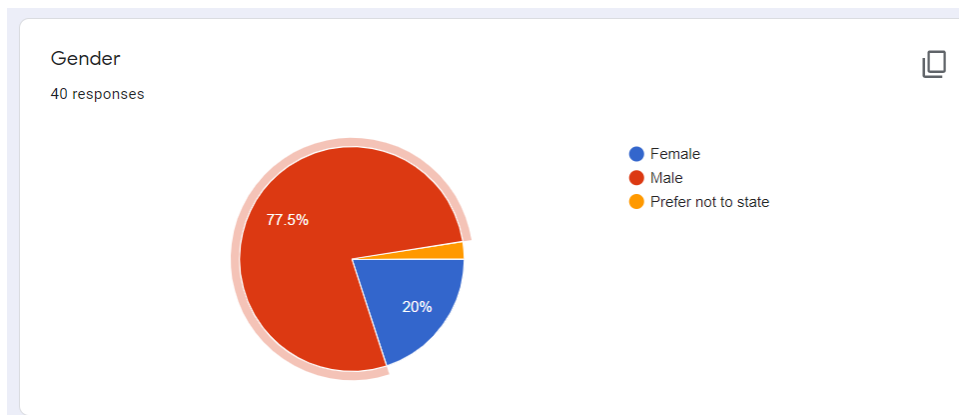


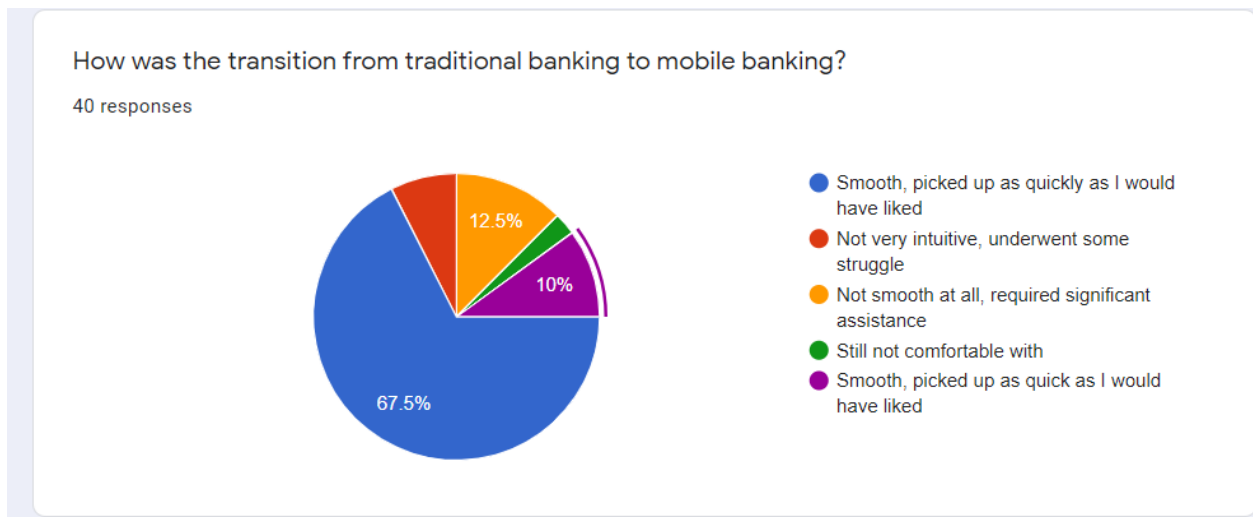
Hypothesis Testing

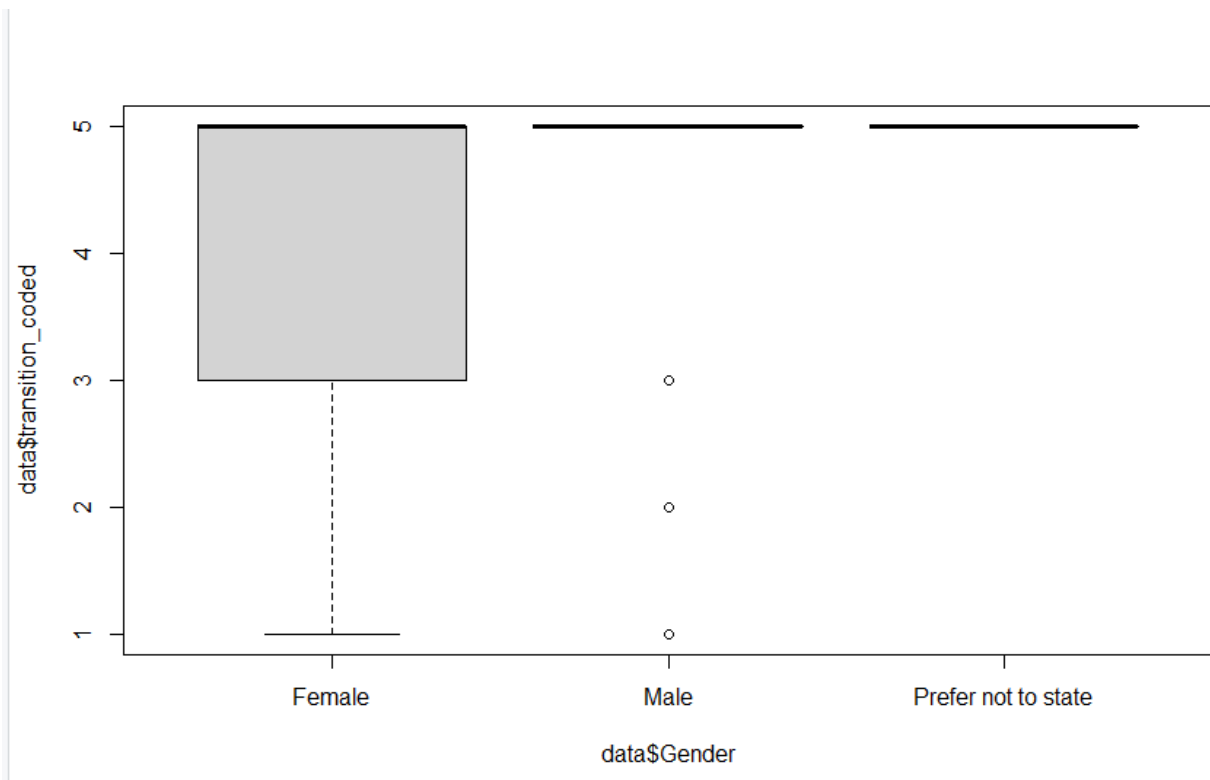
Null Hypothesis: The perception of the transition smoothness (from tradition to mobile banking) is indifferent to gender

