



Digital image processing #3 Geometric transformations

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Geometric transformationsWarp affine



- Task #27
 - Load color image
 - Create result image
 - Create 2x3 floating point matrix representing identity transform
 - Apply warp affine what are differences in opency implementation
- Task #28
 - Create translation matrix and apply translation on loaded image. What does image size parameter mean in warp affine matrix.
- Task #29
 - Create rotation matrix and apply rotation on loaded image. What does image size parameter mean in warp affine matrix.

Warp affine



```
//Task #27
        cv::Mat img = cv::imread("lena.bmp");
        cv::Mat result = cv::Mat::zeros(img.size(), img.type());
        cv::Mat transformation = (cv::Mat < double > (2, 3) << 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0);
        cv::warpAffine(img, result, transformation, result.size());
//Task #28
        cv::Mat img = cv::imread("lena.bmp");
        cv::Mat result = cv::Mat::zeros(img.size(), img.tvpe()):
        cv::Mat\ transformation = (cv::Mat\ <double>(2, 3) << 1, 0, 100, 0, 1, 100);
        cv::warpAffine(img, result, transformation, result.size());
        cv::warpAffine(img, result, transformation, result.size()*2);
//Task #29
        cv::Mat img = cv::imread("lena.bmp"):
        cv::Mat result = cv::Mat::zeros(img.size(), img.type());
        cv::Mat transformation = cv::getRotationMatrix2D(cv::Point2f(img.cols / 2,
                                                         img.rows / 2), 30,1);
        cv::warpAffine(img, result, transformation, result.size());
```

Complex transformations



- Task #30
 - Load image
 - Create translation matrix with arbitrary translation.
 - Create rotation matrix with arbitrary rotation.
 - Perform two transformations. Is it possible to compose matrices into single one?

Complex transformations



```
//Task #30
    cv::Mat img = cv::imread("E:\\Workspace\\KS\\TestData\\sam_cam\\1.jpg");
    cv::Mat result, result2;
    cv::Point2f center =cv::Point2f( result.cols / 2, result.rows / 2 );
    cv::Mat translation = (cv::Mat_<double>(2, 3) << 1, 0, 100, 0, 1, 100);
    cv::Mat rotation = cv::getRotationMatrix2D(center, 30, 1);
    cv::warpAffine(img, result, rotation, result.size());
    cv::warpAffine(result, result, translation, result.size());
    cv::Mat row = (cv::Mat_<double>(1, 3) << 0, 0, 1);
    cv::Mat romslation_ex = translation.clone();
    translation_ex.push_back(row);

cv::Mat rotation_ex = rotation.clone();
    rotation_ex.push_back(row);

cv::Mat transformation = translation_ex*rotation_ex;
    cv::warpAffine(img, result2, transformation(cv::Rect(0,0,3,2)), result.size());</pre>
```

How to invert transformation?



- Task #31
 - Load color image
 - Define arbitrary affine matrix and perform image transformation
 - Calculate and perform reverse image transformation.

How to invert transformation?



```
//Task #31
    cv::Mat img = cv::imread("E:\\Workspace\\KS\\TestData\\sam_cam\\1.jpg");
    cv::Mat result, result2;
    cv::Point2f center =cv::Point2f( result.cols / 2, result.rows / 2 );
    cv::Mat translation = (cv::Mat_<double>(2, 3) << 1, 0, 100, 0, 1, 100);
    cv::Mat row = (cv::Mat_<double>(1, 3) << 0, 0, 1);
    cv::Mat translation_ex = translation.clone();
    translation_ex.push_back(row);

cv::Mat inverse;
    inverse = translation.inv();
    cv::warpAffine(img, result2, inverse(cv::Rect(0, 0, 3, 2)), result.size());</pre>
```

Get affine transformation



- Task #32
 - Create image with rectangle
 - Pick three points on that rectangle
 - Pick three destination points of rectangle
 - Get affine transformation between these two views in two different ways (one with solving set of equations)

Get affine transformation



```
//Task #32
     cv::Mat img = cv::Mat::zeros(500, 500, CV 8U);
     cv::rectangle(img, cv::Point(50, 50), cv::Point(250, 250), cv::Scalar::all(255), 3);
     std::vector<cv::Point2f>src points{ cv::Point2f(50,50), cv::Point2f(250,50) ,
 cv::Point2f(250.250) }:
     std:: vector < cv:: Point2f > dst points { cv:: Point2f (50.50).cv:: Point2f (250.125) .
 cv::Point2f(125,250) };
     //opencv way
     cv::Mat T = cv::getAffineTransform(src points, dst points);
     cv::Mat src_mat = cv::Mat(src_points.size(), 2, CV_32F, src_points.data());
     src_mat = src_mat.t();
     cv::Mat dst mat = cv::Mat(dst points.size(), 2, CV 32F, dst points.data());
     dst_mat = dst_mat.t();
     cv :: Mat row = (cv :: Mat < float > (1, 3) << 1, 1, 1);
     src mat.push back(row);
     dst mat.push back(row);
     // dst = T * src
     //T = dst* src inv
     cv::Mat T eq = dst mat*src mat.inv():
```

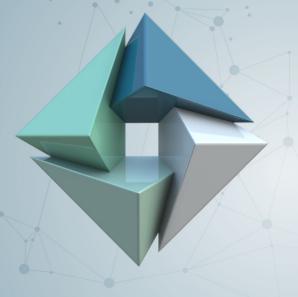
Get perspective transformation



- Task #33
 - Create image with rectangle
 - Pick four points on that rectangle
 - Pick four destination points of rectangle
 - Get perspective transformation between these two views.

Get affine transformation





The end

http://ztrw.mchtr.pw.edu.pl