

## **RBO40-40G/T**

# Application Specific Discretes A.S.D. $^{\text{TM}}$

# REVERSED BATTERY AND OVERVOLTAGE PROTECTION

#### **FEATURES**

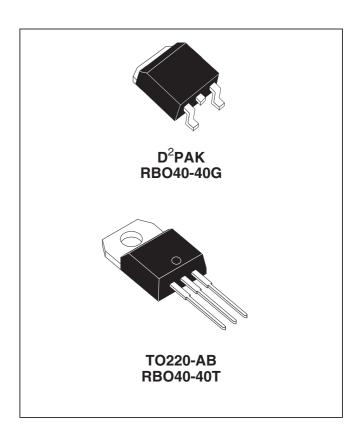
- PROTECTION AGAINST "LOAD DUMP" PULSE
- 40A DIODE TO GUARD AGAINST BATTERY REVERSAL
- MONOLITHIC STRUCTURE FOR GREATER RELIABILITY
- BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE: 24 V min.
- CLAMPING VOLTAGE: ± 40 V max.
- COMPLIANT WITH ISO / DTR 7637



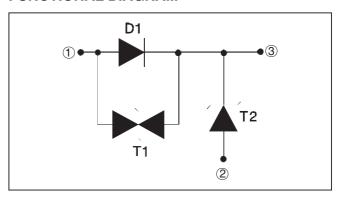
Designed to protect against battery reversal and load dump overvoltages in automotive applications, this monolithic component offers multiple functions in the same package:

D1: reversed battery protection

T1: clamping against negative overvoltages
T2: Transil function against "load dump" effect.



#### **FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM**



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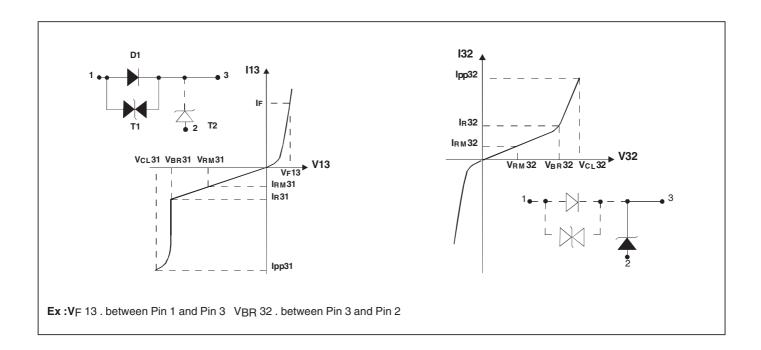
#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Symbol	Parameter		Value	Unit	
I <sub>FSM</sub>	Non repetitive surge peak forward current (Diode D1)				
I <sub>F</sub>	DC forward current (Diode D1)	Tc = 75°C	40	Α	
V <sub>PP</sub>	Peak load dump voltage (see note 1and 2) 5 pulses (1 minute between each pulse)	80	V		
P <sub>PP</sub>	Peak pulse power between Input and Output (Transil T1) Tj initial = 25°C	10/1000 µs	1500	W	
T <sub>stg</sub> /Tj	Storage and operating junction temperature rang	ge	- 40 to + 150	°C	
TL	Maximum lead temperature for soldering during at 4.5mm from case for TO220-AB	10 s	260	°C	

Note 1 : for a surge greater than the maximum value, the device will fail in short-circuit. Note 2 : see Load Dump curves.

