

# Assignment - 4

## C++

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### Problem 1: Smart Inventory System with Dynamic Memory and Inheritance

**Task:** Design a program to manage an inventory system for a store. Each item in the store belongs to a specific category (like Electronics or Groceries), but the data must be stored and managed without using virtual functions. You must handle object relationships, memory allocation, and cleanup properly.

**Code:** —

```
1 #include <iostream>
2 #include <string>
3 #include <vector>
4 #include <iomanip>
5
6 using namespace std;
7
8 // ItemType helps us manage pointer-to-object relationships
   without virtual functions.
9 enum class ItemType {
10     BASE,
11     ELECTRONICS,
12     GROCERIES
13 };
14
15 // -----
16 // Base Class: Item
17 // -----
18 class Item {
19 private:
20     string name;
21     int id;
```

```

22     float price;
23
24 protected:
25     int quantity;
26     ItemType type; // store the actual runtime type (set by
        derived classes)
27
28 public:
29     // Parameterized constructor
30     Item(const string& name_, int id_, float price_, int
        quantity_)
31         : name(name_), id(id_), price(price_), quantity(quantity_)
        , type(ItemType::BASE) {
32     }
33
34     // Display base item details
35     void display() const {
36         cout << left << setw(15) << name
37             << setw(8) << id
38             << setw(10) << fixed << setprecision(2) << price
39             << setw(10) << quantity;
40     }
41
42     // Return total value: price * quantity
43     float getTotalValue() const {
44         return price * quantity;
45     }
46
47     // Accessors
48     string getName() const { return name; }
49     int getId() const { return id; }
50     float getPrice() const { return price; }
51     ItemType getType() const { return type; }
52
53     // Destructor (non-virtual by requirement)
54     ~Item() {
55         cout << "Destroying Item (id=" << id << ", name=\"" <<
            name << "\" )\n";
56     }
57 };
58
59 // -----
60 // Derived Class: Electronics
61 // -----
62 class Electronics : public Item {
63 private:
64     int warrantyMonths; // additional member
65
66 public:
67     Electronics(const string& name_, int id_, float price_, int
        quantity_, int warrantyMonths_)

```

```

68         : Item(name_, id_, price_, quantity_), warrantyMonths(
           warrantyMonths_) {
69         // mark derived type
70         // Access protected member 'type' from base class
71         type = ItemType::ELECTRONICS;
72     }
73
74     void display() const {
75         // Call base display for common fields
76         Item::display();
77         cout << setw(15) << warrantyMonths << endl;
78     }
79
80     int getWarranty() const { return warrantyMonths; }
81
82     ~Electronics() {
83         cout << "Destroying Electronics specific resources (id="
           << getId() << ")\n";
84     }
85 };
86
87 // -----
88 // Derived Class: Groceries
89 // -----
90 class Groceries : public Item {
91 private:
92     string expiryDate; // example: "2025-12-31"
93
94 public:
95     Groceries(const string& name_, int id_, float price_, int
           quantity_, const string& expiryDate_)
96         : Item(name_, id_, price_, quantity_), expiryDate(
           expiryDate_) {
97         type = ItemType::GROCERIES;
98     }
99
100    void display() const {
101        Item::display();
102        cout << setw(15) << expiryDate << endl;
103    }
104
105    string getExpiry() const { return expiryDate; }
106
107    ~Groceries() {
108        cout << "Destroying Groceries specific resources (id=" <<
           getId() << ")\n";
109    }
110 };
111
112 // -----
113 // Helper: print header

```

```

114 // -----
115 void printInventoryHeader() {
116     cout << left << setw(15) << "Name" << setw(8) << "ID" << setw
        (10) << "Price" << setw(10) << "Qty";
117     cout << setw(15) << "Extra" << endl;
118     cout << string(58, '-') << endl;
119 }
120
121 // -----
122 // Main demo
123 // -----
124 int main() {
125     // We'll keep pointers to base class but store runtime type
        in each object.
126     vector<Item*> items;
127
128     // Dynamically allocate different derived objects
129     items.push_back(new Electronics("SmartPhone", 101, 19999.00f,
        5, 24)); // warranty 24 months
130     items.push_back(new Groceries("Rice", 201, 59.50f, 50,
        "2026-01-15")); // expiry
131     items.push_back(new Electronics("Laptop", 102, 55999.99f, 2,
        12));
132     items.push_back(new Groceries("Milk", 202, 45.00f, 30,
        "2025-10-20"));
133
134     // Display inventory
135     cout << "\nCurrent Inventory:\n";
136     printInventoryHeader();
137     for (const Item* it : items) {
138         if (it->getType() == ItemType::ELECTRONICS) {
139             // safe because we know actual type via stored enum
140             const Electronics* e = static_cast<const Electronics
                *>(it);
141             e->display();
142         } else if (it->getType() == ItemType::GROCERIES) {
143             const Groceries* g = static_cast<const Groceries*>(it
                );
144             g->display();
145         } else {
146             // base-only item
147             it->display();
148             cout << endl;
149         }
150     }
151
152     // Compute and print total inventory value
153     float grandTotal = 0.0f;
154     for (const Item* it : items) {
155         grandTotal += it->getTotalValue();
156     }

