## ECEC 414: High-Performance Computing CUDA Programming Assignment 2

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The lab is due on November 23, 2014. You may work on the problems in teams of up to two people.

**Matrix-Vector Multiplication.** You will multiply a dense  $n \times n$  matrix A with an  $n \times 1$  vector x to yield the  $n \times 1$  result vector y. The serial algorithm is shown below.

```
1: procedure VEC_MAT_MULT(A, x, y)
2: int i, j;
3: for i := 0 to n-1 do
4: y[i] := 0;
5: for j := 0 to n-1 do
6: y[i] := y[i] + A[i, j] \times x[j];
7: end for
8: end for
```

Edit the vec\_mat\_mult\_on\_device() function in vec\_mat\_mult.cu and the corresponding kernel function in vec\_mat\_mult\_kernel.cu to complete the functionality of the vector-matrix multiplication on the GPU. The CUDA source files for this question are available on BBLearn as a zip file. Your program should accept no arguments. The application will create a randomly initialized matrix and a vector to multiply. After the GPU-based multiplication kernel is invoked, it will then compute the correct solution using the CPU and compare that solution with the GPU-computed solutions. If the solutions match within a certain tolerance, the application will print out "Test PASSED" to the screen before exiting.

Upload all of the files needed to run your code as a single zip file on BBLearn called cuda\_lab\_2.zip. This question will be graded on the following parameters:

- Make judicial use of the GPU shared memory to obtain the best speedup that you can over the CPU version, for matrix sizes of  $4096 \times 4096$  and  $8192 \times 8192$ . When timing the GPU kernel, you may ignore the CPU-GPU data transfer overhead.
- Include a brief report describing how you designed your kernel (use code or pseudocode to clarify the discussion) and the amount of speedup obtained over the serial version for both GPU-based versions.