class12

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Quarto

Quarto enables you to weave together content and executable code into a finished document. To learn more about Quarto see https://quarto.org.

Running Code

When you click the **Render** button a document will be generated that includes both content and the output of embedded code. You can embed code like this:

```
counts <- read.csv("airway_scaledcounts.csv", row.names = 1)
metadata <- read.csv ("airway_metadata.csv")
```

```
#view count
nrow(counts)
```

```
[1] 38694
```

Q1. How many genes are in this dataset? 38694

```
#view metadata
all( metadata$id == (colnames(counts)))
```

```
[1] TRUE
```

Q2. How many 'control' cell lines do we have? 4

##Analysis via comparison of CONTROL vs TREATED

```
control <- metadata[metadata[,"dex"]=="control",]
control.counts <- counts[ ,control$id]
control.mean <- rowSums( control.counts )/4
head(control.mean)
```

```
ENSG00000000003 ENSG00000000005 ENSG00000000419 ENSG00000000457 ENSG00000000460
         900.75            0.00          520.50          339.75           97.25
ENSG00000000938
           0.75
```

Q3. How would you make the above code in either approach more robust?

Q4. Follow the same procedure for the treated samples (i.e. calculate the mean per gene across drug treated samples and assign to a labeled vector called treated.mean)

```
treated <- metadata[metadata[,"dex"]=="treated",]
treated.mean <- rowSums( counts[ ,treated$id] )/4
names(treated.mean) <- counts$ensgene
head(treated.mean)
```

```
[1] 658.00   0.00 546.00 316.50  78.75   0.00
```

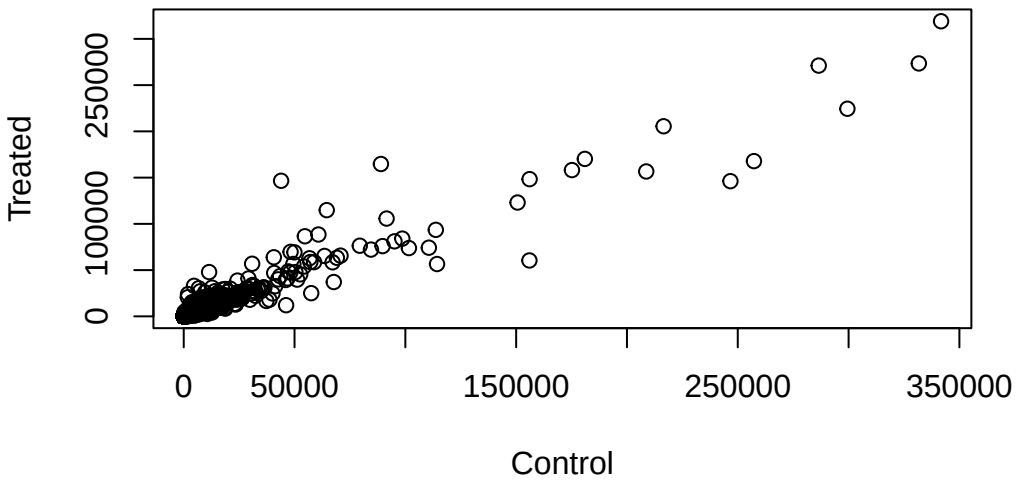
##Combining Means

```
meancounts <- data.frame (control.mean, treated.mean)
colSums (meancounts)
```

```
control.mean treated.mean
    23005324     22196524
```

Q5 (a). Create a scatter plot showing the mean of the treated samples against the mean of the control samples. Your plot should look something like the following.

```
plot(meancounts[,1], meancounts[,2], xlab = "Control", ylab = "Treated")
```



Q5 (b).You could also use the ggplot2 package to make this figure producing the plot below. What geom_?() function would you use for this plot? Ans: geom_point()

```
library (ggplot2)
```

