-dharaḥ śuciḥ 95 |

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brahmā visnuh prajā-pālo hamso hamsa-gatiryamah
   vedhā dhātā vidhātā ca attā hartā caturmukhah 109
     kailāsa-śikharāvāsī
                       sarvāvāsī satām
                                          gatih
     hiraņya-garbho hariņah puruşah pūrva-jah pitā 110
                                     bhuvaneśvarah
               bhūta-patirbhūti-do
 bhūtālayo
 samyogī yoga-vid-brahmā brahmanyo brāhmana-priyah 111
    deva-priyo deva-nātho deva-jño deva-cintakah
    vișamākṣaḥ kalādhyakṣo vṛṣāṅko vṛṣa-vardhanaḥ 112
      nirmado nirahankāro nirmoho nirupadravah
      darpa-hā darpito drptah sarvartu-parivartakah 113
 sapta-jihvah sahasrārcih snigdhah prakrti-daksinah
 bhūta-bhavya-bhavannāthah prabhavo bhrānti-nāśanah 114
    artho'nartho mahā-kośah para-kāryaika-panditah
    niskantakah krtanando nirvyajo vyaja-mardanah 115
   sattvavān sāttvikah satya-kīrti-stambha-krtāgamah
    akampito guṇa-grāhī naikātmā naika-karma-kṛt 116
su-prītah su-mukhah sūksmah su-karo daksino'nalah
skandhah skandha-dharo dhuryah prakatah prīti-vardhanah 117
   aparājitaḥ sarva-saho vidagdhaḥ sarva-vāhanaḥ
   adhṛtaḥ sva-dhṛtaḥ sādhyaḥ pūrta-mūrtiryaśodharaḥ 118
    varāha-śrṅga-dhrg vāyurbalavāneka-nāyakah
    śruti-prakāśah śruti-māneka-bandhuraneka-dhrk 119
   śrī-vallabha-śivārambhah śānta-bhadrah samañjasah
   bhū-śayo bhūti-kṛd-bhūtirbhūṣaṇo bhūta-vāhanaḥ 120
     akāyo bhakta-kāya-sthah kāla-jñānī kalā-vapuh
     satya-vrata-mahā-tyāgī niṣṭhā-śānti-parāyaṇaḥ 121
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parārtha-vrttirvara-do viviktah śruti-sāgarah
       anirvinno guna-grāhī kalankānkah kalanka-hā 122
svabhāva-rud-dro madhya-sthah śatru-ghno madhya-nāśakah
                                                 kundalī 123
                          candī
                                  mundī
śikhandī
                    śūlī
                                          ca
          kavacī
      mekhalī kavacī khadgī māyī samsāra-sārathih
      amrtyuh sarva-drk simhastejo-rāśirmahā-manih | 124 |
     a-sankhyeyo'prameyātmā vīryavān kārya-kovidah
     vedyo vedārtha-vid-goptā sarvācāro munīśvaraļ 125
    a-nut-tamo durādharso madhurah priya-darsanah
    sureśah śaranam sarvah śabda-brahma-satām gatih 126
      kāla-bhaksah kalankārih kankanī-krta-vāsukih
      maheṣvāso mahī-bhartā niṣkalanko vi-śṛnkhalaḥ 127
   dyu-manistaranirdhanyah siddhi-dah siddhi-sādhanah
   nivṛttaḥ saṃvṛtaḥ śilpo vyūḍhorasko mahā-bhujaḥ 128
                                    nārāyaṇa-priyaḥ
     eka-jyotirnirātanko
                           naro
     nirlepo nisprapañcātmā nirvyagro vyagra-nāśanah 129
      stavya-stava-priyah stotā vyāsa-mūrtiranākulah
                              vidyā-rāśiravikramah 130
      niravadya-padopāyo
   praśānta-buddhirakṣudraḥ kṣudra-hā nitya-sundaraḥ
   dhairyāgrya-dhuryo dhātrīśaḥ śākalyaḥ śarvarī-patiḥ 131
     paramārtha-gururdrstirgururāśrita-vatsalah
     raso rasa-jñaḥ sarva-jñaḥ sarva-sattvāvalambanaḥ 132
 || iti śrī-linga-mahā-purāne pūrva-bhāge astanavatitame adhyāye
   bhagavatā visnunā proktam śrī-śiva-sahasra-nāma-stotram
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śrī-śiva-sahasra-nāmāvaliḥ

| bhavāya śivāya | gaurī-bhartre | (30) |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------|------|
| harāya rudrāya | gaṇeśvarāya | |
| puruṣāya | aṣṭa-mūrtaye viśva-mūrtaye | |
| padma-locanāya | tri-vargāya | |
| arthitavyāya | svarga-sādhanāya | |
| sadācārāya | jñāna-gamyāya | |
| sarva-śambhu-maheśvarāya | dṛḍha-prajñāya | |
| īśvarāya | deva-devāya | |
| sthāṇave | tri-locanāya | |
| īśānāya (10) | vāmadevāya | |
| sahasrākṣāya sahasra-pade | mahā-devāya | (40) |
| varīyase | pāṇḍave | |
| vara-dāya vandyāya | paridṛḍhāya | |
| śaṃ-karāya | a-dṛḍhāya | |
| para-meśvarāya | viśva-rūpāya | |
| gaṅgā-dharāya | virūpākṣāya | |
| śūla-dharāya | vāgīśāya | |
| parārthaika-prayojanāya | śucaye | |
| sarva-jñāya | antarāya | |
| sarva-devādi-giri-dhanvane (20) | sarva-praṇaya-saṃvādine | |
| jaṭā-dharāya | vṛṣāṅkāya | (50) |
| candrāpīḍāya | vṛṣa-vāhanāya | |
| candra-maulaye | īśāya pinākine | |
| vidușe | khaṭvāṅgine | |
| viśvāmareśvarāya | citra-veṣāya | |
| vedānta-sāra-sandohāya | ciraṃtanāya | |
| kapāline nīla-lohitāya | tamoharāya | |
| dhyānādhārāya | mahā-yogine goptre | |
| aparicchedyāya | brahmāṅga-hṛte jaṭine | |
| | | |

