# 1

# Random Numbers

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#### **CONTENTS**

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**Triangular Distribution** 

Let U be a uniform random variable between 0 and 1.

1 Uniform Random Numbers

1.1 Generate  $10^6$  samples of U using a C program and save into a file called uni.dat .

# **Solution:**

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Download the following files and execute the C program.

wget https://github.com/kamujuaakash/ Assignment1/blob/main/Exercise/Exercise -1/1.1/exrand.c wget https://github.com/kamujuaakash/ Assignment1/blob/main/Exercise/Exercise -1/1.1/coeffs.h

Download the above files and execute the following commands

1.2 Load the uni.dat file into python and plot the empirical CDF of *U* using the samples in uni.dat. The CDF is defined as

$$F_U(x) = \Pr\left(U \le x\right) \tag{1.1}$$

#### **Solution:**

The following code plots Fig. 1.2

wget https://github.com/kamujuaakash/ Assignment1/blob/main/Exercise/Exercise -1/1.2/cdf\_plot.py Download the above files and execute the following commands to produce Fig.1.2

python3 cdf plot.py

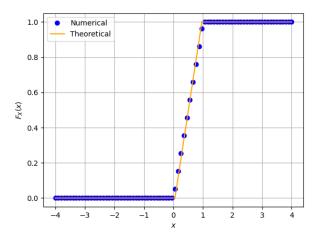


Fig. 1.2: The CDF of U

1.3 Find a theoretical expression for  $F_U(x)$ . Solution:

Given U is a uniform Random Variable

$$p_{U}(x) = 1 \text{ for}$$

$$F_{U}(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p_{U}(x)dx$$

$$\implies F_{U}(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x \le 0 \\ x & 0 < x < 1 \\ 1 & x \ge 1 \end{cases}$$

1.4 The mean of U is defined as

$$E[U] = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} U_i$$
 (1.2)

and its variance as  $var[U] = E[U - E[U]]^2$ Write a C program to find the mean and variance of U.

#### **Solution:**

Download the following files and execute the

C program.

wget https://github.com/kamujuaakash/ Assignment1/blob/main/Exercise/Exercise

-1/1.4/m.c

wget https://github.com/kamujuaakash/

Assignment1/blob/main/Exercise/Exercise -1/1.4/coeffs.h

Download the above files and execute the following commands

gcc m.c -lm ./a.out

1.5 Verify your result theoretically given that

$$E\left[U^{k}\right] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^{k} dF_{U}(x)$$

**Solution:** 

$$E[U] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x dF_U(x)$$

$$E[U] = \int_{0}^{1} x$$

$$\Rightarrow E[U] = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$E[U^2] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^2 dF_U(x)$$

$$E[U^2] = \int_{0}^{1} x^2 dF_U(x)$$

$$\Rightarrow E[U^2] = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$var[U] = E[U - E[U]]^2$$

$$\Rightarrow var[U] = E[U^2] - E[U]^2$$

$$var[U] = \frac{1}{12} = 0.0833$$

### 2 Central Limit Theorem

2.1 Generate  $10^6$  samples of the random variable

$$X = \sum_{i=1}^{12} U_i - 6 \tag{2.1}$$

using a C program, where  $U_i$ , i = 1, 2, ..., 12are a set of independent uniform random variables between 0 and 1 and save in a file called gau.dat

Solution: Download the following files and execute the C program.

wget https://github.com/kamujuaakash/

Assignment1/blob/main/Exercise/Exercise -2/2.1/exrand.c

wget https://github.com/kamujuaakash/

Assignment1/blob/main/Exercise/Exercise -2/2.1/coeffs.h

Download the above files and execute the following commands

gcc exrand.c -lm ./a.out

2.2 Load gau.dat in python and plot the empirical CDF of X using the samples in gau.dat. What properties does a CDF have?

**Solution:** 

- $F_X(x) = P(X \le x)$
- $Q_X(x) = P(X > x)$
- $Q_X(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_x^{\infty} e^{-\frac{u^2}{2}} du$   $F_X(x) = 1 Q_X(x)$  This can be used to calculate F (x).