#### THERMAL RESISTANCE

Symbol	Parameter		Value	Unit
Rth (j-c)	Junction to case	RBO40-40G RBO40-40T	1.0 1.0	°C/W
Rth (j-a)	Junction to ambient	RBO40-40T	60	°C/W



Symbol	Parameter
V <sub>RM31</sub> /V <sub>RM32</sub>	Stand-off voltage Transil T1 / Transil T2.
V <sub>BR31</sub> /V <sub>BR32</sub>	Breakdown voltage Transil T1 / Transil T2.
I <sub>R31</sub> /I <sub>R32</sub>	Leakage current Transil T1 / Transil T2.
V <sub>CL31</sub> /V <sub>CL32</sub>	Clamping voltage Transil T1 / Transil T2.
V <sub>F13</sub>	Forward voltage drop Diode D1.
I <sub>PP</sub>	Peak pulse current.
αΤ	Temperature coefficient of V <sub>BR</sub> .
C <sub>31</sub> /C <sub>32</sub>	Capacitance Transil T1 / Transil T2.
C <sub>13</sub>	Capacitance of Diode D1

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS : DIODE D1** $(-40^{\circ}\text{C} < T_{amb} < +85^{\circ}\text{C})$

Cymhal	Symbol Test Conditions	Value			11
Symbol		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>F 13</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 40 A			1.9	V
V <sub>F 13</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 20A			1.45	V
V <sub>F 13</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 1 A			1	V
V <sub>F 13</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 100 mA		·	0.95	V
C <sub>13</sub>	$F = 1MHz$ $V_R = 0$ $V$		3000		рF

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS : TRANSIL T1** (- 40°C < T<sub>amb</sub> < + 85°C)

Cymphal	Test Conditions			Value		
Symbol	rest Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
V <sub>BR 31</sub>	I <sub>R</sub> = 1 mA		22		35	V
V <sub>BR 31</sub>	$I_R = 1 \text{ mA}, T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		24		32	V
I <sub>RM 31</sub>	V <sub>RM</sub> = 20 V				100	μΑ
I <sub>RM 31</sub>	$V_{RM} = 20 \text{ V}, T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$				10	μΑ
V <sub>CL 31</sub>	$I_{PP} = 37.5A$ , Tj initial = $25^{\circ}$ C	10/1000µs			40	V
αΤ	Temperature coefficient of V <sub>BR</sub>			9	10 <sup>-4</sup> /°C	
C 31	$F = 1MHz$ $V_R = 0 V$			3000		pF

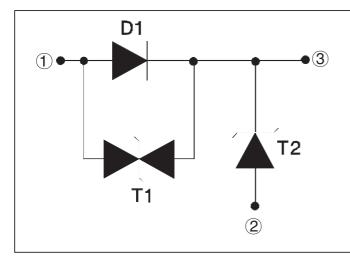
## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS : TRANSIL T2** (- $40^{\circ}$ C < $T_{amb}$ < + $85^{\circ}$ C)

Complete	Symbol Test Conditions	Value			Hali
Symbol		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>BR 32</sub>	$I_R = 1 \text{ mA}$	22		35	V
V <sub>BR 32</sub>	$I_R = 1 \text{ mA}, T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	24		32	V
I <sub>RM 32</sub>	$V_{RM} = 20 \text{ V}$			100	μΑ
I <sub>RM 32</sub>	$V_{RM} = 20 \text{ V}, T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			10	μΑ
V <sub>CL 32</sub>	I <sub>PP</sub> = 20 A (note 1)			40	V
αΤ	Temperature coefficient of V <sub>BR</sub>			9	10 <sup>-4</sup> /°C
C <sub>32</sub>	$F = 1MHz$ $V_R = 0 V$		8000		рF

 $\textbf{Note 1:} \ \textbf{One pulse, see pulse definition in load dump test generator circuit.}$ 



#### PRODUCT DESCRIPTION



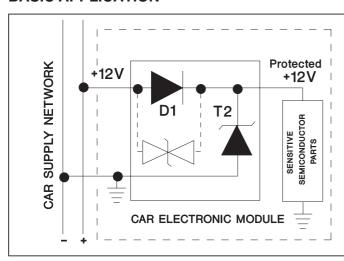
The RBO has 3 functions integrated on the same chip.

D1: "Diode function" in order to protect against reversed battery operation.

T2: "Transil function" in order to protect against positive surge generated by electric systems (ignition, relay. ...).

