

Sardar Patel Institute of Technology Bhavan's Campus, Munshi Nagar, A., dheri (West), Mumbai-400058, India

(Autonomous College Affiliated to University of Mumbai)

End Semester Examination

November 2018

Max. Marks: 60

Class: T.E.

Duration: 3 Hrs

Semester: V

Course Code: IT53

Branch: Information Technology

Name of the Course: Advanced Database Systems

(1) All questions are compulsory

(2) Draw neat diagrams

(3) Assume suitable data if necessary

Q No.		Max. Marks	СО
Q.1 (a)	In Parallel databases how shared memory and shared disk architectures are used? Give the advantages and disadvantages of both.	4	CO1
(b)	Compare NOSQL and RDBMS.	4	CO4
(c)	What is temporal database? With appropriate example describe the types of temporal databases.	4	CO4
Q.2 (a)	Consider the following three linked relations: Students (studNbr, name, dob) Modules (modNbr, title) Results (studNbr*, modNbr*, grade) Suppose we have the following query: SELECT S.name FROM Students S, Modules M, Results R WHERE S.studNbr = R.studNbr AND M.modNbr = R.modNbr AND R.grade = 'A' AND S.dob >= '01-Jan-90'; (i) Draw an initial relational algebra tree for the above query. (ii) Apply a series of transformations to the tree obtained in part(i) to make the query more efficient. Discuss each step and state the heuristic used.	6	CO2
	OR		
	In B+ tree for insertion write the overflow conditions for splitting leaf node and non-leaf node, if the node contains 7,9,13,15 and this node is full. Insert 8 in this node.	6	CO2
(b)	While designing the distributed database what types of replications are required. Justify with example and give the advantages and disadvantages of replication.	6	CO1

Q.3(a) Consider an organization maintains the information about its customers. They store information about the customer in CUS-TOMER table and the customer addresses in C_ADDRESS table as follows:

> CUSTOMER(CId, CName, Prod_Purchased, Shop_Location) C_ADDRESS(CId, C_Address)

The table CUSTOMER stores information about the customer, the product purchased from their shop, and the shop location where the product is purchased. C_Address stores information about permanent and present addresses of the customer. Here, CUSTOMER is the owner relation and C_ADDRESS is the member relation.

Figure 1: CUSTOMER table

CID	CNAME	PROD_PURCHASED	SHOP_LOCATION
C001	Ram	Air Conditioner	Mumbai
C002	Guru	Television	Chennai
C010	Murugan	Television	Coimbatore
C003	Yuvraj	DVD Player	Pune
C004	Gopinath	Washing machine	Coimbatore

Figure 2: C_ADDRESS table

Charles and Charles	
CID	C_ADDRE SS
C001	Bandra, Mumbai
C001	XYZ, Pure
C002	T. Nagar, Chennai
C002	Kovil street, Madurai
C003	ABX, Pure
C004	Gandhipuram, Ooty
C004	North street, Erode
C010	Peelamedu Coimbatore

How would you fragment CUSTOMER relation on the shop_location attribute.

2. How would you fragment C_ADDRESS based on the fragment created on CUSTOMER relation. Fragment the relation C_ADDRESS, based on different location.

OR

Create any scenario for distributed database and with the help of | 6 that scenario explain deadlock detection technique in distributed database.

Discus the following Object Oriented data modelling concepts providing an example of each concept.

Object Identity and Object Structure

CO1

CO₁

CO1

(b)

Q.4 (a)	Use the following XML document in the examples books.xml		
Q. 2 (w)	xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?		
	 bookstore>		
	 dock category="cooking">		
	<title lang="en">Everyday Italian</title>		
	<author>Giada De Laurentiis</author>		
	<pre><year>2005</year></pre>		
	<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>		
	 dook category="children">		
	<title lang="en">Harry Potter</title>		
	<author>J K. Rowling</author>		
	<pre><year>2005</year></pre> /gear>		
	<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>		
	 book category="web">		
	<title lang="en">XQuery Kick Start</title> <author>James McGovern</author>		
	<author>Per Bothner</author>		
	<author>Kurt Cagle</author>		
	<author>James Linn</author>		
	<author>Vaidyanathan Nagarajan</author>		
	<pre><year>2003</year></pre>		
	<pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre>		
	<pre><book category="web"> <bittle "or"="" lang=""> Langing YMI c/title</bittle></book></pre>		
	<title lang="en">Learning XML</title>	A	
	<author>Erik T. Ray</author>		
	<pre><year>2003</year></pre>		
	<pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>		
	Write the xpath quries for the following with output		
	1. Select all the book titles		
	2. Select the title of the first book node under the bookstore element	123	
(1)	3. Select the text from all the price nodes	6	CO ₃
(b)	What is graph database? Explain the property of graph data model	6	CO4
	for social network.		
	OR		
	What is Hypergraph? With the help of example explain the di-	6	CO4
	rected hyperedge.	· ·	004
	recoved hypereage.		
Q.5 (a)	What is the need of image database? How images are stored in	6	CO4
(a)	database?	0	004
	canabase:		
(b)	What are the advantages and disadvantages of distributed	6	CO1
(0)		6	001
	databases in designing distributed databases and what are the is-		
	sues in designing distributed database?		
		1 Vi -	