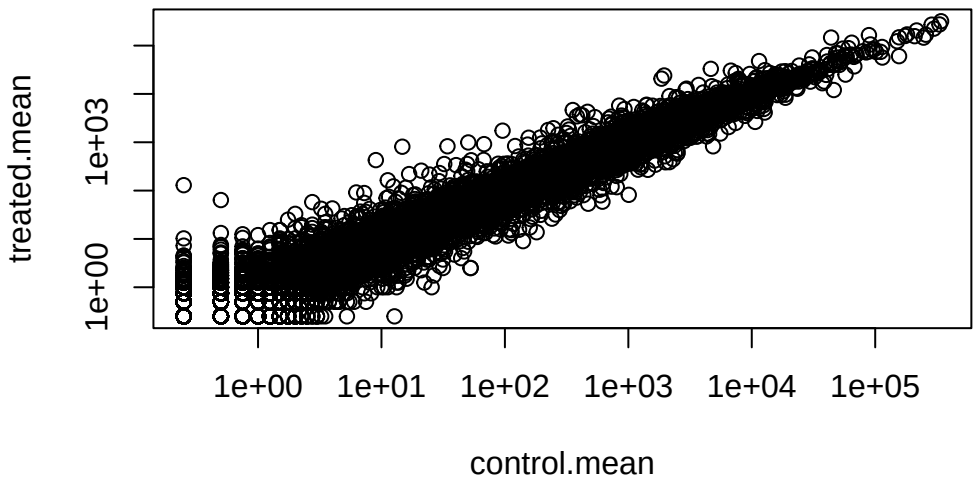
Q6.Try plotting both axes on a log scale. What is the argument to plot() that allows you to do this?

Ans. log =

```
plot(meancounts, log = "xy")
```

```
Warning in xy.coords(x, y, xlabel, ylabel, log): 15032 x values <= 0 omitted
from logarithmic plot
```

```
Warning in xy.coords(x, y, xlabel, ylabel, log): 15281 y values <= 0 omitted
from logarithmic plot
```




```
meancounts$log2fc <- log2(meancounts[,"treated.mean"]/meancounts[,"control.mean"])
head(meancounts)
```

```
                control.mean treated.mean      log2fc
ENSG00000000003       900.75       658.00 -0.45303916
ENSG00000000005         0.00         0.00         NaN
ENSG00000000419       520.50       546.00  0.06900279
ENSG00000000457       339.75       316.50 -0.10226805
ENSG00000000460        97.25        78.75 -0.30441833
ENSG00000000938         0.75         0.00        -Inf
```

```
zero.vals <- which(meancounts[,1:2]==0, arr.ind=TRUE)

to.rm <- unique(zero.vals[,1])
mycounts <- meancounts[-to.rm,]
head(mycounts)
```

```
                control.mean treated.mean      log2fc
ENSG00000000003       900.75       658.00 -0.45303916
ENSG00000000419       520.50       546.00  0.06900279
```

```
ENSG00000000457       339.75       316.50 -0.10226805
ENSG00000000460        97.25        78.75 -0.30441833
ENSG00000000971      5219.00      6687.50  0.35769358
ENSG00000001036      2327.00      1785.75 -0.38194109
```

Q7. What is the purpose of the arr.ind argument in the which() function call above? Why would we then take the first column of the output and need to call the unique() function?

Ans. Arr.ind = TRUE, causes the which() function to return only TRUE values, ones ignore zero counts. Unique is used to ensure we don't have repeats in our entriesl

```
up.ind <- mycounts$log2fc > 2
down.ind <- mycounts$log2fc < (-2)
```

