

Linux for Security

1. Introduction to Linux

- Linux is widely used in servers and cybersecurity tools.
- Most hacking tools run on Linux environments.

2. Basic Commands

- ls – List files
- cd – Change directory
- pwd – Print working directory
- rm – Remove files

3. File Permissions

- Read (r)
- Write (w)
- Execute (x)
- chmod – Change permissions

4. Logs & Monitoring

- /var/log directory stores logs
- Use tail and grep for monitoring logs.