| kāla-kālāya | | dakṣāya | |
|------------------------------|------|---------------------------|-------|
| kṛtti-vāsase | (60) | kapardine | |
| su-bhagāya | | kāma-śāsanāya | (90) |
| praṇavātmakāya | | śmaśāna-nilayāya sūkṣmāya | |
| unmatta-veṣāya | | śmaśāna-sthāya | |
| cakṣuṣyāya | | maheśvarāya | |
| durvāsase | | loka-kartre | |
| smara-śāsanāya | | bhūta-pataye | |
| dṛḍhāyudhāya skanda-gurave | | mahā-kartre | |
| parameṣṭhine parāyaṇāya | | mahauṣadhine | |
| anādi-madhya-nidhanāya | | uttarāya | |
| giri-śāya giri-bāndhavāya | (70) | go-pataye | |
| kubera-bandhave śrī-kanthāya | Į. | goptre | (100) |
| loka-varṇottamottamāya | | jñāna-gamyāya | |
| sāmānya-devāya | | purātanāya | |
| kodaṇḍine | | nītaye | |
| nīla-kaṇṭhāya | | su-nītaye | |
| paraśvadhine | | śuddhātmane | |
| viśālākṣāya | | soma-soma-ratāya | |
| mṛga-vyādhāya | | sukhine | |
| sureśāya | | soma-pāya | |
| sūrya-tāpanāya | (80) | amṛta-pāya | |
| dharma-karmākṣamāya | | somāya | (110) |
| kṣetrāya bhagavate | | mahā-nītaye | |
| bhaga-netra-bhide ugrāya | | mahā-mataye | |
| paśu-pataye | | ajāta-śatrave | |
| tārkṣya-priya-bhaktāya | | ālokāya | |
| priyam-vadāya | | sambhāvyāya | |
| dāntodayākarāya | | havya-vāhanāya | |
| | | | |

| loka-kārāya | vidheyātmane |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| veda-kārāya | bhūta-vāhana-sārathaye |
| sūtra-kārāya | sa-gaṇāya |
| sanātanāya (120) | gaṇa-kāryāya |
| maharṣaye kapilācāryāya | sukīrtaye (150) |
| viśva-dīptaye | chinna-saṃśayāya |
| tri-locanāya | kāma-devāya |
| pināka-pāṇaye bhūrdevāya | kāma-pālāya |
| svasti-dāya | bhasmoddhūlita-vigrahāya |
| sadā svasti-kṛte | bhasma-priyāya |
| tri-dhāmne | bhasma-śāyine |
| saubha-gāya | kāmine kāntāya |
| śarva-sarva-jñāya | kṛtāgamāya |
| sarva-gocarāya (130) | sa-māyuktāya |
| brahma-dhṛg-viśva-sṛk-svargāya | nivṛttātmane (160) |
| karņikārāya | dharma-yuktāya |
| priyāya | sadā-śivāya |
| kavaye | caturmukhāya caturbāhave |
| śākhāya viśākhāya | durāvāsāya |
| go-śākhāya | durāsadāya |
| śivāya | durgamāya durlabhāya |
| naikāya | durgāya |
| kratave | sarvāyudha-viśāradāya |
| samāya (140) | adhyātma-yoga-nilayāya |
| gaṅgā-plavodakāya | sutantave (170) |
| bhāvāya | tantu-vardhanāya |
| sakalāya | śubhāṅgāya |
| sthapati-sthirāya | loka-sāraṅgāya |
| vijitātmane | jagadīśāya |
| | |

| amṛtāśanāya | | kṣapaṇāya | |
|----------------------------|-------|----------------------------|-------|
| bhasma-śuddhi-karāya | | kṣāmāya | |
| merave | | jñāna-vate | |
| ojasvine śuddha-vigrahāya | | acalācalāya | |
| hiraṇya-retase | | pramāṇa-bhūtāya | |
| taraṇaye marīcaye | (180) | durjñeyāya | |
| mahimālayāya | | su-parṇāya | (210) |
| mahā-hradāya | | vāyu-vāhanāya | |
| mahā-garbhāya | | dhanurdharāya dhanurvedāy | a |
| siddha-vṛndāra-vanditāya | | guṇa-rāśaye | |
| vyāghra-carma-dharāya | | guṇākarāya | |
| vyāline | | ananta-dṛṣṭaye | |
| mahā-bhūtāya | | ānandāya | |
| mahā-nidhaye | | daṇḍāya damayitre | |
| amṛtāṅgāya | | damāya | |
| amṛta-vapuṣe | (190) | abhivādyāya | |
| pañca-yajñāya | | mahācāryāya | (220) |
| prabhañjanāya | | viśva-karmaņe | |
| pañca-viṃśati-tattva-jñāya | | viśāradāya | |
| pārijātāya | | vīta-rāgāya | |
| parāvarāya | | vinītātmane | |
| sulabhāya | | tapasvine | |
| suvratāya śūrāya | | bhūta-bhāvanāya | |
| vāṅmayaika-nidhaye | | unmatta-veṣāya pracchannāy | a |
| nidhaye | | jita-kāmāya | |
| varṇāśrama-gurave | (200) | ajita-priyāya | |
| varṇine | | kalyāṇa-prakṛtaye | (230) |
| śatru-jite śatru-tāpanāya | | kalpāya | |
| āśramāya | | sarva-loka-prajā-pataye | |

