Mini Project Report On

social-commerce management system.

for the course

IT252 : Database Systems(Minor)

Submitted by

IV SEM B.Tech

Under the guidance of

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Name of the Guide Dept of IT, NITK Surathkal

in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree of

Bachelor of Technology

in

Information Technology at



Department of Information Technology

National Institute of Technology Karnataka, Surathkal.

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CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the project entitled "SOCIAL -COMMERCE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM" has been submitted by PARSAPU KAMAL RAJ(201CV170) students of second year B.Tech (Civil), National Institute of Technology Karnataka, Surathkal, during the odd semester of the academic year 2021 - 2022, in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the award of the degree of Bachelor of Technology in Information Technology at NITK Surathkal.

(Signature of the Guide)

Place

:

Date:

Department of Information Technology National Institute of Technology Karnataka, Surathkal

Course code: IT 252

Course Title: Database Systems

Title of the Project: IRIS Mess and Hostel Allotment

Details of Project Group

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INDEX

1.	INTRODUCTION
2.	Normalisation
3.	Tables
4.	Simple Queries
5.	Complex Queries
6.	Views
7.	Procedures
8.	Functions
9.	Triggers

INTRODUCTION

1. PROBLEM STATEMENT:

Social commerce is a subset of electronic commerce that involves social media and online media that supports social interaction, and user contributions to assist online buying and selling of products and services. For years, China has led the world when it came to social commerce. However, during the Covid-19 pandemic, the trend has gained huge momentum in the United States, when countless shoppers moved online. Social commerce is an extension of e-commerce that involves social media and online media. User-generated content and sharing reviews also come under this category. Social commerce was first introduced with the concept of promoting ecommerce brands on other websites through advertorial content. Here, user reviews and peer to peer conversation in social media determine the shopping of a brand. This can happen without the brand being active in the social commerce front and can indicate the influence social media has on both online and Offline.

Aim: To develop a data model and social-commerce management system.

The problem with the e-commerce system: The e-commerce system has various flaws because most of the people don't use the system even though it has several advantages over traditional stores. The biggest problem is that it takes at least a day to deliver a product to the customer. While some other issues are a duplication of the product means the product is shown on the web some time differs with the original product due to which next time that customer goes to buy the product through the traditional type of stores.

Proposed system: Social commerce is the buying and selling of goods

or services directly within a social media platform. This model moves social media beyond its traditional role in the discovery process by encouraging users to complete the entire purchase process without leaving their preferred apps.

Data module:

1. Registration:

In order to use the system the users (both sellers and users) will need to register in the system, and for registration, they need to provide various information related to them such as name, address, etc.

2. Dashboard:

Will mainly focus on the menu bar and search bar .

Menu bar: It will give the option to navigate through different categories.

Search bar: This provides users with an option through which they can search the product they want to purchase.

3. Cart:

After selecting a product if the user wants to purchase it, later they can save the product in the cart.

4. Check out:

Through this module, the user can replace their order and can choose a preferred method to make the payment.

5. Purchase History:

This will show the purchase done by the user in the past.

6. Review/Post:

Users will post the product reviews as a post to showcase their product as the content. Interested people who like the content marketing as what to buy for a particular purpose (like gym, traditional, marriage, etc.) can engage there itself.

7. Connecting with each other:

As users/customers get engaged with each other bringing them close in the commerce marketplace via liking posts, messaging and different many features.

2. **ACTORS:** people who interact with the database

users/customers social-commerc e seller

3. SOME SAMPLE QUERIES:

User/Customer can

- display all the orders from the order table issued by specific seller
- display all the orders in the cart
- display all products belongs to specific category
- delete orders from the cart
- display all orders in cart which order value greater than "X" (Any number)rupees and less than "Y"(Any number) rupees
- display all orders whose order date is "P"(Any date)
- display all orders whose shipping date is "O"(Any number)
- display all the people whose location is "XYZ" (Any location)
- count and display no.of reviews are provided for specific product
- display all products whose category is "A"(Any number) and whose price lesser than "K"(Any number)
- display the all orders whose date of payment "X" (Any date)
- display the grand total of the cart.
- display the followers and following people list
- display all the posts belongs to specific product
- display the all the posts posted by them
- display no.of participants are participate for particular conversation
- display the products which belongs to the "ABC" brand(Any brand)

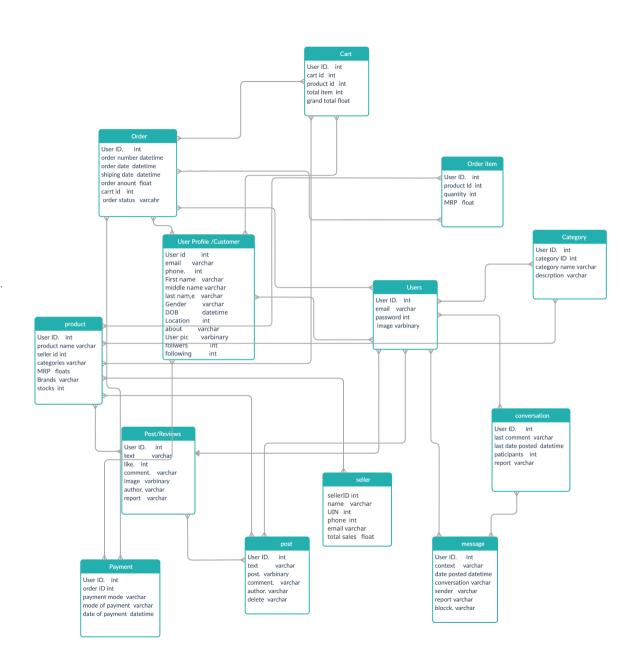
Seller can

- obtain the list of are products are selled
- count and display no.of reviews are provided for each product
- count the no.of customers buying their products
- display the followers and following people list
- display all the posts belongs to specific product
- display the all the posts posted by them
- display no.of participants are participate for particular conversation