Q8. Using the up.ind vector above can you determine how many up regulated genes we have at the greater than 2 fc level? ANS: 250 Q9. Using the down.ind vector above can you determine how many down regulated genes we have at the greater than 2 fc level? ANS: 367 Q10. Do you trust these results? Why or why not? No I do not trust these results. Since we did not conduct a statistical significance test.

```
library(DESeq2)
```

```
Loading required package: S4Vectors
```

```
Loading required package: stats4
```

```
Loading required package: BiocGenerics
```

```

Attaching package: 'BiocGenerics'
```

```
The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':

    IQR, mad, sd, var, xtabs
```

```
The following objects are masked from 'package:base':

    anyDuplicated, aperm, append, as.data.frame, basename, cbind,
    colnames, dirname, do.call, duplicated, eval, evalq, Filter, Find,
    get, grep, grepl, intersect, is.unsorted, lapply, Map, mapply,
```

```
    match, mget, order, paste, pmax, pmax.int, pmin, pmin.int,
    Position, rank, rbind, Reduce, rownames, sapply, setdiff, sort,
    table, tapply, union, unique, unsplit, which.max, which.min


Attaching package: 'S4Vectors'

The following objects are masked from 'package:base':

    expand.grid, I, unname

Loading required package: IRanges

Loading required package: GenomicRanges

Loading required package: GenomeInfoDb

Loading required package: SummarizedExperiment

Loading required package: MatrixGenerics

Loading required package: matrixStats


Attaching package: 'MatrixGenerics'

The following objects are masked from 'package:matrixStats':

    colAlls, colAnyNAs, colAnys, colAvgsPerRowSet, colCollapse,
    colCounts, colCummaxs, colCummins, colCumprods, colCumsums,
    colDiffs, colIQRDiffs, colIQRs, colLogSumExps, colMadDiffs,
    colMads, colMaxs, colMeans2, colMedians, colMins, colOrderStats,
    colProds, colQuantiles, colRanges, colRanks, colSdDiffs, colSds,
    colSums2, colTabulates, colVarDiffs, colVars, colWeightedMads,
    colWeightedMeans, colWeightedMedians, colWeightedSds,
    colWeightedVars, rowAlls, rowAnyNAs, rowAnys, rowAvgsPerColSet,
    rowCollapse, rowCounts, rowCummaxs, rowCummins, rowCumprods,
    rowCumsums, rowDiffs, rowIQRDiffs, rowIQRs, rowLogSumExps,
    rowMadDiffs, rowMads, rowMaxs, rowMeans2, rowMedians, rowMins,
```

```
    rowOrderStats, rowProds, rowQuantiles, rowRanges, rowRanks,
    rowSdDiffs, rowSds, rowSums2, rowTabulates, rowVarDiffs, rowVars,
    rowWeightedMads, rowWeightedMeans, rowWeightedMedians,
    rowWeightedSds, rowWeightedVars

Loading required package: Biobase

Welcome to Bioconductor

    Vignettes contain introductory material; view with
    'browseVignettes()'. To cite Bioconductor, see
    'citation("Biobase")', and for packages 'citation("pkgname")'.


Attaching package: 'Biobase'

The following object is masked from 'package:MatrixGenerics':

    rowMedians

The following objects are masked from 'package:matrixStats':

    anyMissing, rowMedians
```

```
dds <- DESeqDataSetFromMatrix(countData=counts,colData=metadata, design=~dex)
```

```
converting counts to integer mode

Warning in DESeqDataSet(se, design = design, ignoreRank): some variables in
design formula are characters, converting to factors
```

```
dds
```

```
class: DESeqDataSet
dim: 38694 8
metadata(1): version
assays(1): counts
rownames(38694): ENSG00000000003 ENSG00000000005 ... ENSG00000283120
```

```
  ENSG00000283123
rowData names(0):
colnames(8): SRR1039508 SRR1039509 ... SRR1039520 SRR1039521
colData names(4): id dex celltype geo_id
```

```
dds <- DESeq(dds)
```

```
estimating size factors
```

```
estimating dispersions
```

```
gene-wise dispersion estimates
```

```
mean-dispersion relationship
```

```
final dispersion estimates
```

```
fitting model and testing
```

```
results(dds)
```

```
log2 fold change (MLE): dex treated vs control
Wald test p-value: dex treated vs control
DataFrame with 38694 rows and 6 columns
                 baseMean log2FoldChange     lfcSE      stat    pvalue
                <numeric>      <numeric> <numeric> <numeric> <numeric>
ENSG00000000003  747.1942     -0.3507030  0.168246 -2.084470 0.0371175
ENSG00000000005    0.0000             NA        NA        NA        NA
ENSG00000000419  520.1342      0.2061078  0.101059  2.039475 0.0414026
ENSG00000000457  322.6648      0.0245269  0.145145  0.168982 0.8658106
ENSG00000000460   87.6826     -0.1471420  0.257007 -0.572521 0.5669691
...                    ...            ...       ...       ...       ...
ENSG00000283115  0.000000             NA        NA        NA        NA
ENSG00000283116  0.000000             NA        NA        NA        NA
ENSG00000283119  0.000000             NA        NA        NA        NA
ENSG00000283120  0.974916      -0.668258   1.69456 -0.394354  0.693319
ENSG00000283123  0.000000             NA        NA        NA        NA
                     padj
```

```
                <numeric>
ENSG00000000003  0.163035
ENSG00000000005        NA
ENSG00000000419  0.176032
ENSG00000000457  0.961694
ENSG00000000460  0.815849
...                   ...
ENSG00000283115        NA
ENSG00000283116        NA
ENSG00000283119        NA
ENSG00000283120        NA
ENSG00000283123        NA
```

```
res <- results(dds)
res
```

```
log2 fold change (MLE): dex treated vs control
Wald test p-value: dex treated vs control
DataFrame with 38694 rows and 6 columns
                 baseMean log2FoldChange     lfcSE      stat    pvalue
                <numeric>      <numeric> <numeric> <numeric> <numeric>
ENSG00000000003  747.1942     -0.3507030  0.168246 -2.084470 0.0371175
ENSG00000000005    0.0000             NA        NA        NA        NA
ENSG00000000419  520.1342      0.2061078  0.101059  2.039475 0.0414026
ENSG00000000457  322.6648      0.0245269  0.145145  0.168982 0.8658106
ENSG00000000460   87.6826     -0.1471420  0.257007 -0.572521 0.5669691
...                    ...            ...       ...       ...       ...
ENSG00000283115  0.000000             NA        NA        NA        NA
ENSG00000283116  0.000000             NA        NA        NA        NA
ENSG00000283119  0.000000             NA        NA        NA        NA
ENSG00000283120  0.974916      -0.668258   1.69456 -0.394354  0.693319
ENSG00000283123  0.000000             NA        NA        NA        NA
                     padj
                <numeric>
ENSG00000000003  0.163035
ENSG00000000005        NA
ENSG00000000419  0.176032
ENSG00000000457  0.961694
ENSG00000000460  0.815849
...                   ...
ENSG00000283115        NA
ENSG00000283116        NA
```

```
ENSG00000283119        NA
ENSG00000283120        NA
ENSG00000283123        NA
```

```
summary(res)
```

```
out of 25258 with nonzero total read count
adjusted p-value < 0.1
LFC > 0 (up)       : 1563, 6.2%
LFC < 0 (down)     : 1188, 4.7%
outliers [1]       : 142, 0.56%
low counts [2]     : 9971, 39%
(mean count < 10)
[1] see 'cooksCutoff' argument of ?results
[2] see 'independentFiltering' argument of ?results
```

```
res05 <- results(dds, alpha=0.05)
summary(res05)
```

```
out of 25258 with nonzero total read count
adjusted p-value < 0.05
LFC > 0 (up)       : 1236, 4.9%
LFC < 0 (down)     : 933, 3.7%
outliers [1]       : 142, 0.56%
low counts [2]     : 9033, 36%
(mean count < 6)
[1] see 'cooksCutoff' argument of ?results
[2] see 'independentFiltering' argument of ?results
```

```
#biocmanager installed these packages
library("AnnotationDbi")
library("org.Hs.eg.db")
```

```
columns(org.Hs.eg.db)
```

```
 [1] "ACCNUM"       "ALIAS"        "ENSEMBL"      "ENSEMBLPROT"  "ENSEMBLTRANS"
 [6] "ENTREZID"     "ENZYME"       "EVIDENCE"     "EVIDENCEALL"  "GENENAME"
[11] "GENETYPE"     "GO"           "GOALL"        "IPI"          "MAP"
[16] "OMIM"         "ONTOLOGY"     "ONTOLOGYALL"  "PATH"         "PFAM"
[21] "PMID"         "PROSITE"      "REFSEQ"       "SYMBOL"       "UCSCKG"
[26] "UNIPROT"
```

```
res$symbol <- mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db,
                     keys=row.names(res), # Our genenames
                     keytype="ENSEMBL",   # The format of our genenames
                     column="SYMBOL",     # The new format we want to add
                     multiVals="first")
```

```
'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns
```

```
head (res)
```

```
log2 fold change (MLE): dex treated vs control
Wald test p-value: dex treated vs control
DataFrame with 6 rows and 7 columns
                  baseMean log2FoldChange     lfcSE      stat    pvalue
                 <numeric>      <numeric> <numeric> <numeric> <numeric>
ENSG00000000003 747.194195     -0.3507030  0.168246 -2.084470 0.0371175
ENSG00000000005   0.000000             NA        NA        NA        NA
ENSG00000000419 520.134160      0.2061078  0.101059  2.039475 0.0414026
ENSG00000000457 322.664844      0.0245269  0.145145  0.168982 0.8658106
ENSG00000000460  87.682625     -0.1471420  0.257007 -0.572521 0.5669691
ENSG00000000938   0.319167     -1.7322890  3.493601 -0.495846 0.6200029
                     padj      symbol
                <numeric> <character>
ENSG00000000003  0.163035      TSPAN6
ENSG00000000005        NA        TNMD
ENSG00000000419  0.176032        DPM1
ENSG00000000457  0.961694       SCYL3
ENSG00000000460  0.815849    C1orf112
ENSG00000000938        NA         FGR
```