| tapaḥ-svine tārakāya | sthaviṣṭhāya |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| dhī-mate | sthavirāya |
| pradhāna-prabhave | dhruvāya |
| avyayāya | ahne |
| loka-pālāya | saṃvatsarāya |
| antarhitātmane | vyāptaye |
| kalpādaye | pramāṇāya |
| kamalekṣaṇāya (240) | para-māya |
| veda-śāstrārtha-tattva-jñāya | tapase (270) |
| niyamāya | saṃvatsara-karāya |
| niyamāśrayāya | mantrāya pratyayāya |
| candrāya | sarva-darśanāya |
| sūryāya | ajāya |
| śanaye | sarveśvarāya |
| ketave | snigdhāya |
| vi-rāmāya | mahā-retase mahā-balāya |
| vidruma-cchavaye | yogine |
| bhakti-gamyāya (250) | yogyāya |
| para-brahma-mṛga-bāṇārpaṇāya | mahā-retase (280) |
| anaghāya | siddhāya |
| adri-rājālayāya | sarvādaye |
| kāntāya | agni-dāya |
| paramātmane | vasave |
| jagad-gurave | vasu-manase |
| sarva-karmācalāya | satya-sarva-pāpa-harāya |
| tvașțre | ha-rāya |
| mangalyāya mangalāvṛtāya | amṛtāya śāśvatāya |
| mahā-tapase (260) | śāntāya |
| dīrgha-tapase | bāṇa-hastāya pratāpa-vate (290) |

| kamaṇḍalu-dharāya dhanvine vedāṅgāya veda-vide munaye bhrājiṣṇave bhojanāya bhoktre loka-netre durādharāya | | bahu-mayāya niyatātmane bhavodbhavāya ojastejodyuti-karāya nartakāya sarva-kāmakāya nṛtya-priyāya nṛtya-nṛtyāya prakāśātmane pratāpanāya | (320) |
|--|-------|--|-------|
| atīndriyāya | (300) | buddha-spaṣṭākṣarāya | |
| mahā-māyāya | (300) | mantrāya | (330) |
| sarvāvāsāya | | sanmānāya | (330) |
| catuṣpathāya | | sāra-samplavāya | |
| kāla-yogine | | yugādi-kṛte yugāvartāya | |
| mahā-nādāya | | gambhīrāya | |
| mahotsāhāya | | vṛṣa-vāhanāya | |
| mahā-balāya | | iṣṭāya | |
| mahā-buddhaye | | viśiṣṭāya śiṣṭeṣṭāya | |
| mahā-vīryāya | | śarabhāya | |
| bhūta-cāriņe | (310) | śara-bhāya dhanuṣe | |
| puraṃdarāya | | apāṃ nidhaye | (340) |
| niśā-carāya | | adhiṣṭhāna-vijayāya | |
| preta-cāri-mahā-śaktaye | | jaya-kāla-vide | |
| mahā-dyutaye | | pratiṣṭhitāya | |
| anirdeśya-vapuṣe | | pramāṇa-jñāya | |
| śrī-mate | | hiraṇya-kavacāya | |
| sarva-hāryamitāya | | haraye | |
| gataye | | virocanāya | |
| bahu-śrutāya | | sura-gaṇāya | |

| vidyeśāya vibudhāśrayāya | | śipi-viṣṭāya | |
|----------------------------|-------|---------------------|-------|
| bāla-rūpāya | (350) | śivālayāya | |
| balonmāthine | | vālakhilyāya | (380) |
| vivartāya | | mahā-cāpāya | |
| gahanāya gurave | | tigmāṃśave | |
| karaṇāya | | nidhaye avyayāya | |
| kāraṇāya | | abhirāmāya | |
| kartre | | su-śaraṇāya | |
| sarva-bandha-vimocanāya | | subrahmaṇyāya | |
| vidvat-tamāya vīta-bhayāya | | sudhā-pataye | |
| viśva-bhartre | | maghavate kauśikāya | |
| niśā-karāya | (360) | go-mate | |
| vyavasāyāya | | vi-śrāmāya | (390) |
| vyavasthānāya | | sarva-śāsanāya | |
| sthāna-dāya | | lalāṭākṣāya | |
| jagadādi-jāya | | viśva-dehāya | |
| dundubhāya | | sārāya | |
| lalitāya | | saṃsāra-cakra-bhṛte | |
| viśvāya | | amogha-daṇḍine | |
| bhavātmātmani samsthitāya | | madhya-sthāya | |
| vīreśvarāya vīrabhadrāya | | hiraṇyāya | |
| vīra-ghne | (370) | brahma-varcasine | |
| vīra-bhṛd-virāje | | paramārthāya | (400) |
| vīra-cūḍā-maṇaye | | para-mayāya | |
| vettre | | śambarāya | |
| tīvra-nādāya | | vyāghra-kāya | |
| nadī-dharāya | | analāya | |
| ājñā-dhārāya | | rucaye | |
| triśūline | | vara-rucaye | |
| | | | |

