

Pascal Triangle

```
-----
import java.util.Scanner;
public class P1
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter No : ");
        int no=sc.nextInt();
        int c=1;
        for(int i=0;i<no;i++)
        {
            for(int j=0;j<=i;j++)
            {
                if(j==0 || i==0)
                    c=1;
                else
                    c=c*(i-j+1)/j;
                System.out.print(c+" ");
            }
            System.out.println();
        }
    }
}
```

output:

Enter No : 5

1

1 1

```
1 2 1  
1 3 3 1  
1 4 6 4 1
```

Ambiguity Error

```
class A  
{  
void meth()  
{  
}  
}  
  
class B  
{  
void meth()  
{  
}  
}  
  
class C:A,B  
{  
void meth()  
{  
}  
meth(); // ambiguity error - Interface  
}
```

Collection

- > similar to array
- > but dynamic

> can store more than one element in a single variable name in different datatype and different mode.

> collections are stored in java.util package

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;
public class P1 {
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        List<String> lst =new ArrayList<>();
        lst.add("Rithikaa");
        lst.add("Varshinii");
        lst.add("100");
        System.out.println(lst);
    }
}
```

```
import java.util.*;
class P2 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        P2 obj = new P2();
        List<List<Integer>> lst = obj.meth(15);
        for (List<Integer> row : lst) {
            System.out.println(row);
        }
    }
    public List<List<Integer>> meth(int no) {
        List<List<Integer>> result = new ArrayList<>();
```

```

for (int i = 1; i <= no; i++) {
    List<Integer> row = new ArrayList<>();
    for (int j = 1; j <= i; j++) {
        row.add(j);
    }
    result.add(row);
} // i++
return result;
}
}
-----
```

Excise : Pascal Triangle - Leetcode - 118

Pascal Triangle II - Leetcode - 119

```

class Solution {
    public List<Integer>getRow(int rowIndex) {
        List<Integer> lst = new ArrayList<>();
        int first = 1;
        lst.add(first);
        long res = 1;
        for(int col=1; col<=rowIndex; col++){
            res = res * (rowIndex - col + 1)/col;
            lst.add((int)res);
        }
        return lst;
    }
}
```

Random in c:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int main()
{
    for(int i=1;i<=5;i++)
    {
        printf("\n%d", rand()%100);
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Random in Python

```
import random

for i in range(5):
    print(random.randint(1,50))
-----
```

Random in java

```
import java.util.Random;

class Test1 {
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        Random rand = new Random();
        for(int i=1;i<=5;i++)
-----
```

```

{
System.out.println(rand.nextInt(1,50));
}

System.out.println("Four Digit OTP : " + rand.nextInt(1000,10000));

}
}
-----
```

Write a program in java with following rules:

- > first asks the user to enter a username.
- > Then allow the user to guess a number between 1 and 10.
- > The user is allowed to enter a number only 3 times.
- > For each attempt, the program should generate a random number between 1 and 10.
- > If the user's number matches the random number, print "You win".
- > If the numbers do not match, print "Better luck next time".
- > After 3 attempts, regardless of the result, print "Game Over" and terminate the program.

Life Time Calculation:

```

import java.time.*;
import java.time.temporal.ChronoUnit;
import java.time.format.DateTimeFormatter;
import java.util.Locale;
import java.util.Scanner;

class LifeGame
{
public static void main(String args[])
{
```

```
Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);

LocalDateTime now=LocalDateTime.now();

LocalDate today=now.toLocalDate();

System.out.println("Now : " + now);

System.out.println("Today : " + today);

System.out.println("Enter DOB (dd-MM-yyyy) : ");

String dobstr=sc.next();

LocalDate dob=LocalDate.parse(dobstr,DateTimeFormatter.ofPattern("dd-MM-yyyy"));

LocalDateTime sd=dob.atStartOfDay();

System.out.println("DOB : " + dobstr);

System.out.println("DOB : " + dob);

System.out.println("Start Time : " + sd);

Period p=Period.between(dob,today);

System.out.println("Age : " + p.getYears());

System.out.println("Born Day : " + dob.getDayOfWeek());

long daysLived = ChronoUnit.DAYS.between(dob,today);

System.out.println("Days Lived : " + daysLived);

System.out.println("Months lived : "+ ChronoUnit.MONTHS.between(dob, today));

System.out.println("Exact age as at : " + p.getYears()+" years "+ p.getMonths()+" months " + p.getDays()+
+ " days ");

Duration du = Duration.between(sd, now);

long totSec = du.getSeconds();

long hours = totSec/ 3600;

long minutes = (totSec % 3600) / 60;

long seconds = totSec % 60;

System.out.println("Time alive : "+ hours + " hours,"+ minutes+" minutes,"+ seconds +" secs ");

double sleepFactor = 0.33;
```

```

long sl = Math.round(daysLived * sleepFactor);

long hsl = sl * 24;

double ysl = sl / 365.25;

double msl = ysl * 12;

System.out.println("Approx hours slept : " + hsl);

System.out.println("Days sleeping : " + sl);

System.out.println("Years asleep : " + String.format("%.2f", ysl));

System.out.println("Months asleep : " + String.format("%.2f", msl));

// Heart Beats (Avg 72 bpm)

System.out.println("Approx number of heart beats : "+ totSec * 72 / 60);

int rage = 60;

System.out.println("Retirement Age"+ rage);

LocalDate rdate = dob.plusYears(rage).minusDays(1);

long ryear = ChronoUnit.YEARS.between(today, rdate);

if (rdate.isBefore(today))

    ryear = 0;

long rdays = ChronoUnit.DAYS.between(today, rdate);

    if (rdays < 0)

        rdays = 0;

System.out.println("Years to Retirement : "+ ryear);

System.out.println( "Days to Retirement : "+ rdays);

System.out.println("Retirement Date : "+rdate.format(DateTimeFormatter.ofPattern("dd-MM-yyyy")));

long workDays = (long) (rdays * 5.0 / 7.0);

System.out.println("Approx number of workdays : "+ workDays);

}

}
-----
```