

UNIT - 1

DATABASE SYSTEM CONCEPT

OOP

EXPERIMENT - 01

WAP in C++ language to declare a class student having data as rollno & name. Accept & display data for single student

```
#include <iostream.h>
using namespace std;
```

```
class Student
```

```
{
```

```
int rollno;
```

```
string name;
```

```
public:
```

```
void accept()
```

```
{
```

~~cout << "Enter student name & roll.no"~~
~~cin >> name >> roll-no;~~
~~{~~

```
void display()
```

```
{
```

~~cout << "Name of student = " << name;~~

cout << "Roll number of student."
CC rollno;

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int main()

{ NO = 76.3MD39X ; }

Student s1;

s1.accept(); // input from user

s1.display(); // display results

return 0;

↑ done in lab English

<#include > obutrait

#include <iostream>

#include <string>

; on Nov 11;

; aman points

() output by

on Nov 8 aman took notes of his class
from Mr. S. Kumar

() output by

on Nov 8 aman took notes of his class
from Mr. S. Kumar

WRITE A C++ CODE TO CREATE A CLASS BOOK HAVING DATA MEMBERS As bname, bprice, bpages. Accept the data for two books & display the name of the book having greater price.

```
#include <iostream.h>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
class classbook
```

```
{ public:
```

```
    str bname;
```

```
    int bpages;
```

```
    int bprice;
```

```
public:-
```

```
void accept()
```

```
{
```

```
cout << "Enter the name of the book &  
the price of the book and pages";
```

```
cin >> bname >> bpages >> bprice
```

```
void display()
```

```
{
```

```
cout << "Name of the book : " << bname;
```

```
cout << "Price of the book : " << bprice;
```

```
}
```

```
int main ()  
{  
    book b1, b2;  
    b1.accept();  
    b2.accept();  
    if (b1.price > b2.price)  
    {  
        b1.display();  
    }  
    else  
    {  
        b2.display();  
    }  
}  
  
Output :  
Enter the name, id, price of the  
book A 459 1234  
Enter the name, id, price of the  
book B 500 1245
```

3) Write a program to declare a class "time" having data accept time in H:H:MM:SS format, convert it into total seconds & display them

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```
int main()
{
    Time T;
    T.accept();
    T.calculate();
    T.display();
    return 0;
}
```

EXPERIMENT : Q2

a) WAP to declare a class 'city' having data members as name & population. Accept this data for 5 cities having highest population

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class city
{
public:
    void accept();
    string name;
    int pop;
};

void city::accept()
{
    cout << "enter city name & population";
    cin >> name >> pop;
}

void display()
{
    cout << "Name of city having highest
    population: " << name;
    cout << "Population: " << pop;
}
```

```

int main()
{
    City c[5];
    int i, max;
    for (i = 0; i < 5; i++)
        c[i].accept();
    if (c[i].pop > max)
        max = c[i].pop;
}

```

②

KMAP to declare a class 'Account' having data members as Account number & balance. Accept this data for 10 accounts & give interest of 10%. Check balance is equal or greater than 5000 & display them.

~~#include <iostream>~~

~~using namespace std;~~

~~class Account~~

~~{~~

~~int acc_no, City;~~

~~float bal;~~

~~public:~~

~~void accept();~~

~~void display();~~

~~};~~

Enter City Population : 04
 Enter City Name : D
 Enter City Population : 05
 Enter City Name : E
 Enter City Population : 06
 Enter City Name : F

```

cout << "Enter balance",
cin >> bal,
void display()
{
    cout << "Account number : " << acc_no;
    cout << "Balance : " << bal;
}

int main()
{
    acAccount AC[10];
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < 10; i++)
    {
        AC[i].accept();
    }
    for (i = 0; i < 10; i++)
    {
        if (AC[i].bal >= 5000)
        {
            AC[i].bal = AC[i].bal + (0.2 * AC[i].bal);
            AC[i].display();
        }
    }
    return 0;
}

```

Output:-

Enter Account Number : 02564

Enter Account Balance : 20000

Account Number : 02564
Account Balance : 24879

Account Number : 6789
Account Balance : 2678

Account Number : 5738
Account Balance : 62960

Account Number : 157228
Account Balance : 26738

Account Number : 9705
Account Balance : 3789

Account Number : 4627
Account Balance : 18906

Account Number : 7568
Account Balance : 4689

3) Write to declare a class, 'staff', having data members as name and post. Accept this data and display names for 5 staff & display names of staff who are "HOD".