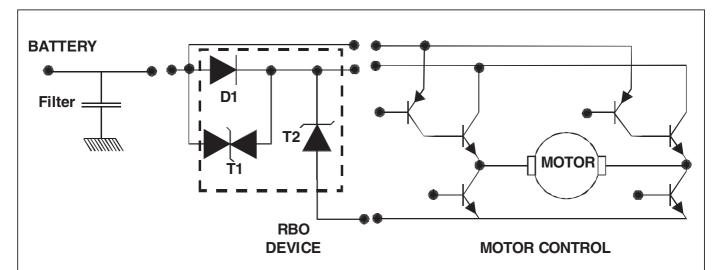
T1 : Protection for motor drive application (See below).

#### **BASIC APPLICATION**



- \* The monolithic multi-function protection (RBO) has been developed to protect sensitive semiconductors in car electronic modules against both overvoltage and battery reverse.
- \* In addition, the RBO circuit prevents overvoltages generated by the module from affecting the car supply network.

#### MOTOR DRIVER APPLICATION



In this application, one half of the motor drive circuit is supplied through the "RBO" and is thus protected as per its basic function application.

The second part is connected directly to the "car supply network" and is protected as follows:

- For positive surges: T2 (clamping phase) and D1 in forward-biased.
- For negative surges: T1 (clamping phase) and T2 in forward-biased.

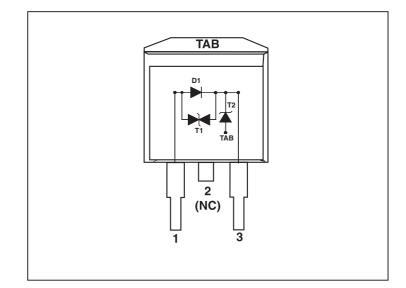
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## PINOUT configuration in ${\bf D}^2{\bf PAK}$ :

- Input (1): Pin 1 - Output (3): Pin 3

- Gnd (2): Connected to base Tab

Marking : Logo, date code, RBO40-40G

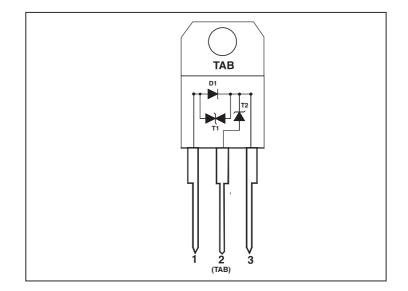


#### PINOUT configuration in TO220AB:

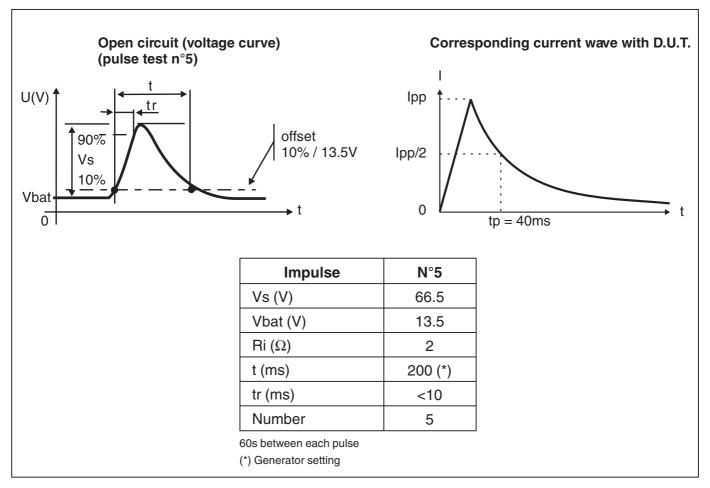
- Input (1): Pin 1 - Output (3): Pin 3

- GND (2): Connected to base Tab

Marking : Logo, date code, RBO40-40T



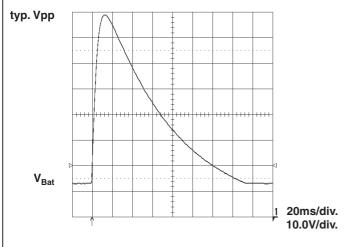
#### LOAD DUMP TEST GENERATOR CIRCUIT (SCHAFFNER NSG 506 C). Issued from ISO / DTR 7637.