| vandyāya vācaspataye aharpataye ravaye virocanāya skandhāya śāstre vaivasvatāya ajanāya yuktaye | (410) | anādaye bhuve bhuvo lakṣmyai kirīṭi-tridaśādhipāya viśva-goptre viśva-bhartre sudhīrāya rucirāṅgadāya | (440) |
|--|-------|--|-------|
| unnata-kīrtaye śānta-rāgāya parā-jayāya kailāsa-pati-kāmāraye savitre ravi-locanāya vidvat-tamāya vīta-bhayāya viśva-hartre anivāritāya nityāya niyata-kalyāṇāya | (420) | jananāya jana-janmādaye prīti-mate nīti-mate nayāya viśiṣṭāya kāśyapāya bhānave bhīmāya bhīma-parākramāya praṇavāya | (450) |
| puṇya-śravaṇa-kīrtanāya dūra-śravase viśva-sahāya dhyeyāya duḥsvapna-nāśanāya uttārakāya duṣkṛti-ghne durdharṣāya duḥsahāya abhayāya | (430) | saptadhā-cārāya mahā-kāyāya mahā-dhanuṣe janmādhipāya mahā-devāya sakalāgama-pāra-gāya tattvātattva-vivekātmane vibhūṣṇave bhūti-bhūṣaṇāya ṛṣaye brāhmaṇa-vijjiṣṇave | (460) |

| janma-mṛtyu-jarātigāya yajñāya yajña-pataye yajvane yajñāntāya amogha-vikramāya mahendrāya durbharāya | (470) | ātma-jyotiṣe acañcalāya piṅgalāya kapila-śmaśrave śāstra-netra-trayī-tanave jñāna-skandhāya mahā-jñānine | (500) |
|---|-------|--|-------|
| senine | | nirutpattaye | |
| yajñāṅgāya yajña-vāhanāya | | upaplavāya | |
| pañca-brahma-samutpattaye | | bhagāya | |
| viśveśāya | | vivasvate ādityāya | |
| vimalodayāya | | yogācāryāya | |
| ātma-yonaye | | bṛhaspataye | |
| anādyantāya | | udāra-kīrtaye | |
| ṣaḍviṃśat-sapta-loka-dhṛṣe | () | udyogine | |
| gāyatrī-vallabhāya | (480) | sad-yogine | () |
| prāṃśave | | sadasanmayāya | (510) |
| viśvāvāsāya | | nakṣatra-māline rākeśāya | |
| prabhā-karāya | | sādhiṣṭhānāya | |
| śiśave | | ṣaḍāśrayāya | |
| giri-ratāya | | pavitra-pāṇaye | |
| samrāṭ-suṣeṇāya | | pāpāraye | |
| sura-śatru-ghne | | maṇi-pūrāya | |
| a-moghāya | | manogataye | |
| ariṣṭa-mathanāya | | hṛt-puṇḍarīka-māsīnāya | |
| mukundāya | (490) | śuklāya | |
| vigata-jvarāya | | śāntāya vṛṣā-kapaye | (520) |
| svayaṃ-jyotiṣe | | vișņave | |
| anu-jyotiṣe | | graha-pataye | |

| kṛṣṇāya samarthāya arthana-nāśanāya adharma-śatrave akṣayyāya puru-hūtāya puru-ṣṭutāya | | pulahāya agastyāya jātūkarņyāya parāśarāya nirāvaraṇa-dharma-jñāya viriñcāya | |
|---|--------|---|-------|
| brahma-garbhāya | | viṣṭara-śravase | |
| bṛhad-garbhāya | (530) | ātma-bhuve | |
| dharma-dhenave | | aniruddhāya | (560) |
| dhanāgamāya | | atri-jñāna-mūrtaye | |
| jagaddhitaiṣi-sugatāya | | mahā-yaśase | |
| kumārāya | | loka-cūḍāmaṇaye | |
| kuśalāgamāya | | vīrāya | |
| hiraṇya-varṇāya | | caṇḍa-satya-parākramāya | |
| jyotişmate | | vyāla-kalpāya | |
| nānā-bhūta-dharāya | | mahā-kalpāya | |
| dhvanaye - | (5.40) | mahā-vṛkṣāya | |
| arogāya | (540) | kalā-dharāya | (570) |
| niyamādhyakṣāya | | alaṃ-kariṣṇave | (570) |
| viśvāmitrāya dvijottamāya | | acalāya | |
| bṛhajjyotiṣe sudhāmne | | rocișņave | |
| mahā-jyotiṣe | | vikramottamāya āśu-śabda-pataye | |
| anuttamāya | | vegine | |
| mātāmahāya | | plavanāya | |
| mātariśvane | | śikhi-sārathaye | |
| nabhasvate | | asaṃsṛṣṭāya | |
| nāga-hāra-dhṛṣe | (550) | atithaye | |
| pulastyāya | (===) | śakrāya pramāthine | (580) |
| | | J 1 | |

| pāpa-nāśanāya vasu-śravase kavya-vāhāya prataptāya viśva-bhojanāya jaryāya jarādhi-śamanāya lohitāya | | pāvanāya purujite śakrāya tri-vidyāya nara-vāhanāya mano-buddhaye ahaṅkārāya kṣetra-jñāya | (610) |
|--|-------|---|-------|
| tanūnapāte | | kṣetra-pālakāya | |
| pṛṣadaśvāya | (590) | tejonidhaye | |
| nabhase | | jñāna-nidhaye | (620) |
| yonaye | | vipākāya | |
| supratīkāya | | vighna-kārakāya | |
| tamisra-ghne | | a-dharāya | |
| nidāghāya tapanāya | | anuttarāya | |
| meghāya pakṣāya | | jñeyāya | |
| para-puraṃ-jayāya | | jyeṣṭhāya | |
| mukhānilāya | | niḥśreyasālayāya | |
| suniṣpannāya | | śailāya | |
| surabhaye | (600) | nagāya | () |
| śiśirātmakāya | | tanave | (630) |
| vasantāya mādhavāya | | dohāya | |
| grīṣmāya | | dānavāraye · 1 - | |
| nabhasyāya | | ariṃ-damāya | |
| bīja-vāhanāya | | cāru-dhiye janakāya | |
| angirase | | cāru-viśalyāya | |
| munaye ātreyāya vi-malāya | | loka-śalya-kṛte | |
| viśva-vāhanāya | | caturvedāya caturbhāvāya | |
| visva vaitaitaya | | Catui Oilavaya | |