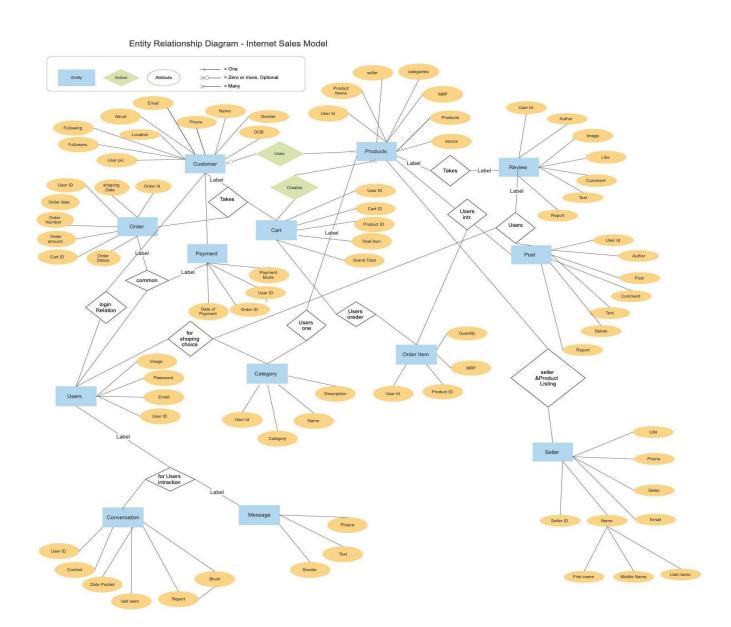
Social-commerce can

- display list of sellers whose total sales cross the "X" (Any number)
- display all orders issued by specific seller whose seller ID is "Y"(Any number)
- > display all the people whose followers are greater than following count
- > display no.of participants are participate for particular conversation
- ➤ find the names and phone numbers of all sellers whose had more than "Y"(Any number) customers
- > display no.of participants are participate for particular conversation
- ➤ update the order sum whose order sum is above "X"(Any number) rupees are reduced the order sum by "A%"(Any number) of total order sum
- ➤ display the orders ordered by customer whose difference between order date and shipping date greater than "P"(Any number) days

4. EER MODEL (CONCEPTUAL MODEL)



ENTITY RELATIONSHIP DIAGRAM



5. GLOBAL CONCEPTUAL SCHEMA:

USER PROFILE/CUSTOMER

USLINF	NOI ILL	./003101	VILIX												
User id	email	phone	name	Gende	ender DOB I		ation	abo	ut	ıt user pic		owers	follow	ing	
SELLER:															
sellerID	ID name UIN			phor	phone email total					tal sales					
	•														
ORDER	:														
User ID	order	number	order da	te s	hipping dat	е	order amount			t cart id			er status		
PRODU	CT:									1					
User ID	produ	ıct name	seller id		categories		MRP B		Bra	Brands sto		<s< td=""><td></td><td></td></s<>			

POST/REVIEWS:

1 OOTALEVIEWS:												
	User ID	text	like	comment	image	author	report					

PAYMENT:

User ID order ID payment mode mode of payment date of payme	nt
---	----

CART:

User ID	cartID	product id	total item	grand total
				I

ORDER ITEM:

User ID	product id	quantity	MRP

CATEGORY:

User ID category ID category name description

POST:

User ID text	post	comment	author	delete	
--------------	------	---------	--------	--------	--

MESSAGE:

User ID context date posted conversation sender report blo
--

USERS:

User ID email	password	image
---------------	----------	-------

CONVERSATION:

User ID	last comment	last date posted	participants	report

Normalisation:

One of the biggest issues database schema designers have faced happens to be data redundancy, which is also one of the biggest factors which gave rise to relational schema which provided an extremely intuitive & sophisticated method of removing redundancy from in our databases. Data redundancy refers to the state of the database in which the same piece of data occupies more than storage space in more than 2 separate locations. This leads to inefficient queries & wastage of a lot of storage space. The concept of Normalization was introduced to overcome the issue of data redundancy.

Anomalies are caused when there is too much redundancy in the database's information. Anomalies can often be caused when the tables that make up the database suffer from poor construction. There are three types of Data Anomalies: Update Anomalies, Insertion Anomalies, and Deletion Anomalies.

- Update Anomalies happen when the person charged with the task of keeping all the records current and accurate, is asked, for example, to change an employee's title due to a promotion. If the data is stored redundantly in the same table, and the person misses any of them, then there will be multiple titles associated with the employee. The end user has no way of knowing which is the correct title.
 - **Insertion Anomalies** happen when inserting vital data into the database is not possible because other data is not already there. For example, if a system is designed to require that a customer be on file before a sale can be made to that

customer, but you cannot add a customer until they have bought something, then you have an insert anomaly. It is the classic "catch-22" situation.

• **Deletion Anomalies** happen when the deletion of unwanted information causes desired information to be deleted as well. For example, if a single database record contains information about a particular product along with information about a salesperson for the company and the salesperson quits, then information about the product is deleted along with salesperson information.

Normalisation is the process of minimizing redundancy from a relation or set of relations. Redundancy in relation usually causes insertion, deletion and updation anomalies as stated previously. So, it helps to minimize the redundancy in relations. Normal forms are used to eliminate or reduce redundancy in database tables.

Relational schema is a derivative of set theory in mathematics & hence it is extremely easy to analyze relational schemas by considering relations as sets & applying the concepts of set theory over them. In a set, we map a key to a particular value, such that t[X] = y & for each X there exists a y. We express this function symbolically as $X \rightarrow y$, where (-> stands for "determines"). This relation is known as functional dependency in DBMS, where a key is used to determine the rest of the attributes of a tuple of R.

Closure of a Set - The set of all those attributes which can be functionally determined from an attribute set is called a closure of that attribute set.

Super Key - Super Key is an attribute (or set of attributes) that is used to uniquely identify all attributes in a relation.

Candidate Key - Candidate key is a set of attributes (or attribute) which uniquely identify the tuples in a relation or table.

Primary Key - Minimal super key which is used to uniquely identify a tuple in a relation.

Every normal form should be lossless, and FD preserved.

There are three(in real, there are 5) different types of normal forms, each being a more irreducible form of the same data, such that we reach a 0% redundancy state at the end. BCNF is considered to be a 0% redundancy state & our goal is to reach BCNF of our relational schema.

1st **Normal Form:** A relation is said to be in first normal form then it should satisfy the following

- No multi-valued attribute
- No composite attribute
- Identify primary key

Here, the relationship is converted to either relation or foreign key or merging relations.

2_{nd} Normal Form:

• Repeating column values are taken out and maintained in a separate table. So that change can be done only once in the new table rather than all entries in the first table. Rule is foreign key must be on the N side else again multi-value in a column will occur.

- Identify the prime **attribute** (part of the candidate key that determines anything else), it is also called **partial dependency**, and eliminate it. Because, 2_{nd} NF is based on **Full Functional dependency** (key should determine all other attributes in a table)
- Use foreign keys on many sides.

