Q1. Design a LEX Code to count number of lines, spaces, tab-meta character, and rest of characters in each input pattern.

```
%{
#include <stdio.h>
int lines = 0;
int spaces = 0;
int tabs = 0;
int others = 0;
%}
%%
\n
          { lines++; }
          { spaces++; }
[\r]
          { tabs++; }
\t
         { others++; }
%%
int main() {
  printf("Enter input (Ctrl+D to end on Linux/macOS, Ctrl+Z on Windows):\n");
  yylex();
  printf("\n--- Statistics ---\n");
  printf("Lines: %d\n", lines);
  printf("Spaces: %d\n", spaces);
  printf("Tabs: %d\n", tabs);
  printf("Other characters: %d\n", others);
  return 0;
}
int yywrap() {
  return 1;
}
```

Q2. Design a LEX Code to identify and print valid Identifier of C/C++ in given Input pattern.

```
%{
#include<stdio.h>
%}
%%
auto|double|int|struct|break|else|long|switch|case|\\
enum|register|typedef|char|extern|return|union|continue
|for|signed|void|do|if|static|while|default|goto|size of
|volatile|const|float|short|unsigned;
([a\text{-}zA\text{-}Z][0\text{-}9]) + |[a\text{-}zA\text{-}Z]* \{printf("Identifier\n");}\}
^[0-9]+ {printf("Not a Identifier\n");}
.|\n;
%%
int yywrap()
{
return 1;
}
int main(void)
yylex();
return 0;
}
```

Q3. Design a LEX Code to identify and print integer and float value in given input pattern.

```
%{
#include<stdio.h>
%}

%%

[0-9]+"."[0-9]+ {ECHO; printf("\nDecimal Number\n");}

[0-9]+ {ECHO; printf("\nInteger Number\n");}

%%

/*call the yywrap function*/
int yywrap()
{return 1;}

int main(void)
{
  yylex();
  return 0;
}
```

Q4. Design a LEX Code to for tokenizing (Identify and print OPERATORS, SEPERATORS, KEYWORDS, IDENTIFIERS) in the C-fragment.

```
%{
int n = 0;
%}
%%
"while"|"if"|"else" {n++; printf("\t keyword : %s", yytext);}
"int"|"float" {n++; printf("\t keyword : %s", yytext);}
[a-zA-Z_][a-zA-Z0-9_]* {n++; printf("\t identifier : %s", yytext);}
"<="|"=="|"++"|"-"|"*"|"+" {n++; printf("\t operator : %s", yytext);}
[()\{\}|,;]~\{n++;~printf("\t separator: \%s",~yytext);\}
[0-9]*"."[0-9]+ {n++; printf("\t float : %s", yytext);}
[0-9]+ {n++; printf("\t integer : %s", yytext);}
.;
%%
int main() {
  yylex();
  printf("\n total no. of token = %d\n", n);
}
```

Q5. Design a LEX Code to count and print the number of total characters, words, white spaces in given "Input.txt" file.

```
%{
#include <stdio.h>
int char_count = 0;
int word_count = 0;
int space_count = 0;
%}
%%
[ t n] +
         space_count += yyleng;
         word_count++;
         char_count += yyleng;
        }
[A-Za-z0-9]+ {
         word_count++;
         char_count += yyleng;
        { char_count++; }
%%
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
  FILE *file = fopen("Input.txt", "r");
  if (!file) {
    printf("Failed to open Input.txt\n");
    return 1;
  }
```

```
yyin = file;
yylex();

if (word_count > 0) word_count /= 2;

printf("Total Characters: %d\n", char_count);
printf("Total Words: %d\n", word_count);
printf("Total White Spaces: %d\n", space_count);

fclose(file);
return 0;
}
```

Q6. Design a LEX Code to replace white spaces of "Input.txt" file by a single blank character into "Output.txt" file.

```
%{
#include <stdio.h>
FILE *out;
%}
%%
[ t n] +
          { fputc(' ', out); }
         { fputc(yytext[0], out); }
%%
int main() {
  FILE *in = fopen("Input.txt", "r");
  out = fopen("Output.txt", "w");
  if (!in \parallel !out) {
     printf("Error: Cannot open Input.txt or Output.txt\n");
     return 1;
  }
  yyin = in;
  yylex();
  fclose(in);
  fclose(out);
  printf("Whitespace replaced successfully in Output.txt\n");
  return 0;
}
```