Alternative Hypothesis: Gender plays a role in the transition smoothness



Note in the below chart 'smooth, picked up quick(ly)' has two variations' due to the wording correction. Need to be grouped together.





```

      Female Male Prefer not to state
1         0    1                   0
2         0    5                   0
3         2    1                   0
5         6   24                   1
✓ |

```

Here

Still not comfortable with - 1

Not smooth at all, required significant assistance - 2

Not very intuitive, underwent some struggle - 3

Smooth, picked up as quickly as I would have liked – 5

Chi-Squared test to measure the difference

```
chisq.test(c(df$smoothness,df$smoothness), c(df$male,df$female))
```

```
> chisq.test(c(df$smoothness,df$smoothness),
+ c(df$male,df$female))

    Pearson's Chi-squared test

data:  c(df$smoothness, df$smoothness) and c(df$male, df$female)
X-squared = 16, df = 15, p-value = 0.3821

warning message:
In chisq.test(c(df$smoothness, df$smoothness), c(df$male, df$female)) :
  chi-squared approximation may be incorrect
> |
```

Not enough evidence to reject the null hypothesis.

Fails to reject the null hypothesis that is the transition smoothness is indifferent to Gender.

The data is less than 5 even. So Chi-Squared rule of thumb also not covered.

Hypothesis Test 2

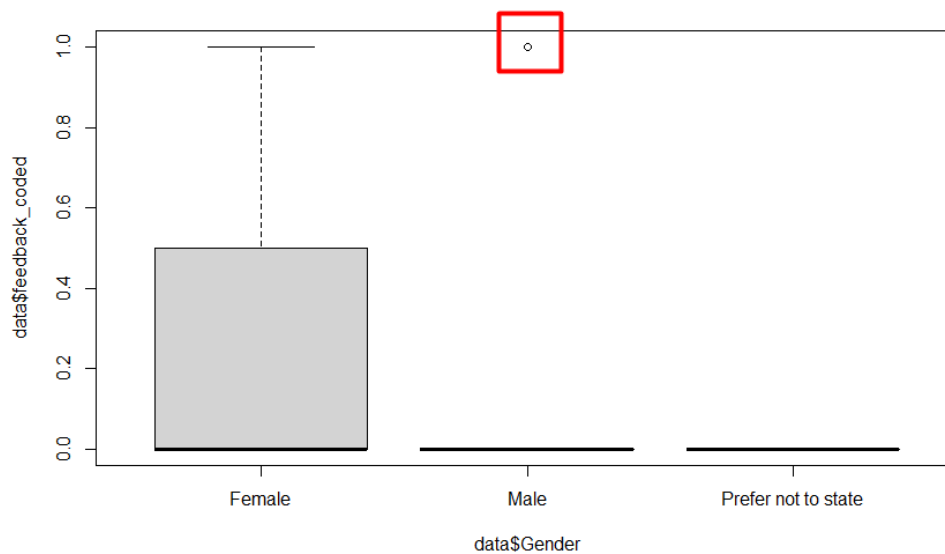
Null Hypothesis: The feedbacks (optional) received in this particular Questionnaire are equally given by Males and Females

Alternative Hypothesis: Females has given more feedback.

Will check for the statistical significance with the available (limited) data.

Feedback given - 1

Feedback not given - 0



feedback	male	female
0	25	6
1	6	2

Chi-Squared test to measure the difference

```
chisq.test(c(df$feedback,df$feedback), c(df$male,df$female))
```

```
> chisq.test(c(df$feedback,df$feedback), c(df$male,df$female))
```

Pearson's Chi-squared test

data: c(df\$feedback, df\$feedback) and c(df\$male, df\$female)

X-squared = 2, df = 2, p-value = 0.3679

Warning message:

In chisq.test(c(df\$feedback, df\$feedback), c(df\$male, df\$female)) :
chi-squared approximation may be incorrect

Because the p-value is $0.37 > 0.05$, the test is inconclusive.

Hypothesis Testing 3

Null Hypothesis: The perception/sentiment towards mobile banking is same for Gender

Alternative Hypothesis: Gender plays a role in the sentiment towards mobile banking

Mobile banking is way better than traditional banking - 5

Mobile banking is somewhat convenient compared to traditional banking - 3

Not much of a difference - 2

Mobile banking is a hassle (less trustworthy or due to any other down sides) compared to traditional banking - 1