### **School of Computing**

| Module Title and Code  | PROGRAMMING - M30299 - FHEQ 4 -               |  |
|------------------------|---|--|
| Module<br>Coordinator  | Dr Matthew Poole < matthew.poole@port.ac.uk > |  |
| Assessment Item number | Item 3  |  |
| Assessment Title       | Python Coursework: A Patchwork Maker          |  |
| Date Issued            | 2023-11-17                                    |  |



#### **Schedule and Deliverables**

| Deliverable | Value  | Format   | Deadline /<br>Date                                      | Late deadline<br>ECF deadline                             |
|-------------|--|--|---|---|
| Program     | 100% - all marks for<br>your program will be<br>awarded in the<br>demo | A single .py file<br>named using your<br>student number (e.g.<br>2012345.py) | 2023-12-11<br>4pm GMT                                   | 2024-01-02 4pm<br>GMT (10 working<br>days after deadline) |
| Demo        |  | 7-8 min demo with a member of staff  | In your practical class between 2023-12-12 and 2023-15. |   |

#### **Notes and Advice**

- The <u>Extenuating Circumstances procedure</u> is there to support you if you have had any circumstances (problems) that have been serious or significant enough to prevent you from attending, completing or submitting an assessment on time. If you complete an Extenuating Circumstances Form (ECF) for this assessment, it is important that you use the correct module code, item number and deadline (not the late deadline) given above.
- ASDAC are available to any students who disclose a disability or require additional support for their academic studies with a good set of resources on the <u>ASDAC moodle site</u>
- The University takes any form of academic misconduct (such as plagiarism or cheating) seriously, so please make sure your work is your own. Please ensure you adhere to our Student Conduct Policy and watch the video on Plagiarism.
- Any material included in your coursework should be fully cited and referenced in APA 7 format. Detailed advice on referencing is available from the <u>library</u>, also see <u>TECFAC 08</u> Plagiarism.
- Any material submitted that does not meet format or submission guidelines, or falls outside of the submission deadline could be subject to a cap on your overall result or disqualification entirely.
- If you need additional assistance, you can ask your personal tutor, student engagement officer <a href="mailto:ana.baker@port.ac.uk">ana.baker@port.ac.uk</a>, academic tutor <a href="mailto:eleni.noussi@port.ac.uk">eleni.noussi@port.ac.uk</a> or your lecturers.
- If you are concerned about your mental well-being, please contact our Well-being service.

# **M30299 Programming**

moodle.port.ac.uk

# **Python Coursework: A Patchwork Maker**

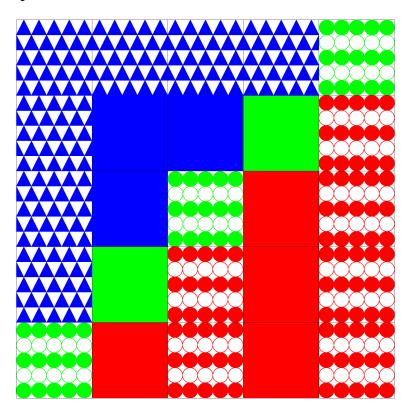
#### Introduction

This coursework assignment is designed to give you practice in applying all of the main programming concepts you've seen in the module so far to solve a larger and more complex problem. The assignment will be marked out of 50 and carries 20% of the module marks (it is assessment item 3 of the module).

You need to submit your program via the module's Moodle site by the deadline of **4.00pm**, **Monday 11th December 2023**, and are required to **demonstrate** your submitted program in your 2-hour practical class timetabled in the period **12th-15th December 2023**. Study this handout thoroughly in order to understand exactly what is expected from you for the coursework.

#### Your task

Your task is to write a program to display patchworks, an example of which is illustrated below. The actual patchworks your program will display will depend on your student number and on the user's inputs.



Patchworks are square and are made up of square patches. A patchwork can be of three sizes:  $5\times5$ ,  $7\times7$  or  $9\times9$  patches. The patchwork background should be white. Each patch can be one of two different designs or it can be completely plain; it can be one of three different colours. Every patch features a regular geometric design made up of lines, circles, rectangles

and/or polygons and has dimensions of  $100 \times 100$  pixels. The two patch designs and the layout and colouring of the patchwork are not necessarily as given in the illustration above. They are determined by the *final three digits of your student number*, and are displayed in the tables on the final two pages. The layout and colouring of the patchwork are given by the antepenultimate (third last) digit of your student number. The two patch designs are given by the penultimate and final digits of your student number. For example, if your student number was 2000142, the patch designs and patch arrangement for a  $5 \times 5$  patchwork with colours blue, green and red are those illustrated on page 1.