The CDF of X is plotted in Fig. 2.2 using the code below

wget https://github.com/kamujuaakash/ Assignment1/blob/main/Exercise/Exercise -2/2.2/2.2.py

Download the above files and execute the following commands to produce Fig.2.2

python3 2.2.py

Some of the properties of CDF

$$\lim_{x\to\infty} F_X(x) = 1$$

- 2)  $F_X(x)$  is non decreasing function.
- 3) Symmetric about one point.
- 2.3 Load gau.dat in python and plot the empirical PDF of X using the samples in gau.dat. The PDF of X is defined as

$$p_X(x) = \frac{d}{dx} F_X(x) \tag{2.2}$$

What properties does the PDF have?

**Solution:** The PDF of X is plotted in Fig. 2.3 using the code below

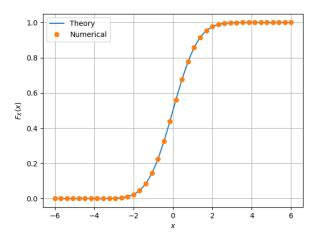


Fig. 2.2: The CDF of X

wget https://github.com/kamujuaakash/ Assignment1/blob/main/Exercise/Exercise -2/2.3/2.3.py

Download the above files and execute the following commands to produce Fig.2.3

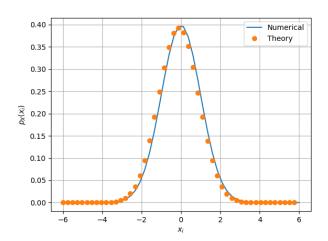


Fig. 2.3: The PDF of X

Let 
$$\mu \approx 0$$

Some of the properties of the PDF:

- a) Symmetric about  $x = \mu$  in this case
- b) Decreasing function for  $x > \mu$  and increasing for  $x < \mu$  and attains maximum at  $x = \mu$
- c) Area under the curve is unity.

2.4 Find the mean and variance of *X* by writing a C program.

**Solution:** Download the following files and execute the C program.

wget https://github.com/kamujuaakash/ Assignment1/blob/main/Exercise/Exercise -2/2.4/m.c

wget https://github.com/kamujuaakash/ Assignment1/blob/main/Exercise/Exercise -2/2.4/coeffs.h

Download the above files and execute the following commands

2.5 Given that

$$p_X(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right), -\infty < x < \infty, \quad (2.3)$$

repeat the above exercise theoretically.

### **Solution:**

1) CDF is given by

$$F_X(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p_X(x) dx \qquad (2.4)$$

$$F_X(x) = 1 \tag{2.5}$$

2) Mean is given by

$$E(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x p_X(x) dx$$
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left( x exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) dx \right)$$

Since the above function is odd

$$\Longrightarrow E(x) = 0$$

3) Variance is given by

$$\operatorname{var}[U] = E(U^{2}) - (E(U))^{2}$$

$$E\left(x^{2}\right) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^{2} p_{X}(x) dx$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} x^{2} exp\left(-\frac{x^{2}}{2}\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left(x \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x exp\left(-\frac{x^{2}}{2}\right) dx\right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\int \left(x exp\left(-\frac{x^{2}}{2}\right) dx\right) . dx\right)$$

$$= \left[ -x \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} exp \frac{-x^2}{2} \right]_{-\infty}^{\infty} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} exp \left( -\frac{x^2}{2} \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2\pi}}{\sqrt{2\pi}}$$

$$= 1 \implies \left[ var \left[ U \right] = 1 \right]$$

#### 3 From Uniform to Other

# 3.1 Generate samples of

$$V = -2\ln(1 - U) \tag{3.1}$$

and plot its CDF.

