TMTplus Introduction to Scientific Programming

Mahdi Farnaghi, Mahdi Khodadadzadeh & Robert Ohuru

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Chapter 12

Integrating gdal raster and vector data with *numpy*

```
Ex 12.1
          from osgeo import ogr, gdal, gdal_array as gdarr
          import numpy as np
          import os
          dataDirectory=r'YOUR_DIRECTORY\data'
          os.chdir(dataDirectory)
            # subset only Overijssel Temperatures
          overTemperatureDs=gdal.Warp('Overijssel_2014.tif', "2014.tif",
              format="GTiff", dstSRS='EPSG:28992',
              cutlineDSName='NL_provinces.shp',
              cutlineWhere="NAME_1_=_'Overijssel',",
              dstNodata = -9999,
              cropToCutline = True,
              outputType=gdal.GDT_Float32)
          overTemperatureDs=None
```

```
Ex 12.2
          from osgeo import ogr,gdal, gdal_array as gdarr
          import os
          dataDirectory=r'YOUR_DIRECTORY\data'
          os.chdir(dataDirectory)
          # subset only Overijssel Temperatures to use later as a reference
          overTemperatureDs=gdal.Warp('', "2014.tif",format="Mem",
          dstSRS='EPSG:28992',cutlineDSName='NL_provinces.shp',
          cutlineWhere="NAME_1_{\square}=_{\square}'Overijssel', dstNodata=-9999,
          cropToCutline = True, outputType=gdal.GDT_Float32)
          overTempArray=gdarr.DatasetReadAsArray(overTemperatureDs, 0, 0,
          \verb| overTemperatureDs.RasterXSize|, overTemperatureDs.RasterYSize| \\
          # prepare for Rasterize
          memDriver = gdal.GetDriverByName('GTiff')
```

```
roadsRasterDs = memDriver.Create('roads_cars_per_hour.tif',
    overTemperatureDs.RasterXSize,
    overTemperatureDs.RasterYSize,
    1, gdal. GDT_Float32)
roadsRasterDs.SetProjection(overTemperatureDs.GetProjection())
    # set projection
roadsRasterDs.SetGeoTransform(overTemperatureDs.GetGeoTransform())
    # set geotransform
# create 1 band and set the nodata value
outband1 = roadsRasterDs.GetRasterBand(1)
outband1.SetNoDataValue(0)
roadsVectorDs = ogr.Open("ovRoads.geojson")
roadsLayer = roadsVectorDs.GetLayer()
# Rasterize A1 road in Overijssel
gdal.RasterizeLayer(roadsRasterDs, [1], roadsLayer,
    options = ['ATTRIBUTE = vehic_p_hour'])
outband1.FlushCache()
outband1=None
roadsRasterDs=None
```

```
from osgeo import ogr, gdal, gdal_array as gdarr
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import os
dataDirectory=r'YOUR_DIRECTORY\data'
os.chdir(dataDirectory)
# subset only Overijssel Temperatures
overTemperatureDs=gdal.Warp('', "2014.tif",format="Mem",
    dstSRS='EPSG:28992',
    cutlineDSName='NL_provinces.shp',
    cutlineWhere="NAME_1", Overijssel',,
dstNodata=-9999,cropToCutline = True, outputType=gdal.GDT_Float32)
overTempArray=gdarr.DatasetReadAsArray(overTemperatureDs, 0, 0,
overTemperatureDs.RasterXSize, overTemperatureDs.RasterYSize)
# prepare for Rasterize Road A1
memDriver = gdal.GetDriverByName('Mem')
roadsRasterDs = memDriver.Create('', overTemperatureDs.RasterXSize,
overTemperatureDs.RasterYSize,1,gdal.GDT_Float32)
roadsRasterDs.SetProjection(overTemperatureDs.GetProjection())
    # set projection
roadsRasterDs.SetGeoTransform(overTemperatureDs.GetGeoTransform())
    # set geotransform
  create 1 band and set the nodata value
outband1 = roadsRasterDs.GetRasterBand(1)
outband1.SetNoDataValue(0)
```

