HW5

July 28, 2019

1 HW 5

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```

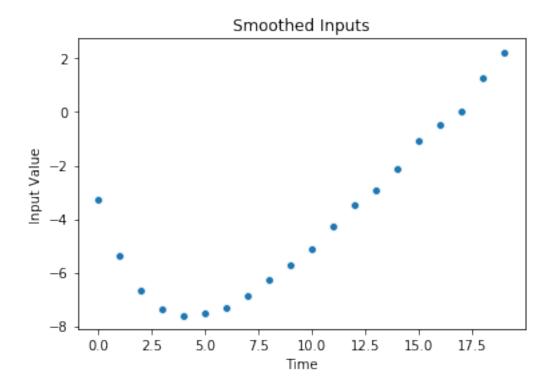
```
[206]: import numpy as np import seaborn as sns from scipy import linalg
```

1.1 Problem 1: The smoothest input that takes the state to zero.

```
[12]: # We follow the outline defined in the homework.
     def solveProblem1(A, B, x0, n):
         """Solves to find the smoothest inputs u(t) such that the system:
             x(t + 1) = Ax(t) + Bu(t)
         will have x(n) = 0.
         B must be a vector (not matrix). A must be squared.
         assert B.shape[1] == 1
         assert A.shape[0] == A.shape[1]
         CBlockColumns = []
         currA = np.identity(A.shape[0])
         for i in range(n):
             CBlockColumns.append(np.dot(currA, B))
             currA = np.dot(currA, A)
         C = np.concatenate(CBlockColumns, axis=1)
         A20 = currA
         y = -np.dot(A20, x0)
         # Upper triangular with 1s. Only applies when B is vector.
         T = np.triu(np.ones((n,n)))
         D = np.dot(C,T)
         delta = np.dot(D.T,
                        np.dot(np.linalg.inv(np.dot(D,
                                                     D.T
```

```
)),
                              y
)
         u = np.dot(T, delta)
         RMSE = 1 / np.sqrt(n) * np.linalg.norm(delta)
         print("The RMSE of the data is %s." % (RMSE))
         # Plot the values of u.
         ax = sns.scatterplot(x=np.arange(0,20,1), y=np.flip(u.flatten()))
         ax.set_title("Smoothed Inputs")
         ax.set(ylabel='Input Value', xlabel='Time')
         ax.get_figure().savefig('smoothed_inputs')
[13]: def getProblem1Constants():
         """Returns (A,B,x0,n) as defined for Problem 1."""
         A = np.array([
             [1.0, 0.5, 0.25],
             [0.25, 0.0, 1.0],
             [1.0, -0.5, 0.0]
         ])
         B = np.array([
             [1.0],
             [0.1],
             [0.5]
         ])
         x0 = np.array([
             [25.0],
             [0.0],
             [-25],
         ])
         return (A, B, x0, 20)
     solveProblem1(*getProblem1Constants())
```

The RMSE of the data is 1.124615543256077.



```
[14]: ## Problem 2: Minimum fuel and minimum peak input solutions.
[132]: def getProblem2Inputs():
          n = 10
          A = np.array([
              list([i + 0.5 \text{ for } i \text{ in } range(n-1,-1, -1)]),
               [1] * n
          ])
          y = np.array([
               [1.0],
               [0.0]
          1)
          xmf = np.array([1/n] + ([0] * (n-2)) + [-1/n])
          xmf.shape = (xmf.shape[0], 1)
          return A, y, xmf, n
      def solveProblem2(A, y, xmf, n):
          xls = np.dot(A.T, np.dot(np.linalg.inv(np.dot(A,A.T)), y))
          # Verify norm If xls is < norm of xmf.
          xmfNorm = np.linalg.norm(xmf, ord=1)
          xlsNorm = np.linalg.norm(xls, ord=1)
          # verify norms.
```

```
print("The x_{\star} norm is s and the x_{\star} is s."
                            →% (xlsNorm, xmfNorm))
                                       assert xmfNorm < xlsNorm
                                       # compute xmp
                                       xmp = 1/25 * np.array([[1], [1], [1], [1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1], [-1
                            \rightarrow [-1]])
                                        # verify it is a solution to our system
                                       assert np.allclose(y, np.dot(A, xmp))
                                       print("Verified x_{mf} solves system of equations.")
                                        # verify its infinitynorm is equal to what we want.
                                       xmpNorm = np.linalg.norm(xmp, ord=np.inf)
                                       lam = np.array([[1],[-5]])
                                       xmpMin = np.dot(lam.T, y) / np.linalg.norm(np.dot(A.T, lam), ord=1)
                                       assert np.allclose(xmpMin, xmpNorm)
                                       print("Verified infinity norm of x_{mf} is minimum.")
[133]: solveProblem2(*getProblem2Inputs())
```

```
The x_{\left(s\right)}\ norm is 0.3030303030303031\ and the x_{\left(s\right)}\ is 0.2\. Verified x_{\left(s\right)}\ solves system of equations. Verified infinity norm of x_{\left(s\right)}\ is minimum.
```