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

class staff
{
    string name;
    string post;
public:
void accept()
{
cout<<"Enter staff name:";
cin>>name;
cout<<"Enter staff post";
cin>>post;
}

void display()
{
cout<<"Staff name:"<<name;
cout<<"Staff post:"<<post;
}

int main()
{
    staff s[5];
    int i;
    for(i=0; i<5; i++)
        s[i].accept();
    for(i=0; i<5; i++)
        if(s[i].post == "HOD")
            s[i].display();
}
```

int main()

{

cout<<"Enter staff name:";

cin>>name;

cout<<"Enter staff post:";

cin>>post;

cout<<"Staff name:"<<name;

cout<<"Staff post:"<<post;

}

return 0;

Output:

Enter staff name: A

Enter staff post: Lecturer

Enter staff name: B

Enter staff post: HOD

Enter staff name: C

Enter staff post: Manager

Enter staff name: D

Enter staff post: CEO

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Enter staff name : E
Enter staff post : HOD

Staff name : B
Staff post : HOD
Staff name : E
Staff post : HOD

- a) KAP: to declare a class 'Book' containing data members as book title, author name & price. Accept & display the info for 1 object using pointer to that object.

#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class Book

```
string btitle;
string author_name;
int price;
public:
void accept()
{
    cout << "Enter book title : ";
    cin >> btitle;
    cout << "Enter author name : ";
    cin >> author_name;
    cout << "Enter book price : ";
    cin >> price;
}
```

void display C

```
cout << "Book title: " << b.title;
cout << "Author name: " << author;
cout << "Book price: " << price;
```

```
int main C)
{
    book b("Allegory", "Kamya", 2500);
    cout << b;
}
```

Output:

```
Enter Book title: Allegory
Enter Author Name: Kamya
Enter Price of Book: 2500
Book Title: Allegory
Author Name: Kamya
Book Price: 2500
```

6)

KWAP to declare a class 'student' having data members roll-no, percentage. Using 'this' pointer invoke member functions to accept & display this data for one object of class.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class student
{
    int roll_no;
    float p;
public:
    void accept()
```

```
    cout << "Enter Roll-no: ";
    cin >> this->roll_no;
    cout << "Enter Percentage: ";
    cin >> this->p;
```

```
    void display()
    {
        cout << "Roll No: " << roll_no;
```

```
        cout << "Percentage: " << p;
    }
```

int main ()

8

{
Student s1;

s1.display();

return 0;

}

public :

string name,

int roll;

void accept ()

{cout << "Enter the name of student";

cin >> name;

cout << "Enter the rollnumber";

cin >> rollno;

g

void display ()

{cout << "The name of student";

cout << name;

cout << "The roll no is";

cout << rollno;

cout << endl;

cout << endl;

cout << endl;

cout << endl;

class marks

{public :

int m1, m2, m3, m4;

void accept ()

cout << "Enter marks of two subjects : "

cin >> m1 >> m2;

3

void display1()

float per = ((m1+m2)/100.0)*100

float per = ((m1+m2)/100.0)*100
cout << "The percentage of 2 subjects is :

<< per

Output

Enter two marks.

32

16

Percentage : 48

9

3:

9:

int main()

5:

student s1 :

student :: marks m;

s1.accept();

m.accept();

s1.display();

m.display();

return 0;

9

Output :

Enter the name : Kanya

Enter roll no. : 72

Enter the name : Kanya

The roll no. : 72

EXPERIMENT - 4

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YUVRAJ

1) How to swap two numbers from same class using object as function argument. Write swap function as member function.

```
#include <iostream.h>
using namespace std;
class numbers {
private:
    int a, b;
public:
    int temp;
    void accept() {
        cout << "Enter the first number:";
        cin >> a;
        cout << "Enter the second number:";
        cin >> b;
    }
    void display() {
        cout << "\nAfter swapping : ";
        cout << "First number = " << a << endl;
        cout << "Second number = " << b << endl;
    }
    void swap(numbers &n)
    {
        n.temp = n.a;
        n.a = n.b;
        n.b = n.temp;
    }
};

int main() {
    numbers n;
    n.accept();
    n.swap();
    n.display();
}
```

n.temp = n.a;
 n.a = n.b;
 n.b = n.temp;

int main() {

numbers n;

n.accept();

n.swap();

n.display();

n.swap();

n.display();

Output :

Enter the first number : 9

Enter the second number : 2

~~After swapping :~~

~~First number : 2~~

~~Second number : 9~~

Q) WAP to swap two numbers
same class using concept of friend
function.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
class numbers
```

```
private:
```

```
int a, b, temp;
```

```
public:
```

```
void accept() {  
    cout << "Enter the first number:";  
    cin >> a;  
    cout << "Enter the second number:";  
    cin >> b;
```

```
}
```

```
void display() {  
    cout << "After Swapping :";
```

```
cout << "First number = " << a << endl;  
cout << "Second number = " << b << endl;
```