3rd Normal Form:

- Only columns with direct dependency of the primary key shall be in the entity.
- No transitive dependencies: non-prime attributes transitively depending on the key.

Example: $A \rightarrow B \rightarrow C == A \rightarrow C$. Example: $A \rightarrow B \rightarrow C == A \rightarrow C$.

- $A \rightarrow BB$ is a non-key attribute here, $B \rightarrow C$ suddenly becomes a key attribute here. Because of this, we will get repeated values in a column. Therefore, it should be eliminated.
- 3_{rd} NF should hold the condition that: if X → Y
 then Either X is a super key Or Y is a prime attribute
 Following this condition will never allow transitive dependency.

Current Database Model

USERP	KUFII		USIC	יועוב ר															
User id	emai	l p	hone	na	ame	Gend	ler	DO	ВЦ	_oca	tion	abo	out	user pi	С	follo	wers	follov	wing
SELLEF	R :	•		•					•			•			•			•	
sellerID		nan	ne	UIN		pho	ne			ema	ail		tot	al sales					
ORDER																			
User ID	orde	er nur	mber	OI	rder date	e s	shipp	oing (date	o	order	amoui	nt	cart id			orde	r status	
PRODU	CT:													!					
User ID	prod	luct n	ame	s	seller id		cat	egor	ies		MRF)	Bra	nds	st	ocks	;		
POST/R	EVIE	NS:																	
User ID	text	I	ike	com	nment	ima	ige	a	autho	or	repo	ort							
PAYME	NT:																		
User ID	(order	· ID	ра	yment r	node		mod	de of	payr	ment	c	late o	of payme	ent				
CART:	-			-								-							
ORDER																			
ITEM:																			
CATEG	OR																		
Y:																			
POST:																		_	
User ID		t	text		ŀ	oost			c	omm	nent		aut	hor		de	elete		
MESSA	GE:												•						
User ID		cor	ntext		date p	ostec	t		conv	ersa	ation	ser	nder	r	еро	rt		block	
USERS:												•							
User ID		ema	ıil	pass	sword	in	nage												
CONVE	RSAT	ION:								_									
User ID			las	st con	nment		last	t date	e pos	sted		partici	pants	<u> </u>	re	port]

Checking 1NF:

Here the necessary conditions to be in 1NF are:

- 1. No composite attribute should be present.
- 2. No multivalued attribute should be present.

Here in this database name is the attribute which has a composite attribute.

Name

First name	Middle name	Last name
	l —	_

Rest all tables remain the same as all are not having composite attributes and all have primary key.

Checking 2NF:

Necessary conditions to be in 2NF are:

- 1. It should be in 1NF.
- 2. It should not have any partial dependency.

Here all tables are in 1NF and there is no partial dependey. So, all tables are in 2NF.

Checking 3NF:

Necessary conditions to be in 3NF are:

- 1. It should be in 2NF.
- 2. It should not have transitve

dependency. Hence all tables are in 2NF and from table user profile/customer

Userid ---> email

Email > phone

Here it is a transitive dependency

So to remove this we make them in to two tables.

USER PROFILE/CUSTOMER

Contact

Email	phone

Like remaining all tables are in 3NF

Checking BCNF:

Necessary conditions to be in BCNF are:

- 1. It should be in 3NF.
- 2. The LHS of FD's must be a super key of one of tables.

So now all tables are in 3NF and the Functional dependency considered in that LHS part is a key attribute so, all tables are in BCNF.

Finally the database model after normalization is:

USER PROFILE/CUSTOMER

User id e	email nam	Gender	DOB Loc	cation about	user pic	followers	following
-----------	-----------	--------	---------	--------------	----------	-----------	-----------

Contact

Email			phone						
SELLER	•								
ORDER:							_		
User ID	order numbe r	order date	shipping date	order am	ount	cart i	d	order	status
PRODUC	T:								
User ID	product name	seller id	categories	MRP	Brar	nds	stocks		

POST/REVI	1							
₩sesiD text	like comm	ent image	author re	eport				
PAYM User ID orde	r ID paym	ent mode m	ode of payr	nent da	te of pa	ayment		
Ser ID cartID product id total item grand total								
RDER Vser D product	id quantity	y MRP]					
CATEG O'RAF: ID	catego	ory ID	category	/ name	d	escription		
	ext	post	comme	nt a	uthor	del	ete	
T: MESS User:ID con	ntext da	te posted	conversati	on send	er	report	block	
US User ID ema	il passwo	rd image						
S: CONVERSA PREN!D	last comm	ent last d	ate posted	participa	ants	report		
		l		<u> </u>				

DATABASE MODEL AFTER NORMALIZATION

USER PROFILE/CUSTOMER

ON:

User id	email	name	Gender	DOB	Location	about	user pic	followe	rs foll	lowing	
SELL ER:		'					•	•			_
seller	ID	name	UIN	p	hone	emai	I	total sal	es		
ORDE R:				-							
User		der mbe	orde	r date	shipping d	ate or	der amou	ınt cart	id	order st	atus
PROD	UCT:										
POST	REVIE										
WS:											
PAYM	ENT:										
CART											
User CATE		: duct id	quantity	M	RP						
POST:											
MESS	AGE:										
USER	S:										
CONV	ERSAT	I									

TABLES:

mysql> sel	ect *from user	_profile;											
userid	email	phone	first_name n	iddle_name la	st_name g	ender D	OOB	1	location	about	user_Pic	followers	following_
1 2 3 4 5	xyz@gmail.com abc@gmail.com wxy@gmail.com eyz@gmail.com teyz@gmail.co	9823243212 8876543212 9866543212	khushali k naresh k kamal r	kumari so kumar sh raj ka	lanki fo ukla ma mal ma	emale 2 ale 2 ale 2	2020-01-10 00:0 2021-11-01 00:0 2020-02-12 00:0 2020-01-10 00:0 2020-01-10 00:0	00:00 00:00 00:00	2 3 4 2 2	teacher worker student		123 323 2123 123 123	312 321 12 312 312
++ 5 rows in	set (0.04 sec)	+											++
mysql> des	c user_profile												
Field	Type	Null k	Key Default	Extra									
userid email phone first_na middle_ nlast_nam gender DOB location about user_Pic follower followin	ame varchar(e varchar(50)	PRI NULL NULL										
User ID	cartID	product id	total item	grand total									
User ID	produc t id	quantity	MRP										
User ID	categor y ID	category name	descript ion			_							<u>.</u>
User id	email	phone	name	Gender	DOE	Lo	cation	abo	ut	user pi	c fol	lowers	following
sellerID	name	UIN	phone	email	total sale s								
User ID	produ ct name	seller id	catego ries	MRP	Bran ds	sto	ocks						
User ID	text	like	comm ent	image	auth	rep	port						
User ID	order ID	payme nt mode	mode of payme nt	date of payme nt				-					
User ID	cartID	produc t id	total item	grand total									
User ID	categ ory ID	_	descri ption										