It's important that your program draws the patch designs accurately, and that it draws the correct designs, layout and colouring – you will receive no credit for drawing the wrong patch designs or patch arrangement.

Your program must draw the patches using the facilities provided in the graphics module (Line, Circle etc.), and must not use bitmapped images. The designs are intended to test algorithm development skills (e.g. they should involve the use of one or more for loops). For some of the designs, it will be useful to remember that shapes drawn later appear on top of those drawn earlier. You should not use parts of the Python language which we haven't yet covered in the module; for example, *do not* use exception handling and do not define your own classes.

### Main program requirements

Your program should begin by prompting the user, using a text (shell)-based interface, to enter, in this order:

- the patchwork size (i.e. a single figure giving the common width & height in terms of patches);
- each of the desired three colours entered one-by-one (separate prompts); the program should ensure that the colours are all different from each other.

The program's user interface should be easy to use, helpful and robust; e.g., on entering invalid data, the user should be given appropriate feedback and re-prompted until the entered data is valid. (Valid sizes are 5, 7 and 9, and valid colours are red, green, blue, magenta, orange, yellow and cyan.) Once these details have been entered, the patchwork should be drawn in a graphics window of the appropriate size and with a white background. For example, if the user enters size 5, and colours blue, then green and finally red, then (in the case that your student number ends in 142) the patchwork shown on page 1 should be drawn in a graphics window of width 500 pixels and height 500 pixels.

# Challenge feature

The above requirements are what we expect most students to attempt, and carry the vast majority of the marks for functionality. If you would like a further challenge for a few additional marks, then we encourage you to attempt this additional feature.

After the patchwork design has been drawn, you should allow the user to edit the patchwork using the mouse and the keyboard. Your program should be in *one* of the following two *modes* at any time:

- *selection* mode will allow the user to select and deselect patches using the mouse;
- *edit* mode will allow the user to edit selected patches using the keyboard.

The program should begin in selection mode. Whilst in this mode, a  $30 \times 30$  pixel 'OK button' (a black-filled rectangle containing the white text 'OK'), should appear in the top-left corner of the window and a similar 'Close' button should appear in the top-right corner of the window. The user should be able to select any number of patches by clicking on them with the mouse; selected patches should be displayed with thick black borders. Selecting a currently selected patch should deselect it. Clicking on the OK button should cause the program to enter edit mode (without selecting/deselecting the top-left patch) and the OK and Close buttons should disappear. Clicking the Close button should cause the window to close (i.e. and the program to end).

In edit mode, the user should be able to choose various options by pressing particular keys (on the window, not the shell):

- 's' should enter *selection mode*.
- 'd' should deselect all patches.
- 'p' should change all selected patches to the 'penultimate' digit design, keeping their colours the same.
- 'f' should change all selected patches to the 'final' digit design, keeping their colours the same.
- 'q' should change all selected patches to be plain, keeping their colours the same.
- The initial letter of any valid colour ('r', 'g', 'b', 'm', 'o', 'y' or 'c') should change all selected patches to that colour, keeping their designs the same.
- 'x' is reserved for your own operation use your imagination to create a useful/interesting feature.
- all other should keys have no effect.

Note that keys should not have any effect in selection mode and mouse clicks should have no effect in edit mode. As an example, to re-colour two patches cyan, starting in selection mode, the user will click on the two patches (to select them), click in the OK button (to enter edit mode), press 'c' to colour the patches cyan, then press 'd' to deselect the patches. Then to change another patch to be plain, the user will press 's' (to enter selection mode), click the patch (to select it), click the OK button (to enter edit mode) press 'q' (to make the patch plain), then press 'd' to deselect it.

The user should be able to repeatedly choose these options to make as many edits as they wish. The operations should remove and recreate, or recolour, the graphics objects that make up patch designs, rather than drawing new objects on top of existing ones.

#### **Moodle Submission**

You should submit your program via the module's Moodle site by the deadline specified above. Make sure that your program file is named using your student number, and that it has a .py suffix; for example, 2012345.py. Click on the link labelled Item 3 - Python Patchwork Assignment Dropbox (in the Assessment tab) and upload your program. If you miss the deadline, you will need to upload it using the late submissions link – your mark will be capped according to University regulations unless you have a valid EC.

