

1. Matrix norms

Definition: Matrix norm

A norm $\|\cdot\|$ on the vector space of matrices $V = \text{Mat}_{n \times n}(\mathbb{C})$ is called matrix norm iff

1. $\|\cdot\|$ defines a norm

- $\|A\| > 0, \quad A \neq 0_{n \times n}$
- $\|\alpha A\| = |\alpha| \cdot \|A\|$
- $\|A + B\| \leq \|A\| + \|B\|$

2. Submultiplicative property holds

$$\|AB\| \leq \|A\| \cdot \|B\|.$$

Lemma: 1

For any matrix norm $\|\cdot\|$ following holds

$$\|I\| \geq 1.$$

Definition: Unit preserving matrix norm $\|\cdot\|$

A matrix norm $\|\cdot\|$ is called unit preserving matrix norm iff

$$\|I\| = 1.$$

Definition: Matrix norm $\|\cdot\|$ compatible with a vector norm $|\cdot|$

A matrix norm $\|\cdot\|$ is called compatible with a vector norm $|\cdot|$ iff

$$\|A\vec{x}\| \leq \|A\| \cdot |\vec{x}|.$$

Lemma: 2

Any matrix norm $\|\cdot\|$ is compatible with some vector norm $|\cdot|$. In particular, a norm $\|\cdot\|_{\star,0}$ is compatible with

$$|v|_{\star,0} := \left\| \begin{pmatrix} | & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ | & \vdots & \dots & \vdots \\ \vec{v} & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ | & \vdots & \dots & \vdots \\ | & 0 & \dots & 0 \end{pmatrix} \right\|_{\star,0}.$$

Lemma: 3

If $\|\cdot\|$ is a matrix norm compatible with $|\cdot|$, then $\|A\|' = \lambda \|A\|$ (where $\lambda > 1$) is another matrix norm compatible with $|\cdot|$.

Definition: Frobenius norm

Following norm is called Frobenius norm

$$\begin{aligned}\|A\|_F &= \sqrt{\sum_{i,j} |a_{ij}|^2} \\ &= \sqrt{\text{tr}(A^*A)} \\ &= \sqrt{\sigma_1^2 + \dots + \sigma_n^2},\end{aligned}$$

where σ_i are singular values of A .

Frobenius norm is unitary invariant, that is,

$$\|AW\|_F = \|WA\|_F = \|A\|_F, \quad W^* = (W)^{-1}.$$

Definition: Induced matrix norm

Let $|\cdot|_\star$ be a vector norm on \mathbb{C}^n , then

$$\|A\|_\star = \max_{\vec{x} \neq \vec{0}} \frac{|A\vec{x}|_\star}{|\vec{x}|_\star}$$

is called a matrix norm which is induced by norm $|\cdot|_\star$.

Theorem: Induced matrix norm

1. The function $\|\cdot\|_\star$ is well defined (max exists)
2. The function $\|\cdot\|_\star$ is a matrix norm
3. The function $\|\cdot\|_\star$ is compatible with $|\cdot|_\star$
4. The function $\|\cdot\|_\star$ is unit preserving
5. For any matrix norm $\|\cdot\|_{\star,?}$ compatible with norm $|\cdot|_\star$ following holds

$$\|A\|_{\star,?} \geq \|A\|_\star, \quad \forall A.$$

Theorem: Main matrix norms

The following are induced matrix norms for main vector norms

Vector norm $ \cdot $	Induced matrix norm $\ \cdot\ $
$ \vec{x} = x_1 + \dots + x_n $	$\ A\ _1 = \max_j A^j _1$
$ \vec{x} _2 = \sqrt{ x_1 ^2 + \dots + x_n ^2}$	$\ A\ _2 = \sigma_1$
$ \vec{x} _\infty = \max_i x_i $	$\ A\ _\infty = \max_i A_i _\infty$