${\bf Q7.}$ Design a LEX Code to remove the comments from any C-Program given at run-time and store into "out.c" file.

```
%{
#include <stdio.h>
FILE *out;
%}
%x COMMENT
%%
"//".*
                 { /* Single-line comment: skip it */ }
"/*"
                 { BEGIN(COMMENT); }
<COMMENT>[^*]*
                         { /* Skip comment content */ }
<COMMENT>"*"+[^*/]*
                         { /* Still inside comment */ }
<COMMENT>"*/"
                      { BEGIN(INITIAL); }
<COMMENT><<EOF>>
                              { BEGIN(INITIAL); }
[^{n}]+
                  { fputs(yytext, out); }
                { fputc('\n', out); }
\n
                { fputc(yytext[0], out); }
%%
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
  if (argc < 2) {
    printf("Usage: %s <C-source-file>\n", argv[0]);
    return 1;
  }
  FILE *in = fopen(argv[1], "r");
  if (!in) {
    printf("Cannot open input file: %s\n", argv[1]);
    return 1;
  }
```

```
out = fopen("out.c", "w");
if (!out) {
    printf("Cannot open output file: out.c\n");
    fclose(in);
    return 1;
}

yyin = in;
yylex();

fclose(in);
fclose(out);
printf("Comments removed successfully. Output saved to 'out.c'\n");
return 0;
}
```

Q8. Design a LEX Code to extract all html tags in the given HTML file at run time and store into Text file given at run time.

```
%{
#include <stdio.h>
FILE *out;
%}
%%
<[^>]+> { fprintf(out, "%s\n", yytext); }
[^<]+ { /* Skip text between tags */ }
       { /* Ignore anything else */ }
%%
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
  if (argc < 3) {
     printf("Usage: %s <input.html> <output.txt>\n", argv[0]);
     return 1; }
  FILE *in = fopen(argv[1], "r");
  if (!in) {
     printf("Error: Cannot open input file %s\n", argv[1]);
     return 1;
  }
  out = fopen(argv[2], "w");
  if (!out) {
     printf("Error: Cannot open output file %s\n", argv[2]);
     fclose(in);
     return 1;
  }
  yyin = in;
  yylex();
  fclose(in);
  fclose(out);
  printf("HTML tags extracted to %s\n", argv[2]);
  return 0;}
```

Q9. Design a DFA in LEX Code which accepts string containing even numbers of "a" and even number of "b" over input alphabet {a,b}.

```
%{
#include <stdio.h>
enum State { S0, S1, S2, S3 };
enum State current state = S0;
void transition(char c) {
  switch (current state) {
     case S0:
       if (c == 'a') current_state = S1;
        else if (c == 'b') current_state = S2;
        break;
     case S1:
       if (c == 'a') current state = S0;
        else if (c == 'b') current state = S3;
        break;
     case S2:
       if (c == 'a') current_state = S3;
        else if (c == 'b') current_state = S0;
        break;
     case S3:
       if (c == 'a') current state = S2;
        else if (c == 'b') current_state = S1;
       break;
  }
}
%}
%%
        { transition(yytext[0]); }
[a|b]
```

Q10. Design a DFA in LEX Code which accepts string containing third last element "a" over input alphabet $\{a,b\}$.

```
%{
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
char last 3[4] = "";
int len = 0;
%}
%%
[a|b]
  if (len < 3) {
     last3[len++] = yytext[0];
  } else {
     last3[0] = last3[1];
     last3[1] = last3[2];
     last3[2] = yytext[0];
  }
}
n {
  if (len \ge 3 \&\& last3[0] == 'a')
     printf("Accepted: Third last character is 'a'\n");
  else
     printf("Rejected: Third last character is not 'a' or input too short\n");
  len = 0;
  last3[0] = last3[1] = last3[2] = '\0';
}
[^ab\n]
                printf("Invalid character: %s\n", yytext);
                                                                    }
%%
int main() {
  printf("Enter strings of a and b (press Enter to check, Ctrl+D to exit):\n");
  yylex();
  return 0;}
```