```

```
157     cout << "\nGrand Total Value of Inventory: INR " << fixed <<
158         setprecision(2) << grandTotal << "\n";
159
160     // Proper cleanup: delete via the actual derived type pointer
161     // IMPORTANT: since base destructor is NOT virtual, do NOT
162     // delete using 'delete items[i]' when
163     // items[i] is typed Item* and actually points to a derived
164     // object. We instead cast to derived
165     // pointer type and delete via that pointer.
166     cout << "\nCleaning up dynamically allocated objects:\n";
167     for (Item* it : items) {
168         ItemType t = it->getType();
169         if (t == ItemType::ELECTRONICS) {
170             Electronics* e = static_cast<Electronics*>(it);
171             delete e; // deletes derived then base destructor
172         } else if (t == ItemType::GROCERIES) {
173             Groceries* g = static_cast<Groceries*>(it);
174             delete g;
175         } else {
176             // If there were plain Item objects allocated
177             // directly, we'd delete them like this:
178             delete it;
179         }
180     }
181     items.clear();
182     cout << "All objects cleaned up.\n";
183
184     return 0;
185 }
```

Output: 1—

```
V:\CDAC\CDAC_PG_DAC_PRACTICE\4_CPP\4_advanced_assignment>

Current Inventory:
Name           ID      Price      Qty      Extra
-----
SmartPhone     101     19999.00    5         24
Rice           201       59.50     50        2026-01-15
Laptop         102     55999.99    2         12
Milk           202       45.00     30        2025-10-20

Grand Total Value of Inventory: INR 216319.97

Cleaning up dynamically allocated objects:
Destroying Electronics specific resources (id=101)
Destroying Item (id=101, name="SmartPhone")
Destroying Groceries specific resources (id=201)
Destroying Item (id=201, name="Rice")
Destroying Electronics specific resources (id=102)
Destroying Item (id=102, name="Laptop")
Destroying Groceries specific resources (id=202)
Destroying Item (id=202, name="Milk")
All objects cleaned up.
```

## Problem 2: Employee Payroll Management System (with Dynamic Bonus Calculation))

**Task:** Design a C++ program to manage employees of a company. Each employee has common details (name, ID, base salary), but different roles (e.g., Manager, Developer) that determine their bonus. You must use classes, inheritance, encapsulation, constructors, destructors, and pointers to:

- Store and display employee information.
- Dynamically allocate memory for employees.
- Compute their total salary (base + bonus).
- Ensure proper cleanup of allocated memory.