Q11. Run the mapIds() function two more times to add the Entrez ID and UniProt accession and GENENAME as new columns called res$entrez, res$uniprot and res$genename.

```
res$symbol <- mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db,
                     keys=row.names(res), # Our genenames
                     keytype="ENSEMBL",   # The format of our genenames
                     column="ENTREZID",     # The new format we want to add
                     multiVals="first")
```

```
'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns
```

```
res$uniprot <- mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db,
                     keys=row.names(res), # Our genenames
                     keytype="ENSEMBL",   # The format of our genenames
                     column="UNIPROT",     # The new format we want to add
                     multiVals="first")
```

```
'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns
```

```
res$genename <- mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db,
                     keys=row.names(res), # Our genenames
                     keytype="ENSEMBL",   # The format of our genenames
                     column="GENENAME",     # The new format we want to add
                     multiVals="first")
```

```
'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns
```

```
head(res)
```

```
log2 fold change (MLE): dex treated vs control
Wald test p-value: dex treated vs control
DataFrame with 6 rows and 9 columns
                  baseMean log2FoldChange     lfcSE      stat    pvalue
                 <numeric>      <numeric> <numeric> <numeric> <numeric>
ENSG00000000003 747.194195     -0.3507030  0.168246 -2.084470 0.0371175
ENSG00000000005   0.000000             NA        NA        NA        NA
ENSG00000000419 520.134160      0.2061078  0.101059  2.039475 0.0414026
ENSG00000000457 322.664844      0.0245269  0.145145  0.168982 0.8658106
```