1.2 Problem 4: Singularity of the KKT matrix

```
[140]: def getProblem4Inputs():
          # data for sector neutral portfolio selection problem
          # number of assets
          n = 40
          # number of sectors
          k = 10
          # risk aversion parameter
          lam = 1.000000e-01
          # asset mean returns
          mu = np.array([
              [-5.724206e-03],
              [-5.738256e-02],
              [-2.066057e-02],
              [3.954949e-02],
              [6.380350e-02],
              [-3.452340e-02],
              [-4.097040e-03],
```

```
[-4.511063e-02],
     [3.559544e-02],
     [8.854415e-02].
     [-6.551461e-02],
     [-1.581188e-01],
     [-1.900198e-01],
     [-6.725867e-02],
     [-9.943040e-02],
     [1.582090e-02],
     [6.838301e-02],
     [-5.363577e-02],
     [-4.637255e-02],
     [2.441328e-01],
     [-5.528427e-02],
     [-5.774056e-02],
     [-3.624141e-02],
     [-1.385253e-01],
     [2.113887e-01],
     [4.293215e-02],
     [-7.668623e-02],
     [-1.267691e-01],
     [3.765783e-03],
     [1.465808e-01],
     [2.710706e-02],
     [6.954837e-03],
     [-1.363490e-01],
     [1.100747e-01],
     [-2.595972e-01],
     [7.837806e-02],
     [-5.963350e-02],
     [-9.465257e-03],
     [1.992940e-01],
     [1.081944e-02],
])
 # standard deviations of asset returns
 sigmas = np.array([
     [2.412026e-01],
     [9.836163e-02],
     [8.892398e-02],
     [3.176707e-01],
     [2.709629e-01],
     [4.297720e-01],
     [3.454919e-01],
     [4.021115e-01],
     [4.301839e-01],
     [2.693837e-01],
```

```
[2.073825e-01],
       [1.649149e-01],
       [3.137776e-01].
       [3.958668e-01],
       [1.851636e-01],
       [1.934122e-01],
       [3.474158e-01],
       [4.082042e-01],
       [4.021908e-01],
       [2.399173e-01],
       [1.282238e-01].
       [3.599238e-01],
       [2.555882e-01],
       [3.498137e-01],
       [2.583165e-01],
       [2.955634e-01].
       [1.470161e-01],
       [2.495283e-01],
       [2.775099e-01].
       [3.687146e-01],
       [3.448759e-01],
       [1.207333e-01],
       [4.334230e-01],
       [2.956466e-01],
       [2.185491e-01],
       [4.060458e-01].
       [1.539531e-01],
       [3.900593e-01],
       [3.492380e-01],
       [3.201460e-01],
  ])
  # factor loading matrix
  F = np.array([
       [0,4.513325e-01,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,-8.628490e-01,0,0,-2.
\rightarrow130824e-01,0,0,0,-9.870088e-01,4.
[-6.983963e-01,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,-2.609618e-01,-3.
-376236e-01,0,0,0,-1.018224e+00,0,0,-4.260414e-01,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,1.
\rightarrow647923e+00,-1.701690e-01,1.186121e+00,0,0,0,0,-7.491083e-01,0,0],
       [0,0,0,8.362688e-01,0,0,0,-1.302310e+00,0,0,9.234870e-01,-2.
4280104e-01,0,0,0,-1.579673e+00,0,0,1.350863e-01,0,0,0,-7.
\rightarrow 194333e-02,0,0,0,-5.103924e-02,0,1.286124e+00,0,1.403337e+00,5.
\rightarrow818706e-01,0,0,0,0,0,0,0],
       [1.649524e+00,0,0,0,0,0,-1.628774e+00,0,0,0,0,0,0,2.098262e+00,0,0,0,-6.
\rightarrow024618e-02,0,0,-2.261465e+00,0,0,0,-3.065255e-01,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,-9.
\rightarrow 055355e-01,0,0,0,0,0,0]
```

```
[0,0,0,-2.626506e-01,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,8.142265e-01,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,4.
       \rightarrow042442e-01,0,-1.182284e+00,0,0,0,0,-1.249714e+00,3.
       \rightarrow571231e-01,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0],
               [0,0,0,0,2.333656e+00,0,0,1.356463e+00,0,0,0,0,0,-1.472593e-01,0,0,0,-8.
       \rightarrow 897301e-01,1.278745e+00,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,-5.706142e-01,0,0,-1.976974e+00,1.
       \rightarrow676693e+00,6.995117e-01,0,-3.134126e-02,0,1.440315e-01,0,0,0,0],
               [0,0,-1.664936e+00,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,1.144839e+00,3.
       \rightarrow378373e-01,0,1.821861e+00,0,0,0,0,1.
       \rightarrow048065e+00,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0],
               [0,0,0,0,5.284124e-02,0,5.585971e-02,0,0,0,1.805302e+00,0,0,0,1.
       \rightarrow 203747e+00, -2.717106e-01, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, -2.150712e+00, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, -3.
       \rightarrow022067e-01,0,0,0,0,0],
               [0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,9.337716e-01,0,0,0,0,0,6.
       322444e-01,0,0,0,0,0,1.508306e-01,0,0,1.569423e+00,0,1.
       \rightarrow411575e+00,0,0,0,0,0,0,0],
               [0,0,0,0,-4.240209e-01,0,-1.161277e+00,-9.835142e-01,0,-4.
       \hookrightarrow623882e-01,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,9.714951e-01,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
       \rightarrow088481e-01,-2.979568e-01,0,0,0,0,0,3.631312e-02,0],
          ])
          return n,k,lam, mu, sigmas, F
[264]: def solveProblem4(n, k, lam, mu, sigmas, F):
          Sigma = np.diag(sigmas.flatten() ** 2)
          One = np.ones((n,1))
          row1 = np.concatenate([2 * lam * Sigma, One.copy(), F.T.copy()], axis=1)
          row2 = np.concatenate([One.T, np.zeros((1, 1 + k))],axis=1)
          row3 = np.concatenate([F, np.zeros((k, 1 + k))], axis=1)
          A = np.concatenate([row1, row2, row3])
          y = np.concatenate([mu, [[1]], np.zeros((k,1))])
          x = np.dot(np.linalg.inv(A), y)
          optimalPortfolio = x[:n]
          print("The optimal portfolio is presented below:")
          print(optimalPortfolio.shape)
          # print(optimalPortfolio)
          print("The return associated with this portfolio is r = %s." % (
              np.dot(mu.T, optimalPortfolio)))
          print("The idiosyncratic risk is: %s." % (np.dot(np.dot(optimalPortfolio.T, __
       →Sigma), optimalPortfolio)))
          # Verify that 1^Tx = 1
          assert np.allclose(np.dot(One.T, optimalPortfolio), 1)
          # Verify R^{fact} = Fx = 0
          assert np.allclose(np.dot(F, optimalPortfolio), 0)
[265]: solveProblem4(*getProblem4Inputs())
```

```
The optimal portfolio is presented below: (40, 1) The return associated with this portfolio is r = [[26.70627504]]. The idiosyncratic risk is: [[133.62972408]].
```