| caturāya catura-priyāya āmnāyāya samāmnāyāya tīrtha-deva-śivālayāya bahu-rūpāya mahā-rūpāya sarva-rūpāya carācarāya | (640) | paraṃ-jyotiṣe parāvara-paraṃ-phalāya padma-garbhāya mahā-garbhāya viśva-garbhāya vicakṣaṇāya parāvara-jñāya bījeśāya | (670) |
|--|-------|--|-------|
| nyāya-nirvāhakāya | | su-mukhāya su-mahā-svanāy | a |
| nyāyāya | | devāsura-gurave devāya | |
| nyāya-gamyāya nirañjanāya | (650) | devāsura-namaskṛtāya devāsura-mahā-mātrāya | |
| sahasra-mūrdhne | (030) | devāsura-mahāśrayāya | (680) |
| devendrāya | | devādi-devāya | (000) |
| sarva-śastra-prabhañjanāya | | devarși-devāsura-vara-pradā | ya |
| muṇḍāya | | devāsureśvarāya | |
| vi-rūpāya | | divyāya | |
| vi-kṛtāya | | devāsura-maheśvarāya | |
| daṇḍine | | sarva-deva-mayāya | |
| dāntāya | | acintyāya | |
| guṇottamāya | | devatātmane | |
| piṅgalākṣāya | (660) | ātma-sambhavāya | |
| haryakṣāya | | īḍyāya | (690) |
| nīla-grīvāya | | anīśāya | |
| nirāmayāya | | sura-vyāghrāya | |
| sahasra-bāhave sarveśāya | | deva-siṃhāya | |
| śaraṇyāya | | divā-karāya | |
| sarva-loka-bhṛte | | vibudhāgra-vara-śreṣṭhāya | |
| padmāsanāya | | sarva-devottamottamāya | |

| śiva-jñāna-ratāya śrī-mate | sarva-bhūta-maheśvarāya śmaśāna-nilayāya |
|-------------------------------|---|
| śikhi-śrī-parvata-priyāya | tiṣyāya |
| jaya-stambhāya (700) | setave |
| viśiṣṭambhāya | apratimākṛtaye (730) |
| narasiṃha-nipātanāya | lokottara-sphuṭālokāya |
| brahma-cāriņe | tryambakāya |
| loka-cāriņe | nāga-bhūṣaṇāya |
| dharma-cāriņe | andhakāraye |
| dhanādhipāya | makha-dveṣiṇe |
| nandine | viṣṇu-kandhara-pātanāya |
| nandīśvarāya | vīta-doṣāya |
| nagnāya | akṣaya-guṇāya |
| nagna-vrata-dharāya (710) | dakṣāraye |
| śucaye | pūṣa-danta-hṛte (740) |
| liṅgādhyakṣāya | dhūrjaṭaye |
| surādhyakṣāya | khaṇḍa-paraśave |
| yugādhyakṣāya | sa-kalāya |
| yugāvahāya | nișkalāya |
| sva-vaśāya | anaghāya |
| sa-vaśāya | ā-dhārāya |
| svarga-svarāya _ | sakalādhārāya |
| svara-maya-svanāya | pāṇḍurābhāya |
| bījādhyakṣāya (720) | mṛḍāya |
| bīja-kartre | naṭāya (750) |
| dhana-kṛd-dharma-vardhanāya | pūrṇāya |
| dambhāya | pūrayitre _ |
| adambhāya | puṇyāya |
| mahā-dambhāya | su-kumārāya |

| su-locanāya sāma-geyāya priya-karāya puṇya-kīrtaye a-nāma-yāya manojavāya tīrtha-karāya jaṭilāya jīviteśvarāya jīvitānta-karāya | anapāyyakṣarāya kāntāya sarva-śāstra-bhṛtāṃ varāya tejomayāya dyuti-dharāya loka-māyāya agra-ṇye aṇave śuci-smitāya prasannātmane durjayāya | (790) |
|--|---|---------|
| kāla-kaṇṭhāya kalā-dharāya mānine mānyāya mahā-kālāya | duratikramāya jyotirmayāya nirākārāya jagannāthāya jaleśvarāya tumba-vīṇine mahā-kāyāya vi-śokāya śoka-nāśanāya tri-lokātmane tri-lokeśāya | (800) |
| sad-bhūtaye sat-parāyaṇāya candra-sañjīvanāya śāstre loka-gūḍhāya amarādhipāya (7 loka-bandhave loka-nāthāya kṛta-jñāya kṛti-bhūṣaṇāya | śuddhāya śuddhaye rathākṣa-jāya avyakta-lakṣaṇāya a-vyaktāya vyaktāvyaktāya viśāṃ patay vara-śīlāya vara-tulāya | e (810) |

