


```

27         this.height = height;
28     }
29
30     public double volume() {
31         return super.area() * height;
32     }
33 }
34
35 //////////////////////////////////////
36
37 package Box;
38
39 public class Main {
40
41     public static void main(String[] args) {
42         Box b1 = new Box(10, 20);
43
44         Box3d b2 = new Box3d(15, 15, 25);
45
46         System.out.println(b1.area());
47
48         System.out.println(b2.volume());
49
50     }
51
52 }

```

Output: —

200.0

5625.0

Problem 2: Inheritance, Overloading, Overriding

Task: Define a base class Person and a derived class employee with single inheritance. Define SetData() member functions in each of the class with different signatures to set the data members and demonstrate overloading of member functions. Define GetData() member functions in each of the class with same signatures to display data and demonstrate overriding of member functions.

Code: —

```
1 // Base class Person
2 class Person {
3     protected String name;
```

```
4     protected int age;
5
6     // Overloaded setData() method
7     public void setData(String name, int age) {
8         this.name = name;
9         this.age = age;
10    }
11
12    // GetData() method (will be overridden)
13    public void getData() {
14        System.out.println("Person Details:");
15        System.out.println("Name: " + name);
16        System.out.println("Age: " + age);
17    }
18 }
19
20 // Derived class Employee
21 class Employee extends Person {
22     private String employeeId;
23     private double salary;
24
25     // Overloaded setData() method (different signature than in
26     // Person)
27     public void setData(String name, int age, String employeeId,
28         double salary) {
29         // Call parent setData for common attributes
30         super.setData(name, age);
31         this.employeeId = employeeId;
32         this.salary = salary;
33     }
34
35     // Overriding GetData() method
36     @Override
37     public void getData() {
38         System.out.println("Employee Details:");
39         System.out.println("Name: " + name);
40         System.out.println("Age: " + age);
41         System.out.println("Employee ID: " + employeeId);
42         System.out.println("Salary: " + salary);
43     }
44 }
45
46 // Main class
47 public class OverloadingOverridingExample {
48     public static void main(String[] args) {
49         // Base class object
50         Person p = new Person();
51         p.setData("Alice", 30);
52         p.getData(); // Calls Person version of getData()
53
54         System.out.println();
55     }
56 }
```

```
53
54     // Derived class object
55     Employee e = new Employee();
56     e.setData("Bob", 28, "E101", 50000.0); // Overloaded
57         method
58     e.getData(); // Calls Employee version (overridden)
59 }
```

Output: —

```
Person Details:
Name: Alice
Age: 30

Employee Details:
Name: Bob
Age: 28
Employee ID: E101
Salary: 50000.0
```

Problem 3: Multi Level Inheritance

Task: Write a program to give example for multilevel inheritance in Java.

Code: —

```
1 // Example of Multilevel Inheritance in Java
2
3 // Base class (Grandparent)
4 class Animal {
5     void eat() {
6         System.out.println("This animal eats food.");
7     }
8 }
9
10 // Derived class (Parent)
11 class Mammal extends Animal {
12     void walk() {
13         System.out.println("Mammals can walk.");
14     }
15 }
16
```

```
17 // Derived class (Child)
18 class Dog extends Mammal {
19     void bark() {
20         System.out.println("Dog barks.");
21     }
22 }
23
24 // Main class
25 public class MultilevelInheritanceExample {
26     public static void main(String[] args) {
27         // Create object of Dog
28         Dog dog = new Dog();
29
30         // Methods from all levels of inheritance
31         dog.eat();    // from Animal
32         dog.walk();   // from Mammal
33         dog.bark();   // from Dog
34     }
35 }
```

Output: —

```
This animal eats food.
Mammals can walk.
Dog barks.
```

Problem 4: Multi Level Inheritance

Task: Demonstrate calling the constructor of the base class from the constructor of the derived class. Create objects of person and employee classes to show the order of invocation of constructors.

Code: —

```
1 // Base class
2 class Person {
3     // private fields (encapsulation)
4     private String name;
5     private int age;
6
7     // Constructor
8     Person(String name, int age) {
9         this.name = name;
10        this.age = age;
11        System.out.println("Person constructor called.");
12    }
13 }
```

```
14 // Getters & Setters
15 public String getName() {
16     return name;
17 }
18 public void setName(String name) {
19     this.name = name;
20 }
21
22 public int getAge() {
23     return age;
24 }
25 public void setAge(int age) {
26     this.age = age;
27 }
28 }
29
30 // Derived class
31 class Employee extends Person {
32     // private field
33     private String employeeId;
34
35     // Constructor
36     Employee(String name, int age, String employeeId) {
37         super(name, age); // calling Person constructor
38         this.employeeId = employeeId;
39         System.out.println("Employee constructor called.");
40     }
41
42     // Getter & Setter
43     public String getEmployeeId() {
44         return employeeId;
45     }
46     public void setEmployeeId(String employeeId) {
47         this.employeeId = employeeId;
48     }
49 }
50
51 // Derived class from Employee
52 class Manager extends Employee {
53     // private field
54     private String department;
55
56     // Constructor
57     Manager(String name, int age, String employeeId, String
58         department) {
59         super(name, age, employeeId); // calls Employee
60         constructor
61         this.department = department;
62         System.out.println("Manager constructor called.");
63     }
64 }
```

```
63 // Getter & Setter
64 public String getDepartment() {
65     return department;
66 }
67 public void setDepartment(String department) {
68     this.department = department;
69 }
70 }
71
72 // Main class
73 public class EncapsulationInheritanceExample {
74     public static void main(String[] args) {
75         System.out.println("Creating Person object:");
76         Person p = new Person("Alice", 30);
77         System.out.println("Name: " + p.getName() + ", Age: " + p
78             .getAge());
79
80         System.out.println("\nCreating Employee object:");
81         Employee e = new Employee("Bob", 25, "E101");
82         System.out.println("Name: " + e.getName() + ", Age: " + e
83             .getAge() + ", ID: " + e.getEmployeeId());
84
85         System.out.println("\nCreating Manager object:");
86         Manager m = new Manager("Charlie", 40, "M201", "IT");
87         System.out.println("Name: " + m.getName() + ", Age: " + m
88             .getAge() + ", ID: " + m.getEmployeeId() + ",
89             Department: " + m.getDepartment());
90     }
91 }
```