**Code:** —

```
1 #include <iostream>
2 #include <string>
3 #include <iomanip>
4 using namespace std;
5
6 // =====
7 // Base Class: Employee
8 // =====
9 class Employee {
10 private:
11     string name;
12     int id;
13     float baseSalary;
14
```

```
15 protected:
16     float bonus;
17
18 public:
19     // Parameterized Constructor
20     Employee(const string& name_, int id_, float baseSalary_)
21         : name(name_), id(id_), baseSalary(baseSalary_), bonus
22           (0.0f) {}
23
24     // Virtual Function - Base version
25     virtual void calculateBonus() {
26         bonus = 0.0f; // Base class: no bonus
27     }
28
29     // Virtual Display Function
30     virtual void display() const {
31         cout << left << setw(15) << name
32              << setw(8) << id
33              << setw(12) << fixed << setprecision(2) <<
34              baseSalary
35              << setw(12) << bonus
36              << setw(15) << "Employee"
37              << setw(12) << baseSalary + bonus
38              << endl;
39     }
40
41     // Virtual Destructor
42     virtual ~Employee() {
43         cout << "Destroying Employee object: " << id << " (" <<
44             name << ")\n";
45     }
46
47 protected:
48     // Protected getters for derived class access
49     string getName() const { return name; }
50     int getId() const { return id; }
51     float getBaseSalary() const { return baseSalary; }
52 };
53
54 // =====
55 // Derived Class: Manager
56 // =====
57 class Manager : public Employee {
58 public:
59     Manager(const string& name_, int id_, float baseSalary_)
60         : Employee(name_, id_, baseSalary_) {}
61
62     void calculateBonus() override {
63         bonus = 0.40f * getBaseSalary(); // 40% of base salary
64     }
65 }
```

```

63     void display() const override {
64         cout << left << setw(15) << getName()
65             << setw(8) << getId()
66             << setw(12) << fixed << setprecision(2) <<
               getBaseSalary()
67             << setw(12) << bonus
68             << setw(15) << "Manager"
69             << setw(12) << getBaseSalary() + bonus
70             << endl;
71     }
72
73     ~Manager() override {
74         cout << "Destroying Manager object: " << getId() << "\n";
75     }
76 };
77
78 // =====
79 // Derived Class: Developer
80 // =====
81 class Developer : public Employee {
82 public:
83     Developer(const string& name_, int id_, float baseSalary_)
84         : Employee(name_, id_, baseSalary_) {}
85
86     void calculateBonus() override {
87         bonus = 0.25f * getBaseSalary(); // 25% of base salary
88     }
89
90     void display() const override {
91         cout << left << setw(15) << getName()
92             << setw(8) << getId()
93             << setw(12) << fixed << setprecision(2) <<
               getBaseSalary()
94             << setw(12) << bonus
95             << setw(15) << "Developer"
96             << setw(12) << getBaseSalary() + bonus
97             << endl;
98     }
99
100     ~Developer() override {
101         cout << "Destroying Developer object: " << getId() << "\n"
               << endl;
102     }
103 };
104
105 // =====
106 // Helper Function: Header
107 // =====
108 void printHeader() {
109     cout << left
110         << setw(15) << "Name"

```



```

111         << setw(8) << "ID"
112         << setw(12) << "BaseSalary"
113         << setw(12) << "Bonus"
114         << setw(15) << "Role"
115         << setw(12) << "TotalSalary"
116         << endl;
117     cout << string(74, '-') << endl;
118 }
119
120 // =====
121 // Main Function
122 // =====
123 int main() {
124     int n;
125     cout << "Enter the number of employees: ";
126     cin >> n;
127
128     Employee** employees = new Employee*[n]; // Array of base
        pointers
129
130     for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
131         cout << "\nEnter details for employee #" << i + 1 << ":\n"
            ";
132
133         string name;
134         int id, choice;
135         float salary;
136
137         cout << "Name: ";
138         cin >> ws;
139         getline(cin, name);
140         cout << "ID: ";
141         cin >> id;
142         cout << "Base Salary: ";
143         cin >> salary;
144
145         cout << "Select Role (1 - Manager, 2 - Developer): ";
146         cin >> choice;
147
148         if (choice == 1)
149             employees[i] = new Manager(name, id, salary);
150         else
151             employees[i] = new Developer(name, id, salary);
152
153         // Calculate bonus for each employee
154         employees[i]->calculateBonus();
155     }
156
157     // Display all employee details
158     cout << "\n\nEmployee Payroll Details:\n";
159     printHeader();

```

```

160     for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
161         employees[i]->display();
162     }
163
164     // Cleanup
165     cout << "\nCleaning up memory:\n";
166     for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
167         delete employees[i];
168     }
169     delete[] employees;
170
171     cout << "All employee objects destroyed successfully.\n";
172     return 0;
173 }

```

Output: —

```

V:\CDAC\CDAC_PG_DAC_PRACTICE\4_CPP\4_advanced_assignment>employeePayrollManagement
Enter the number of employees: 2

Enter details for employee #1:
Name: Vinod
ID: 1947
Base Salary: 2500000
Select Role (1 - Manager, 2 - Developer): 1

Enter details for employee #2:
Name: Sony
ID: 1948
Base Salary: 2400000
Select Role (1 - Manager, 2 - Developer): 2

Employee Payroll Details:
Name          ID      BaseSalary  Bonus      Role      TotalSalary
-----
Vinod          1947    2500000.00  1000000.00  Manager   3500000.00
Sony           1948    2400000.00  600000.00   Developer 3000000.00

Cleaning up memory:
Destroying Manager object: 1947
Destroying Employee object: 1947 (Vinod)
Destroying Developer object: 1948
Destroying Employee object: 1948 (Sony)
All employee objects destroyed successfully.

```

### Problem 3: Menu-Driven Employee Management System using Classes, Objects, Inheritance, and Dynamic Memory in C++

**Task:** Design a Menu-Driven Employee Management System for a company that manages two types of employees: 1. FullTimeEmployee

2. PartTimeEmployee

You must: Use inheritance to derive these two classes from a base class Employee. Use encapsulation for data hiding (private/protected members). Create objects dynamically using pointers. Display and manage data using a menu-driven interface.