```
}
```

```
friend void swap(Numbers &n);
```

```
}
```

```
void swap(Numbers &n) {
```

```
    int temp = n.a;
```

```
    n.a = n.b;
```

```
    n.b = temp;
```

```
int main() {
```

```
    Numbers n;
```

```
    n.accept();
```

```
    swap(n);
```

```
    n.display();
```

```
    return 0;
```

Output :-

Enter the first number : 7
Enter the second number : 4

After swapping
First number : 4
Second number : 7

3) Swap two numbers from different class using friend function

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class num2 {
    public:
        int a;
    private:
        int b;
};

public:
void accept() {
    cout << "Enter the first number : ";
    cin >> a;
}

friend void swap(num1 &num2);
};

class num1 {
    public:
        int a;
    private:
        int b;
};

public:
void accept() {
    cout << "Enter second number : ";
    cin >> b;
}

friend void swap(num1 &num2);
};
```

```
void swap (num1 &x, num2 &y) {
    int temp;
    temp = x.a;
    x.a = y.b;
    y.b = temp;
}

cout << "After swapping : " << endl;
cout << "First number : " << x.a << endl;
cout << "Second number : " << y.b << endl;

int main() {
    num1 n1;
    num2 n2;
    n1.accept();
    n2.accept();
    swap(n1, n2);
    return 0;
}
```

~~Output:~~

~~Enter the first number = 5
Enter the second number = 6~~

After swapping :
First number = 6
Second number = 5

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i) WAP to create two classes Result1 & Result2 which stores the marks of students. Read the value of marks for both the class objects & compute the average of two results.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class result1 {
    float marks;
private:
    string name;
    float marks;
public:
    void accept();
    cout << "Enter student name";
    getline(cin, name);
    cout << "Enter the total marks in first semester out of 100:";
    cin >> marks;
};

friend void average(result1, result2);
int main() {
    result1 r1;
    result2 r2;
    r1.accept();
    r2.accept();
    average(r1, r2);
    return 0;
}
```

```
3;
class result2 {
private:
    float marks;
```

public:

void accept();

cout << "Enter the total marks obtained in the second semester out of 100:";

cin >> marks;

friend void average(result1, result2);

```
void average(result1, result2) {
    float avg;
    avg = (r1.marks + r2.marks) / 2;
    cout << "Avg of both the results:" << avg;
}
```

int main() {

result1 r1;

result2 r2;

r1.accept();

r2.accept();

average(r1, r2);

return 0;

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FRIEND FUNCTION PRACTICE

1) Create 2 classes, Class A and Class B, each with a private variable sum() that can access private data from both classes & return the sum.

#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

class B;
class A {

private:
int a;

public:
void accept();

cout << "Enter the first number:";

cin >> a;

friend void sum(A, B);

} ;

private:

int b;

public:

void accept()

cout << "Enter the second number:";

cin >> b;

friend void sum(A, B);

void sum(A x, B y)

int sum;

sum = x.a + y.b;

cout << "Sum: " << sum;

int main()

A n1;

B n2;

n1.accept();

n2.accept();

sum (n1, n2);

g

Output:

Enter the first number: 5

Enter the second number: 6

Sum = 11

Q) MAP with a class Number to store integer. Use it contains a private member swapNumbers (Number & Number) friend function swapNumbers of two objects.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
class Number {
private:
    int a, b;
public:
    void accept() {
```

```
        cout << "Enter the first number : ";
        cin >> a;
        cout << "Enter the second number : ";
        cin >> b;
    }
```

```
    void display() {
```

```
        cout << "After swapping : " << endl;
        cout << "First Number = " << a;
```

```
}
```

```
void display() {
```

```
    cout << "Second Number = " << b;
}
```

3) Define 2 classes Box and cube having a private friend C Box (Cube) function which object has larger volume.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class Box;
class Cube {
private:
    float volume;
public:
    void accept();
    cout << "Enter the volume of a cube : ";
    cin >> volume;
    friend void findgt (Cube x, Box y);
};

void findgt (Cube x, Box y) {
    if (x.volume > y.vol) {
        cout << "Cube has larger volume ";
    } else {
        cout << "Box has larger volume ";
    }
}

int main() {
    Cube c;
    Box b;
    c.accept();
    b.accept();
    findgt (c, b);
    return 0;
}
```

Output:
Enter the volume of a cube : 567.88
Enter the volume of a box : 985.66
Box has larger volume.

④ Create a class Complex with real and imaginary parts as private members. Create a friend function to add two complex numbers to return the sum as a new complex object.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class Complex {
private:
    int r, i;
public:
    void accept() {
        cout << "Enter real part : ";
        cin >> r;
        cout << "Enter imaginary part : ";
        cin >> i;
    }
    void display() {
        cout << r << " + " << i << endl;
    }
    friend Complex sum(Complex x, Complex y);
};

Complex sum(Complex x, Complex y) {
    Complex temp;
    temp.r = x.r + y.r;
    temp.i = x.i + y.i;
}
```

