

Nmap Lab Assignment Report

Introduction

This report documents the results of the Network Scanning using Nmap lab, as outlined in the "Network Scanning using Nmap" lab manual. The objective is to use Nmap to perform various network scanning tasks, including host discovery, port scanning, service detection, vulnerability scanning, and DNS enumeration. Below are the tasks performed, the commands used, their purpose, and placeholders for screenshots.

Lab Tasks and Results

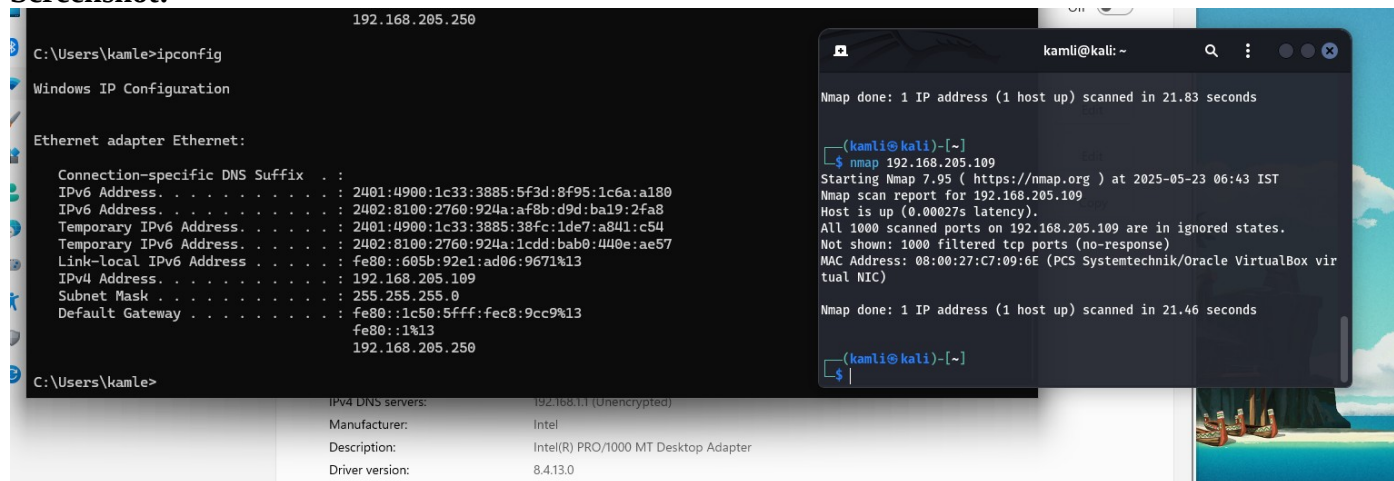
1. Basic Nmap Scan

Purpose: Perform a basic scan on a single IP or hostname to identify live hosts and open ports.

Command: `nmap 192.168.205.109`

Expected Output: List of open ports, services running, and host status (up/down).

Screenshot:



2. Port Scanning

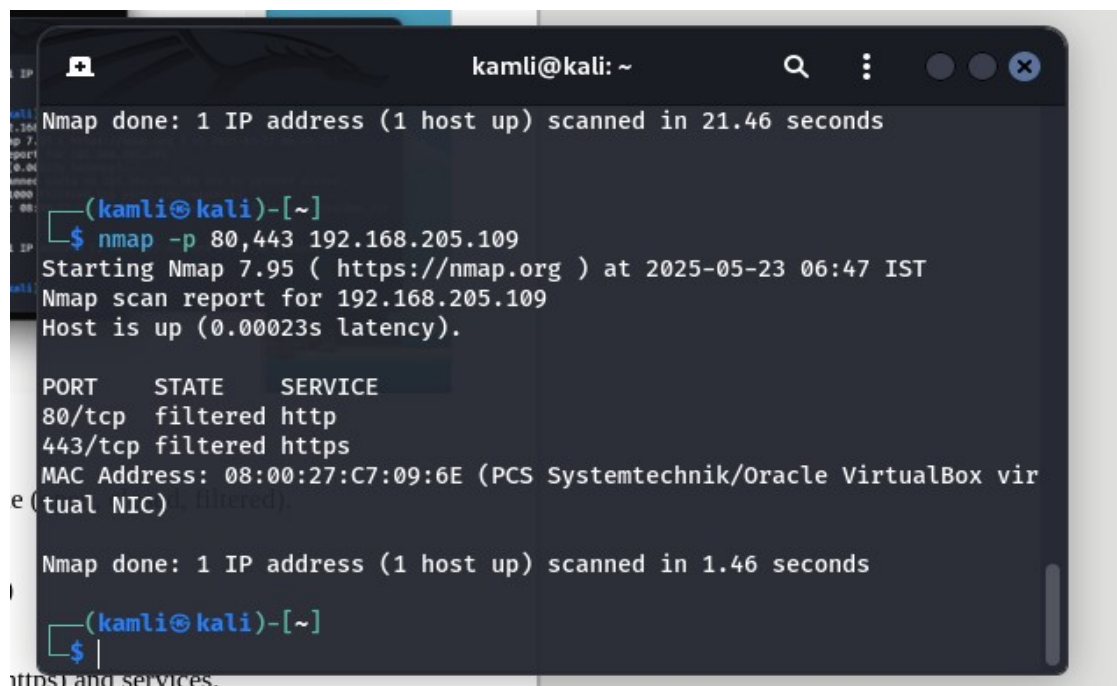
Purpose: Scan specific ports or a range of ports to determine their state (open, closed, filtered).

