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X-Ray | CT-Scan | MRI | USG

105-108, SMART VISION COMPLEX, HEALTHCARE ROAD, OPPOSITE HEALTHCARE COMPLEX, MUMBAI - 689578

0123456789 | 0912345678

drlogyimaging@drlogy.com

www.drlogy.com

Yashvi M. Patel

Age : 21 Years
Sex : Female



PID : 555
Apt ID : 2025252
Ref. By : Dr. Hiren Shah

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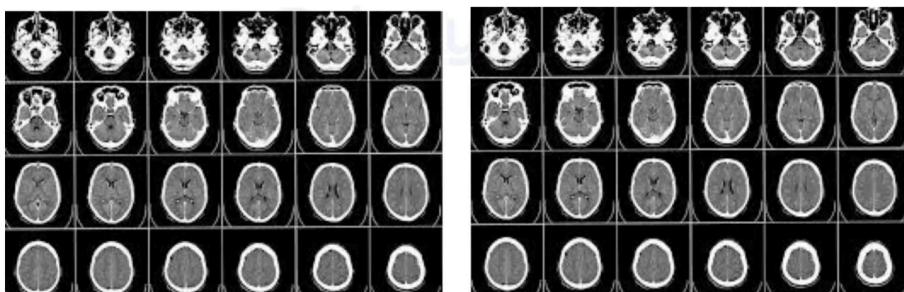
MRI BRAIN

A well defined extra axial (elliptical or crescentic shaped) hematoma is seen in the (Mention the site of the lesion). It showed Mention the signal changes in T1 and T2WIs as described with the intra cerebral hematoma however,

- The subdural hematoma may show sedimentation level, then you mention the signal changes of its upper and lower components.
- No edema is present in cases of epidural or subdural hematoma.
- No hemosiderin seen in there cases [usually].

Sub arachnoid hemorrhage is not assessed by MRI, if so, you can follow the same items used for CT and remember to change the densities to signal intensities.

- Fresh blood signal is seen smearing the cortical sulci and extra axial CSF spaces
- Extension into the ventricular system showing dark signal in T2 WIs
- Also mention that the ventricular system is dilated denoting the presence of communicating hydrocephalus which is usually seen in cases of subarachnoid hemorrhage.
- Normal posterior fossa (if the lesion is not in the posterior fossa).
- Scanned paranasal sinuses are clear.



Thanks for Reference

Radiologic Technologists
(MSC, PGDM)

****End of Report****

Dr. Payal Shah
(MD, Radiologist)

Dr. Vimal Shah
(MD, Radiologist)

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