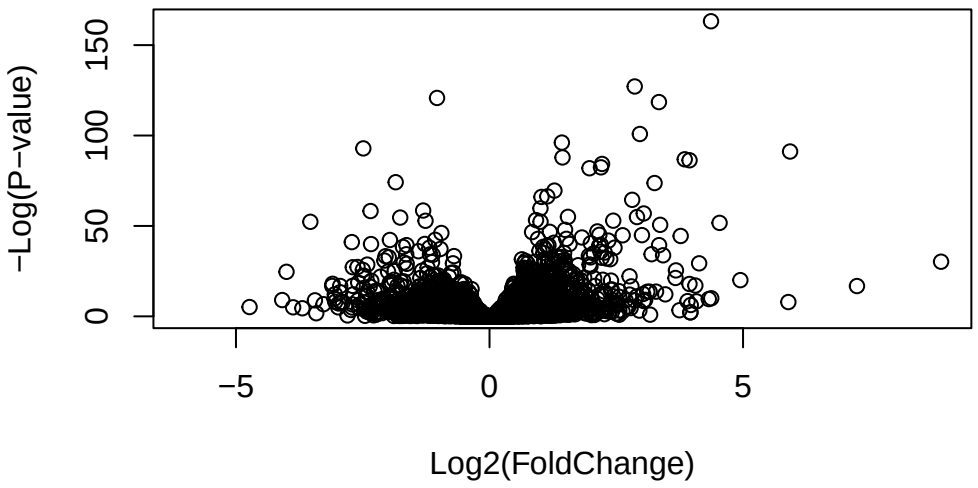
```
ENSG00000000460  87.682625     -0.1471420  0.257007 -0.572521 0.5669691
ENSG00000000938   0.319167     -1.7322890  3.493601 -0.495846 0.6200029
                     padj      symbol     uniprot              genename
                <numeric> <character> <character>           <character>
ENSG00000000003  0.163035        7105  A0A024RCI0          tetraspanin 6
ENSG00000000005        NA       64102      Q9H2S6            tenomodulin
ENSG00000000419  0.176032        8813      O60762 dolichyl-phosphate m..
ENSG00000000457  0.961694       57147      Q8IZE3 SCY1 like pseudokina..
ENSG00000000460  0.815849       55732  A0A024R922 chromosome 1 open re..
ENSG00000000938        NA        2268      P09769 FGR proto-oncogene, ..
```

```
ord <- order( res$padj )
#View(res[ord,])
head(res[ord,])
```

```
log2 fold change (MLE): dex treated vs control
Wald test p-value: dex treated vs control
DataFrame with 6 rows and 9 columns
                 baseMean log2FoldChange     lfcSE      stat      pvalue
                <numeric>      <numeric> <numeric> <numeric>   <numeric>
ENSG00000152583   954.771        4.36836 0.2371268   18.4220 8.74490e-76
ENSG00000179094   743.253        2.86389 0.1755693   16.3120 8.10784e-60
ENSG00000116584  2277.913       -1.03470 0.0650984  -15.8944 6.92855e-57
ENSG00000189221  2383.754        3.34154 0.2124058   15.7319 9.14433e-56
ENSG00000120129  3440.704        2.96521 0.2036951   14.5571 5.26424e-48
ENSG00000148175 13493.920        1.42717 0.1003890   14.2164 7.25128e-46
                      padj      symbol     uniprot              genename
                 <numeric> <character> <character>           <character>
ENSG00000152583 1.32441e-71        8404  A0A024RDE1          SPARC like 1
ENSG00000179094 6.13966e-56        5187      O15534 period circadian reg..
ENSG00000116584 3.49776e-53        9181      Q92974 Rho/Rac guanine nucl..
ENSG00000189221 3.46227e-52        4128      P21397    monoamine oxidase A
ENSG00000120129 1.59454e-44        1843      B4DU40 dual specificity pho..
ENSG00000148175 1.83034e-42        2040      F8VSL7               stomatin
```