temp.i = x.i + y.i;
return temp;

```
int main () {
    Complex c1, c2, c3;
    cout << "Enter the first complex number : ";
    c1.accept();
    cout << "Enter the second complex number : ";
    c2.accept();
    cout << "Complex Number 1 : ";
    c1.display();
    cout << "Complex Number 2 : ";
    c2.display();
    c3 = sum(c1, c2);
    cout << "Sum of 2 complex numbers : ";
    c3.display();
    return 0;
}

Output:
Enter the first complex number :
Enter the real part : 5
Enter the imaginary part : 6
Enter the second complex number :
Enter the real part : 8.5
Enter the imaginary part : 2.5
Enter the imaginary part : 2
Complex Number 1: 5 + 6i
Complex Number 2: 8.5 + 2.5i
Complex Number : 13.5 + 8.5i
```

Complex Number 2 :

8 + 2i

Sum of the two complex numbers = 13 + 8i

- (5) Create a class Student with private data members : name and three subject marks . Write a friend function calculate Average (Student) that calculates & displays avg marks.

#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class Student {
 string name;
 int math;
 int phy;
 int chem;

```
void calculateAverage (Student s)
{
    float avg;
    avg = (s.math + s.phy + s.chem)/3;
    cout << "Avg marks = " << avg;
}
```

```
int main ()
```

```
Student s;
s.accept ();
calculateAverage (s);
return 0;
```

Output :

```
Enter student name : Kamya
Enter maths marks : 98
Enter physics marks : 96
Enter chem marks : 92
```

```
cout << "Enter maths marks ";
cin >> math;
cin >> phy;
cout << "Enter physics marks ";
cin >> chem;
```

```
Avg marks = 95
```

6) Create 3 classes : Alpha, Beta, Gamma each with a private data member. Write a single function that can access all three and print their sum.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

class Beta;
class Gamma;
class Alpha;

class Alpha
{
public:
    void accept()
    {
        cout << "Enter 1st number : ";
        cin >> a;
    }

    friend void sum(Alpha, Beta, Gamma);
};

class Beta
{
public:
    void accept()
    {
        cout << "Enter 2nd number : ";
        cin >> b;
    }
};

class Gamma
{
public:
    void accept()
    {
        cout << "Enter 3rd number : ";
        cin >> c;
    }
};

int main()
{
    Alpha a;
    Beta b;
    Gamma g;

    a.accept();
    b.accept();
    g.accept();

    sum(a, b, g);

    return 0;
}
```

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Output:
Enter 1st number : 6
Enter 2nd number : 3
Enter 3rd number : 9

Sum = 18

- ⑦ Create a class Point with private members x and y. Write a friend function that calculate & returns the distance between two point objects.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <cmath>
using namespace std;
class Point {
    int x, y;
public:
    void accept() {
        cout << "Enter x coordinate";
        cin >> x;
        cout << "Enter y coordinate";
        cin >> y;
    }
    void display() {
        cout << "x = " << x << ", y = " << y;
    }
}
```

cout << "For the point P,";
p1.accept();
cout << "For the point Q,";
p2.accept();
cout << "P = " ;
p1.display();
cout << "Q = " ;
p2.display();
cout << "Distance b/w the two points = " << diff(p1, p2) << " units";

EXPERIMENT - 5

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ANUJY

Q) WAP to find the sum of numbers between 1 to n using a constructor where the value of n will be passed to the constructor.

```
#include <iostream>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
class Sum {
```

```
int n, i, sum = 0;
```

```
public:
```

```
Sum() {
```

```
int n;
```

```
sum = 0;
```

```
void calculate() {
```

```
for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)
```

```
sum += i;
```

```
}
```

```
int main() {
```

```
Sum s;
```

```
s.calculate();
```

```
cout << "Sum = " << s.sum;
```

```
s.display();
```

```
return 0;
```

(ii) Using parameterized constructor.

```
#include <iostream>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
class Sum {
```

```
int n, i, sum = 0;
```

```
public:
```

```
Sum(int num) {
```

```
n = num;
```

```
sum = 0;
```

```
void calculate() {
```

```
for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)
```

```
sum += i;
```

```
}
```

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Q6
sum = sum + i;
void display ()
cout << "Sum: " << sum;