User ID	text	post	comm ent	author	delet e	
User ID	conte xt	date posted	conve rsatio n	sender	repo rt	block
User ID	email	passw ord	image			
User ID	last comm ent	last date posted	partici pants	report		

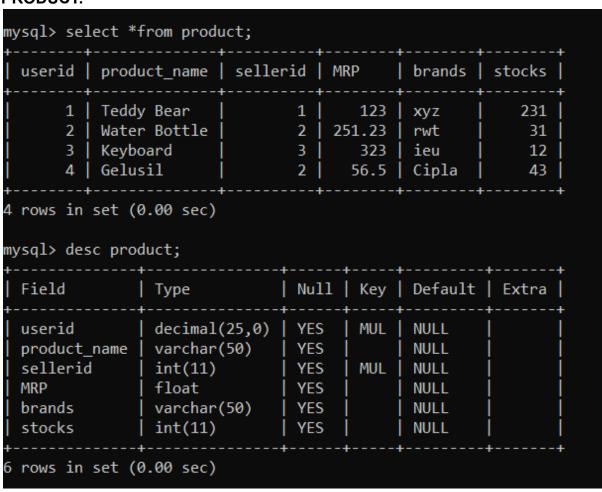
USER PROFILE/CUSTOMER

SELLER:

```
mysql> select *from seller;
 sellerid | name
                    UIN | phone
                                        email
                                                         total_sales
                                          eyw@gmail.com
        1 | vishal
                       123
                            9183767223
                                                             1454.54
        2 | Paresh
                       132
                             8233767223
                                          qwr@gmail.com
                                                             3589.83
        3 khushal
                       515
                           8473667223
                                         iru@gmail.com
                                                             2312.23
3 rows in set (0.05 sec)
mysql> desc seller;
 Field
              Type
                             | Null | Key | Default | Extra
 sellerid
               int(11)
                               NO
                                      PRI
                                           NULL
               varchar(50)
                               YES
                                            NULL
 name_
 UIN
               int(11)
                               YES
                                            NULL
               decimal(10,0)
                               YES
 phone
                                           NULL
 email
               varchar(50)
                               YES
                                            NULL
 total sales | float
                               YES
                                           NULL
6 rows in set (0.02 sec)
```

ORDER:

PRODUCT:



POST/REVIEWS:

```
mysql> select *from post;
                    | post | comments | author
                                                   deletes
 userid | texts
      1 | Marvelus | 123
                                        khushal
                             good
                                                   NULL
      2
                      212
                             better
                                        khushali
                                                   NULL
          great
                      231
          bad
                            Worst
                                        naresh
                                                   NULL
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> desc post;
                           | Null | Key | Default | Extra
 Field
           Type
 userid
            decimal(25,0)
                            YES
                                    MUL
                                          NULL
 texts
            varchar(200)
                             YES
                                          NULL
            varbinary(25)
                            YES
                                          NULL
 post
 comments
            varchar(200)
                            YES
                                          NULL
 author
            varchar(25)
                            YES
                                          NULL
 deletes
           varchar(200)
                            YES
                                          NULL
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

PAYMENT:

```
mysql> select *from payment;
 userid | orderid | paymentmode
                                      date of payment
                1 | EMI
                                       2020-10-01 00:00:00
      1
      2
                    Case on payment
                                      2021-10-10 00:00:00
                3 | PayPal
                                       2021-10-04 00:00:00
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> desc payment;
                                  | Null | Key | Default | Extra
 Field
                  Type
 userid
                   decimal(25,0)
                                  YES
                                           MUL
                                                NULL
 orderid
                   decimal(25,0)
                                                 NULL
                                   YES
                   varchar(20)
 paymentmode
                                   YES
                                                 NULL
 date of payment | datetime
                                   YES
                                                 NULL
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

CART:

mysql> select '	*from cart;									
userid cartid productid total_item grand_total new_total										
+										
4 rows in set of mysql> desc can		+		+	++					
+ Field	+ Type -	Null	Key	+ Default E	Extra					
userid										
6 rows in set	(0.00 sec)			+	+					

ORDER ITEM:

```
mysql> select *from order_item;
 userid | productid | quantity | MRP
      1
                           21
                               88.56
      2
                  2
                           12
                                 2323
      3
                 3
                            5
                                  213
      3
                  5
                                   50
                            2
      3 I
                            2
                                   50
                 4
5 rows in set (0.01 sec)
mysql> desc order_item;
                          | Null | Key | Default | Extra
 Field
           Type
 userid
           decimal(25,0) YES
                                 MUL NULL
 productid | decimal(20,0)
                            YES
                                        NULL
           int(11)
                            YES
 quantity
                                        NULL
 MRP
           float
                            YES
                                        NULL
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

CATEGORY:

```
mysql> select *from category;
 userid | categoryid | category_name | description
      1
                   1 Home
                                      Home Appliances
                                      electric Appliances
      2
                   2 | Electric
      3 l
                   3 Toys
                                      Toys
3 rows in set (0.02 sec)
mysql> desc category;
                               | Null | Key | Default | Extra
 Field
               Type
 userid
                decimal(25,0)
                                YES
                                       MUL | NULL
 categoryid
                int(11)
                                YES
                                             NULL
 category_name | varchar(50)
                                YES
                                             NULL
 description_ | varchar(100)
                                YES
                                             NULL
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

POST:

mysql> sele	ect *from p	oost;						
userid	texts	post	commer	nts	author	deletes		
1 2 3	2 great 212 better khushali				NULL NULL NULL			
3 rows in 9	set (0.00 s	sec)	+			+ -		
mysql> deso	post;							
Field	Type		Null	Key	Default	Extra		
userid decimal(25,0) YES MUL NULL								
6 rows in s	set (0.01 s	sec)						

MESSAGE:

contexts vard	e imal(25,0) char(100)	YES	Key MUL	Default NULL	Extra
contexts vard			MUL	NULL	i i
conversation varces sender varces varces varces	etime char(2000) char(3000) char(1000) char(10)	YES YES YES YES YES YES		NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL	