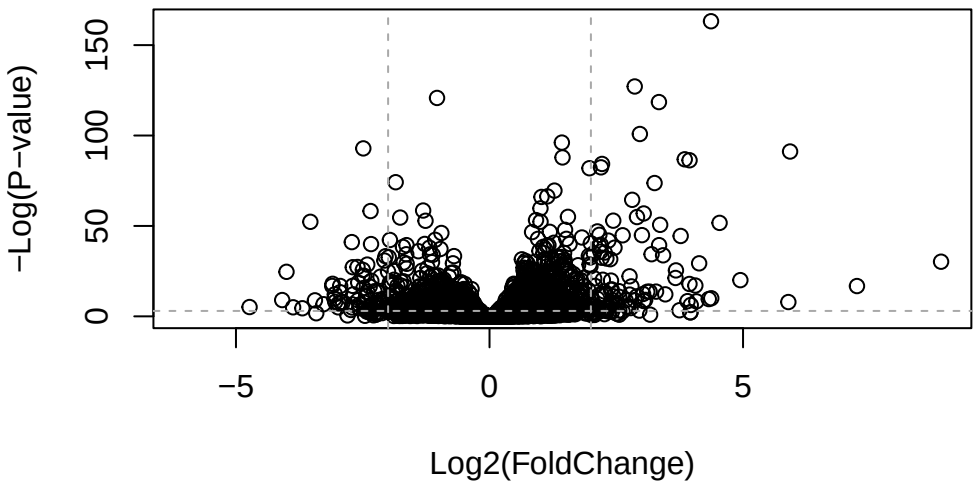
```
write.csv(res[ord,], "deseq_results.csv")
```

```
plot( res$log2FoldChange,  -log(res$padj),
      xlab="Log2(FoldChange)",
      ylab="-Log(P-value)")
```




```
plot( res$log2FoldChange,  -log(res$padj),
 ylab="-Log(P-value)", xlab="Log2(FoldChange)")

# Add some cut-off lines
abline(v=c(-2,2), col="darkgray", lty=2)
abline(h=-log(0.05), col="darkgray", lty=2)
```

