$$0 = -6(240)v_2 + 4(240)^2 \phi_2$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 = -6v_2 + 4(240)\phi_2 \Rightarrow v_2 = 160\phi_2$$

$$-2000 = 419.56 [(12 + (2.38) 160\phi_2 - 6(240)\phi_2]]$$

$$\Rightarrow \phi_2 = -0.005538 \text{ rad}$$

$$\Rightarrow v_2 = 160(-0.005538) \Rightarrow v_2 = -0.886 \text{ in.}$$

Beam element

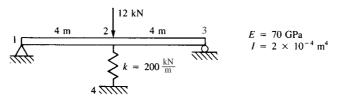
$$\begin{bmatrix} F_{1y} \\ M_1 \\ F_{2y} \\ M_2 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{(29 \times 10^6)(200)}{(20 \times 12)^3} \begin{bmatrix} 12 & 6L & -12 & 6L \\ 6L & 4L^2 & -6L & 2L^2 \\ -12 & -6L & 12 & -6L \\ 6L & 2L^2 & -6L & 4L^2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -0.886 \\ -0.005538 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$F_{1y} = 1115 \text{ lbs } \uparrow, M_1 = -267 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{in.}$$

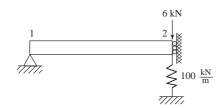
$$F_{2y} = -1115 \text{ lbs } \downarrow, M_2 = 0$$

The extra force at node 2 is resisted by the spring.

## 4.11



Applying symmetry



$$[K] = \frac{EI}{L_3} \begin{bmatrix} 12 & 6L & -12 & 6L \\ & 4L^2 & -6L & 2L^2 \\ & & \frac{12+KL^3}{EI} & -6L \end{bmatrix}$$
Symmetry  $4L^2$ 

Applying the boundary conditions 
$$v_1 = 0$$
,  $\phi_2 = 0$  we have
$$\begin{cases}
M_1 = 0 \\ F_{2y} = -6000 \text{ N}
\end{cases} = \frac{(70 \times 10^9)(2 \times 10^{-4})}{4^3} \begin{bmatrix} 4L^2 & -6L \\ -6L & \frac{12 + KL^3}{EI} \end{bmatrix} \begin{cases} \phi_1 \\ v_2 \end{cases} => 12 + \text{ K/EI/L} \land 3 + \text{K}$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 = 4L^2 \phi_1 - 6L v_2 \Rightarrow \phi_1 = \frac{6}{4L} v_2 \Rightarrow \phi_1 = \frac{6}{16} v_2$$

$$-6000 = 218750 \left[ -24 \left( \frac{6}{16} \right) v_2 + 12.457 v_2 \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow v_2 = -7.9338 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$$

$$\phi_1 = \frac{6}{16} (-7.9338 \times 10^{-3}) \Rightarrow \phi_1 = -2.9752 \times 10^{-3} \text{ rad}$$

$$F_{1y} = 5.208 \text{ kN } \uparrow, M_2 = 20.83 \text{ kN} \cdot \text{m}$$

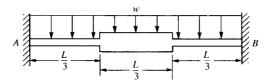
$$F_{2y} = 0 \text{ kN} \downarrow$$

$$F_{\text{spring}} = (200 \, \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}}) (7.9338 \times 10^{-3} \, \text{m})$$

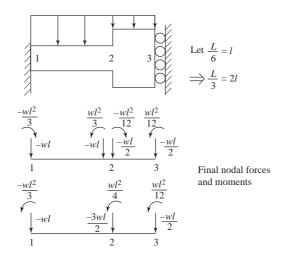
$$F_{\text{spring}} = 1.587 \text{ kN}$$

From symmetry  $F_{3y} = 5.208 \text{ kN} \uparrow$ 

## 4.12



## From symmetry



$$[k_{1-2}] = \begin{array}{cccc} v_1 & \phi_1 & v_2 & \phi_2 \\ \hline \begin{bmatrix} \frac{3}{2} & \frac{3}{2}l & \frac{-3}{2} & \frac{3}{2}l \\ \frac{3}{2}l & 2l^2 & \frac{-3}{2}l & l^2 \\ \frac{-3}{2} & \frac{-3}{2}l & \frac{3}{2} & \frac{-3}{2}l \\ \frac{3}{2}l & l^2 & \frac{-3}{2}l & 2l^2 \end{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ \phi_2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$