

NPTEL ONLINE CERTIFICATION COURSES

DIGITAL CONTROL IN SMPCs AND FPGA-BASED PROTOTYPING

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Module 04: Modeling Techniques and Mode Validation using MATLAB

Lecture 36: Validation of Discrete-Time Large-Signal Models using MATLAB - Part II

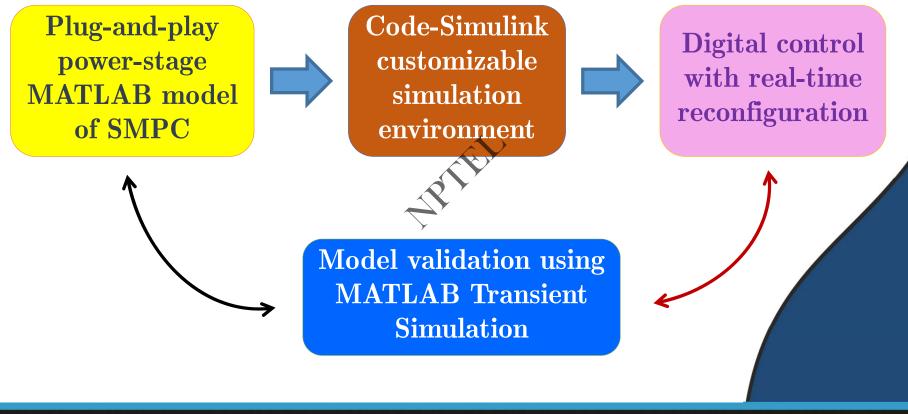




CONCEPTS COVERED

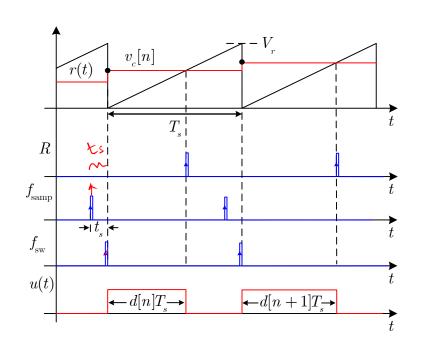
- Recall of digital control architectures and MATLAB models
- Steps for simulation using MATLAB detailed switch models and discrete-time large-signal models
- MATLAB codes and step-by-step methods for model validation
- Validation case studies using a Boost Converter

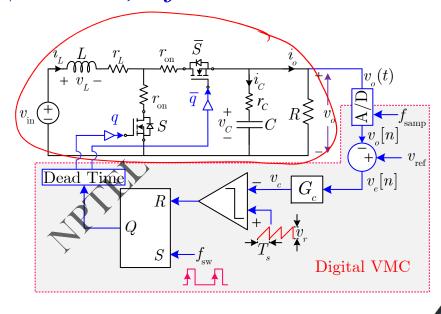
Overall Plan for MATLAB based Validation





Digital Voltage Mode Control (DVMC) of Boost Converter

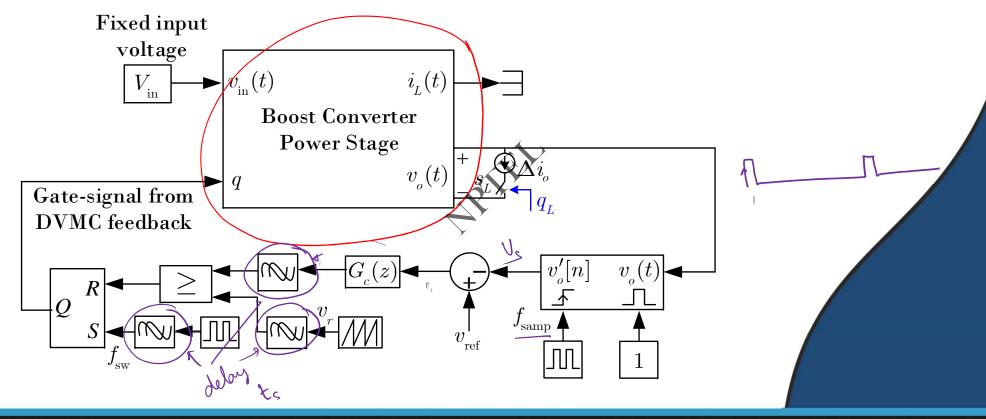








Device Under Test (DUT) for Validation of DT Large-Signal Model





Validation of DT Large-Signal Model under Closed Loop

- a) Using actual switch simulation
 - 1. Provide initial conditions for $v_C(t)$ and $i_L(t)$
 - 2. Do not turn on S_L for 1 ms and let the converter reach steady-state
 - 3. Apply a load step
 - 4. Capture time domain data and store as v_o and i_L



Validation of DT Large-Signal Model under Closed Loop (contd...)

