SQL Tasks

1. Create a Database

CREATE DATABASE CyberSecurityDB;

2. Use a Database

USE CyberSecurityDB;

3. Create a Table

```
CREATE TABLE Users (
id INT PRIMARY KEY,
name VARCHAR(50),
email VARCHAR(100),
city VARCHAR(50)
);
```

4. Insert Data into a Table

INSERT INTO Users (id, name, email, city)
VALUES (1, 'Alex', 'alex@mail.com', 'New York');

5. Retrieve All Data

SELECT * FROM Users;

6. Retrieve Specific Columns

SELECT name, city FROM Users;

7. Use WHERE Clause

SELECT * FROM Users WHERE city = 'New York';

8. Use AND / OR Operators

SELECT * FROM Users WHERE city = 'New York' OR city = 'London';

9. Use ORDER BY

SELECT * FROM Users ORDER BY name ASC;

10. Use DISTINCT

SELECT DISTINCT city FROM Users;

11. Update a Record

UPDATE Users SET city = 'Boston' WHERE id = 1;

12. Delete a Record

DELETE FROM Users WHERE id = 1;

13. Add a New Column

ALTER TABLE Users ADD age INT;

14. Delete a Column

ALTER TABLE Users DROP COLUMN age;

15. Rename a Column

ALTER TABLE Users RENAME COLUMN city TO location;

16. Find Maximum Value

SELECT MAX(age) AS MaxAge FROM Users;

17. Find Minimum Value

SELECT MIN(age) AS MinAge FROM Users;

18. Find Average Value

SELECT AVG(age) AS AvgAge FROM Users;

19. Count Rows

SELECT COUNT(*) AS TotalUsers FROM Users;

20. Group By

SELECT city, COUNT(*) AS NumUsers FROM Users GROUP BY city;

21. Having Clause

SELECT city, COUNT(*) AS NumUsers FROM Users GROUP BY city HAVING COUNT(*) > 2;

22. Like Operator (Pattern Matching)

SELECT * FROM Users WHERE name LIKE 'A%';

23. IN Operator

SELECT * FROM Users WHERE city IN ('London', 'Paris', 'Berlin');

24. BETWEEN Operator

SELECT * FROM Users WHERE age BETWEEN 20 AND 30;

25. Create a Second Table (Orders)

CREATE TABLE Orders (
order_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
user_id INT,
amount DECIMAL(10,2),

```
FOREIGN KEY (user_id) REFERENCES Users(id) );
```

26. INNER JOIN

SELECT Users.name, Orders.amount
FROM Users
INNER JOIN Orders ON Users.id = Orders.user id;

27. LEFT JOIN

SELECT Users.name, Orders.amount
FROM Users
LEFT JOIN Orders ON Users.id = Orders.user id;

28. RIGHT JOIN

SELECT Users.name, Orders.amount
FROM Users
RIGHT JOIN Orders ON Users.id = Orders.user id;

29. Subquery Example

SELECT name
FROM Users
WHERE id IN (SELECT user_id FROM Orders WHERE amount > 500);

30. Create a View

CREATE VIEW HighValueOrders AS

SELECT Users.name, Orders.amount
FROM Users
JOIN Orders ON Users.id = Orders.user_id
WHERE Orders.amount > 500;

31. Drop a Table

DROP TABLE Orders;

32. Drop a Database

DROP DATABASE CyberSecurityDB;