

# Pingala Series

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**Abstract**—This manual provides a simple introduction to Transforms

## 1 JEE 2019

Let

$$a_n = \frac{\alpha^n - \beta^n}{\alpha - \beta}, \quad n \geq 1 \quad (1.1)$$

$$b_n = a_{n-1} + a_{n+1}, \quad n \geq 2, \quad b_1 = 1 \quad (1.2)$$

Verify the following using a python code.

1.1

$$\sum_{k=1}^n a_k = a_{n+2} - 1, \quad n \geq 1 \quad (1.3)$$

**Solution:** : Run the below python code

```
wget https://github.com/
kamujuakash/EE3900/blob/main
/pingala/codes/1.py
```

Use the following command in the terminal to run the code

```
python3 1.py
```

1.2

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{a_k}{10^k} = \frac{10}{89} \quad (1.4)$$

**Solution:** : Run the below python code

```
wget https://github.com/
kamujuakash/EE3900/blob/main
/pingala/codes/1.py
```

Use the following command in the terminal to run the code

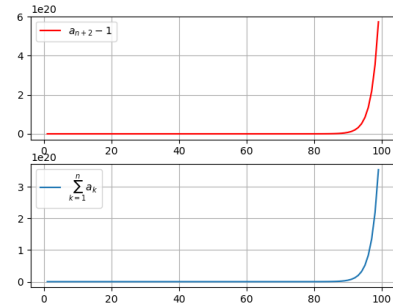


Fig. 1.1

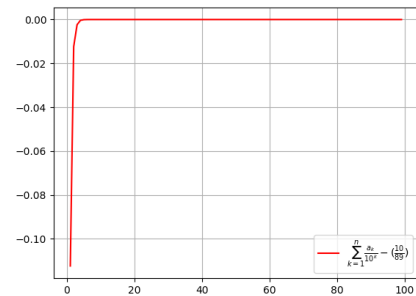


Fig. 1.2

```
python3 1.py
```

1.3

$$b_n = \alpha^n + \beta^n, \quad n \geq 1 \quad (1.5)$$

**Solution:** : Run the below python code

```
wget https://github.com/
kamujuakash/EE3900/blob/main
/pingala/codes/1.py
```

Use the following command in the terminal to run the code

```
python3 1.py
```

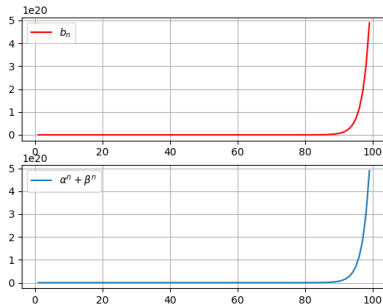


Fig. 1.3

1.4

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{b_k}{10^k} = \frac{8}{89} \quad (1.6)$$

**Solution:** : Run the below python code

```
wget https://github.com/
kamujuaakash/EE3900/blob/main
/pingala/codes/1.py
```

Use the following command in the terminal to run the code

```
python3 1.py
```

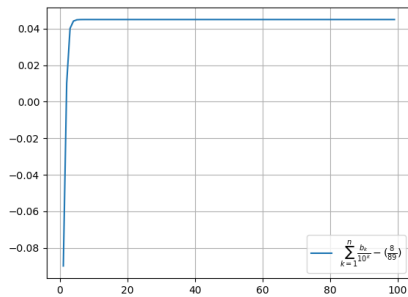


Fig. 1.4

Clearly from the figure this isn't true, it actually converges to  $\frac{12}{89}$

## 2 PINGALA SERIES

2.1 The *one sided* Z-transform of  $x(n)$  is defined as

$$X^+(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} x(n)z^{-n}, \quad z \in \mathbb{C} \quad (2.1)$$

2.2 The *Pingala* series is generated using the difference equation

$$x(n+2) = x(n+1) + x(n)$$

$$x(0) = x(1) = 1, n \geq 0$$

Generate a stem plot for  $x(n)$ .

**Solution:** Run the below python code

```
wget https://github.com/
kamujuaakash/EE3900/blob/main
/pingala/codes/2.py
```

Use the following command in the terminal to run the code

```
python3 2.py
```

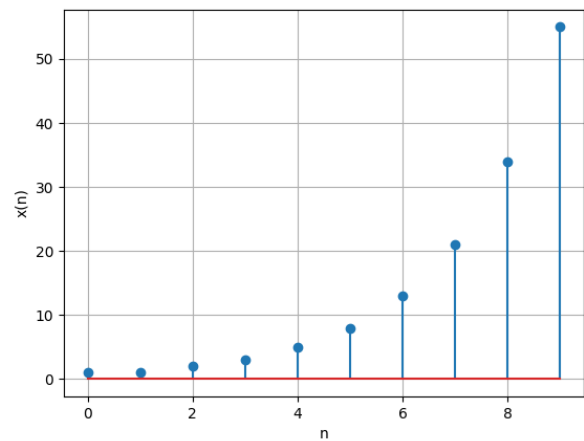


Fig. 2.2

2.3 Find  $X^+(z)$ .

**Solution:** :

$$x(n+2) = x(n+1) + x(n) \quad (2.2)$$

applying positive Z-transform on both sides, also wkt it is a linear operator

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} x(k+2)z^{-k} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} x(k+1)z^{-k} + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} x(k)z^{-k} \quad (2.3)$$

