

CHAPTER 3

UNIQUE REPRESENTATION DOMAINS

0. Introduction.

We concluded our previous chapter with the local

characterization of Semirigid Domains (cf Th. 2 Ch. 2) which shows that a Semirigid Domain is a generalization of a Krull domain (is a \ast GKD). The fact that the two generalizations of UFD's we have worked out are also generalizations of Krull domains leads us to think that if there exists yet another generalization R of Krull domains, which is also an HCF domain, then it is possible that the factorization of non

zero non units of R should exhibit some interesting pattern. But we have to be selective in choosing a particular generalization of Krull domains for an examination; because arbitrary generalizations of Krull domains can range over an uncontrollably large family of integral domains, which may be irrelevant too. For example an integrally closed domain generalizes a Krull domain in the sense that a Krull domain is integrally closed, but choosing an HCF integrally closed domain is absurd, because an HCF domain is already integrally closed (cf [23] p. 33). We did mention at the end of the last chapter that a ring of Krull type satisfies $\ast 1, \ast 2$ and $\ast 4$ of Def. 3, in view of this, a ring of Krull type seems to be very near to the generalizations of Krull domains we could achieve through a generalization of the concept of Unique Factorization.

Thus it looks worth while to consider the factorization of a non zero non unit in an HCF ring of Krull type and to set up a more general theory if some pattern shows up. And our first step towards this end should be to give an