1.3 Problem 6: Controlling a system using the initial conditions

```
[]: def getProblem6Inputs():
    t = 10
    A = np.array([
        [0, 0, 1, 0],
        [0, 0, 0, 1],
        [-2, 1, 0, 0],
        [1, -1, 0, 0]
])
    expA = linalg.expm(t * A)
    E = expA[:, 2:]
    assert E.shape == (4, 2)
    return E
[208]: E = getProblem6Inputs()
```

1.3.1 Part (a)

```
[236]: alpha = E[1,:].T * 1 / np.dot(E[1,:], E[1,:].T) * 2
[237]: alpha
[237]: array([ 2.46135192, -9.46473528])
[238]: np.dot(E[1,:],alpha)
[238]: 2.0
```

1.3.2 Part (b)

1.3.3 Part (c)

```
[242]: q = np.array([[1],[2],[0],[0]])
      alpha = np.dot(np.linalg.inv(np.dot(E.T, E)), np.dot(E.T, q))
[243]: alpha
[243]: array([[-0.13614458],
             [-0.34345832]])
[246]: np.dot(E, alpha)
[246]: array([[ 0.01627571],
             [ 0.06097153],
             [-0.23927003],
             [-0.27746388]])
[247]: # Compute the RMSE
      np.linalg.norm(q - np.dot(E, alpha))
[247]: 2.204944721263555
     1.3.4 Part (d)
[248]: def getProblem6Inputs2():
          t = 10
          A = np.array([
              [0, 0, 1, 0],
              [0, 0, 0, 1],
              [-2, 1, 0, 0],
               [1.0/1.3, -1.0/1.3, 0, 0]
          ])
          expA = linalg.expm(t * A)
          E = expA[:, 2:]
          assert E.shape == (4, 2)
          return E
[250]: Ep = getProblem6Inputs2()
[257]: A = np.stack((E[1,:], Ep[1,:]))
      alpha = np.dot(np.linalg.inv(A), np.array([[2],[2]]))
[258]: alpha
[258]: array([[10.78304166],
             [-7.30063808]])
[259]: np.dot(A, alpha)
[259]: array([[2.],
             [2.]])
```