Commands: `nmap -p 80,443 192.168.45.130` Scan specific ports (HTTP, HTTPS)

`nmap -p 1-65535 localhost` Scan all ports

Expected Output: Port states (e.g., 80/tcp closed http, 443/tcp closed https) and services.

Screenshot:



3. Scanning Multiple IPs or IP Ranges

Purpose: Scan multiple IP addresses or an IP range to discover live hosts and their open ports.

Commands:

```
nmap 192.168.45.130,138      Multiple IPs
nmap 192.168.45.0/24        CIDR range
nmap 192.168.45.*           Wildcard range
nmap 192.168.45.* --exclude 192.168.45.138  Exclude specific IP
```

Expected Output: List of live hosts, their open ports, and services.

Screenshot:

```
(kamli@kali)-[~]
$

(kamli@kali)-[~]
$ nmap 192.168.205.109,97
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-05-23 06:53 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.205.97
Host is up (0.000010s latency).
Not shown: 999 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT      STATE SERVICE
3389/tcp  open  ms-wbt-server

Nmap scan report for 192.168.205.109
Host is up (0.00020s latency).
All 1000 scanned ports on 192.168.205.109 are in ignored states.
Not shown: 1000 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
MAC Address: 08:00:27:C7:09:6E (PCS Systemtechnik/Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)

Nmap done: 2 IP addresses (2 hosts up) scanned in 21.47 seconds

(kamli@kali)-[~]
$ |
```

```
(kamli@kali)-[~]
$ nmap 192.168.205.*
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-05-23 06:54 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.205.109
Host is up (0.00029s latency).
All 1000 scanned ports on 192.168.205.109 are in ignored states.
Not shown: 1000 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
MAC Address: 08:00:27:C7:09:6E (PCS Systemtechnik/Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)

Nmap scan report for 192.168.205.250
Host is up (0.0065s latency).
Not shown: 999 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT      STATE SERVICE
53/tcp    open  domain
MAC Address: 1E:50:5F:C8:9C:C9 (Unknown)

Nmap scan report for 192.168.205.97
Host is up (0.000010s latency).
Not shown: 999 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT      STATE SERVICE
3389/tcp  open  ms-wbt-server

Nmap done: 256 IP addresses (3 hosts up) scanned in 8.62 seconds
```

4. Scanning Top Ports

Purpose: Scan the most commonly used ports to quickly identify active services.

Command: `nmap --top-ports 20 192.168.45.130`

Expected Output: Status of the top 20 ports (e.g., 80/tcp open http).

Screenshot:

```
(kamli@kali)-[~]
$ nmap --top-ports 20 192.168.205.109
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-05-23 06:57 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.205.109
Host is up (0.00023s latency).

PORT      STATE      SERVICE
21/tcp    filtered  ftp
22/tcp    filtered  ssh
23/tcp    filtered  telnet
25/tcp    filtered  smtp
53/tcp    filtered  domain
80/tcp    filtered  http
110/tcp   filtered  pop3
111/tcp   filtered  rpcbind
135/tcp   filtered  msrpc
139/tcp   filtered  netbios-ssn
143/tcp   filtered  imap
443/tcp   filtered  https
445/tcp   filtered  microsoft-ds
993/tcp   filtered  imaps
995/tcp   filtered  pop3s
1723/tcp  filtered  pptp
3306/tcp  filtered  mysql
3389/tcp  filtered  ms-wbt-server
5900/tcp  filtered  vnc
8080/tcp  filtered  http-proxy
MAC Address: 08:00:27:C7:09:6E (PCS Systemtechnik/Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
```

5. Saving Scan Results to a File

Purpose: Save scan results to a text file for documentation.