| mānāya | | deva-jñāya | |
|-----------------------|-------|----------------------------|-------|
| māna-dhanāya mayāya | | deva-cintakāya | |
| brahmane | | viṣamākṣāya | |
| viṣṇave prajā-pālāya | | kalādhyakṣāya | |
| haṃsāya | | vṛṣāṅkāya | |
| haṃsa-gataye | | vṛṣa-vardhanāya | |
| yamāya | | nirmadāya nirahaṅkārāya | |
| vedhase | (820) | nirmohāya | |
| dhātre | (020) | nirupadravāya | (850) |
| vidhātre | | darpa-ghne | (030) |
| attre hartre | | darpitāya | |
| caturmukhāya | | dṛptāya | |
| kailāsa-śikharāvāsine | | sarvartu-parivartakāya | |
| sarvāvāsine | | sapta-jihvāya | |
| satām gataye | | sahasrārcaye | |
| hiraṇya-garbhāya | | snigdhāya | |
| hariṇāya | | prakṛti-dakṣiṇāya | |
| | (830) | | , |
| puruṣāya | (830) | bhūta-bhavya-bhavannāthāya | |
| pūrva-jāya pitre | | prabhavāya | (860) |
| bhūtālayāya | | bhrānti-nāśanāya | |
| bhūta-pataye | | arthāya | |
| bhūti-dāya | | anarthāya | |
| bhuvaneśvarāya | | mahā-kośāya | |
| saṃyogine | | para-kāryaika-paṇḍitāya | |
| yoga-vid-brahmaṇe | | niṣkaṇṭakāya | |
| brahmaṇyāya | | kṛtānandāya | |
| brāhmaṇa-priyāya | | nirvyājāya | |
| deva-priyāya | (840) | vyāja-mardanāya | |
| deva-nāthāya | | sattvavate | (870) |

| sāttvikāya | | śruti-prakāśāya | (900) |
|------------------------------|-------|---------------------------|-------|
| satya-kīrti-stambha-kṛtāgamā | ya | śruti-mate | |
| akampitāya | | eka-bandhave | |
| guṇa-grāhiṇe | | aneka-dhṛṣe | |
| naikātmane naika-karma-kṛte | | śrī-vallabha-śivārambhāya | |
| su-prītāya | | śānta-bhadrāya | |
| su-mukhāya | | samañjasāya | |
| sūkṣmāya | | bhū-śayāya | |
| su-karāya | | bhūti-kṛd-bhūtaye | |
| dakṣiṇāya | (880) | bhūṣaṇāya | |
| analāya | | bhūta-vāhanāya | (910) |
| skandhāya | | akāyāya | |
| skandha-dharāya | | bhakta-kāya-sthāya | |
| dhuryāya | | kāla-jñānine | |
| prakaṭāya | | kalā-vapuṣe | |
| prīti-vardhanāya | | satya-vrata-mahā-tyāgine | |
| aparājitāya | | niṣṭhā-śānti-parāyaṇāya | |
| sarva-sahāya | | parārtha-vṛttaye | |
| vidagdhāya | | vara-dāya | |
| sarva-vāhanāya | (890) | viviktāya | |
| adhṛtāya | | śruti-sāgarāya | (920) |
| sva-dhṛtāya | | anirviṇṇāya | |
| sādhyāya | | guṇa-grāhiṇe | |
| pūrta-mūrtaye | | kalaṅkāṅkāya | |
| yaśodharāya | | kalaṅka-ghne | |
| varāha-śṛṅga-dhṛṣe | | svabhāva-rud-drāya | |
| vāyave | | madhya-sthāya | |
| balavate | | śatru-ghnāya | |
| eka-nāyakāya | | madhya-nāśakāya | |

| śikhaṇḍine | | kāla-bhakṣāya | |
|---------------------------|-------|-------------------------|-------|
| kavacine | (930) | kalaṅkāraye | |
| śūline | | kaṅkaṇī-kṛta-vāsukaye | (960) |
| caṇḍine | | maheṣvāsāya | |
| muṇḍine | | mahī-bhartre | |
| kuṇḍaline | | niṣkalaṅkāya | |
| mekhaline | | vi-śṛṅkhalāya | |
| kavacine | | dyu-maṇaye taraṇaye | |
| khaḍgine | | dhanyāya | |
| māyine saṃsāra-sārathaye | | siddhi-dāya | |
| amṛtyave sarva-dṛśe | | siddhi-sādhanāya | |
| siṃhāya | (940) | nivṛttāya | |
| tejo-rāśaye mahā-maṇaye | | saṃvṛtāya | (970) |
| a-saṅkhyeyāya | | śilpāya | |
| aprameyātmane | | vyūḍhoraskāya | |
| vīryavate | | mahā-bhujāya | |
| kārya-kovidāya | | eka-jyotișe | |
| vedyāya | | nirātaṅkāya | |
| vedārtha-vid-goptre | | narāya nārāyaṇa-priyāya | |
| sarvācārāya | | nirlepāya | |
| munīśvarāya | | niṣprapañcātmane | |
| a-nut-tamāya | (950) | nirvyagrāya | |
| durādharṣāya | | vyagra-nāśanāya | (980) |
| madhurāya | | stavya-stava-priyāya | |
| priya-darśanāya | | stotre vyāsa-mūrtaye | |
| sureśāya | | anākulāya | |
| śaraṇāya | | niravadya-padopāyāya | |
| sarvasmai | | vidyā-rāśaye | |
| śabda-brahma-satām gataye | | avikramāya | |

praśānta-buddhaye akṣudrāya kṣudra-ghne nitya-sundarāya dhairyāgrya-dhuryāya (990) dhātrīśāya śākalyāya śarvarī-pataye

paramārtha-gurave dṛṣṭaye gurave āśrita-vatsalāya rasāya rasa-jñāya sarva-jñāya sarva-sattvāvalambanāya (1000)



maitrīm bhajata

maitrīm bhajata akhila-hṛjjetrīm ātmavadeva parānapi paśyata| yuddham tyajata spardhām tyajata tyajata pareṣvakramamākramaṇam|| jananī pṛthivī kāma-dughā"ste janako devaḥ sakala-dayāluḥ| dāmyata datta dayadhvam janatāḥ śreyo bhūyāt sakala-janānām||

|| iti śrī-kāncī-kāmakoṭi-mūlāmnāya-sarvajna-pīṭhādhīśvaraśrīmaccandraśekharendrasarasvatī-śankarācārya-svāmi-viracitaṃ maitrī-gītam ||

Maitrim Bhajata!