Ex 12.3

```
roadsVectorDs = ogr.Open("ovRoads.geojson")
roadsLayer = roadsVectorDs.GetLayer()
roadsLayer.SetAttributeFilter("id_=,'A1',")
# rasterize A1 road in Overijssel
gdal.RasterizeLayer(roadsRasterDs, [1], roadsLayer, burn_values=[1],
options = ['ALL_TOUCHED = TRUE'])
roadsArray=gdarr.DatasetReadAsArray(roadsRasterDs, 0, 0,
roadsRasterDs.RasterXSize, roadsRasterDs.RasterYSize)
overTemperatureDs=None
roadsVectorDs=None
roadsRasterDs=None
print('A1_road_shape:',roadsArray.shape)
print('Overijssel utemperature ushape:',overTempArray.shape)
# multiply roads by temperature. The output will be temperatures.
roadsTemperature=roadsArray*overTempArray
print('A1 uroad temperatures shape:', roadsTemperature.shape)
# compute highest temperatures
roadsMaxTemperature=np.max(roadsTemperature, axis=0)
print('A1uhighestutemperaturesushape',roadsMaxTemperature.shape)
# removing
roadsMaxTemperature[roadsMaxTemperature <=0] = None</pre>
minLowerTemp=np.nanmin(roadsMaxTemperature)
maxLowerTemp=np.nanmax(roadsMaxTemperature)
print('Highest_temperatures_recorded_in_2014_in_A1_in_0verijssel
are_between:',minLowerTemp,'_and_',maxLowerTemp)
```

```
\mathrm{Ex}\ 12.4 from osgeo import ogr, gdal, gdal_array as gdarr
          from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
          import numpy as np
          import os
          dataDirectory=r'YOUR_DIRECTIORY\data'
          os.chdir(dataDirectory)
          #Subset only Overijssel Temperatures
          overTemperatureDs=gdal.Warp('', "2014.tif",
          format="Mem",
          dstSRS='EPSG:28992',
          cutlineDSName='NL_provinces.shp',
          cutlineWhere="NAME_1_{\square}=_{\square}'Overijssel',,
          dstNodata = -9999,
          cropToCutline = True,
          outputType=gdal.GDT_Float32)
          overTempArray = gdarr.DatasetReadAsArray(overTemperatureDs,
          0, 0, overTemperatureDs.RasterXSize,
          overTemperatureDs.RasterYSize)
```

```
#Prepare for Rasterize Road A1
memDriver = gdal.GetDriverByName('Mem')
roadsRasterDs = memDriver.Create('', overTemperatureDs.
RasterXSize, overTemperatureDs.RasterYSize, 1,
gdal.GDT_Float32)
roadsRasterDs.SetProjection(overTemperatureDs.GetProjection())
# set projection
roadsRasterDs.SetGeoTransform(overTemperatureDs.GetGeoTransform())
# set geotrasform
   create 1 band and set the nodata value
outband1 = roadsRasterDs.GetRasterBand(1)
outband1.SetNoDataValue(0)
roadsVectorDs = ogr.Open("ovRoads.geojson")
roadsLayer = roadsVectorDs.GetLayer()
roadsLayer.SetAttributeFilter("id<sub>□</sub>=<sub>□</sub>'A1'")
# rasterize A1 road in Overijssel
gdal.RasterizeLayer(roadsRasterDs, [1], roadsLayer,
burn_values=[1], options=['ALL_TOUCHED=TRUE'])
roadsArray=gdarr.DatasetReadAsArray(roadsRasterDs, 0, 0,
roadsRasterDs.RasterXSize, roadsRasterDs.RasterYSize)
# multiply roads by temperature. The output will be temperatures.
roadsTemperature=roadsArray*overTempArray
# compute lower temperatures
roadsMaxTemperature=np.max(roadsTemperature, axis=0)
# remove values below 0
roadsMaxTemperature[roadsMaxTemperature <=0] = None</pre>
# create the new dataset
gtiffDriver = gdal.GetDriverByName('Gtiff')
highestTempRoadsDs = gtiffDriver.Create('roadHighestTemp.tif',
overTemperatureDs.RasterXSize,
overTemperatureDs.RasterYSize,
1, gdal. GDT_Float32)
highestTempRoadsDs.SetProjection(overTemperatureDs.GetProjection())
# set projection
highestTempRoadsDs.SetGeoTransform(overTemperatureDs.GetGeoTransform())
# set geotransform
# create 1 band and set the nodata value
highestTempRoadsband1 = highestTempRoadsDs.GetRasterBand(1)
highestTempRoadsband1.SetNoDataValue(-9999)
#add numpy into the band
highestTempRoadsband1.WriteArray(roadsMaxTemperature)
#clean an close the dataset
highestTempRoadsband1.FlushCache()
```

highestTempRoadsDs=None