#include <iostream>

using namespace std;
class Student

int per;

string name;

public:

Student ()

name = "Kamya";

per = 98;

void display ()

cout << "Name: " << name;
cout << "Percentage: " << per;

int main () {


```

name = a;
roll no = b;
course = c;

```

```
void display()
```

```

cout << "In Name is : " << name;
cout << "In Roll no is : " << roll no;
cout << "In Course is : " << course;

```

```
int main()
```

```
college c ("Mufaddal", 35), ce("Kamya")
```

```
department (string a, int b, int c)
```

```

n = a;
not = b;
nos = c;

```

```
dependent (int sc, city)
```

```
name = "rahul";
```

```
not = x;
```

```
nos = y;
```

```
void display()
```

(d) #include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class department

cout << "In Nainse is : " << n
cout << "\nNumber of faculty is : " <<
cout << "\nNumber of number is : " << n
cout << "\nNumber of student is : " << n

3;
3;
int main ()

department ok(), 80, 60),
d2 ("William", 75),
d3 (30, 75),
d1. display (),
d2. display (),
d3. display (),
return 0;

3;

Q

Experiment - 06

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Year: _____

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cout << "Roll Number : " << rollno,

① #include <iostream>
using namespace std;

class Person

{ protected
string name;
int age;

} class Student : protected Person

{

int rollno;
void accept() public:
void accept()

cout << "Enter Name : " ;

cin >> name;

cout << "Enter Age : " ;

cin >> age;

cout << "Enter Roll Number : " ;

cin >> rollno;

} void display()

cout << "Name : " << name << endl;

cout << "Age : " << age << endl;

3, int main()

student s1;

s1.accept();

s1.display();

return 0;

Output:

Enter Name : Kamya

Enter Age : 17

Enter Roll Number : 71

Name : Kamya

Age : 17

Roll Number : 71

(2)

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class Academics
protected :
int marks;
class Sports
protected :
int ss;
```

```
cout << "Total score : " << ts;
void display() int main()
{
    result r;
    r.accept();
    r.calculate();
    return 0;
}
```

```
O/P
Enter marks : 45
Enter sports score : 30
Total score : 75
```

```
public :
int ts;
void accept()
{
cout << "Enter marks : ";
cin >> marks;
cout << "Enter sports score : ";
cin >> ss;
}
```

```
void calculate() {
ts = marks + ss;
}
```

③ #include <iostream>
 using namespace std;

class Vehicle {

public:
 string branch;
 string model;

class car : public Vehicle {

string attribute;

class Electriccar : public car {

string batteryCapacity;

public:
 void accept()

{

cout << "Enter branch:" << branch;

cout << "Enter model:";

cin >> model;

cout << "Enter attribute:";

cin >> attribute;

cout << "Enter batteryCapacity:";

cin >> batteryCapacity;

void display()

{
 cout << "Branch:" << branch;

cout << "Model :" << model;

cout << "Attribute:" << attribute;

cout << "Battery Capacity:" << batteryCapacity;

int main ()

{
 Electriccar c1;

c1.accept();

c1.display();

return 0;

}

O/P

Enter branch: Suzuki

Enter model: Land cruiser

Enter Attribute: SUV

Enter batteryCapacity: Not Electric

Branch: Suzuki

Model: Land cruiser

Attribute: SUV

batteryCapacity: Not Electric

④ #include <iostream>

using namespace std;

class Employee

{ public:

int empid,

string name

}; class Manager : public Employee

{ string department;

public:

void accept()

{ cout << "Enter employee id:";

cin >> empid;

cout << "Enter name:";

cin >> name;

cout << "Enter department name:";

cin >> department;

}; void display()

{ cout << "Employee id:" << empid;

cout << "Name:" << name;

cout << "Department:" << department;

}; void accept()

{ cout << "Enter employee id:" << empid;

cout << "Name:" << name;

cout << "Department:" << department;

}; class Developer : public Employee

{ string programminglanguage;

public:

void accept()

{ cout << "Enter employee id:";

cin >> empid;

cout << "Enter name:";

cin >> name;

cout << "Enter programming language:";

cin >> programminglanguage;

}; void display()

{ cout << "Employee id:" << empid;

cout << "Name:" << name;

cout << "Programming language:" << program-

minglanguage;

}; int main()

{ Manager m;

m.accept();