- 1. Practice friendship which can win everyone's hearts!
- 2. See others as you would see yourself!
- 3. Shun wars and (unnecessary) competition!
- 4. Stop improperly encroaching into others' (territory)!

- 5. Mother Earth is the (the divine cow Kamadhenu) fulfiller of (all) needs.
- 6. God (our) Father is benevolent towards all. (This being so what is gained by conflict!)
- 7. O people! Control your desires! Share (and enjoy)! Be merciful!
- 8. (By acting thus) may all people attain supreme prosperity!

This song, an upadesha of Shri Chandrashekharendra Sarasvati Shricharana, the 68th Shankaracharya of the Jagadguru Peetam our Shri Kanchi Kamakoti Mulamnaya Sarvajna Peetam, was sung by Smt M S Subbulakshmi on 1966 October 23 in today's world's highest civil administrative forum, the United Nations General Assembly.



|| anubandhaḥ — purāṇasya adhyāyaḥ || rṣaya ūcuḥ

katham devena vai sūta deva-devānmahesvarāt sudarsanākhyam vai labdham vaktumarhasi visnunā 1

sūta uvāca

devānāmasurendrāṇāmabhavacca sudāruṇaḥ sarveṣāmeva bhūtānām vināśa-karaṇo mahān 2

te devāḥ śakti-musalaiḥ sāyakairnata-parvabhiḥ prabhidyamānāḥ kuntaiśca dudruvurbhaya-vihvalāḥ 3

parājitāstadā devā deva-deveśvaram harim praņemustam sureśānam śoka-samvigna-mānasāh 4

tān samīkṣyātha bhagavān deva-deveśvaro hariḥ praṇipatya sthitān devānidam vacanamabravīt | 5 |

vatsāḥ kimiti vai devāścyutālaṅkāra-vikramāḥ samāgatāḥ sa-santāpā vaktumarhatha suvratāḥ 6

| praṇamyāhuryathā-vṛttaṃ deva-devāya viṣṇave 7 |
|---|
| bhagavan deva-deveśa viṣṇo jiṣṇo janārdana dānavaiḥ pīḍitāḥ sarve vayaṃ śaraṇamāgatāḥ 8 |
| tvameva deva-deveśa gatirnaḥ puruṣottama tvameva paramātmā hi tvaṃ pitā jagatāmapi 9 |
| tvameva bhartā hartā ca bhoktā dātā janārdana hantumarhasi tasmāt tvaṃ dānavān dānavārdana 10 |
| daityāśca vaiṣṇavairbrāhmai raudrairyāmyaiḥ sudāruṇaiḥ kauberaiścaiva saumyaiśca nairṛtyairvāruṇairdṛḍhaiḥ 11 |
| vāyavyaiśca tathāgneyairaiśānairvārṣikaiḥ śubhaiḥ saurai raudraistathā bhīmaiḥ kampanairjṛmbhaṇairdṛḍhaiḥ 12 |
| avadhyā vara-lābhāt te sarve vārija-locana sūrya-maṇḍala-sambhūtaṃ tvadīyaṃ cakramudyatam 13 |
| kuṇṭhitaṃ hi dadhīcena cyāvanena jagad-guro daṇḍaṃ śārṅgaṃ tavāstraṃ ca labdhaṃ daityaiḥ prasādataḥ 14 |
| purā jalandharaṃ hetuṃ nirmitaṃ tri-purāriṇā rathāṅgaṃ suśitaṃ ghoraṃ tena tān hantumarhasi 15 |
| tasmāt tena nihantavyā nānyaiḥ śastra-śatairapi tato niśamya teṣāṃ vai vacanaṃ vārijekṣaṇaḥ 16 vācaspati-mukhānāha sa hariścakra-bhṛt svayam |
| śrī-viṣṇuruvāca |
| bho bho devā mahā-devaṃ sarvairdevaiḥ sanātanaiḥ 17 |
| samprāpya sāmprataṃ sarvaṃ kariṣyāmi divaukasām devā jalandharaṃ hantuṃ nirmitaṃ hi purāriṇā 18 |
| labdhvā rathāṅgaṃ tenaiva nihatya ca mahāsurān sarvān dhundhu-mukhān daityān aṣṭa-ṣaṣṭi-śatān, surān 19 |

sa-bāndhavān kṣaṇādeva yuṣmān santārayāmyaham sūta uvāca

evamuktvā sura-śresthān sura-śresthamanusmaran | 20 |

sura-śreṣṭhastadā śreṣṭham pūjayāmāsa śaṅkaram liṅgam sthāpya yathā-nyāyam himavacchikhare śubhe 21

meru-parvata-sankāśam nirmitam viśva-karmanā tvaritākhyena rudrena raudrena ca janārdanah 22

snāpya sampūjya gandhādyairjvālākāram manoramam tuṣṭāva ca tadā rudram sampūjyāgnau praṇamya ca 23

devam nāmnām sahasreņa bhavādyena yathā-kramam pūjayāmāsa ca śivam pranavādyam namontakam 24

devam nāmnām sahasreņa bhavādyena maheśvaram prati-nāma sa padmena pūjayāmāsa śaṅkaram 25

agnau ca nāmabhirdevam bhavādyaiḥ samidādibhiḥ svāhāntairvidhivaddhutvā pratyekamayutam prabhum 26 tuṣṭāva ca punaḥ śambhum bhavādyairbhavamīśvaram