#### **Demonstration & Mark Allocation**

You need to demonstrate your program to a member of staff in your Programming practical session timetabled in the period 12th-15th December. We will execute your submitted program, and we will ask you question(s) about how you wrote it and how it works.

All the marks for the assignment will be awarded during the demonstration, so you must attend: failure to attend the demonstration will result in your work being recorded as a non-submission, and demonstrating your program late may result in your mark for the assignment being capped under University rules. If you wish to organise a late demonstration outside a timetabled session, please email Matthew—you must have given your demonstration by 2nd February 2024 or your work will be recorded as a non-submission.

Formal written feedback and your assignment mark will be sent to you via email immediately after your demonstration has been completed. If you do not receive this email, then your mark may not have been recorded and it is your responsibility to inform Matthew if this happens.

### Functionality [38 marks]

In the demonstration, we will first assess the *completeness* and *correctness* of the operation of your program, and the *quality* and *robustness* of its user interface. The main program requirements will carry *30 marks* (8 marks for each of the two patch designs, 8 marks for the patchwork layout and colouration, and 6 marks for the user interface), and the challenge (optional) feature will carry *8 marks*.

#### Program code quality [10 marks]

After demonstrating the program's functionality, the member of staff will give you some feedback on the quality of your program code. Your program will be awarded marks based on: (i) its overall structure (how well it has been designed using the principles of top-down design—see lecture 8); (ii) its readability (see lecture 3.2); and (iii) the quality of the algorithms used (e.g. the control structures it employs to draw the patchwork).

Make sure that your program uses good, uncomplicated, algorithms. Also, try to ensure that your program would require minimal changes if the requirements were changed so that more colours were included as being valid, and extra patchwork sizes (11, 13, ...) were allowed. Often, repetitive code is a sign of poor algorithm design (e.g. don't use 25 lines of code to draw 25 circles!). Even if your program appears to work well, the code may obtain very few marks if it is poorly written.

Note that assessment of code quality will not apply to the challenge feature.

#### Explanation of program features [2 marks]

We will award up to 2 marks for your responses to the question(s) we ask you in the demo, independently of the other marks your submission receives. You will receive:

- 2 marks if you give clear/correct responses to the questions;
- 1 mark if you give less than clear/correct responses;
- *O marks* if your responses are poor and lead the marker to suspect that you did not write the complete program yourself; in such an event, your work will be investigated for academic misconduct after the demonstration.

#### General advice

Most importantly, *start early and do not leave finishing the work until just before the dead-line*. Your work will almost always suffer if you leave it until too late. Furthermore, technical problems are likely to be overcome if encountered early, and do not usually constitute an acceptable reason for lateness.

If you find the task very difficult, remember that you do not have to provide a complete solution to achieve a pass mark. Make sure that your program executes and gives some graphical output, and that you demonstrate what your program does. To make things easier, you might choose to write a program which, for example:

- draws a patchwork containing just one of the patch designs;
- attempts to draw both patch designs but not in the correct arrangement;
- ignores colours.

If you don't know how to start, ask for help as early as possible (see the Support section).

#### Hint

If well designed, your program will consist of a few functions including a main function and three patch-drawing functions – one for each design and one for plain patches. (In a good solution there will be other functions.) Each patch drawing function might need parameters representing the graphics window on which to draw the patch, the x- and y-coordinates of the top-left corner of the patch, and the patch colour. Make sure that you have completed exercises 9 and 10 on worksheet 6, as well as the first few exercises on worksheet 8, before attempting the coursework.

### Support

The last few practicals before the deadline can be used for getting help with the coursework. Academic Tutors Simon Jones and Eleni Noussi are also able to give advice on the coursework via one-to-one support sessions.

Other queries should be addressed to Matthew by email. Any reported errors on this handout, or other common issues, will be communicated via the Python Patchwork Coursework Frequently Asked Questions document in the General section on Moodle, so please check there before asking a question.

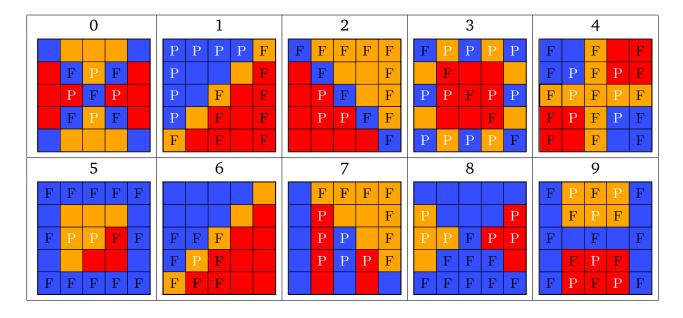
You are allowed to ask others for limited help, but you must write your own code. You should not, therefore, make extensive use of AI assistance (ChatGPT, Bing, Bard, Copilot Chat etc.). Remember that anything you submit must be your own work and you will be asked in the demonstration to explain parts of your code.