Code: —

```

1 #include <iostream>

```

```
2 #include <string>
3 #include <vector>
4 #include <iomanip>
5 using namespace std;
6
7 // =====
8 // Base Class: Employee
9 // =====
10 class Employee {
11 private:
12     string name;
13     int empID;
14
15 protected:
16     float salary;
17
18 public:
19     // Parameterized constructor
20     Employee(const string& name_, int empID_)
21         : name(name_), empID(empID_), salary(0.0f) {}
22
23     // Display basic info
24     void displayBasic() const {
25         cout << left << setw(15) << name
26              << setw(10) << empID;
27     }
28
29     // Getter
30     float getSalary() const { return salary; }
31
32     int getID() const { return empID; }
33     string getName() const { return name; }
34
35     // Virtual destructor
36     virtual ~Employee() {
37         cout << "Destroying Employee: " << empID << " (" << name
38              << ")\n";
39     }
40
41     // Virtual functions to override
42     virtual void calculateSalary() = 0;
43     virtual void displayDetails() const = 0;
44 };
45
46 // =====
47 // Derived Class: FullTimeEmployee
48 // =====
49 class FullTimeEmployee : public Employee {
50 private:
51     float basicPay;
52     float bonus;
```

```

52
53 public:
54     FullTimeEmployee(const string& name_, int empID_, float
55         basicPay_, float bonus_)
56         : Employee(name_, empID_), basicPay(basicPay_), bonus(
57             bonus_) {}
58
59     void calculateSalary() override {
60         salary = basicPay + bonus;
61     }
62
63     void displayDetails() const override {
64         displayBasic();
65         cout << setw(15) << "Full-Time"
66             << setw(12) << fixed << setprecision(2) << salary
67             << setw(12) << basicPay
68             << setw(12) << bonus
69             << endl;
70     }
71
72     ~FullTimeEmployee() override {
73         cout << "Cleaning up FullTimeEmployee object (ID=" <<
74             getID() << ")\n";
75     }
76 };
77
78 // =====
79 // Derived Class: PartTimeEmployee
80 // =====
81 class PartTimeEmployee : public Employee {
82 private:
83     int hoursWorked;
84     float hourlyRate;
85
86 public:
87     PartTimeEmployee(const string& name_, int empID_, int
88         hoursWorked_, float hourlyRate_)
89         : Employee(name_, empID_), hoursWorked(hoursWorked_),
90             hourlyRate(hourlyRate_) {}
91
92     void calculateSalary() override {
93         salary = hoursWorked * hourlyRate;
94     }
95
96     void displayDetails() const override {
97         displayBasic();
98         cout << setw(15) << "Part-Time"
99             << setw(12) << fixed << setprecision(2) << salary
100             << setw(12) << hoursWorked
101             << setw(12) << hourlyRate
102             << endl;

```

```

98     }
99
100     ~PartTimeEmployee() override {
101         cout << "Cleaning up PartTimeEmployee object (ID=" <<
            getID() << ")\n";
102     }
103 };
104
105 // =====
106 // Helper Function: Display Header
107 // =====
108 void displayHeader() {
109     cout << left << setw(15) << "Name"
110         << setw(10) << "EmpID"
111         << setw(15) << "Type"
112         << setw(12) << "Salary"
113         << setw(12) << "Basic/Hrs"
114         << setw(12) << "Bonus/Rate"
115         << endl;
116     cout << string(76, '-') << endl;
117 }
118
119 // =====
120 // Search Function
121 // =====
122 Employee* searchEmployee(vector<Employee*>& employees, int id) {
123     for (auto* e : employees) {
124         if (e->getID() == id)
125             return e;
126     }
127     return nullptr;
128 }
129
130 // =====
131 // Delete Function
132 // =====
133 void deleteEmployee(vector<Employee*>& employees, int id) {
134     for (auto it = employees.begin(); it != employees.end(); ++it)
135     ) {
136         if ((*it)->getID() == id) {
137             delete *it; // Free memory
138             employees.erase(it);
139             cout << "Employee with ID " << id << " deleted
140                 successfully.\n";
141             return;
142         }
143     }
144     cout << "Employee with ID " << id << " not found.\n";
145 }
146 // =====