$$z^2(X^+(z) - x(0) - x(1)z^{-1}) = X^+(z) + z(X^+(z) - x(0)) \quad (2.4)$$

$$\Rightarrow X^+(z) = \frac{z^2}{z^2 - z - 1} \quad (2.5)$$

$$\Rightarrow X^+(z) = \frac{1}{1 - z^{-1} - z^{-2}} \quad (2.6)$$

2.4 Find  $x(n)$ .

**Solution:** :

$$X^+(z) = \frac{1}{(1 - \alpha z^{-1})(1 - \beta z^{-1})} \quad (2.7)$$

where  $\alpha, \beta$  are the roots of equation

$$z^2 - z - 1 = 0 \quad (2.8)$$

coefficient of  $z^{-k}$  in the above expression is  $x(k)$  by comparing LHS and RHS

$$X^+(z) = \frac{1}{\alpha - \beta} \left( \frac{\alpha}{1 - \alpha z^{-1}} - \frac{\beta}{1 - \beta z^{-1}} \right) \quad (2.9)$$

$\therefore$  using binomial theorem we get

$$x(k) = \frac{\alpha^{k+1} - \beta^{k+1}}{\alpha - \beta} \quad (2.10)$$

2.5 Sketch

$$y(n) = x(n-1) + x(n+1), \quad n \geq 0 \quad (2.11)$$

**Solution:** Run the below python code

```
wget https://github.com/
kamujuaakash/EE3900/blob/main
/pingala/codes/2.py
```

Use the following command in the terminal to run the code

```
python3 2.py
```

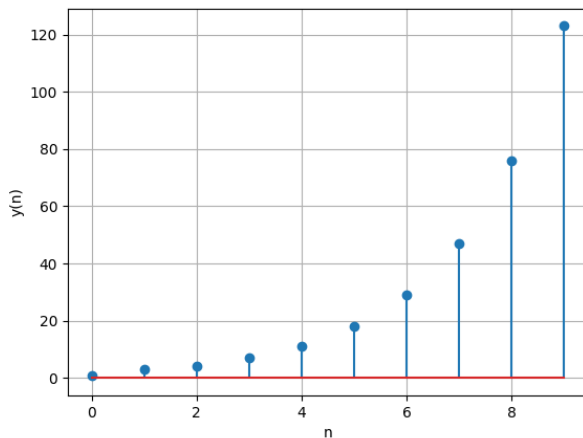


Fig. 2.5

2.6 Find  $Y^+(z)$ .

**Solution:** : Taking +ve Z-transform on both

sides of equation

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} y(k)z^{-k} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} x(k+1)z^{-k} + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} x(k-1)z^{-k} \quad (2.12)$$

$$Y^+(z) = z(X^+(z) - x(0)) + z^{-1}X^+(z) \quad (2.13)$$

$$\because x(-1) = 0$$

$$Y^+(z) = \frac{z + z^{-1}}{1 - z^{-1} - z^{-2}} - z \quad (2.14)$$

$$\therefore Y^+(z) = \frac{1 + 2z^{-1}}{1 - z^{-1} - z^{-2}} \quad (2.15)$$

2.7 Find  $y(n)$ .

**Solution:** : Coefficient of  $z^{-n}$  in  $Y^+(z)$  will be  $y(n)$

$$Y^+(z) = \frac{1}{1 - z^{-1} - z^{-2}} + \frac{2z^{-1}}{1 - z^{-1} - z^{-2}} \quad (2.16)$$

$$y(k) = \frac{\alpha^{k+1} - \beta^{k+1}}{\alpha - \beta} + 2 \frac{\alpha^k - \beta^k}{\alpha - \beta} \quad (2.17)$$

$$= \frac{\alpha^{k+2} + \alpha^k - \beta^k - \beta^{k+2}}{\alpha - \beta} \quad (2.18)$$

$$= \frac{\alpha^{k+2} - \beta^{k+2} + \alpha\beta^{k+1} - \beta\alpha^{k+1}}{\alpha - \beta} [\because \alpha\beta = -1] \quad (2.19)$$

$$\therefore y(k) = \alpha^{k+1} + \beta^{k+1} \quad (2.20)$$

### 3 POWER OF THE Z TRANSFORM

3.1 Show that

$$\sum_{k=1}^n a_k = \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} x(k) = x(n) * u(n-1) \quad (3.1)$$