- b) Using DT large-signal model
 - 1. Provide initial conditions for $v_C(t)$ and $i_L(t)$ same as the switch simulation
 - 2. Let the DT large-signal model run for 1 ms
 - 3. Capture $v_o(t)$ and $i_L(t)$ for every sampling cycle until 1 ms



Validation of DT Large-Signal Model under Closed Loop (contd...)

- b) Using DT large-signal model
 - 4. Change the load resistance at 1 ms to emulate a load step
 - 5. Capture $v_o(t)$ and $i_L(t)$ for every sampling cycle until the end time same as simulation run time
 - 6. Compare the captured data of $v_o \& i_L$ for DT large-signal validation

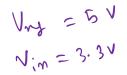


boost_conv_DVMC_simulation.m

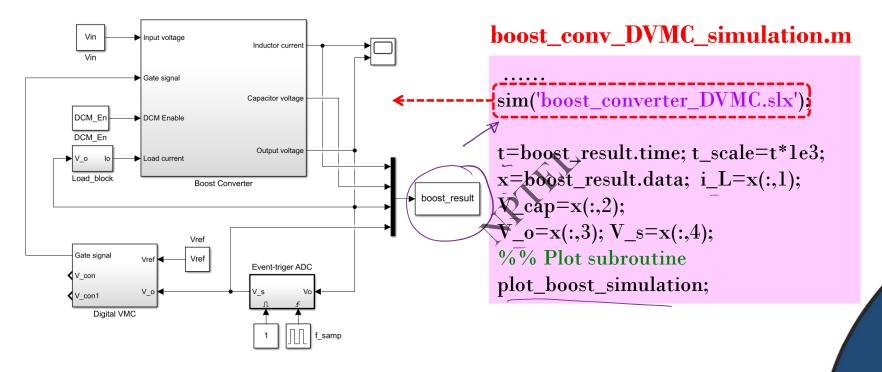
```
clear; close all; clc;
%% Setting parameters
boost_parameter;
DCM_En=0;
N_tran=500; T_tran=2*N_tran*T;
t_start=0; t_sim=T_tran;
%% Controller parameters
Kp=8; Ki=0.7; Kd=(1*C)/T;
t_s=0.1*T;
%_m=10; R1=10; R2=2; R=R1;
I_L_int=0; V_c_int=4.99;
V_s_int=V_c_int; V_integral=0;
.....
```

boost_parameter.m

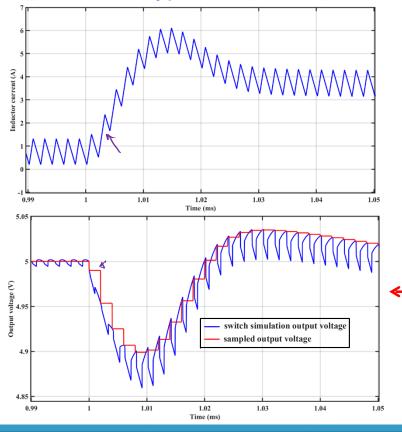
```
L=2e-6;
            % inductance
C=100e-6;
            % output capacitance
T=2e-6;
            % switching time period
r L=10e-3; % inductor DCR
v_d=0*0.7; % diode voltage drop
r 1=5e-3;
            % LS MOS on resistance
            % HS MOS on resistance
r d=5e-3;
r C=5e-3;
            % capacitor ESR
            % input voltage
Vin=3.3;
            % ref. output voltage
Vref=5; ✓
```











boost_conv_DVMC_simulation.m

```
sim('boost_converter_DVMC.slx');

t=boost_result.time; t_scale=t*le3;
x=boost_result.data; i_L=x(:,1);

V_cap=x(:,2);
V_o=x(:,3); V_s=x(:,4);
% % Plot subroutine

[plot_boost_simulation;]
```





boost_DT_LSM_TE.m

```
clc
boost_parameter;

Kp=8; Ki=0.7; Kd=(1*C)/T;
t_s=0.1*T; V_m=10; R1=10;
R2=2; R=R1; N_tran=500;

boost_DT_model_matrices;

.....
```

boost_DT_model_matrices.m

```
alpha=R/(R+r_C); r_e=(r_1+r_L);
T_s=t_s; I_den=[1 0; 0 1];

%% Define system, input and output matrices
A_on=[-r_e/L 0; 0; alpha/(R*C)];
A_off=[-(r_e+(alpha*r_C))/L -alpha/L;
alpha/C -alpha/(R*C)];

B=[1/L; 0];
C_on=[0 alpha];
C_off=[r_C*alpha alpha];
```

Aon

Aosh

B

Con

Coff



boost_DT_LSM_TE.m

```
i_L_n=I_L_int; v_cap_n=V_c_int;
x_n=[i_L_n; v_cap_n];
V_o_s=C_off*x_n; Vsam=v_cap_n;
V_intg_int=0; Ve_int=0;
tl=0; tl_scale=tl*le3;
figure(1)
plot(tl_scale,x_n(1),'o','Linewidth', 2); hold on; grid on;
figure(2)
plot(tl_scale,Vsam,'o','Linewidth', 2); hold on; grid on;
.....
```