Command: `nmap -oN output.txt 192.168.205.109`

Expected Output: A text file ('output.txt') containing scan results.

Screenshot:

```
(kamli@kali)-[~]
$ nmap -oN output.txt 192.168.205.109
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-05-23 06:59 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.205.109
Host is up (0.00031s latency).
All 1000 scanned ports on 192.168.205.109 are in ignored states.
Not shown: 1000 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
MAC Address: 08:00:27:C7:09:6E (PCS Systemtechnik/Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 21.67 seconds

(kamli@kali)-[~]
$ cat output.txt
# Nmap 7.95 scan initiated Fri May 23 06:59:41 2025 as: /usr/lib/nmap/nmap --privileged -oN output.txt 192.168.205.109
Nmap scan report for 192.168.205.109
Host is up (0.00031s latency).
All 1000 scanned ports on 192.168.205.109 are in ignored states.
Not shown: 1000 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
MAC Address: 08:00:27:C7:09:6E (PCS Systemtechnik/Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)

# Nmap done at Fri May 23 07:00:03 2025 -- 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 21.67 seconds

(kamli@kali)-[~]
$
```


6. OS and Service Detection

Purpose: Identify the operating system and service versions running on the target.

Command: `nmap -A -T4 192.168.205.109,97`

Expected Output: OS details (e.g., Linux), service versions (e.g., Apache 2.4.7), and open ports.

Screenshot:

```
(kamli@kali)-[~]
$ nmap -A -T4 192.168.205.109
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-05-23 07:01 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.205.109
Host is up (0.00032s latency).
All 1000 scanned ports on 192.168.205.109 are in ignored states.
Not shown: 1000 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
MAC Address: 08:00:27:C7:09:6E (PCS Systemtechnik/Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
Too many fingerprints match this host to give specific OS details
Network Distance: 1 hop

TRACEROUTE
HOP RTT ADDRESS
1 0.32 ms 192.168.205.109

OS and Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 29.23 seconds

(kamli@kali)-[~]
$ nmap -A -T4 192.168.205.97
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-05-23 07:02 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.205.97
Host is up (0.000057s latency).
Not shown: 999 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT      STATE SERVICE        VERSION
3389/tcp  open  ms-wbt-server  GNOME remote desktop
Device type: general purpose
Running: Linux 2.6.X|5.X
OS CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:2.6.32 cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:5 cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:6
OS details: Linux 2.6.32, Linux 5.0 - 6.2
Network Distance: 0 hops

OS and Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 7.86 seconds

(kamli@kali)-[~]
```

7. TCP and UDP Scanning

Purpose: Perform scans using TCP or UDP protocols to identify open ports.

Commands:

`nmap -sT 1192.168.205.109` TCP scan

`nmap -sU 1192.168.205.109` UDP scan

Expected Output: Open TCP/UDP ports (e.g., 53/tcp open domain, 53/udp open domain).

Screenshot:

```
(kamli@kali)-[~]
$ nmap -sT 192.168.205.109
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-05-23 07:11 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.205.109
Host is up (0.00032s latency).
All 1000 scanned ports on 192.168.205.109 are in ignored states.
Not shown: 1000 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
MAC Address: 08:00:27:C7:09:6E (PCS Systemtechnik/Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 21.15 seconds

(kamli@kali)-[~]
$ nmap -sU 192.168.205.109
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-05-23 07:11 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.205.109
Host is up (0.00025s latency).
All 1000 scanned ports on 192.168.205.109 are in ignored states.
Not shown: 1000 open|filtered udp ports (no-response)
MAC Address: 08:00:27:C7:09:6E (PCS Systemtechnik/Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 21.35 seconds
```

8. Live Hosts Discovery

Purpose: Identify live hosts in the network using a ping scan.