```
m display();
m display d;
```

```
Developer C;
```

```
d accept();
d display();
```

```
return 0;
```

g

Output:
Enter employee id : 101

Enter name : A

Enter department name : CSE

Employee id : 101

Name : A

Department : CSE

Enter employee id : 201

Enter name : B

Enter ~~language~~ language : Java

Employee id : 201

Name : B

Programming Language : Java

g

⑤ #include <iostream>
using namespace std;

class Person

{protected :

string name;

int age;

}. classes Student : protected Person

{protected :

void accept () {

cout << "Name of Person : ";

cin >> name;

cout << "Age of Person : ";

cin >> age;

}. g

void display()

{

cout << "Name : " << name;

cout << "Age : " << age;

g

class Sports

{protected :

int sports score;

g

class Academics

protected:

int academicscore;

class Result : protected sports
 Academics

protected:

int totalscore;

void accept (C);

cout << "Enter sports score : "

cin >> sportscore;

cout << "Enter academic score : "

cin >> academicscore;

void display (C)

cout << "Sports score : " << sportscore;

cout << "Academic score : " << academicscore;

void calculate (C)

totalscore = sportscore + academicscore;

void display ()

cout << "Total = " << totalscore;

g

int main (C) {

Student s;

s.accept (C);

s.display (C);

result = s.

accept (C);

r.calculate (C);

r.display (C);

return 0;

Output :-

Name of Person : A

Age of Person : 13

Ex Name : A

Age : 13

Enter sports score : 45

Enter academic score : 45

Totalscore = 45 + 45 : 90

Total = 90

(6)

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class CollegeStudent {
protected:
    int stu_id;
    string ccode;
public:
    void accept() {
        cout << "Enter Student Id";
        cin >> stu_id;
        cout << "Enter college code";
        cin >> ccode;
    }
    void display() {
        cout << "Student id: ";
        cout << stu_id;
        cout << "College code: ";
        cout << ccode;
    }
};
```

```
class Sports : virtual public CollegeStudent {
protected:
    char grade;
public:
    void accept() {
        cout << "Enter sports grade";
        cin >> grade;
    }
    void display() {
        cout << "Sports Grade: ";
        cout << grade;
    }
};
```

class Test : virtual public CollegeStudent {
protected:
 float percentage;
public:
 void accept() {
 cout << "accept()";
 CollegeStudent::accept();
 }
};

class Result : public Test, public Sports {
public:
 float total_marks;
 void accept() {
 cout << "accept()";
 CollegeStudent::accept();
 }
};

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```

cout << "Enter test percentage";
cin >> percentage;
cout << "Enter sports grade ";
cin >> grade;
cout << "Enter Total marks";
cin >> total_marks;
g
void display() {
    CollegeStudent::display();
    cout << "Test Percentage: " << percentage;
    cout << "Sports Grade: " << grade;
    cout << "Total Marks: " << total_marks;
}
g
int main() {
    Result r;
    cout << "Enter Student Details";
    r.accept();
    cout << "Student Result";
    r.display();
    getenburg;
}
g
Output:-
Enter Student Id : 101
Enter College Code : 1262241655
Enter test percentage: 50
Enter sports grade : A
Enter Total marks: 90
Test percentage
Student Id : 101
College Code : 1262241655
Test Percentage: 50
Sports Grade : A
Total Marks: 90
R
11/11

```

Experiment : 7

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class Area {
public:
    float calculate (float length, float breadth)
    {
        return length * breadth;
    }
    float calculate (float side)
    {
        return side * side;
    }
};

int main ()
{
    Area a;
    cout << "Area of laboratory : " << a.calculate(60, 50);
    cout << "Area of square : " << a.calculate(25);
}

Output :
Area of laboratory : 60
Area of square : 25
```