```

```
146 // Main Function
147 // =====
148 int main() {
149     vector<Employee*> employees;
150     int choice;
151
152     do {
153         cout << "\n===== Employee Management System
154             =====\n";
155         cout << "1. Add Full-Time Employee\n";
156         cout << "2. Add Part-Time Employee\n";
157         cout << "3. Display All Employees\n";
158         cout << "4. Search Employee by ID\n";
159         cout << "5. Delete Employee by ID\n";
160         cout << "6. Exit\n";
161         cout << "Enter your choice: ";
162         cin >> choice;
163
164         switch (choice) {
165             case 1: {
166                 string name;
167                 int id;
168                 float basic, bonus;
169                 cout << "Enter name: ";
170                 cin >> ws;
171                 getline(cin, name);
172                 cout << "Enter ID: ";
173                 cin >> id;
174                 cout << "Enter Basic Pay: ";
175                 cin >> basic;
176                 cout << "Enter Bonus: ";
177                 cin >> bonus;
178
179                 Employee* e = new FullTimeEmployee(name, id, basic,
180                     bonus);
181                 e->calculateSalary();
182                 employees.push_back(e);
183                 cout << "Full-Time Employee added successfully!\n";
184                 break;
185             }
186
187             case 2: {
188                 string name;
189                 int id, hours;
190                 float rate;
191                 cout << "Enter name: ";
192                 cin >> ws;
193                 getline(cin, name);
194                 cout << "Enter ID: ";
195                 cin >> id;
196                 cout << "Enter Hours Worked: ";
```

```
195         cin >> hours;
196         cout << "Enter Hourly Rate: ";
197         cin >> rate;
198
199         Employee* e = new PartTimeEmployee(name, id, hours,
200             rate);
201         e->calculateSalary();
202         employees.push_back(e);
203         cout << "Part-Time Employee added successfully!\n";
204         break;
205     }
206
207     case 3: {
208         if (employees.empty()) {
209             cout << "No employees to display.\n";
210         } else {
211             displayHeader();
212             for (auto* e : employees)
213                 e->displayDetails();
214         }
215         break;
216     }
217
218     case 4: {
219         int id;
220         cout << "Enter Employee ID to search: ";
221         cin >> id;
222         Employee* emp = searchEmployee(employees, id);
223         if (emp) {
224             displayHeader();
225             emp->displayDetails();
226         } else {
227             cout << "Employee not found.\n";
228         }
229         break;
230     }
231
232     case 5: {
233         int id;
234         cout << "Enter Employee ID to delete: ";
235         cin >> id;
236         deleteEmployee(employees, id);
237         break;
238     }
239
240     case 6: {
241         cout << "Exiting program...\n";
242         break;
243     }
244
245     default:
```

```
245         cout << "Invalid choice. Please try again.\n";
246     }
247
248     } while (choice != 6);
249
250     // Cleanup before exit
251     cout << "\nCleaning up all remaining employee objects...\n";
252     for (auto* e : employees)
253         delete e;
254     employees.clear();
255
256     cout << "All memory released successfully.\n";
257     return 0;
258 }
```

Output: —

```
V:\CDAC\CDAC_PG_DAC_PRACTICE\4_CPP\4_advanced_assignment>
===== Employee Management System =====
1. Add Full-Time Employee
2. Add Part-Time Employee
3. Display All Employees
4. Search Employee by ID
5. Delete Employee by ID
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter name: Vinod
Enter ID: 101
Enter Basic Pay: 250000
Enter Bonus: 25000
Full-Time Employee added successfully!

===== Employee Management System =====
1. Add Full-Time Employee
2. Add Part-Time Employee
3. Display All Employees
4. Search Employee by ID
5. Delete Employee by ID
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 2
Enter name: Sony
Enter ID: 102
Enter Hours Worked: 43
Enter Hourly Rate: 24000
Part-Time Employee added successfully!
```



```

===== Employee Management System =====
1. Add Full-Time Employee
2. Add Part-Time Employee
3. Display All Employees
4. Search Employee by ID
5. Delete Employee by ID
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 3
Name      EmpID      Type      Salary      Basic/Hrs      Bonus/Rate
-----
Vinod      101      Full-Time  275000.00    250000.00      25000.00
Sony       102      Part-Time  1032000.00    43              24000.00

===== Employee Management System =====
1. Add Full-Time Employee
2. Add Part-Time Employee
3. Display All Employees
4. Search Employee by ID
5. Delete Employee by ID
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 5
Enter Employee ID to delete: 101
Cleaning up FullTimeEmployee object (ID=101)
Destroying Employee: 101 (Vinod)
Employee with ID 101 deleted successfully.

===== Employee Management System =====
1. Add Full-Time Employee
2. Add Part-Time Employee
3. Display All Employees
4. Search Employee by ID
5. Delete Employee by ID
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 6
Exiting program...

Cleaning up all remaining employee objects...
Cleaning up PartTimeEmployee object (ID=102)
Destroying Employee: 102 (Sony)
All memory released successfully.

```