Output: —

```
Creating Person object:
Person constructor called.
Name: Alice, Age: 30

Creating Employee object:
Person constructor called.
Employee constructor called.
Name: Bob, Age: 25, ID: E101

Creating Manager object:
Person constructor called.
Employee constructor called.
Manager constructor called.
Name: Charlie, Age: 40, ID: M201, Department: IT
```

Problem 5: Single Level Inheritance

Task: Create a class with a method that prints "This is parent class" and its subclass with another method that prints "This is child class". Now, create an object for each of the class and call 1 - method of parent class by object of parent class 2 - method of child class by object of child class 3 - method of parent class by object of child class

Code: —

```
1 // Parent class
2 class Parent {
3     void displayParent() {
4         System.out.println("This is parent class");
5     }
6 }
7
8 // Child class extending Parent
9 class Child extends Parent {
10     void displayChild() {
11         System.out.println("This is child class");
12     }
13 }
14
15 // Main class
16 public class ParentChildExample {
17     public static void main(String[] args) {
18
19         // 1. Method of parent class by object of parent class
20         Parent p = new Parent();
21         p.displayParent();
22
23         // 2. Method of child class by object of child class
24         Child c = new Child();
25         c.displayChild();
26
27         // 3. Method of parent class by object of child class
28         c.displayParent();
29     }
30 }
```

Output: —

```
This is parent class
This is child class
This is parent class
```


Problem 6: One Base Class Two child class

Task: Create a class named 'Member' having the following members: Data members: 1 – Name, 2 – Age, 3 - Phone number, 4 – Address, 5 - Salary It also has a method named 'printSalary' which prints the salary of the members. Two classes 'Employee' and 'Manager' inherits the 'Member' class. The 'Employee' and 'Manager' classes have data members 'specialization' and 'department' respectively. Now, assign name, age, phone number, address and salary to an employee and a manager by making an object of both of these classes and print the same.

Code:

```
1 // Base class
2 class Member {
3     private String name;
4     private int age;
5     private String phoneNumber;
6     private String address;
7     private double salary;
8
9     // Constructor
10    public Member(String name, int age, String phoneNumber,
11        String address, double salary) {
12        this.name = name;
13        this.age = age;
14        this.phoneNumber = phoneNumber;
15        this.address = address;
16        this.salary = salary;
17    }
18
19    // Method to print salary
20    public void printSalary() {
21        System.out.println("Salary: " + salary);
22    }
23
24    // Method to display details
25    public void displayDetails() {
26        System.out.println("Name: " + name);
27        System.out.println("Age: " + age);
28        System.out.println("Phone Number: " + phoneNumber);
29        System.out.println("Address: " + address);
30        printSalary();
31    }
32 }
33
34 // Employee class extending Member
35 class Employee extends Member {
36     private String specialization;
37
38     public Employee(String name, int age, String phoneNumber,
39         String address, double salary, String specialization) {
```

```
38         super(name, age, phoneNumber, address, salary); // call  
39             to parent constructor  
40         this.specialization = specialization;  
41     }  
42  
43     public void displayEmployeeDetails() {  
44         displayDetails();  
45         System.out.println("Specialization: " + specialization);  
46     }  
47  
48     // Manager class extending Member  
49     class Manager extends Member {  
50         private String department;  
51  
52         public Manager(String name, int age, String phoneNumber,  
53             String address, double salary, String department) {  
54             super(name, age, phoneNumber, address, salary); // call  
55                 to parent constructor  
56             this.department = department;  
57         }  
58  
59         public void displayManagerDetails() {  
60             displayDetails();  
61             System.out.println("Department: " + department);  
62         }  
63     }  
64  
65     // Main class  
66     public class MemberExample {  
67         public static void main(String[] args) {  
68             // Creating Employee object  
69             Employee emp = new Employee("Alice", 28, "9876543210", "  
70                 Hyderabad", 50000, "Software Development");  
71             System.out.println("=== Employee Details ===");  
72             emp.displayEmployeeDetails();  
73  
74             System.out.println();  
75  
76             // Creating Manager object  
77             Manager mgr = new Manager("Bob", 40, "9123456780", "  
78                 Bengaluru", 90000, "IT Department");  
79             System.out.println("=== Manager Details ===");  
80             mgr.displayManagerDetails();  
81         }  
82     }
```

Output: —

```
=== Employee Details ===  
Name: Alice  
Age: 28  
Phone Number: 9876543210  
Address: Hyderabad  
Salary: 50000.0  
Specialization: Software Development  
  
=== Manager Details ===  
Name: Bob  
Age: 40  
Phone Number: 9123456780  
Address: Bengaluru  
Salary: 90000.0  
Department: IT Department
```