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class Sum {
public:
    int total (int a[], int n) {
        int s = 0;
        for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {
            s += a[i];
        }
        return s;
    }
};
```

~~3~~ return s;

~~float total (float a[], int n) {
 float s = 0;
 for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
 s += a[i];
 }
 return s;~~

~~3~~
~~int main () {
 sum s;
 int marks [5] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};
 float grades [5] = {5.0, 6.0, 7.0, 8.0, 9.0};
 cout << "Sum of 10 student marks: "
 << s.total (marks, 5) << endl;
 cout << "Sum of 5 student grade: "
 << s.total (grades, 5) << endl;
 return 0;~~

Output :
 5 student marks: 15
 sum of 5 student grade points: 30
 sum of 5 student count: 5

Output

cout << "After negation : "
 + 1 display();

Q3) #include <iostream>
 using namespace std;
 class Teacher {
 int experience;
 public:
 Teacher (int e) { experience = e; }
 void display() { cout << "Teacher experience : " << experience << endl; }
 void operator - () { experience = -experience; }
 };
 int main() {
 Teacher t1(10);
 t1.display();
 - + 1; // error
 }

Q4) #include <iostream>
 using namespace std;
 class Student {
 int count;
 public:
 Student (int c = 0) { count = c; }
 void operator + () { count += count; }
 void operator ++ () { count++; }
 };
 int main() {
 void operator ++ (int) { cout + + ; }
 Student t1(10);
 cout + + ;
 void display() { cout << "Student count : " << count; }
 }

Experiment : 8.

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g) #include <iostream>

#include <string>

using namespace std;

class T Login {

protected:

string name, password;

public:

virtual void accept () {

cout << "Enter name :";

cin >> name;

cout << "Enter password :";

cin >> password;

virtual void display () {

cout << "Name : " << name;

cout << "Password : " << password;

}

}

class EmailLogin : public T Login

string email; T login;

public:

void accept (EmailLogin &)

cout << "Enter Email ID : ";

cin >> email;

login : accept ();

g)

void display () override {

cout << "\n Membership ID : " << endl;

cout << "Membership ID : " << endl;

T Login : display ();

int main () {

T Login login;

EmailLogin email;

login : display ();

cout << "\n Member details

cout << "\n Membership ID : " << endl;

T Login : display ();

cout << "\n Membership ID : " << endl;

T Login : display ();

cout << "\n Member details

cout << "\n Membership ID : " << endl;

T Login : display (());

cout << "\n Member details

cout << "\n Membership ID : " << endl;

T Login : display (());

cout << "\n Member details

cout << "\n Membership ID : " << endl;

T Login : display (());

cout << "\n Member details

cout << "\n Membership ID : " << endl;

T Login : display (());

EXPERIMENT - 9

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Membership Login.m

```

Membership Login.m
Membership login : S e;
login → accept();
login → display();
login → display();
login = S m;
login → accept();
login → display();
login → display();
return 0;

```

Output :

```

Email login Details:
Enter Name: Alice
Enter password: alice123

```

```

Membership login Details:
Enter name: Bob
Enter password: bob123

```

~~(a) #include <iostream>~~

~~# include <fstream>~~

~~using namespace std;~~

~~int main()~~

~~ifstream fin ("First.txt")~~

~~ofstream fout ("Second.txt");~~

~~if (fin)~~

~~if (fout)~~

~~if (first << "First.txt. not found";~~

~~return 0; }~~

~~string line;~~

~~while (getline (fin, line)) {~~

~~fout << line << endl;~~

~~fin.close();~~

~~fout.close();~~

~~cout << "Content copied successfully";~~

~~return 0;~~

Displaying login Details

```

Email login → Name: Alice
password : alice123
Membership login → Name: Bob
password : bob123

```

~~Output :~~

~~first.txt not found~~

6

```
#include <iostream>
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <sstream>
using namespace std;
int main ("First.txt");
ifstream fin;
if (!fin) {
    cout << "File not found" << endl;
    return 0;
}
char ch;
int digits = 0, spaces = 0;
while (fin.get (ch)) {
    if (isdigit (ch)) digits++;
    if (ch == ' ') spaces++;
}
fin.close ();
cout << "Digits : " << digits << "Spaces : " << spaces;
return 0;

```

7

```
#include <iostream>
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <sstream>
using namespace std;
int main ("First.txt");
ifstream fin;
if (!fin) {
    cout << "File not found" << endl;
    return 0;
}
string word;
int count = 0;
while (fin >> word) {
    count++;
}
fin.close ();
cout << "Total words : " << count;
return 0;

```

Output:
File not found

Experiment 10

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④ #include <iostream>

#include <fstream>

#include <sstream>

using namespace std;

int main()

if (fopen("first.txt", "r") ==

if (!fin) {

cout << "File not found!"

return 0;

string word, target;

int count = 0;

cout << "Enter word to search:"

cin >> target;

while (fin >> word)

if (word == target)

count++;

fin.close();

cout << "The word " << target << " occurred

<< count << " times;"

return 0;

Output:-

File not found!

⑤ #include <iostream>

using namespace std;

template <class T>

Tsum (Tarr [], int n)

Tsum = 0;

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

sum += arr[i];

return sum;

int main()

int Arr[5] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};

cout << "Sum of Array: " << arrsum(Arr, 5);

Output:

Sum of array : 15

Output:-

File not found!

(b) #include <iostream>

#include <string>

using namespace std;

template <class T> void fun(T)

{ T m = 0;

m = a * a;

cout << "The square of integer is:

" m << endl;

template <> void fun(string s)

string m;

m = s + s;

cout << "The concatenated string is:

" m << endl;

int main()

{ int n;

cout << "Enter a value of n:";

cin >> n;

string s;

cout << "Enter value of s:";

cin >> s;

fun(s);

return 0;

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(c) #include <iostream>
Enter a value of n:
5
The square of 5 is:
25
The concatenated string is:
koka

using namespace std;
template <class T>
class calc

T num1, num2;

public:
calc(T a, T b)

num1 = a;
num2 = b;

void display()

cout << "Addition: " << num1 + num2;

cout << "Subtraction: " << num1 - num2;

cout << "Multiplication: " << num1 * num2;

cout << "Division: " << num1 / num2;

cout << "Modulus: " << num1 % num2;

cout << "Square of num1: " << num1 * num1;

cout << "Cube of num1: " << num1 * num1 * num1;

cout << "Square of num2: " << num2 * num2;

cout << "Cube of num2: " << num2 * num2 * num2;