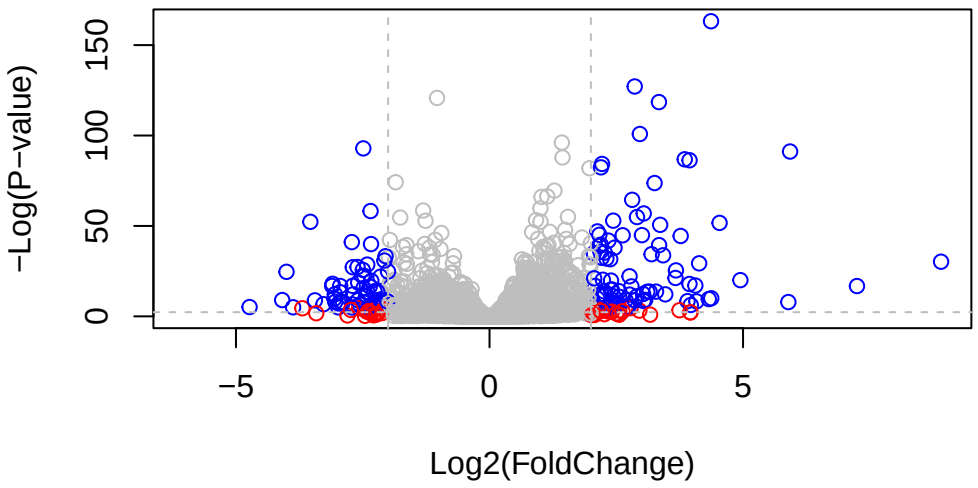



```
# Setup our custom point color vector
mycols <- rep("gray", nrow(res))
mycols[ abs(res$log2FoldChange) > 2 ]  <- "red"

inds <- (res$padj < 0.01) & (abs(res$log2FoldChange) > 2 )
mycols[ inds ] <- "blue"

# Volcano plot with custom colors
plot( res$log2FoldChange,  -log(res$padj),
 col=mycols, ylab="-Log(P-value)", xlab="Log2(FoldChange)" )

# Cut-off lines
abline(v=c(-2,2), col="gray", lty=2)
abline(h=-log(0.1), col="gray", lty=2)
```

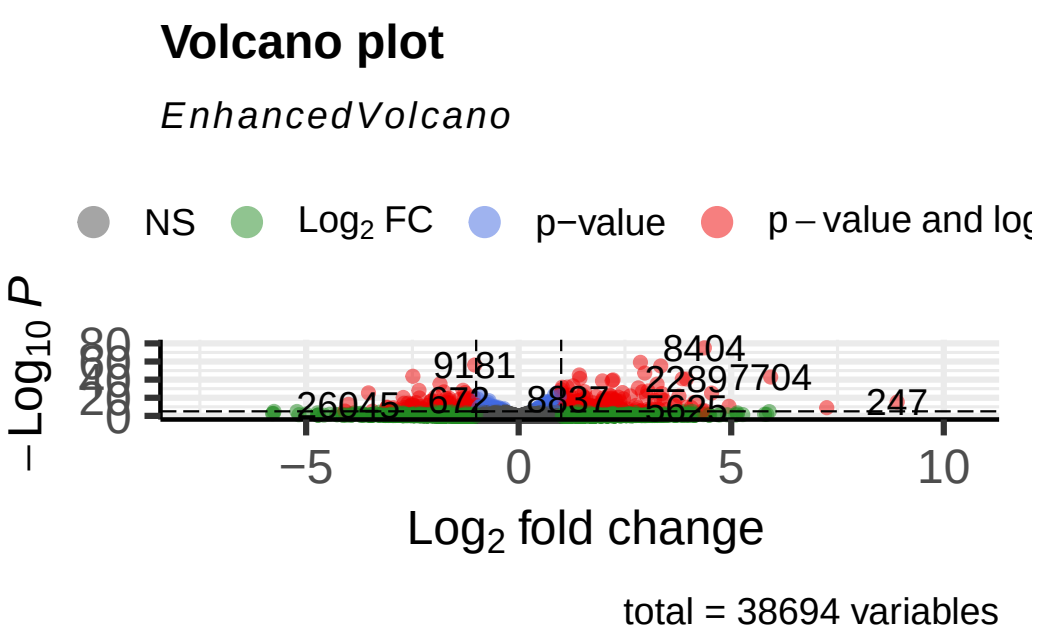



```
#Biocmanager intstall enhanced volcano
library(EnhancedVolcano)
```

```
Loading required package: ggrepel
```

```
x <- as.data.frame(res)

EnhancedVolcano(x,
    lab = x$symbol,
    x = 'log2FoldChange',
    y = 'pvalue')
```




```
#BiocManager::install( c("pathview", "gage", "gageData") )
library(pathview)
```

```
##############################################################################
Pathview is an open source software package distributed under GNU General
Public License version 3 (GPLv3). Details of GPLv3 is available at
http://www.gnu.org/licenses/gpl-3.0.html. Particullary, users are required to
formally cite the original Pathview paper (not just mention it) in publications
or products. For details, do citation("pathview") within R.

The pathview downloads and uses KEGG data. Non-academic uses may require a KEGG
license agreement (details at http://www.kegg.jp/kegg/legal.html).
##############################################################################
```

```
library(gage)
```

```
library(gageData)

data(kegg.sets.hs)

# Examine the first 2 pathways in this kegg set for humans
head(kegg.sets.hs, 2)
```

```
$`hsa00232 Caffeine metabolism`
[1] "10"   "1544" "1548" "1549" "1553" "7498" "9"

$`hsa00983 Drug metabolism - other enzymes`
 [1] "10"     "1066"   "10720"  "10941"  "151531" "1548"   "1549"   "1551"
 [9] "1553"   "1576"   "1577"   "1806"   "1807"   "1890"   "221223" "2990"
[17] "3251"   "3614"   "3615"   "3704"   "51733"  "54490"  "54575"  "54576"
[25] "54577"  "54578"  "54579"  "54600"  "54657"  "54658"  "54659"  "54963"
[33] "574537" "64816"  "7083"   "7084"   "7172"   "7363"   "7364"   "7365"
[41] "7366"   "7367"   "7371"   "7372"   "7378"   "7498"   "79799"  "83549"
[49] "8824"   "8833"   "9"      "978"
```

```
foldchanges = res$log2FoldChange
names(foldchanges) = res$entrez
head(foldchanges)
```

```
[1] -0.35070302          NA  0.20610777  0.02452695 -0.14714205 -1.73228897
```

```
# Get the results
keggres = gage(foldchanges, gsets=kegg.sets.hs)
```

```
attributes(keggres)
```

```
$names
[1] "greater" "less"    "stats"
```

```
pathview(gene.data=foldchanges, pathway.id="hsa05310")
```

```
Warning: None of the genes or compounds mapped to the pathway!
Argument gene.idtype or cpd.idtype may be wrong.
```

```
'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Info: Working in directory /Users/vnyu/Desktop/BIMM 143 WI23/Class12

Info: Writing image file hsa05310.pathview.png
```