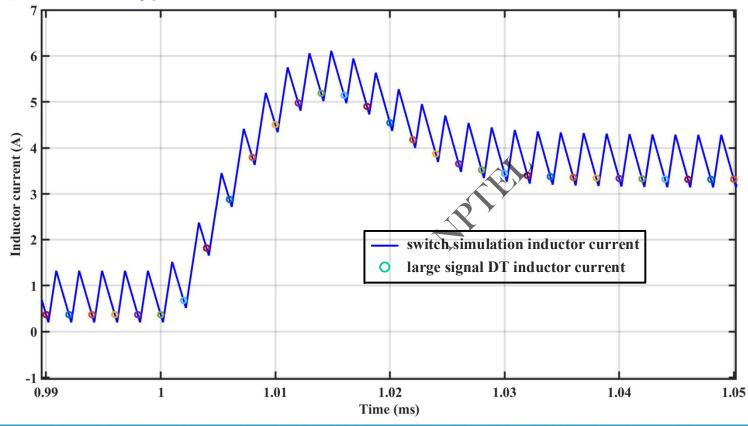
```
boost_DT_LSM_TE.m
boost_DT_dynamics.m
                                                                                                             Ntran
0 to Ntran-1
  for n=0:N tran-1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  %% DT Large-Signal Model
        figure(2)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     ←--boost DT dynamics:
         plot(t1_scale, Vsam, 'o', 'Linewidth', 2); hold on; grid on;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  R=R2; N_tran=500;
         Ve=(Vref-Vsam);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  boost_DT_model_matrices;
                                                                                                                     -u_{1}
-u_{2}
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-u_{4}
-u_{5}
-u_{6}
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-u_{8}
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-u_{2}
-u_{6}
-u_{7}
-
         V_intg=V_intg_int+(Ki*Ve); V_intg_int=V_intg;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  V_o_s=C_off*x_n; Vsam=
         V_der=Kd*(Ve-Ve_int); Ve_int=Ve;
         V_{con}=(Kp*V_e)+V_{intg}+V_{der}; D_{temp}=V_{con}/V_{m};
                 if D temp<0
                                                                                                                                                                            Up(n) = Kp Ve(n)
U(n) = Up(n) + Uz(n)t
Up(n)
                        D=0:
                 elseif D temp>1
                         D=1:
```



boost_DT_dynamics.m

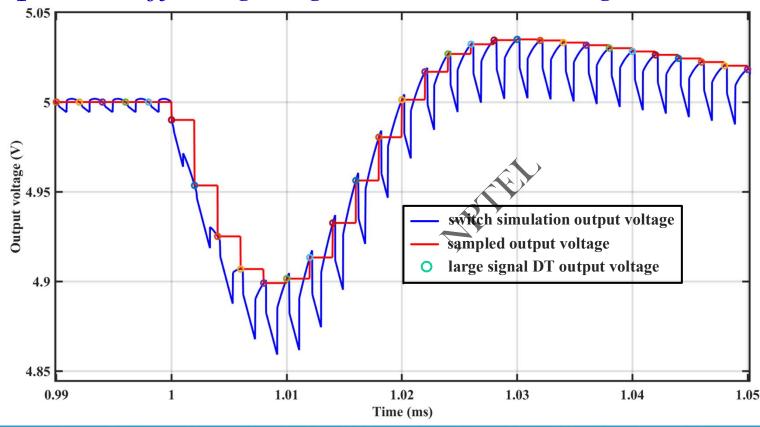
```
Inn = Argam + Beg Vin
   else
      D=D_temp;
   end
 A_LS = (\exp(A_off^*(T-(D^*T)-T_s)))^*(\exp(A_off^*T_s))^*(\exp(A_off^*T_s));
B1 = (expm(A_off^*(T_{-}(D^*T)_{-}T_{-}s)))^*(expm(A_on^*D^*T))^*((expm(A_off^*T_{-}s))_{-}I_{-}den)^*(inv(A_off))^*B;
B2 = (\exp(A_off^*(T-(D^*T)-T_s)))^*((\exp(A_on^*D^*T))-I_ofen)^*(inv(A_on))^*B;
B3 = ((expm(A_off^*(T-(D^*T)-T_s)))-I_den)^*(inv(A_off))^*B; B_LS = B1+B2+B3;
 x_n1=A_LS*x_n+B_LS*Vin;
 tl=tl+T; tl scale=tl*le3; x n=x nl; V o s=C m*x n; Vsam=V o s;
 figure(1)
 plot(t1_scale,x_n(1),'o','Linewidth', 2); hold on; grid on;
end
```















CONCLUSION

- Recall of digital control architectures and MATLAB models
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