**Solution: :**

$$x(k) = a(k+1) \quad (3.2)$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} x(k) = \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} a(k+1) \quad (3.3)$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{k=1}^n a_k = \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} x(k) \quad (3.4)$$

$$x(n) * u(n-1) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x(k)u(n-1-k) \quad (3.5)$$

$$u(n-1-k) = \begin{cases} 0 & k > n-1 \\ 1 & k \leq n-1 \end{cases} \quad (3.6)$$

$$x(k) = 0 \forall k < 0 \quad (3.7)$$

$$\therefore x(n) * u(n-1) = \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} x(k) \quad (3.8)$$

3.2 Show that

$$a_{n+2} - 1, \quad n \geq 1 \quad (3.9)$$

can be expressed as

$$[x(n+1) - 1]u(n) \quad (3.10)$$

**Solution: :**

$$x(k) = a(k+1) \quad (3.11)$$

$$\Rightarrow x(k+1) = a(k+2) \quad (3.12)$$

$$a(k+2) - 1 = x(k+1) - 1 \quad (3.13)$$

$$\therefore [x(k+1) - 1]u(k) \quad \forall n \geq 1 \quad (3.14)$$

3.3 Show that

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{a_k}{10^k} = \frac{1}{10} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{x(k)}{10^k} = \frac{1}{10} X^+ (10) \quad (3.15)$$

**Solution: :**

$$X^+(z) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} x(k)z^{-k} = z \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} a(k)z^{-k} \quad (3.16)$$

$$z = 10 \quad (3.17)$$

$$\Rightarrow 10 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{a_k}{10^k} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{x(k)}{10^k} = X^+ (10) \quad (3.18)$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{a_k}{10^k} = \frac{1}{10} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{x(k)}{10^k} = \frac{1}{10} X^+ (10) \quad (3.19)$$

3.4 Show that

$$\alpha^n + \beta^n, \quad n \geq 1 \quad (3.20)$$

can be expressed as

$$w(n) = (\alpha^{n+1} + \beta^{n+1})u(n) \quad (3.21)$$

and find  $W(z)$ .

**Solution: :** applying Z-transform on both sides,

$$W(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} (\alpha^{n+1} + \beta^{n+1})u(n)z^{-n} \quad (3.22)$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (\alpha^{n+1} + \beta^{n+1})z^{-n} \quad (3.23)$$

$$= \alpha \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (\alpha z^{-1})^n + \beta \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (\beta z^{-1})^n \quad (3.24)$$

$$\text{ROC: } |z| > \max(\alpha, \beta) \quad (3.25)$$

$$= \frac{\alpha}{1 - \alpha z^{-1}} + \frac{\beta}{1 - \beta z^{-1}} \quad (3.26)$$

$$= \frac{1 + 2z^{-1}}{1 - z^{-1} - z^{-2}} \quad (3.27)$$

3.5 Show that

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{b_k}{10^k} = \frac{1}{10} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{y(k)}{10^k} = \frac{1}{10} Y^+ (10) \quad (3.28)$$

**Solution: :**

$$y(k) = b(k+1) \quad (3.29)$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} y(k)z^{-k} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} b(k+1)z^{-k} = Y^+(z) \quad (3.30)$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} y(k)z^{-k} = z \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} b(k)z^{-k} = Y^+(z) \quad (3.31)$$

$$z = 10 \quad (3.32)$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{b_k}{10^k} = \frac{1}{10} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{y(k)}{10^k} = \frac{1}{10} Y^+ (10) \quad (3.33)$$

3.6 Solve the JEE 2019 problem.

**Solution: :**

$$X^+(z) = z \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} a(k)z^{-k} = \frac{1}{1 - z^{-1} - z^{-2}} \quad (3.34)$$

$$z = 10 \quad (3.35)$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{a_k}{10^k} = \frac{1}{10 \left( 1 - \frac{1}{10} - \frac{1}{100} \right)} \quad (3.36)$$

$$= \frac{10}{89} \quad (3.37)$$

$$y(k) = \alpha^{k+1} + \beta^{k+1} \quad (3.38)$$

$$y(k) = b(k+1) \quad (3.39)$$

$$\implies b(k) = \alpha^k + \beta^k \quad (3.40)$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{b_k}{10^k} = \frac{1}{10} Y^+(10) \quad (3.41)$$

$$= \frac{1}{10} \left[ \frac{1 + \frac{2}{10}}{1 - \frac{1}{10} - \frac{1}{100}} \right] \quad (3.42)$$

$$\therefore Y^+(z) = \frac{1 + 2z^{-1}}{1 - z^{-1} - z^{-2}} \quad (3.43)$$

$$= \frac{12}{89} \quad (3.44)$$

Run the following code to get the expressions of  $x(n)$  and  $y(n)$

```
wget https://github.com/
kamujuakash/EE3900/blob/main
/pingala/codes/Xk.py
```

Use the following command in the terminal to run the code

```
python3 Xk.py
```