śrī-viṣṇuruvāca [stotram] sūta uvāca

evam nāmnām sahasreņa tustāva vṛṣabha-dhvajam||159||

snāpayāmāsa ca vibhuḥ pūjayāmāsa paṅkajaiḥ parīkṣārthaṃ hareḥ pūjā-kamaleṣu maheśvaraḥ 160

gopayāmāsa kamalam tadaikam bhuvaneśvaraḥ hṛta-puṣpo haristatra kimidam tvabhyacintayat 161

jñātvā sva-netramuddhṛtya sarva-sattvāvalambanam pūjayāmāsa bhāvena nāmnā tena jagad-gurum 162

| tatastatra vionurdṛṣṭva tatna-onutam naro narim tasmādavatatārāśu maṇḍalāt pāvakasya ca 163 |
|--|
| koți-bhāskara-saṅkāśaṃ jaṭā-mukuṭa-maṇḍitam jvālā-mālāvṛtaṃ divyaṃ tīkṣṇa-daṃṣṭraṃ bhayaṃ-karam 164 |
| śūla-ṭaṅka-gadā-cakra-kunta-pāśa-dharaṃ haram varadābhaya-hastaṃ ca dvīpi-carmottarīyakam 165 |
| itthaṃ-bhūtaṃ tadā dṛṣṭvā bhavaṃ bhasma-vibhūṣitam hṛṣṭo namaścakārāśu deva-devaṃ janārdanaḥ 166 |
| dudruvustam parikramya sendrā devāstri-locanam cacāla brahma-bhuvanam cakampe ca vasundharā 167 |
| dadāha tejastacchambhoḥ prāntaṃ vai śata-yojanam adhastāccordhvataścaiva hāhetyakṛta bhūtale 168 |
| tadā prāha mahādevaḥ prahasanniva śaṅkaraḥ samprekṣya praṇayād viṣṇuṃ kṛtāñjali-puṭaṃ sthitam 169 |
| jñātaṃ mayedamadhunā deva-kāryaṃ janārdana sudarśanākhyaṃ cakraṃ ca dadāmi tava śobhanam 170 |
| yad rūpaṃ bhavatā dṛṣṭaṃ sarva-loka-bhayaṃ-karam hitāya tava yatnena tava bhāvāya suvrata 171 |
| śāntaṃ raṇājire viṣṇo devānāṃ duḥkha-sādhanam śāntasya cāstraṃ śāntaṃ syācchāntenāstreṇa kiṃ phalam 172 |
| śāntasya samare cāstraṃ śāntireva tapasvinam yoddhuḥ śāntyā bala-cchedaḥ parasya bala-vṛddhi-daḥ 173 |
| devairaśāntairyad rūpaṃ madīyaṃ bhāvayāvyayam kimāyudhena kāryaṃ vai yoddhuṃ devāri-sūdana |
| kṣamā yudhi na kāryā vai yoddhuṃ devāri-sūdana anāgate vyatīte ca daurbalye sva-janotkare 175 |

| evamuktvā dadau cakram sūryāyuta-sama-prabham 176 |
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| netram ca netā jagatām prabhurvai padma-sannibham tadā-prabhṛti tam prāhuḥ padmākṣamiti su-vratam 177 |
| dattvainam nayanam cakram viṣṇave nīla-lohitaḥ pasparśa ca karābhyām vai suśubhābhyāmuvāca ha |
| varado'ham vara-śreṣṭha varān varaya cepsitān bhaktyā vaśī-kṛto nūnam tvayā'ham puruṣottama |
| ityukto deva-devena deva-devam pranamya tam tvayi bhaktirmahādeva prasīda varamuttamam 180 |
| nānyamicchāmi bhaktānāmārtayo nāsti yat prabho tacchrutvā vacanaṃ tasya dayāvān sutarāṃ bhavaḥ 181 |
| pasparśa ca dadau tasmai śraddhāṃ śītāṃśu-bhūṣaṇaḥ prāha caivaṃ mahā-devaḥ paramātmānamacyutam 182 |
| mayi bhaktaśca vandyaśca pūjyaścaiva surāsuraiḥ bhaviṣyasi na sandeho mat-prasādāt surottama 183 |
| yadā satī dakṣa-putrī vinindyaiva sulocanā mātaraṃ pitaraṃ dakṣaṃ bhaviṣyati sureśvarī 184 |
| divyā haimavatī viṣṇo tadā tvamapi suvrata bhaginīṃ tava kalyāṇīṃ devīṃ haimavatīmumām 185 |
| niyogād brahmaṇaḥ sādhvīṃ pradāsyasi mamaiva tām mat-sambandhī ca lokānāṃ madhye pūjyo bhaviṣyasi 186 |
| māṃ divyena ca bhāvena tadā prabhṛti śaṅkaram drakṣyase ca prasannena mitra-bhūtamivātmanā 187 |
| ityuktvā'ntardadhe rudro bhagavān nīla-lohitaḥ janārdano'pi bhagavān devānāmapi sannidhau 188 |

ayācata mahādevam brahmāṇam munibhih samam mayā proktam stavam divyam padma-yone suśobhanam 189 yaḥ paṭhecchṛṇuyād vā'pi śrāvayed vā dvijottamān pratināmni hiraņyasya dattasya phalamāpnuyāt 190 aśvamedha-sahasrena phalam bhavati tasva ghṛtādyaiḥ snāpayed rudram sthālyā vai kalaśaiḥ śubhaiḥ 191 nāmnām sahasrenānena śraddhayā śivamīśvaram so'pi yajña-sahasrasya phalam labdhvā sureśvaraih 192 pūjyo bhavati rudrasya prītirbhavati tasya vai tathā'stviti tathā prāha padma-yonirjanārdanam 193 jagmatuh pranipatyainam deva-devam jagad-gurum tasmānnāmnām sahasrena pūjayedanagho dvijāh japennāmnām sahasram ca sa yāti paramām gatim 194 || iti śrī-linga-mahā-purāne pūrva-bhāge sahasra-nāmabhih pūjanād visnu-cakra-lābho nāma astanavatitamo'dhyāyah ||