Q11. Design a DFA in LEX Code to identify and print Integer & Earn; Float Constants and Identifier.

```
%{
#include <stdio.h>
%}
%%
[0-9]+\.[0-9]+ { printf("Float Constant: %s\n", yytext); }
                { printf("Integer Constant: %s\n", yytext); }
[0-9]+
[_a-zA-Z][_a-zA-Z0-9]* { printf("Identifier: %s\n", yytext); }
                 { /* Ignore whitespace */ }
[ t n] +
               { printf("Unknown: %s\n", yytext); }
%%
int main() {
  printf("Enter input containing integers, floats, and identifiers (Ctrl+D to end):\n");
  yylex();
  return 0;
}
```

Q12. Design YACC/LEX code to recognize valid arithmetic expression with operators +, -, * and /.

```
LEX Code:
%{
#include "y.tab.h"
%}
%%
             { yylval = atoi(yytext); return NUMBER; }
[0-9]+
[a-zA-Z_][a-zA-Z0-9_]* { return ID; }
[+]
           { return PLUS; }
[-]
           { return MINUS; }
[*]
           { return MUL; }
[/]
           { return DIV; }
[(]
           { return LPAREN; }
[)]
           { return RPAREN; }
[ t n] +
          { return yytext[0]; }
%%
YACC Code:
%{
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
void yyerror(const char *s);
int yylex();
%}
%token NUMBER ID
```

```
%token PLUS MINUS MUL DIV
%token LPAREN RPAREN
%left PLUS MINUS
%left MUL DIV
%%
stmt:
          { printf("Valid expression\n"); }
  expr
expr:
   expr PLUS expr
  expr MINUS expr
  expr MUL expr
  expr DIV expr
  | LPAREN expr RPAREN
  | NUMBER
 | ID
%%
void yyerror(const char *s) {
  fprintf(stderr, "Error: %s\n", s);
}
int main() {
  printf("Enter an arithmetic expression:\n");
  yyparse();
  return 0;
}
```

Q13. Design YACC/LEX code to evaluate arithmetic expression involving operators +, -, * and / without operator precedence grammar & amp; with operator precedence grammar.

```
LEX Code:
%{
#include "y.tab.h"
%}
%%
[0-9]+
       { yylval = atoi(yytext); return NUMBER; }
[+*/()-] { return yytext[0]; }
[ t ]+ ;
       { return yytext[0]; }
%%
YACC Code:
%{
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int yylex();
void yyerror(const char *s);
int use_precedence = 1;
%}
%token NUMBER
%left '+' '-'
%left '*' '/'
%%
stmt: expr { printf("Result = %d\n", $1); return 0; }
```

```
expr:
  // WITH precedence rules
   expr'+' expr \{ \$ = \text{use precedence } ? \$1 + \$3 : \text{fallback add}(\$1, \$3); \}
  | expr' - expr  { $$ = use precedence ? $1 - $3 : fallback sub($1, $3); }
  | expr'*' expr { $$ = use precedence ? $1 * $3 : fallback mul($1, $3); }
  | expr'/' expr { $$ = use_precedence ? $1 / $3 : fallback_div($1, $3); }
  |'(' expr')'| { $$ = $2; }
  | NUMBER
;
%%
int fallback add(int a, int b) {
  return a + b;
}
int fallback sub(int a, int b) {
  return a - b;
int fallback mul(int a, int b) {
  return a * b;
}
int fallback div(int a, int b) {
  return a / b;
}
void yyerror(const char *s) {
  fprintf(stderr, "Error: %s\n", s);
}
int main() {
  printf("Use operator precedence? (1 = yes, 0 = no): ");
  scanf("%d", &use precedence);
  printf("Enter expression:\n");
  yyparse();
  return 0;
}
```