USERS:

```
mysql> select *from users;
                      password_ | user_pic
 userid email
      1 | xyz@gmail.com |
                        9876876
      2 | abc@gmail.com |
                         4376876
                                         2
      3 | wxy@gmail.com |
                          9162576
                                         3
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> desc users;
           Type
                         | Null | Key | Default | Extra
 Field
 userid
           decimal(25,0) YES
                                MUL NULL
           varchar(50)
 email
                          YES
                                       NULL
 password_ | decimal(16,0)
                                       NULL
                           YES
 user_pic | int(11)
                         YES
                                     NULL
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

CONVERSATION:

Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra
userid	decimal(25,0)	YES	MUL	NULL	
last_comment	varchar(100)	YES		NULL	
last_date_posted	datetime	YES		NULL	
report	varchar(100)	YES		NULL	
participants	int(11)	NO		NULL	

simple queries:

taking orders which have an order amount between 400 and 500.
 mysql> select * from orders where orderamount<=500 and orderamount>=400;

2) Take tuples from order relation where orderdate is equal to 2020-10-01 mysql> select * from orders where orderdate = "2020-10-01";

3) Take tuples from cart relations where the total number of items is greater than 4. select cartid,grand_total from cart where total_item>4;

```
mysql> select cartid,grand_total from cart where total_item>4;

+-----+

| cartid | grand_total |

+-----+

| 1 | 123 |

| 3 | 2134 |

+-----+

2 rows in set (0.02 sec)
```

4) make tuples from product relations where the brand of the product is "xyz". mysql> select * from product where brands = "xyz";

5) Take tuples from the user relation where the location of the user is equal to 3. mysql> select * from user_profile where location = 3;



nested queries

1) Take tuples which contains details of product and seller and MRP of product is 323

mysql> select s.name_ as Name,p.product_name,p.brands

- -> from seller as s,product as p
- -> where s.sellerid = p.sellerid and p.stocks = (select stocks from product where MRP=323);

```
mysql> select * from seller;
 sellerid | name_
                    UIN phone
                                       email
                                                       total sales
        1 | vishal
                      123 | 9183767223 | eyw@gmail.com |
                      132 | 8233767223
          Paresh
                                        qwr@gmail.com
                                                            3212.12
        3 | khushal | 515 | 8473667223 | iru@gmail.com
                                                            2312.23
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select * from product;
 userid | product name | sellerid | MRP
                                          | brands | stocks |
      1 | Teddy Bear
                               1 123
      2
          Water Bottle
                               2 |
                                   251.23
                                                        31
                                            rwt
      3 Keyboard
                               3 I
                                      323
                                                        12
                                           ieu
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

2) Take tuples which contain details of the user and corresponding orders where cartid is equal to 2.

mysql> select u.userid,u.first_name as Name,o.orderdate,o.shippingdate,o.orderamount -> from user profile as u,orders as o

-> where u.userid = o.userid and o.ordernumber = (select ordernumber from orders where cartid=2);

userid	ordernumber	orderdate	shippingdate	orderamount	cartid	order_status
1	12	2020-10-01 00:00:00	2020-10-05 00:00:00	123	1	shipped to sellesman
2	21	2021-10-01 00:00:00	2021-10-10 00:00:00	421	2	arrive
3	31	2021-10-04 00:00:00	2021-10-10 00:00:00	2134	3	shipped today

3) Take tuples which contain details of product and brands where stocks of product are greater than 200.

mysql> select p.product_name as Product_Name,o.productid,p.brands

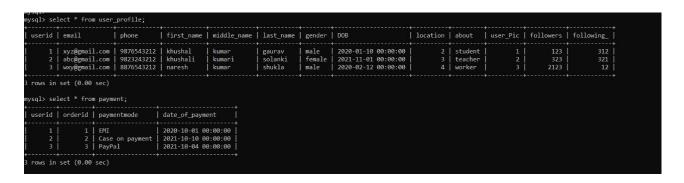
- -> from product as p,order_item as o
- -> where o.MRP = p.MRP and p.brands = (select brands from product where stocks >= 200);

```
mysql> select * from order_item;
 userid | productid | quantity | MRP
         1 | 21 |
     1
                              123
      2
               2
                         12 | 2323
               3
                         5 213
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select * from product;
 userid | product name | sellerid | MRP
                          1 | 123 | xyz
2 | 251,23 | m.d
     1 | Teddy Bear
      2 | Water Bottle |
      3 Keyboard
                             3 |
                                    323 | ieu
                                                     12
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

4) Take tuples which contain details of the user and corresponding payment details where the number of followers of the user is less than 200.

mysql> select u.userid,u.first_name as Name,p.paymentmode,p.date_of_payment -> from user profile as u,payment as p

-> where u.userid = p.userid and email = (select email from user_profile where followers<200);

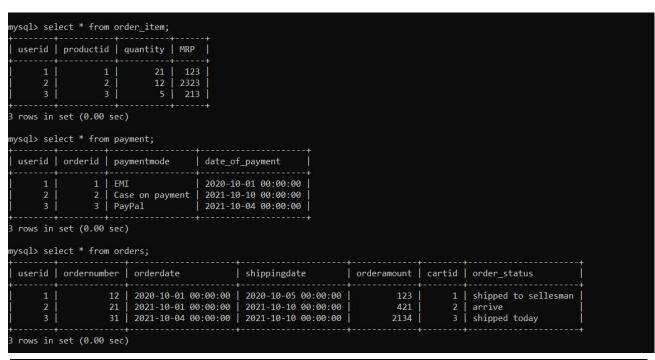