Put this into my document.

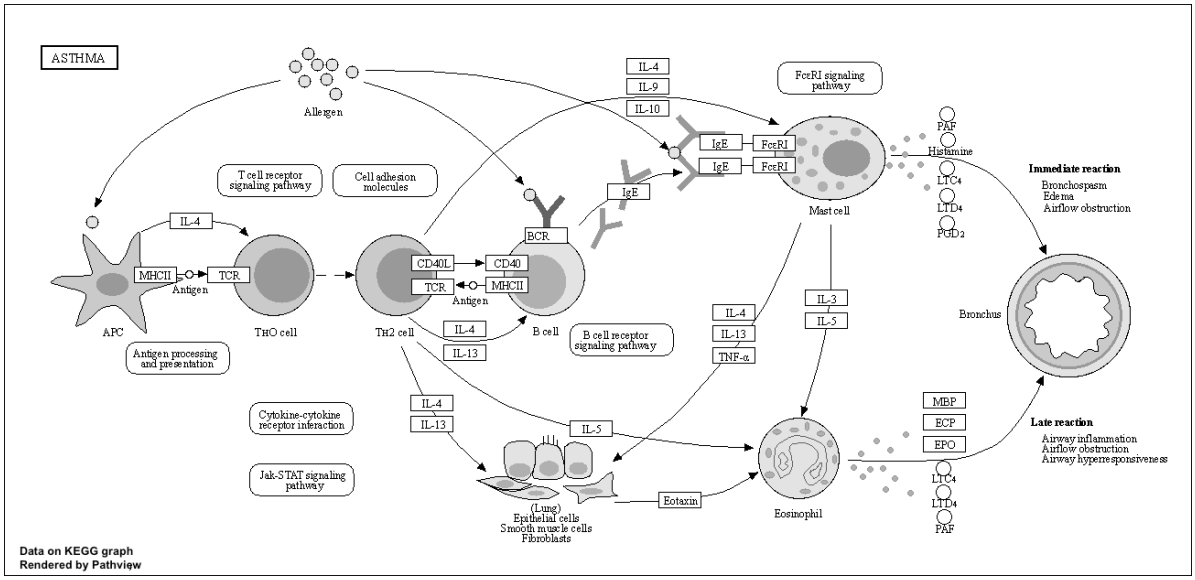


Figure 1: The Asthma pathway with my highlighted differentially expressed genes in color