**Solution:** Running the below code generates samples of V from file uni.dat(U).

https://github.com/kamujuaakash/Assignment1 /blob/main/Exercise/Exercise-3/3.1/3.1.py https://github.com/kamujuaakash/Assignment1 /blob/main/Exercise/Exercise-3/3.1/3.1.c

Use the below command in the terminal to run the code:

Now these samples are used to plot by running the below code,

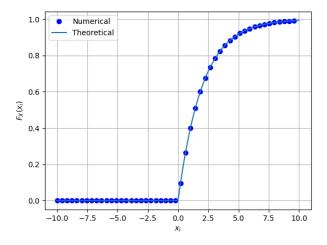


Fig. 3.1: CDF for (3)

wge https://github.com/kamujuaakash/ Assignment1/blob/main/Exercise/Exercise -3/3.1/cdf.py

Use the below command to run the code:

python3 cdf.py

# 3.2 Theoretical expression for $F_V(x)$

$$F_{V}(x) = P\{V \le x\}$$

$$= P\{-2 \times \ln(1 - U) \le x\}$$

$$= P\{U \le 1 - e^{(-\frac{x}{2})}\}$$

$$= F_{U}\{1 - e^{(-\frac{x}{2})}\}$$

$$= \begin{cases} 1 - e^{(-\frac{x}{2})} & 0 \le x < \infty \\ 0 & x < 0 \end{cases}$$

#### 4 Triangular Distribution

#### 4.1 Generate

$$T = U_1 + U_2 \tag{4.1}$$

**Solution:** Download the following files and execute the C program.

wget https://github.com/kamujuaakash/ Assignment1/blob/main/Exercise/Exercise -4/4.1/4.1.c

wget https://github.com/kamujuaakash/ Assignment1/blob/main/Exercise/Exercise -4/4.1/coeffs.h

Download the above files and execute the following commands

gcc 4.1.c ./a.out

#### 4.2 Find the CDF of T.

#### **Solution:**

The CDF of T is plotted in figure using the code below

wget https://github.com/kamujuaakash/ Assignment1/blob/main/Exercise/Exercise -4/4.2/4.2.py

Download the above files and execute the following commands to produce Fig.4.2

python3 4.2.py

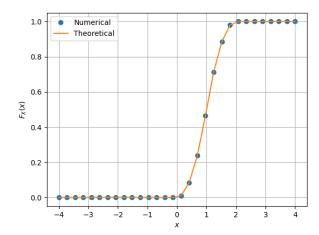


Fig. 4.2: The CDF of T

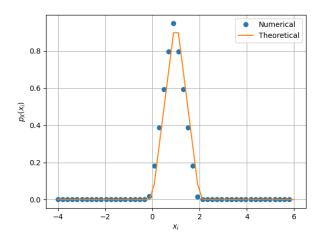


Fig. 4.3: The PDF of T

4.3 Find the PDF of T.

### **Solution:**

The PDF of *T* is plotted in Fig. 4.2 using the code below

wget https://github.com/kamujuaakash/ Assignment1/blob/main/Exercise/Exercise -4/4.3/4.3.py

Download the above files and execute the following commands to produce Fig.4.2

python3 4.3.py

4.4 Find the Theoretical Expression for the PDF and CDF of *T* 

## **Solution:**

$$T = U_1 + U_2 (4.2)$$

$$\implies p_T(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t p_{U1}(x) p_{U2}(y) dx \qquad (4.3)$$

$$As, p_{U1}(x) = p_{U1}(y) = p_U(u)$$
 (4.4)

$$\implies p_T(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t p_U(u) p_U(t-u) du \quad (4.5)$$

a) Theoretical PDF

i)  $t \le 1$ 

$$p_T(t) = \int_0^t p_U(t - u) du$$
 (4.6)

$$\implies p_T(t) = \int_0^t du = t \tag{4.7}$$

ii) t > 1

$$p_T(t) = \int_0^1 p_U(t - u) du \qquad (4.8)$$

$$\implies p_T(t) = \int_{t-1}^1 du = 2 - t$$
 (4.9)

$$\implies P_T(t) = \begin{cases} t & 0 \le t \le 1\\ 2 - t & 1 < t \le 2\\ 0 & t < 0 \text{ or } t > 2 \end{cases}$$

b) Theoretical CDF

$$F_T(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t p_T(u)du \tag{4.10}$$

$$\implies F_T(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < 0 \\ \frac{t^2}{2} & 0 \le t \le 1 \\ 2t - 1 - \frac{t^2}{2} & 1 < t \le 2 \\ 1 & t > 2 \end{cases}$$

4.5 Verify your results through a plot **Solution:** The Results are verified in the plots in Fig.4.2and Fig.4.3