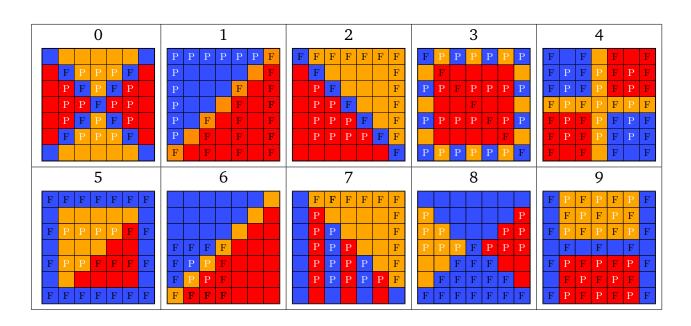
# Patchwork layout and patch designs

Make sure that your program draws patchworks determined by the final three digits of your student number. The patch colour shown on the final page is red (but will in general depend on the user's inputs). Note the colour of the outline of the shapes – sometimes this is the patch colour, sometimes it is black. We are not concerned too much if the edges of patches 'collide' with other patches or the edge of the window by one pixel. If you wish, you can draw black borders around patches in order to separate them, but this is not necessary.

#### Antepenultimate digit of student number

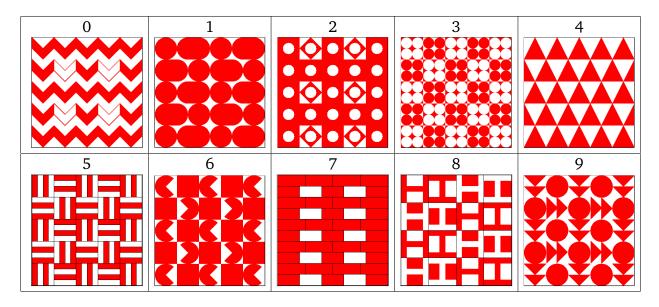
The tables below describe how patches should be arranged and coloured as determined by the antepenultimate digit of your student number for  $5 \times 5$  and  $7 \times 7$  patchworks. The tables assume that the first chosen colour is blue, the second is orange and the third colour is red. It is important that the order of the inputted colours is used correctly. Notice that the top-left patch always takes the first inputted colour, and the next colour you see if you scan from left-to-right starting from this patch (continuing scanning from the left of the next row if required) will be the second inputted colour. Patches labelled with a black 'F' should have the final digit design; patches labelled with a white 'P' should have the penultimate digit design; the unlabelled patches should be plain. Note that the arrangement and colouring is regular so you should be able to determine what it would look like for patchworks of size  $9 \times 9$ .





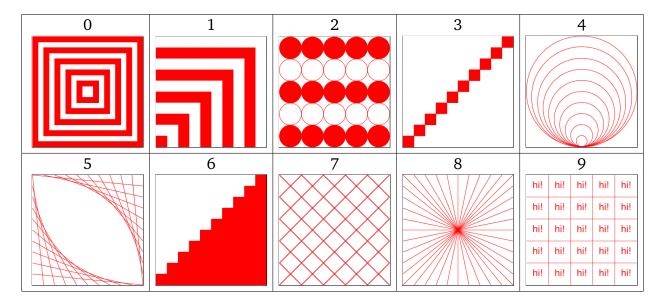
#### Penultimate digit of student number

Note that all coordinates should be multiples of 10 except in designs 3, 5, 7 and 8 where some are multiples of 5; the circles in designs 2 and 3 have radius 5.



### Final digit of student number

Note that all coordinates should be multiples of 10 except in designs 0 and 4 where some are multiples of 5; the circles in design 4 have radii that are multiples of 5. Patch design 5 is made up of 20 straight lines (there are no curved lines).



### **Important**

This is an individual coursework, and so the work you submit for assessment must be your own. Submission of work that is not your own, or unfair collaboration, is plagiarism, which is a serious academic offence. Any suspected cases of plagiarism will be dealt with in accordance with University regulations.

Matthew Poole 17 November 2023