```

cout << "Cube of num2:" << num2 * num2;
cout << "Average :" << (num1 + num2) / 2;
cout << "Maximum :" << (num1 > num2) ? num1 : num2;
cout << "Minimum :" << (num1 < num2) ? num1 : num2;
}
}

```

```
int main() {
```

```
int a, b;
```

```
cout << "Enter two integers:";
```

```
cin >> a >> b;
```

```
calc < int > calc(a, b);
```

```
cout << "Calculate : " << endl;
```

```
calc.display();
```

```
}
```

```
Output :
```

```
Enter two integers: 10 5
```

```
Calculator
```

```
Addition : 500/15
```

```
Subtraction : 5
```

```
Multiplication : 50.
```

```
Division : 2
```

```
Modulus : 0
```

```
Square of num 1 : 100
```

```
Cube of num 1 : 1000
```

```
Square of num 2 : 25
```

```
Cube of num 2 : 125
```

```
Average : 5
```

```
Maximum : 10
```

```
Minimum : 5
```

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#include <iostream>
 using namespace std;
 template <class T>
 class stack {

public:
 stack();

int top;

public:
 stack()

top = -1;

void push(T value)

if (top == c)

cout << "Stack overflow";

else

arr [t + top] = value;

void pop()

if (top == -1)

cout << "Stack underflow";

else

cout << "Popped " << arr [top - 1];

void display()

Experiment - 11

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```
cout << "Stack elements"
for (int i = 0; i < top; i++)
{
```

```
    cout << arr[i] << " ";
```

```
}
int main()
{
```

```
    stack <int> s;
```

```
    s.push(10);

```

```
    s.push(20);

```

```
    s.push(30);

```

```
    s.display();

```

```
    s.pop();

```

```
    s.display();

```

(11)

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
int main()
{
```

```
    vector <int> v = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9};

```

```
    cout << "Initial vector: ";

```

```
    for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)
    {
```

```
        cout << v[i] << " ";
    }

```

```
    cout << "Multiply by 10: ";

```

```
    for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)
    {
```

```
        v[i] = v[i] * 10;
    }

```

```
    cout << "New Vector: ";

```

```
    for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)
    {
```

```
        cout << v[i] << " ";
    }

```

```
    return 0;
}
```

9

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;

int main()
{
    vector<int> v = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8};
    for (vector<int>::iterator it = v.begin(); it != v.end(); ++it)
        cout << *it << " ";
    cout << endl;
    cout << "Multiply by 10" << endl;
    for (vector<int>::iterator it = v.begin(); it != v.end(); ++it)
        *it = (*it) * 10;
    cout << "New Vector:" << endl;
    for (vector<int>::iterator it = v.begin(); it != v.end(); ++it)
        cout << *it << " ";
    cout << endl;
    cout << v;
}
```

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Experiment - 12

9 #include <iostream>
 #include <stack>
 using namespace std;
 stack<int> stack1;
 void display()
 {
 cout << "Stack" << endl;
 while (!temp.empty())
 cout << temp.top() << " ";
 temp.pop();
 }
 cout << endl;
 cout << "Enter a no:" << endl;
 int num;
 cout << "Enter element at position" << i + 1;
 cin >> num;
 for (int i = 0; i < num; i++)
 {
 int temp;
 cout << "Enter element at position" << i + 1;
 cin >> temp;
 stack1.push(temp);
 }
 cout << endl;

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cout << "Top most element : " <<

cout << endl;

cout << "Top most element : " <<

cout << endl;

cout << "Stack elements (top to bottom) : " <<

cout << endl;

cout << "Pop Function : " << endl;

stack1.pop();

display();

stack1.pop();

display();

stack1.pop();

display();

stack1.pop();

display();

cout << endl;

cout << endl;

#include <iostream>

#include <queue>

using namespace std;

int main()

for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)

q.push(i * 10);

cout << endl;

cout << "Front element : " << q.front();

cout << endl;

q.pop();

cout << endl;

cout << "After one pop, front : " <<

cout << endl;

cout << "Queue elements (front to back) : " <<

cout << q.front() << "

3

1111
1111