```
mysql> select u.userid,u.first_name as Name,p.paymentmode,p.date_of_payment
-> from user_profile as u,payment as p
-> where u.userid = p.userid and email = (select email from user_profile where followers<200);
+-----+
| userid | Name | paymentmode | date_of_payment |
+-----+
| 1 | khushal | EMI | 2020-10-01 00:00:00 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.01 sec)
```

5) Take tuples which contain details of products, payment and orders where MRP of orders is greater than 200.

mysql> select pr.userid,pr.productid,o.orderdate,p.date_of_payment

- -> from payment as p,orders as o,order_item as pr
- -> where pr.userid=o.userid and pr.userid=p.userid and quantity in (select quantity from order_item where MRP>200);



views

1) view for those users who are students.

mysql> create view User as (select * from user_profile where about="student");
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.04

sec) mysql> select * from User;

	eate view User a 0 rows affected		- 100 oct 10 - 1 0 oct									
sql> s	elect * from Use	r;				1	1					
userid	email	phone	first_name	middle_name	last_name	gender						following_
1	xyz@gmail.com	9876543212	khushal	kumar	gaurav	male	2020-01-10 00:00:00	2	student	1	123	312

				middle_name								following_
	xyz@gmail.com			kumar	gaurav		2020-01-10 00:00:00		student		123	312
2	abc@gmail.com	9823243212	khushali	kumari	solanki	female	2021-11-01 00:00:00	3	teacher	2	323	321
	wxy@gmail.com	8876543212	naresh	kumar	shukla	male	2020-02-12 00:00:00	4	worker	3	2123	12

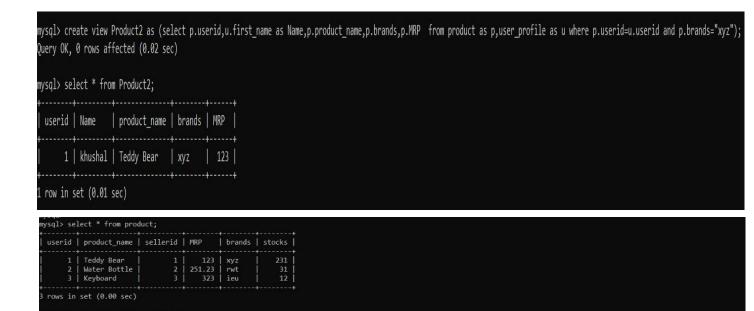
2) view shows details of user and product also where product brand is xyz.

mysql> create view Product2 as (select p.userid,u.first_name as Name,p.product_name,p.brands,p.MRP from product as p,user_profile as u where p.userid=u.userid and p.brands="xyz"); Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)

mysql> select * from Product2;

1 phone

xyz@gmail.com | 9876543212 | khushal abc@gmail.com | 9823243212 | khushali wxy@gmail.com | 8876543212 | naresh



female male

| first name | middle name | last name | gender | DOB

solanki shukla

kumari kumar | user_Pic | followers | following_ |

| location | about

2020-01-10 00:00:00

2021-11-01 00:00:00 2020-02-12 00:00:00 yiew have user details and corresponding order detail and order_status detail where cartid is greater than 1.

mysql> create view view2 as (select u.userid,u.first_name as

Name,u.location,o.ordernumber,o.orderdate,o.shippingdate,o.order stat us

- -> from user_profile as u,orders as o
- -> where o.userid=u.userid and o.cartid>1);

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.07 sec)

mysql> select * from view2;



serid	email	phone	first_name	middle_name	last_name	gender	DOB	location	about	user_Pic	followers	following_
1	xyz@gmail.com	9876543212	khushal	kumar	gaurav	male	2020-01-10 00:00:00	2	student	1	123	312
	abc@gmail.com	9823243212	khushali	kumari	solanki	female	2021-11-01 00:00:00		teacher		323	321
	wxy@gmail.com	8876543212	naresh	kumar	shukla	male	2020-02-12 00:00:00		worker		2123	12
ql> se	set (0.00 sec	lers;			-+				+			
11> se		lers;	 shi	ppingdate	+ orderamou	unt car	tid order_status		+			
ql> se	lect * from ord + ordernumber +	ders; 				t unt car	.	++ + sman	+			
sql> se userid	lect * from ord	ders; orderdate 2020-10-01 00	:00:00 202	ppingdate 0-10-05 00:00:06 1-10-10 00:00:06			tid order_status 1 shipped to selle 2 arrive	+ + :sman	+			
ql> se	lect * from ord	ders; orderdate 	:00:00 202 :00:00 202	0-10-05 00:00:00		123	1 shipped to selle	+ + :sman	+			

4) View has details of seller and corresponding product details where total sales of seller is greater than 2000.

mysql> create view view3 as (select s.sellerid,s.name_ as Name,s.UIN,p.product_name,p.MRP,p.brands,p.stocks

- -> from seller as s,product as p
- -> where s.sellerid=p.sellerid and

s.total_sales>2000); Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.07 sec)

mysql> select * from view3;

```
nysql> select * from seller;
 sellerid | name
                    UIN phone
                                       email
                                                       total sales
        1 | vishal
                      123 | 9183767223 | eyw@gmail.com
                                                            1212.12
        2 Paresh
                     132 | 8233767223 |
                                         qwr@gmail.com
                                                            3212.12
        3 | khushal | 515 | 8473667223 | iru@gmail.com |
                                                            2312.23
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select * from product;
 userid | product_name | sellerid | MRP
                                          | brands | stocks |
      1 | Teddy Bear
                              1
                                                       231
                                   123
      2 | Water Bottle
                              2
                                   251.23
                                                        31
                                            rwt
      3 Keyboard
                                      323 | ieu
                                                        12
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

5) view have details of comments and reviews posted by users to correspond with their products.

mysql> create view view4 as (select u.userid,u.first_name as Name,p.product_name,p.brands,po.texts as Texts,po.comments

- -> from user_profile as u,product as p,post as po
- -> where u.userid=p.userid and p.userid=po.userid);



	email	phone	firs	t_name	middle_name	last_name	gender	DOB	location	about	user_Pic	followers	following
1 2 3	abc@gmail.co	n 98232432	12 khus	hali	kumar kumari kumar	gaurav solanki shukla	male female male	2020-01-10 00:00:00 2021-11-01 00:00:00 2020-02-12 00:00:00		student teacher worker	1 1 2 3	123 323 2123	31 32 1
rows in	+ set (0.00 sec	+)								+		+	
ysql> se	lect * from po			+									
userid	texts p			author		i							
	great 0	k323132	good better Norst	khusha khusha naresh									
rows in	++ set (0.00 sec	-											
ysql> se	lect * from pr												
	+ product_name		MRP		stocks								
userid				xyz	231								
userid 1	Teddy Bear Water Bottle		251.23	I must	31								

stored procedures

```
1) Procedure to give a bonus amount to seller
by sellerid DELIMITER $$
CREATE PROCEDURE Get_Information (uid
int) BEGIN
SELECT
o.ordernumber,o.orderdate,o.orderamount,up.first_name,up.location,up.phone
FROM `orders` AS o
join user_profile as up on o.userid =
up.userid WHERE o.userid = uid;
END $$
DELIMITE
R;

call Get_information (1);
call Get information (2);
```

```
mysql> CREATE PROCEDURE Get_Information (uid int)
   -> BEGIN
   -> SELECT o.ordernumber,o.orderdate,o.orderamount,up.first_name,up.location,up.phone
   -> FROM `orders` AS o
   -> join user_profile as up on o.userid = up.userid
   -> WHERE o.userid = uid;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.07 sec)
mysql> DELIMITER ;
mysql> call Get_information (1);
 12 | 2020-10-01 00:00:00 | 123 | khushal | 2 | 9876543212 |
1 row in set (0.01 sec)
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)
mysql> call Get_information (2);
 ordernumber | orderdate | orderamount | first_name | location | phone
         21 | 2021-10-01 00:00:00 |
                                    421 | khushali |
                                                            3 | 9823243212 |
 row in set (0.00 sec)
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

2) Procedure for getting all the information of the user by user id