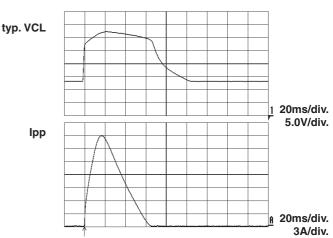
#### **CALIBRATION METHOD FOR SCHAFFNER NSG 506 C**

- 1) With open circuit (generator is in open circuit):
  - calibrate Vs
- 2) With short circuit (generator is in short circuit):
  - calibrate Ri (Ri =  $2\Omega$ )
- 3) With D.U.T.
  - calibrate tp (tp = 40ms @ lpp/2)

#### **Typical Voltage curve (open circuit)**



#### Typical Voltage and Current curve with D.U.T.

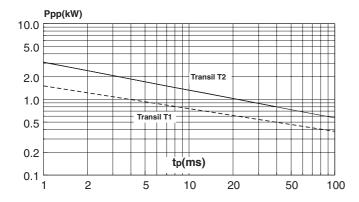


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**Fig. 1**: Peak pulse power versus exponential pulse duration (Tj initial = 85°C).

**Fig. 2-1**: Clamping voltage versus peak pulse current (Tj initial = 85°C).

Exponential waveform tp = 40 ms and tp = 1 ms (TRANSIL T2).



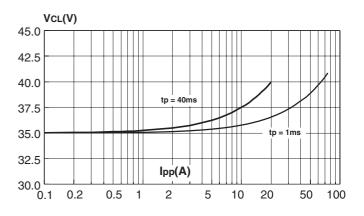
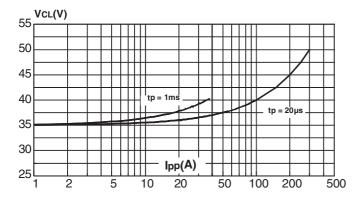
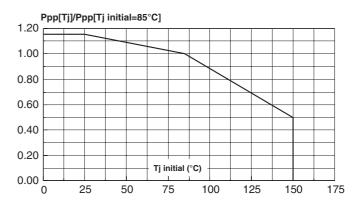


Fig. 2-2 : Clamping voltage versus peak pulse current (Tj initial =  $85^{\circ}$ C).

Exponential waveform tp = 1 ms and tp = 20  $\mu s$  (TRANSIL T1).

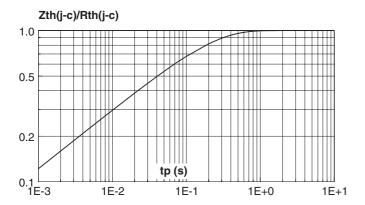


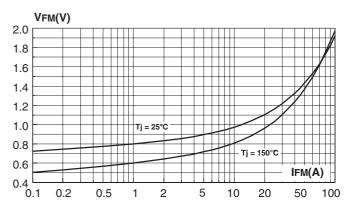
**Fig. 3**: Relative variation of peak pulse power versus junction temperature.



**Fig. 4:** Relative variation of thermal impedance junction to case versus pulse duration.

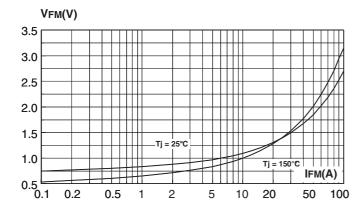
**Fig. 5-1**: Peak forward voltage drop versus peak forward current (typical values) - (TRANSIL T2).

