The Sound of Intellect: Speech Reveals a Thoughtful Mind, Increasing a Job Candidate's Appeal

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SPEECH INCREASES A JOB CANDIDATE'S APPEAL

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Abstract

This study is an exact replication of Juliana Schroeder & Nicholas Epley's (2015) experiment

of whether a potential job candidate is percieved more intelligent through text or audio. 39

Forturne 500 company recruiters rated job candidates on their intellect, a composite score of

the candidate's intelligence, competence, and thoughtfulness. They hypothesized that speech

communicates intelligence better than written words. This study recreated the analysis of

regarding presentaion of pitches and their favorability. Analysis supported that hypothesis.

Keywords: keywords

Word count: X

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Introduction

An interview is a key moment in every job applicant's hiring process, as it provides the opportunity for the hiring manager and the interviewee to discuss a potential match within the company. For the interviewer, it's about picking the right candidate. For the interviewee, it's about picking the right style of presentation. Schroeder & Epley (2015) bring this into question with their study, in which they investigate the effects of audio and written presentations in an interview.

Methods

Participants

In this study, there were 39 participants, all professional Fortune 500 recruiters. The average of age the recruiters was M=30.85~(SD=6.24). 10.3% of the participants are male and 76.9% are female.

Materials

Two materials were used in this analysis. The first material was the dataset used in Schroeder & Epley's study from githhub. The dataset could be accessed here The data was analyzed so that the t-test could be reproduced.

The second material was R Studio, the Integrated Development Environemnt (IDE) for R. The IDE was used as a platform to analyze the dataset in R.

Procedure

To recreate this analysis of the t-test the data was loaded into R from Github with the fread function of the data.table library (Dowle & Srinivasan, 2018).

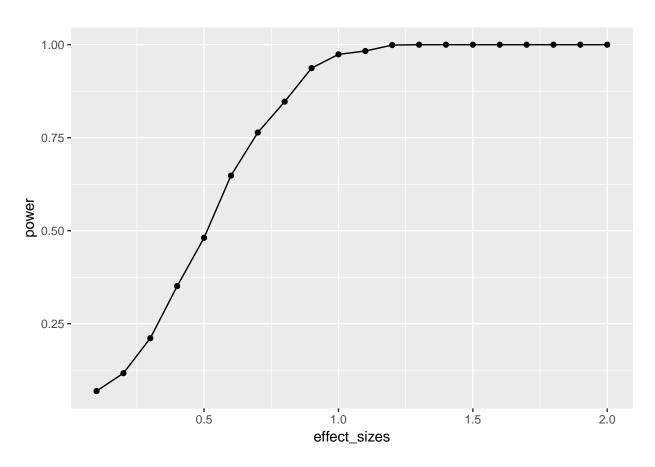
Results

An independent samples t-test was conducted to examine the manipulation effects of audio and written expressions of intelligence in potential employees. Interviewees who expressed their intelligence through spokem during their interviews were rated significantly better (M = 6.43, SD = 1.43) than interviewees who wrote out their responses (M = 4.39, SD = 2.17) t(37) = -3.53, p = .001, $d_s = -1.13$

Discussion

Schroeder and Epley hypothesized that a person is a more appealing job candidate if they communicated with their voice as opposed to with text. Results supported this hypothesis, which stated that candidates who communicated through audio were rated significantly more desirable than canidates who did not. This analysis was consistent across all five experiments that were conducted. This aligns well with other studies which have focused on speech style, particuarly that interviewees who spoke more powerfully were rated positively for competence and employability (Parton, Siltanen, Hosman, & Langenderfer, 2002) This study could further build on their findings to identify the effects of tone pitch on likeability.

Simulation



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References

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- Parton, S. R., Siltanen, S. A., Hosman, L. A., & Langenderfer, J. (2002). Employment interview outcomes and speech style effects. *Journal of Language and Social Psychology*, 21(2), 144–161.
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Table 1

Descriptive statistics of intellectual ratings by presentation method.

CONDITION	Mean	SD
Transcript	4.65	1.91
Audio	6.63	1.61

Intelligence Rating of Interviewees

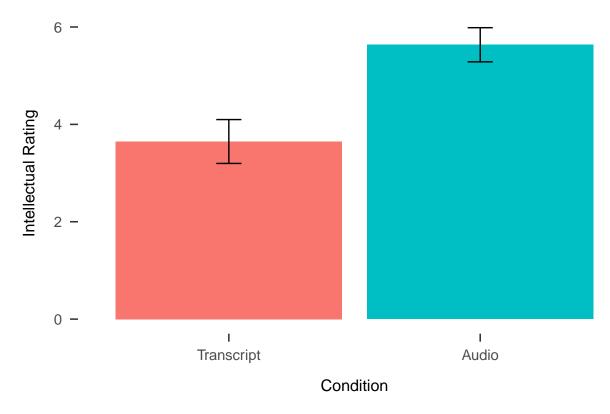


Figure 1. THE