Command: `nmap -sn 192.168.205.0/24`

Expected Output: List of IP addresses of live hosts.

Screenshot:

```
(kamli@kali)-[~]
$ nmap -sn 192.168.205.0/24
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-05-23 07:08 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.205.109
Host is up (0.00013s latency).
MAC Address: 08:00:27:C7:09:6E (PCS Systemtechnik/Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
Nmap scan report for 192.168.205.250
Host is up (0.0082s latency).
MAC Address: 1E:50:5F:C8:9C:C9 (Unknown)
Nmap scan report for 192.168.205.97
Host is up.
Nmap done: 256 IP addresses (3 hosts up) scanned in 3.98 seconds
(kamli@kali)-[~]
```

9. Idle (Zombie) Scanning

Purpose: Perform a stealthy scan using a zombie host to hide the scanner's IP.

Command: `nmap -sI 192.168.205.97 172.31.101.206`

Expected Output: Open ports on the target (e.g., 135/tcp open msrpc) with scan attributed to the zombie host.

Screenshot:

```
(kamli@kali)-[~]
$ nmap -sI 192.168.205.97 192.168.205.109
WARNING: Many people use -Pn w/Idlescan to prevent pings from their true IP. On the other hand, timing info Nmap gains from pings can allow for faster, more reliable scans.
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-05-23 07:13 IST
Idle scan zombie 192.168.205.97 (192.168.205.97) port 443 cannot be used because IP ID sequence class is: All zeros.
Try another proxy.
QUITTING!
```

10. Firewall Bypassing with Fragmentation

Purpose: Use packet fragmentation to bypass firewalls.

Command: `nmap -f --mtu 24 192.168.205.109`

Expected Output: Scan results despite firewall presence (e.g., 80/tcp open http).

Screenshot:

```
(kamli@kali)-[~]
$ nmap -f --mtu 24 192.168.205.109
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-05-23 07:16 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.205.109
Host is up (0.00030s latency).
All 1000 scanned ports on 192.168.205.109 are in ignored states.
Not shown: 1000 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
MAC Address: 08:00:27:C7:09:6E (PCS Systemtechnik/Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 21.35 seconds
(kamli@kali)-[~]
```

11. Stealth Scan

Purpose: Perform a TCP SYN scan to avoid detection by firewalls.

Command: `nmap -sS 192.168.205.109`

Expected Output: Open ports (e.g., 80/tcp open http) with minimal footprint.

Screenshot:

```
(kamli@kali)-[~]
└─$ nmap -sS 192.168.205.109
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-05-23 07:18 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.205.109
Host is up (0.00030s latency).
All 1000 scanned ports on 192.168.205.109 are in ignored states.
Not shown: 1000 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
MAC Address: 08:00:27:C7:09:6E (PCS Systemtechnik/Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 21.36 seconds
```

13. DNS Enumeration

Purpose: Discover DNS-related services and enumerate subdomains.

Commands:

`nmap --script=broadcast-dns-service-discovery 192.168.205.109`

`nmap -T4 -p 53 --script dns-brute 192.168.205.109`

Expected Output: Discovered DNS services (e.g., 5555/tcp adb) and subdomains (e.g., chat.nmap.org).

Screenshot:

```
(kamli@kali)-[~]
└─$ nmap --script=broadcast-dns-service-discovery 192.168.205.109
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-05-23 07:20 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.205.109
Host is up (0.00025s latency).
All 1000 scanned ports on 192.168.205.109 are in ignored states.
Not shown: 1000 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
MAC Address: 08:00:27:C7:09:6E (PCS Systemtechnik/Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 31.37 seconds

(kamli@kali)-[~]
└─$ nmap -T4 -p 53 --script dns-brute 192.168.205.109
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-05-23 07:22 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.205.109
Host is up (0.00032s latency).
Running scripts: The commands executed
PORT      STATE      SERVICE
53/tcp    filtered  domain
MAC Address: 08:00:27:C7:09:6E (PCS Systemtechnik/Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)

Host script results:
|_dns-brute: Can't guess domain of "192.168.205.109"; use dns-brute.domain script argument.

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 0.49 seconds
```

Conclusion

The Nmap lab successfully demonstrated various network scanning techniques. The commands executed provided insights into network configurations, open ports, running services, and potential vulnerabilities. All scans were conducted in a controlled environment to ensure ethical and legal compliance.