```
DELIMITER $$
CREATE PROCEDURE Give_Bonus(sid int,discount int) BEGIN
UPDATE seller
set
total_sales = total_sales+((total_sales*discount)/100)
WHERE seller.sellerid = sid;
END $$
DELIMITE
R;
call Give_Bonus
(1,20); select * from
seller; call
Give_Bonus (2,10);
select * from seller;
```

```
mysql> CREATE PROCEDURE Give_Bonus(sid int,discount int)
   -> BEGIN
   -> UPDATE seller
   -> total_sales = total_sales+((total_sales*discount)/100)
   -> WHERE seller.sellerid = sid;
   -> END $$
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.04 sec)
mysql> DELIMITER ;
mysql> call Give_Bonus (1,20);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.05 sec)
mysql> select * from seller;
 sellerid | name_ | UIN | phone
                                       email
                                                       total sales
        1 | vishal
                    | 123 | 9183767223 | eyw@gmail.com |
                                                            1454.54
        2 | Paresh | 132 | 8233767223 | qwr@gmail.com |
                                                            3212.12
        3 | khushal | 515 | 8473667223 | iru@gmail.com |
                                                             2312.23
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> call Give Bonus (2,10);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> select * from seller;
 sellerid | name_ | UIN | phone
                                    email
                                                   | total sales
        1 vishal
                      123 | 9183767223 | eyw@gmail.com |
                                                         1454.54
                      132 | 8233767223 | qwr@gmail.com |
        2 Paresh
                                                            3533.33
        3 | khushal | 515 | 8473667223 | iru@gmail.com |
                                                             2312.23
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

3) procedure for giving discounts to the user and update the MRP value of the item if user have product quantity above 20

```
DELIMITER $$
CREATE PROCEDURE Give_Discount(discount int) BEGIN
UPDATE order_item
set
MRP =
MRP-((MRP*discount)/100)
WHERE order_item.quantity>20;
END $$
DELIMITER;
select * from order_item;
call Give_Discount(20);
select * from order_item;
call Give_Discount(10);
select * from order_item;
```

```
mysql> DELIMITER $$
mysql> CREATE PROCEDURE Give_Discount(discount int)
    -> BEGIN
    -> UPDATE order_item
    -> set
    -> MRP = MRP-((MRP*discount)/100)
    -> WHERE order_item.quantity>20;
    -> END $$
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.06 sec)
mysql> DELIMITER ;
mysql> select * from order_item;call Give_Discount(20);
 userid | productid | quantity | MRP |
                             21
      1 I
                   1 I
                                  123
                   2 | 3 |
                             12
                                  2323
      3 |
                             5 | 213 |
 rows in set (0.02 sec)
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)
nysql> select * from order_item;call Give_Discount(10);select * from order_item;
 userid | productid | quantity | MRP |
      1 I
                   1 |
                             21 | 98.4
                             12 | 2323
                   3 İ
       3 I
                              5 | 213 |
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
 userid | productid | quantity | MRP
                             21 | 88.56
      1 |
                   1 |
                             12
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

4) procedure to check the cart detail by cartid

```
mysql> CREATE PROCEDURE view_cart(cid int)
   -> BEGIN
   -> SELECT c.total_item,c.grand_total,c.productid,up.first_name
   -> FROM `cart` AS c
   -> join user_profile as up on up.userid = c.userid
   -> WHERE c.cartid = cid;
   -> END $$
mysql> call view_cart(1);
mysql> call view_cart(2);
```

```
mysql> DELIMITER $$
mysql> CREATE PROCEDURE view_cart(cid int)
   -> BEGIN
   -> SELECT c.total item, c.grand total, c.productid, up.first name
   -> FROM `cart` AS c
   -> join user_profile as up on up.userid = c.userid
   -> WHERE c.cartid = cid;
   -> END $$
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> DELIMITER ;
mysql> call view_cart(1);
 total_item | grand_total | productid | first_name |
       5 | 123 |
                             1 khushal
1 row in set (0.02 sec)
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)
mysql> call view_cart(2);
| total_item | grand_total | productid | first_name |
          3 421 2 khushali
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

5) procedure to check the payment details by userid

```
mysql> DELIMITER $$
mysql> CREATE PROCEDURE view_payment(uid int)
-> BEGIN
```

- -> SELECT p.paymentmode,p.date_of_payment,up.first_name,o.ordernumber,o.orderamount
- -> FROM `user_profile` AS up
- -> join payment as p on p.userid = up.userid
- -> join orders as o on o.userid = up.userid
- -> WHERE up.userid = uid;
- -> END \$\$

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> DELIMITER ;
mysql> call view_payment(1);

```
mysql> DELIMITER $$
mysql> CREATE PROCEDURE view_payment(uid int)
   -> BEGIN
   -> SELECT p.paymentmode,p.date_of_payment,up.first_name,o.ordernumber,o.orderamount
   -> FROM `user profile` AS up
   -> join payment as p on p.userid = up.userid
   -> join orders as o on o.userid = up.userid
   -> WHERE up.userid = uid;
   -> END $$
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> DELIMITER ;
mysql> call view_payment(1);
EMI | 2020-10-01 00:00:00 | khushal | 12 | 123 |
1 row in set (0.02 sec)
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
mysql> call view_payment(2);
 Case on payment | 2021-10-10 00:00:00 | khushali | 21 | 421 |
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

stored functions

1) Function which returns total number of products which a particular seller sells

```
mysql> delimiter $$
mysql> create function total_products(sld int)
   -> returns numeric
   -> deterministic
   -> begin
   -> return (select count(product_name) from Product where sellerid = sld);
   -> end $$
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> select total_products(3);
   -> $$
```

2) Function that returns the number of products which has quantity greater than given total items