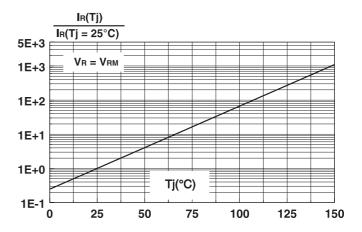




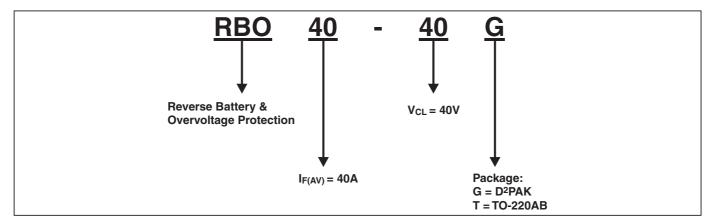
**Fig. 5-2**: Peak forward voltage drop versus peak forward current (typical values) - (DIODE D1).

**Fig. 6 :** Relative variation of leakage current versus junction temperature.





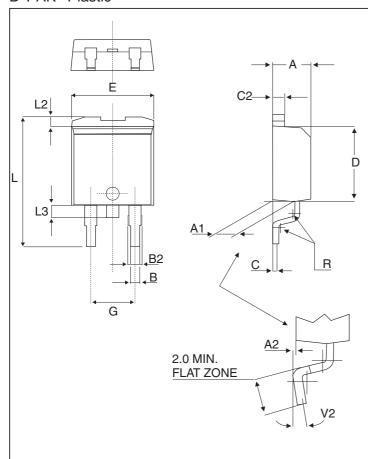
#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**



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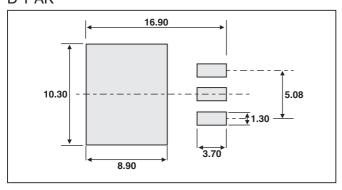
#### **PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA**

D<sup>2</sup>PAK Plastic



			DIMEN	SIONS	•	
REF.	REF. Millimeters Inche		Inches	i		
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.
Α	4.30		4.60	0.169		0.181
A1	2.49		2.69	0.098		0.106
A2	0.03		0.23	0.001		0.009
В	0.70		0.93	0.027		0.037
B2		1.40			0.055	
С	0.45		0.60	0.017		0.024
C2	1.21		1.36	0.047		0.054
D	8.95		9.35	0.352		0.368
Е	10.00		10.28	0.393		0.405
G	4.88		5.28	0.192		0.208
┙	15.00		15.85	0.590		0.624
L2	1.27		1.40	0.050		0.055
L3	1.40		1.75	0.055		0.069
R		0.40			0.016	
V2	0°	·	8°	0°		8°

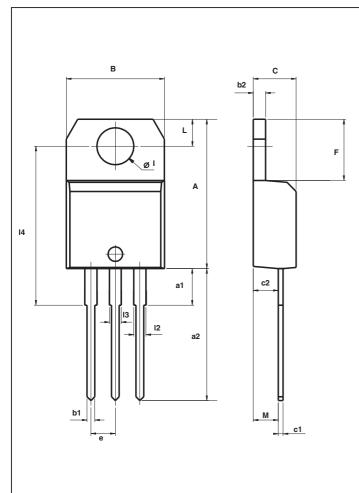
## **FOOT-PRINT** (in millimeters) D<sup>2</sup>PAK



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#### **PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA**

TO-220AB Plastic



	DIMENSIONS					
REF.	Mi	llimete	ers		;	
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.
Α	15.20		15.90	0.598		0.625
a1		3.75			0.147	
a2	13.00		14.00	0.511		0.551
В	10.00		10.40	0.393		0.409
b1	0.61		0.88	0.024		0.034
b2	1.23		1.32	0.048		0.051
С	4.40		4.60	0.173		0.181
c1	0.49		0.70	0.019		0.027
c2	2.40		2.72	0.094		0.107
е	2.40		2.70	0.094		0.106
F	6.20		6.60	0.244		0.259
ı	3.75		3.85	0.147		0.151
14	15.80	16.40	16.80	0.622	0.646	0.661
L	2.65		2.95	0.104		0.116
12	1.14		1.70	0.044		0.066
13	1.14		1.70	0.044		0.066
М		2.60			0.102	

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