```
mysql> delimiter $$
mysql> create function products_with_greater_quantity(quantity numeric)
   -> returns numeric
   -> deterministic
   -> begin
   -> return (select count(productid) from cart where Quantity <= total_item);
   -> end $$
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> delimiter;
mysql> select products_with_greater_quantity(4);
```

3) Function that returns the total cost of the cart of a customer

```
mysql> create function totalcost(cld int)
   -> returns numeric
   -> deterministic
   -> begin
   -> return (select grand_total from Cart where userid=cld);
   -> end $$
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> delimiter;
mysql> select totalcost(3);
```

4) Function that returns the number of products of particular brand

```
mysql> delimiter $$
mysql> create function prodtype(type varchar(7))
   -> returns numeric
   -> deterministic
   -> begin
   -> return (select count(Product_name) from product where brands = type);
   -> end $$
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00
sec) mysql> select prodtype('xyz');
```

```
mysql> delimiter $$
mysql> create function prodtype(type varchar(7))
    -> returns numeric
    -> deterministic
    -> begin
    -> return (select count(Product_name) from product where brands = type);
    -> end $$
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> select prodtype('xyz');
+-----+
| prodtype('xyz') |
+-----+
| 1 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.01 sec)
```

5) Function to count number of products in the cart

```
mysql> delimiter $$
mysql> create function totalproducts(cartId int)
-> returns numeric
-> deterministic
-> begin
-> return (select count(productid) from cart where cartid=cartId);
-> end $$
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> select totalproducts(1);
-> $$
```

triggers

1) if an item is ordered by a customer the entry is inserted in order item table then this trigger automatically inserts corresponding record in orders table make order date as current system time and shipping date is 5 days after order date

```
mysql> delimiter $$
mysql> create trigger after_order_insert
--> after insert on order_item for each row
--> begin
--> insert into
orders(userid,orderdate,shippingdate,orderamount,order_status)
values(userid,now(),date_add(now(),interval 5 day),new.quantity*new.MRP,'Shipped today');
--> end $$
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)

mysql> delimiter;
mysql> insert into order_item
values(3,4,2,50); Query OK, 1 row affected
(0.01 sec)

mysql> select * from order_item;
mysql> select * from order_item;
mysql> select * from orders;
```

```
mysql> delimiter $$
nysql> create trigger after_order_insert
    -> after insert on order_item for each row
    -> begin
   -> insert into orders(userid,orderdate,shippingdate,orderamount,order_status) values(userid,now(),date_add(now(),interval 5 day),new.quantity*new.MRP,'Shipped today')
    -> end $$
 uery OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
mysql> delimiter ;
mysql> insert into order_item values(3,4,2,50);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
nysql> select * from order_item;
 userid | productid | quantity | MRP
                             21 | 88.56
                             12
                                   2323
                              2
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
 ysql> select * from orders;
 userid | ordernumber | orderdate
                                              shippingdate
                                                                    orderamount | cartid | order status
                    12 | 2020-10-01 00:00:00 | 2020-10-05 00:00:00 |
                                                                               123
                                                                                               shipped to sellesman
                   21 | 2021-10-01 00:00:00 | 2021-10-10 00:00:00
31 | 2021-10-04 00:00:00 | 2021-10-10 00:00:00
                                                                               421
                                                                                           2
                                                                                               arrive
                                                                              2134
                                                                                               shipped today
                  NULL | 2022-05-18 11:34:29 | 2022-05-23 11:34:29
                                                                                       NULL | Shipped today
  rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

2) create a trigger to 10% discount to all the products in cart

```
mysql> delimiter;
mysql> create trigger update_totals
-> before insert on cart
-> for each row
-> begin
-> set new.new_total=(0.9)*new.grand_total;
-> end
-> $$

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)

mysql> delimiter;
mysql> insert into cart(userid,cartid,productid,total_item,grand_total)
values(5,4,4,7,120); Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> select * from cart;
```

```
mysql> delimiter ;
mysql> delimiter $$
mysql> create trigger update_totals
    -> before insert on cart
    -> for each row
    -> begin
          set new.new_total=(0.9)*new.grand_total ;
    -> end
    -> $$
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
mysql> delimiter ;
mysql> insert into cart(userid,cartid,productid,total item,grand total) values(5,4,4,7,120);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> select * from cart;
 userid | cartid | productid | total_item | grand_total | new_total |
                1 |
                            1 |
                                                      123
                                                                 NULL
                            2
                                                      421
                                                                 NULL
                                                     2134
                                                                 NULL
                                                      120
                                                                  108
  rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

3) create a trigger to update the sales of seller when a product is sold(an entry is made in product table)

```
mysql> delimiter $$
mysql> create trigger update sales
 -> after insert on product
 -> for each row
 -> begin
 -> declare id int;
 -> update seller set total_sales=total_sales+NEW.mrp WHERE NEW.sellerid=sellerid;
 ->
 ->
      end
 ->
      $$
mysql> select *from seller;
 -> $$
mysql> select *from product;
 -> $$
```

```
mysql> delimiter $$
mysql> create trigger update_sales
   -> after insert on product
   -> for each row
   -> begin
   -> declare id int;
   -> update seller set total_sales=total_sales+NEW.mrp WHERE NEW.sellerid=sellerid;
   ->
   -> end
   -> $$
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)
```

```
mysql> select *from seller;
   -> $$
 sellerid | name_
                                         email
                                                         total_sales
                    UIN
                             phone
            vishal
                                          eyw@gmail.com
        1
                       123
                             9183767223
                                                              1454.54
                             8233767223
                                          qwr@gmail.com
        2
            Paresh
                       132
                                                              3533.33
            khushal
                       515
                             8473667223
                                          iru@gmail.com
                                                              2312.23
 rows in set (0.04 sec)
```

```
m *sql> insert intO prOducr values (4,
'Gelusil', 2, 50.50, 'Cipla', 43); Quer OK, 1 row affected
 selle r Id
           name | UILJ | phone
                                          email
                                                      tOtal sale
            visha1
                       L23 | 91837o7223
                                           e}'tv gma11.com |
                                                                1454.54
                       132 |
            Paresh
                             82337o7223 | qtvn gmall. |
                                                                z5g9.sz
                       515 | 8A7 | iru gma11.
                                                               23L2.23
        3
            khusha1 |
                              3007223
                                               com
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